

CITY OF
TAMPA, FLORIDA

NOTICE TO BIDDERS, INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
PROPOSAL, BID BOND, FORM OF NOTICE OF AWARD,
AGREEMENT, PERFORMANCE BOND AND
SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

Contract 22-C-00003

Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation

City of Tampa
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT
TAMPA MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDING
306 E. JACKSON STREET - 4TH FLOOR NORTH
TAMPA, FLORIDA 33602

AUGUST 2022

CITY OF TAMPA
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT
306 E. Jackson Street 280A4N
Tampa, FL 33602

BID NOTICE MEMO

Electronic Bids are not allowed for these projects.

Physical Bids will be received no later than 1:30 p.m. at the above address on the indicated Date(s) for the following Project(s):

CONTRACT NO.: 22-C-00003; Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation

BID OPENING: 1:30PM, Tuesday, September 27, 2022 **ESTIMATE:** \$1,000,000 **SCOPE:** Furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment for the removal of risers, pumps, motors, concrete pedestals, valves and appurtenances, demolition of above-grade structure and filling below-grade structure with flowable fill excavatable type concrete; construction of a new submersible pump station including, but not limited to, wet well, two (2) new 34hp Flygt submersible pumps with mixed flush valves and bases, one (1) manhole, bypass pumping, electrical upgrades.

Bids will be opened in the 4th Floor Conference Room, Tampa Municipal Office Building, 306 E. Jackson Street, Tampa, Florida 33602. The public is not allowed to attend in person.

To view the Bid Opening follow these instructions:
To join the meeting from your computer, tablet or smartphone.

<https://global.gotomeeting.com/join/173279197>

You can also dial in using your phone. (For supported devices, tap a one-touch number below to join instantly.)
United States: +1 (646) 749-3131 - One-touch: tel:+16467493131,,173279197#

Access Code: 173-279-197

Join from a video-conferencing room or system. Dial in or type: 67.217.95.2 or inroomlink.goto.com
Meeting ID: 173 279 197 Or dial directly: 173279197@67.217.95.2 or 67.217.95.2##173279197

New to GoToMeeting? Get the app now and be ready when your first meeting starts:

<https://global.gotomeeting.com/install/173279197>

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") and Section 286.26, Florida Statutes, persons with disabilities needing a reasonable accommodation to participate in this public hearing or meeting should contact the City of Tampa's ADA Coordinator at least 48 hours prior to the proceeding. The ADA Coordinator may be contacted by phone at 813-274-3964, email at TampaADA@tampagov.net, or by submitting an ADA - Accommodations Request online form available at <http://www.tampagov.net/ADARquest>.

Please note that the City of Tampa may not be able to accommodate any request received less than 48 hours before the scheduled public hearing or meeting.

Plans and Specifications and Addenda for this work may be examined at, and downloaded from, www.demandstar.com. Files are also available at <http://www.tampagov.net/contract-administration/programs/construction-project-bidding>.

Email Questions to: contractadministration@tampagov.net .

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NOTICE TO BIDDERS
CITY OF TAMPA, FLORIDA
Contract 22-C-00003; Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation

Sealed Proposals will be received by the City of Tampa no later than 1:30 P.M., September 27, 2022, in the 4th Floor Conference Room, Tampa Municipal Office Building, 306 E. Jackson Street, Tampa, Florida, there to be publicly opened and read aloud.

The proposed work is to include, but not be limited to, furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment for the removal of risers, pumps, motors, concrete pedestals, valves and appurtenances, demolition of above-grade structure and filling below-grade structure with flowable fill excavatable type concrete; construction of a new submersible pump station including, but not limited to, wet well, two (2) new 34hp Flygt submersible pumps with mixed flush valves and bases, one (1) manhole, bypass pumping, electrical upgrades with all associated work required for a complete project in accordance with the Contract Documents.

The Instructions to Bidders, Proposal, Form of Bid Bond, Agreement, Form of Public Construction Bond, Specifications, Plans and other Contract Documents are posted at DemandStar.com. Backup files may be downloaded from <http://www.tampagov.net/contract-administration/programs/construction-project-bidding>. One set may be available for reference at the office of the Contract Administration Department, Municipal Office Building, Fourth Floor North, City Hall Plaza, Tampa, Florida 33602.

Each Proposal must be submitted on the Proposal form included in the Specifications and must be accompanied by a certified check or cashier's check on a solvent bank or trust company in compliance with Section 255.051, Florida Statutes, made payable to the City of Tampa, in an amount of not less than five per cent of the total bid, or a Bid Bond, of like amount, on the form set forth in the Contract Documents, as a guarantee that, if the Proposal is accepted, the Bidder will execute the Proposed Contract and furnish a Public Construction Bond within twenty (20) days after receipt of Notice of Award of Contract.

To be eligible to submit a proposal, a Bidder must hold the required and/or appropriate current license, certificate, or registration (e.g. DBPR license/certificate of authorization, etc.) in good standing at the time of receipt of Bids. **Per Section 489.131, Florida Statutes, Proposals submitted for the construction, improvement, remodeling, or repair of public projects must be accompanied by evidence that the Bidder holds the required and/or appropriate current certificate or registration, unless the work to be performed is exempt under Section 489.103, Florida Statutes.**

The City of Tampa reserves the right to reject any or all Bids and to waive any informalities in the Bid and/or Bid Bond. Acceptance or rejection of Proposals will be made as soon as practicable after the Proposals are received, but the City reserves the right to hold Proposals for ninety (90) days from the date of Opening.

Bid Protest Procedures: Unless subsequently indicated otherwise, in a revised posting on the Department's web page for Construction Project Bidding, the City of Tampa intends to award the referenced project to the lowest bidder listed in the tabulation posted on or about the date of Bid Opening. A bidder aggrieved by this decision may file a protest not later than 4:30 P.M., five (5) business days from the first posting thereof, pursuant to City of Tampa Code Chapter 2, Article V, Division 3, Section 2-282, Procurement Protest Procedures. Protests not conforming therewith shall not be reviewed.

Pursuant to Section 2-282, City of Tampa Code, during the solicitation period, including any protest and/or appeal, NO CONTACT with City officers or employees is permitted from any bidder or proposer, other than as specifically stated in this solicitation and as follows:
Director of the Contract Administration Department (CAD)
Contracts Management Supervisor, Jim Greiner
Contract Officer, Jody Gray
City legal department

Any Requests For Information must be submitted by email to ContractAdministration@tampagov.net

A person or affiliate who has been placed on the convicted vendor list following a conviction for a public entity crime may not submit a bid on a contract to provide any goods or services to a public entity, may not submit a bid on a contract with a public entity for the construction or repair of a public building or public work, may not submit bids on leases of real property to a public entity, may not be awarded or perform work as a contractor, supplier, subcontractor, or consultant under a contract with any public entity, and may not transact business with any public entity in excess of the threshold amount provided in Section 287.017, for CATEGORY TWO for a period of 36 months from the date of being placed on the convicted vendor list." Refer to Section 287.133, Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Section 287.087, Florida Statutes, under certain circumstances preference may be given to businesses with a drug-free workplace program that meets the requirements of said Section.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

I-1.01 GENERAL:

The proposed work is the Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation in the City of Tampa, as required for a complete project, as shown on the plans and detailed in the specifications. The work is located on land owned or controlled by the City of Tampa.

To be eligible to submit a proposal, a Bidder must hold the required and/or appropriate current license, certificate, or registration (e.g. DBPR license/certificate of authorization, etc.) in good standing at the time of receipt of Bids. **Per Section 489.131, Florida Statutes, Proposals submitted for the construction, improvement, remodeling, or repair of public projects must be accompanied by evidence that the Bidder holds the required and/or appropriate current certificate or registration, unless the work to be performed is exempt under Section 489.103, Florida Statutes.**

I-1.02 FORM PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF PROPOSALS: Replace the second sentence with the following: Submission of the entire specification book is not required.

I-1.03 ADDENDA – Section I-2.03 is replaced with the following: No interpretation of the meaning of the Plans, Specifications, or other Contract Documents will be made to any Bidder orally.

Every request for such interpretation must be in writing, addressed to the City of Tampa, Contract Administration Department, 306 E. Jackson St., 4th Floor, Tampa, Florida 33602 and then emailed to ContractAdministration@tampagov.net. To be given consideration, such request must be received at least seven (7) days prior to the date fixed for the opening of the Proposals. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written addenda which, if issued, will be posted on DemandStar.Com and on the Department's web page. Failure of any Bidder to receive any such addenda shall not relieve said Bidder from any obligation under his Proposal as submitted. All addenda so issued shall become part of the Contract Documents.

I-1.04 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

SECTION 2 – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. Section I-2.07 SIGNATURE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS is replaced with the following:

Proposals must be signed in ink by the Bidder with signature in full. When firm is a Bidder, the Proposal shall be signed in the name of the firm by one or more partners. When a corporation is a bidder the officer signing shall set out the corporate name in full beneath which he shall sign his name and give the title of his office.

If the bidder referred to in Section I-2.07 is a corporation, it must submit; upon request, a copy of its filed Articles of Incorporation. In addition, if the bidder was incorporated in another state, it must establish that it is authorized to do business in the State of Florida. If the bidder is using a fictitious name, it must submit upon request, proof of registration of such name with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County where its principal place of business is. Failure to submit what is required is grounds to reject the bid of that bidder.

SECTION 2 – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. Section I-2.14 NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT is changed to add the following to the end of the existing text:

The following provisions are hereby incorporated into any contract executed by or on behalf of the City. Contractor shall comply with the following Statement of Assurance: During the performance of the Contract, the Contractor assures the City, that the Contractor is in compliance with Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, as amended, the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992, and the City of Tampa Code of Ordinances, Chapter 12, in that Firm/Contractor does not on the grounds of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, familial status, or marital status, discriminate in any form or manner against said Firm's/Contractor's employees or applicants for employment. Contractor understands and agrees that the Contract is conditioned upon the veracity of this Statement of Assurance, and that violation of this condition shall be considered a material breach of the Award/Contract. Furthermore, Contractor herein assures the City that said Contractor will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 when federal grant(s) is/are

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

involved. This Statement of Assurance shall be interpreted to include Vietnam-Era Veterans and Disabled Veterans within its protective range of applicability. Firm/Contractor further acknowledges and agrees to provide the City with all information and documentation that may be requested by the City from time to time regarding the solicitation, selection, treatment and payment of subcontractors, suppliers and vendors in connection with this Award/Contract. Firm/Contractor further acknowledges that it must comply with City of Tampa Code of Ordinances, Chapter 26.5.

I-1.05 TIME FOR COMPLETION:

The work shall be arranged to be completed in accordance with a progress schedule approved by the Construction Engineer.

The time for completion of this project, referred in Article 4.01 of the Agreement, shall be 365 consecutive calendar days. The period for performance shall start from the date indicated in the Notice To Proceed.

I-1.06 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

The amount of liquidated damages, referred to in Article 4.06 of the Agreement, for completion of this project shall be \$500 per calendar day.

I-1.07 BASIS OF AWARD OF CONTRACT:

The basis of award referred to in Item I-2.11 of Instructions to Bidders shall be the greatest amount of work, which can be accomplished within the funds available as budgeted. The award may be made on the basis of the total bid, base bid, alternates(s) if any, unit bids if any, or any combination thereof deemed to be in the best interest of the City.

Unless all bids are rejected, the award will be made within 90 days after opening proposals.

I-1.08 GROUND BREAKING CEREMONY:

Arrangement may be made by the City in coordination with the Contractor, for construction to commence with a Ground Breaking Ceremony. Details will be discussed at the pre-construction conference.

I-1.09 INSURANCE:

The insurance required for this project shall be as indicated on the attached and incorporated Special Instructions pages beginning with page INS-1 entitled CITY OF TAMPA INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS, which among other things requires the Contractor to provide a Certificate of Insurance to the City prior to commencing work. The City may from time to time use a third party vendor to manage its insurance certificates and related documentation which vendor may periodically initiate contact, requests for information, etc. on the City's behalf.

I-1.10 TESTING:

The Contractor shall perform all Quality Control (QC) testing to meet the FDOT requirements in the Florida Department of Transportation, JULY 2020 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 – SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

I-1.10 EQUAL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM (EBO) REQUIREMENTS / PROJECT SUBCONTRACTING GOAL(S)

BIDDERS MUST SUBMIT COMPLETED AND SIGNED CITY OF TAMPA FORMS MBD-10 AND MBD-20 WITH THEIR BIDS. BIDS SUBMITTED WITHOUT THESE COMPLETED FORMS (INCLUDING SIGNATURES) WILL BE DEEMED NON-RESPONSIVE. INSTRUCTIONS ON COMPLETING THE FORMS ARE INCLUDED AFTER EACH FORM IN THIS BID PACKAGE.

THE CHECKED BOX INDICATES SECTION THAT APPLIES TO THIS BID.



SUBCONTRACTING GOAL – (WMBE and SLBE)

In accordance with the City of Tampa's EBO Program, Chapter 26.5, City of Tampa Code, the subcontracting goal(s) has/have been established for subcontracting with City-certified underutilized WMBEs (Women and Minority Business Enterprises) and/or SLBEs (Small Local Business Enterprises) on this project (hereinafter "Goal"). *The Goal is based, in part, upon the availability of City-certified firms to perform the anticipated scope of work (Bid is subject to the subcontracting project goal(s) section for which a corresponding numerical percent is indicated).* **Project Industry Category: Construction**

Project Goal(s): _____% **U-WMBE (Underutilized Woman and Minority Business Enterprise) (EBO Program)**
per MBD Form-70 the U-WMBE subcontract Classification for Construction is African American (BBE)
_____% **SLBE (Small Local Business Enterprise) (EBO Program) only City-certified SLBEs**
12% U-WMBE/SLBE Combined (EBO Program)
per MBD Form-70 the U-WMBE subcontract Classification for Construction is African American (BBE) together with City-certified SLBEs
_____% **WMBE/SLBE ASPIRATIONAL (EBO Program)** An all-inclusive SLBE/WMBE goal; any City certified firm counts towards goal attainment.

BIDDERS MUST SOLICIT ALL COMPANIES ON THE ATTACHED AVAILABILITY CONTACT LIST at least **five (5) City business days or more prior to bid opening as a first step** to demonstrate Good Faith Efforts to achieve the Goal. Substantive documentation that demonstrates Good Faith Efforts to achieve the Goal **must be submitted with the bid**, including emails, faxes, phone calls, letters, and other communication with City-certified firms. Bidders may explore other potential opportunities for subcontracting by consulting the current directory of all certified firms posted by the City of Tampa at <https://tampa.diversitysoftware.com> as the Availability Contact List may not be inclusive of all firms that could count toward Goal attainment. However, ONLY SUBCONTRACTING with those specific WMBEs designated as "underutilized" by Classification in the appropriate industry category (and, if made applicable by being specifically included in the above Goal, SLBEs) will count toward meeting the Goal. Making Good Faith Efforts through these and other means (not pro-forma) is the responsibility of the Bidder. See the attached Good Faith Effort Compliance Plan (GFCEP) (MBD Form-50) for specific requirements.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT COMPLIANCE PLAN (GFCEP) REQUIRED (MBD FORM-50). When a Goal has been established, the Bidder **must submit** with its bid a Good Faith Effort Compliance Plan (GFCEP) using the attached MBD Form-50 together with supporting documentation as specified therein. **Submittals that do not contain MBD Form-50 when a Goal has been established will be deemed non-responsive.** Additional explanation and documentation is required whenever a City-certified subcontractor's quote is not utilized. Any additional information regarding GFCEP (post-bid) shall be only upon the City's request for clarification of information submitted with bid and not to "cure" omissions or deficiencies of the bid.

NOTE: When U-WMBEs are included in a Goal, only those City-certified subcontractors whose WMBE Classification is designated "underutilized" will count toward Goal attainment. Refer to **MBD Form-70** to identify underutilized WMBEs by subcontract Classification for the applicable project industry category. A prime bidder who is a City-certified WMBE and/or SLBE is not exempt from the **GFCEP MBD Form-50** requirements.



SUBCONTRACTING GOAL – (DBE) FDOT DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROGRAM

The City of Tampa is required to use the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program on contracts with Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) funds. Effective October 1, 2017 through to September 30, 2020, the overall FDOT DBE aspirational goal is **10.65%** and is *race neutral*, meaning that FDOT believes the aspirational DBE goal may be achieved entirely through ordinary, competitive procurement methods. Despite the absence of a contract specific DBE goal on this project, the City encourages bidders to seek out and use DBEs and other minority, small businesses. For assistance in identifying certified DBEs, FDOT offers the use of its supportive services program accessed via FDOT's Equal Opportunity Office at <http://www.fdot.gov/equalopportunity/serviceproviders.shtm>. FDOT DBE rules and regulations apply to this solicitation, including the requirement to report bidder opportunity information in the FDOT Equal Opportunity Compliance (EOC) web-based application within three (3) business days of submission of the bid for ALL subcontractors who quoted bidder for this specific project. The five (5) char/digit LAP Agreement Contract Number for this project is G _____. The web address to the EOC system is: <https://fdotwp1.dot.state.fl.us/EqualOpportunityCompliance/Account.aspx/LogIn?ReturnUrl=%2fEqualOpportunityCompliance>

NOTE: Regardless of FDOT DBE program applicability, for data collection purposes bidder still **must submit** City Forms MBD-10 and MBD-20 completed and signed with its bid or the bid will be deemed non-responsive.

DIVERSITY MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE (DMI) DATA REPORTING FORMS REQUIRED FOR ALL CONTRACTS

Bidder **must submit**, with its bid, completed and signed Forms MBD-10 and MBD-20 to be considered a responsive bid. Specifically, the 'Schedule of All Solicited Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) (Form MBD-10)' listing all subcontractors (including non-certified) solicited and 'Schedule of All -To Be Utilized Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) (Form MBD-20)' listing all subcontractors (including non-certified) to be utilized. Supplemental forms, such as 'Form MBD-40 Official Letter Of Intent' (LOI), can be submitted with the bid or once declared lowest-responsive bidder. After an award, 'DMI Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) Payment Form (Form MBD-30)' is to be submitted with payment requests to report payments to subcontractors and using the on-line automated MBD compliance software system available at <https://tampa.diversitysoftware.com>

For additional information about the WMBE and SLBE programs contact the Minority and Small Business Development Office at 813-274-5522. (3-18)

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

I-1.11 BID SECURITY:

Surety companies shall have a rating of not less than B+ Class VI as evaluated in the most recently circulated Best KeyRating Guide Property/Casualty.

I-1.12 PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION BOND:

The Bidder who is awarded the Contract will be required to furnish a Public Construction Bond upon the form provided herein, equal to 100 percent of the Contract price, such Bond to be issued and executed by (a) surety company(ies) acceptable to the City and licensed to underwrite contracts in the State of Florida. After execution of the Agreement and before commencing work, the Contractor must provide the City a certified copy of the officially recorded Bond.

I-1.13 AGREEMENT

SECTION 2 – POWERS OF THE CITY’S REPRESENTATIVES, new Article 2.05:

Add the following:

Article 2.05 CITY’S TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE:

The City may, at any time, terminate the Contract in whole or in part for the City’s convenience and without cause. Termination by the City under this Article shall be by a notice of termination delivered to the Contractor, specify the extent of termination and the effective date.

Upon receipt of a notice of termination, the Contractor shall immediately, in accordance with instructions from the City, proceed with performance of the following duties regardless of delay in determining or adjusting amounts due under this Paragraph:

- (a) cease operations as specified in the notice;
- (b) place no further orders and enter into no further subcontracts for materials, labor, services or facilities except as necessary to complete continued portions of the Contract;
- (c) terminate all subcontracts and orders to the extent they relate to the Work terminated;
- (d) proceed to complete the performance of Work not terminated; and
- (e) take actions that may be necessary, or that the City may direct, for the protection and preservation of the terminated Work.

The amount to be paid to the Contractor by the City because of the termination shall consist of:

- (a) for costs related to work performed on the terminated portion of the Work prior to the effective date including termination costs relative to subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the Work;
- (b) the reasonable costs of settlement of the Work terminated, including accounting, legal, clerical and other expenses reasonable necessary for the preparation of termination settlement proposals and supporting data; additional costs of termination and settlement of subcontracts excluding amounts of such settlements; and storage, transportation, and other costs incurred which are reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection or disposition of the terminated Work; and
- (c) a fair and reasonable profit on the completed Work unless the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire Contract had it been completed.

Allowance shall be made for payments previously made to the Contractor for the terminated portion of the Work, and claims which the City has against the Contractor under the Contract, and for the value of materials supplies, equipment or other items that are part of the costs of the Work to be disposed of by the Contractor.

SECTION 5 – SUBCONTRACTS AND ASSIGNMENTS, Article 5.01, Page A-7, last paragraph:

Change “...twenty-five (25) percent...” to “...fifty-one (51) percent...”

SECTION 8 – CONTRACTOR’S EMPLOYEES, Article 8.03, Page A-9, delete Article 8.03 in its entirety and

Replace with the following new article:

ARTICLE 8.03 EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

The Contractor shall, in the performance of the work required to be done under this Contract, employ all workers without discrimination and must not maintain, provide or permit facilities that are segregated.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

SECTION 10 – PAYMENTS, Article 10.05, Page A-10, 1st Paragraph, 1st Sentence:

Change "...fair value of the work done, and may apply for..." to "...fair value of the work done, and shall apply for..." Note: Retainage as referenced in Article 10.05 is limited to a maximum of five percent (5%).

SECTION 11 – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS, Article 11.02, Page A-12, 1st Paragraph, 2nd Sentence:

Delete the 2nd Sentence in its entirety and replace it with the following new 2nd Sentence:

Without limiting application of Article 11.07, below, whenever the Contractor is required or desires to use any design, device, material, or process covered by letters of patent or copyright, the Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the City Indemnified Parties (as defined below) from any and all Claims (as defined below) for infringement by reason of the use of any such patented design, device, tool, material, equipment, or process, to be performed under the Contract and damages which may be incurred by reason of such infringement at any time during the prosecution or after completion of the work.

SECTION 11 – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS, Article 11.03, Page A-12:

Delete Article 11.03 in its entirety and replace with the following new article:

ARTICLE 11.03 INTENTIONALLY OMITTED.

SECTION 11 – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS, Article 11.07, Page A-12:

Delete Article 11.07 in its entirety and replace with the following new article:

ARTICLE 11.07 INDEMNIFICATION PROVISIONS

Whenever there appears in this Agreement, or in the other Contact Documents made a part hereof, an indemnification provision within the purview of Chapter 725.06, Laws of Florida, the monetary limitation on the extent of the indemnification under each such provision shall be One Million Dollars or a sum equal to the total Contract price, whichever shall be the greater.

Contractor releases and agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City, its officers, elected and appointed officials, employees, and/or agents (collectively, "City Indemnified Parties") from and against any and all losses, liabilities, damages, penalties, settlements, judgments, charges, or costs (including without limitation attorneys' fees, professional fees, or other expenses) of every kind and character arising out of any and all claims, liens, is entitled to indemnification hereunder. This obligation shall in no way be limited in any nature whatsoever by any limitation on the amount or type of Contractor's insurance coverage.

The parties agree that to the extent the written terms of this indemnification are deemed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in conflict with any provisions of Florida law, in particular Sections 725.06 and 725.08, Florida Statutes, the written terms of this indemnification shall be deemed by any court of competent jurisdiction to be modified in such a manner as to be in fully and complete compliance with all such laws and to contain such limiting conditions or limitations of liability, or to not contain any unenforceable or prohibited term or terms, such that this indemnification shall be enforceable in accordance with and to the maximum extent permitted by Florida law.

The obligation of Contractor under this Article is absolute and unconditional; it is not conditioned in any way on any attempt by a City Indemnified Party to collect from an insurer any amount under a liability insurance policy, and is not subject to any set-off, defense, deduction, or counterclaim that the Contractor might have against the City Indemnified Party. The duty to defend hereunder is independent and separate from the duty to indemnify, and the duty to defend exists regardless of any ultimate liability of Contractor, the City, and any City Indemnified Party. The duty to defend arises immediately upon presentation of a Claim by any party and written notice of such Claim being provided to Contractor. Contractor's defense and indemnity obligations hereunder will survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Contract.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Contractor agrees and recognizes that the City Indemnified Parties shall not be held liable or responsible for any Claims which may result from any actions or omissions of Contractor in which the City Indemnified Parties participated either through providing data or advice and/or review or concurrence of Contractor's actions. In reviewing, approving or rejecting any submissions by Contractor or other acts of Contractor, the City in no way assumes or shares any responsibility or liability of Contractor or any tier of subcontractor/subconsultant/supplier, under this Contract.

In the event the law is construed to require a specific consideration for such indemnification, the parties agree that the sum of Ten Dollars and 00/100 (\$10.00), receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, is the specific consideration for such indemnification and the providing of such indemnification is deemed to be part of the specifications with respect to the services provided by Contractor.

SECTION 11 – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS, Article 11.12, Page A-13:
Change Article 11.12 to add the following new language after existing text:

The City of Tampa is a public agency subject to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes. In accordance with Florida Statutes, 119.0701, Contractor agrees to comply with Florida's Public Records Law, including the following:

1. Contractor shall keep and maintain public records required by the City to perform the services under this Agreement;
2. Upon request by the City, provide the City with copies of the requested records, having redacted records in total on in part that are exempt from disclosure by law or allow the records to be inspected or copied within a reasonable time (with provision of a copy of such records to the City) on the same terms and conditions that the City would provide the records and at a cost that does not exceed that provided in Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, or as otherwise provided by law;
3. Ensure that records, in part or in total, that are exempt or that are confidential and exempt from disclosure requirements are not disclosed except as authorized by law for the duration of the Agreement term and following completion (or earlier termination) of the Agreement if Contractor does not transfer the records to the City;
4. Upon completion (or earlier termination) of the Agreement, Contractor shall within 30 days after such event either transfer to the City, at no cost, all public records in possession of the Contractor or keep and maintain the public records in compliance with Chapter 119, Florida Statutes. If Contractor transfers all public records to the City upon completion (or earlier termination) of the Agreement, Contractor shall destroy any duplicate records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements. If Contractor keeps and maintains public records upon completion (or earlier termination) of the Agreement, Contractor shall meet all applicable requirements for retaining public records. All records stored electronically must be provided to the City in a format that is compatible with the information technology systems of the agency.

The failure of Contractor to comply with Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, and/or the provisions set forth in this Article shall be grounds for immediate unilateral termination of the Agreement by the City; the City shall also have the option to withhold compensation due Contractor until records are received as provided herein.

IF CONTRACTOR HAS QUESTIONS REGARDING THE APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 119, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO CONTRACTOR'S DUTY TO PROVIDE PUBLIC RECORDS RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, CONTACT THE CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS AT 813-274-8598, JIM.GREINER@TAMPAGOV.NET, AND CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT, TAMPA MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDING, 4TH FLOOR, 306 E. JACKSON ST. TAMPA, FLORIDA 33602.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

I-1.14 Contractors must utilize the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's E-Verify Systems to verify the employment eligibility of all persons employed during the term of the Contract to perform employment duties within the State of Florida and all persons, including subcontractors, assigned by Contractor to perform work pursuant to the contract.

E-Verify. In accordance with Section 448.095, Florida Statutes, the Contractor agrees to register with and utilize the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's E-Verify system to verify the employment eligibility of all new employees hired during the term of the Contract for the services specified in the Contract. The Contractor must also include a requirement in subcontracts that the subcontractor must register with and utilize the E-Verify system to verify the employment eligibility of all new employees hired by the subcontractor during the Contract term. If the Contractor enters into a contract with a subcontractor, the subcontractor must provide the Contractor with an affidavit stating that the subcontractor does not employ, contract with, or subcontract with an unauthorized alien. The Contractor shall maintain a copy of such affidavit for the duration of the Contract. If the City has a good faith belief that the Contractor has knowingly violated Section 448.09(1), Florida Statutes, the City shall terminate the Contract with the Contractor, and the Contractor may not be awarded a contract with the City for at least 1 year after the date on which the Contract was terminated. The Contractor is liable for any additional costs incurred by the City as a result of the termination of the Contract. If the City has a good faith belief that a subcontractor knowingly violated the law, but the Contractor has otherwise complied with the law, the City shall promptly notify the Contractor and order the Contractor to immediately terminate the contract with the subcontractor.

I-1.15 GENERAL PROVISIONS; G-2.02 Copies Furnished to Contractor: Replace the first paragraph with the following:

The Contractor shall acquire for its use copies of the plans and specifications as needed, which may be downloaded from the City's web site, at <http://www.tampagov.net/contract-administration/programs/construction-project-bidding>.

Bidder as part of the solicitation process (and as Contractor if Bidder is successful) may hold, come into possession of, and/or generate certain building plans, blueprints, schematic drawings, including draft, preliminary, and final formats, which depict the internal layout and structural elements of a building, facility, or other structure owned or operated by the City or an agency (singularly or collectively "Exempt Plans"), which pursuant to Section 119.071(3), Florida Statutes, are exempt from Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes and Section 24(a), Art. I of the Florida State Constitution. Contractor certifies it has read and is familiar the exemptions and obligations of Section 119.071(3), Florida Statutes; further that Contractor is and shall remain in compliance with same, including without limitation maintaining the exempt status of such Exempt Plans, for so long as any Exempt Plans are held by or otherwise in its possession.

I-1.16 PAYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Any dispute pertaining to pay requests must be presented to the City pursuant to Executive Order 2003-1.

I-1.17 SCRUTINIZED COMPANIES CERTIFICATION

Section 287.135, Florida Statutes, prohibits agencies or local governmental entities from contracting for goods or services of any amount with companies that are on the Scrutinized Companies that Boycott Israel List or are engaged in a boycott of Israel, and of \$1 million or more with companies that are on either the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in Sudan List or the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in the Iran Petroleum Energy Sector List, or are engaged in business operations in Cuba or Syria. Specifically, Section 287.135(2), Florida Statutes, states: "A company is ineligible to, and may not, bid on, submit a proposal for, or enter into or renew a contract with an agency or local governmental entity for goods or services of: (a) Any amount if, at the time of bidding on, submitting a proposal for, or entering into or renewing such contract, the company is on the Scrutinized Companies that Boycott Israel List, created pursuant to s. 215.4725, or is engaged in a boycott of Israel; or (b) One

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
SECTION 1 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

million dollars or more if, at the time of bidding on, submitting a proposal for, or entering into or renewing such contract, the company: 1. Is on the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in Sudan List or the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in the Iran Petroleum Energy Sector List, created pursuant to s. 215.473; or 2. Is engaged in business operations in Cuba or Syria.”

Upon submitting its bid or proposal, a bidder/proposer: (i) certifies the company is not in violation of Section 287.135, Florida Statutes, and shall not be in violation at the time the company enters into or renews any resulting contract; and (ii) agrees any such resulting contract shall be deemed to contain a provision that allows the City, at its option, to terminate such contract for cause if the company is found to have submitted a false certification, been placed on one or any of the foregoing Lists, been engaged in a boycott of Israel, or been engaged in business operations in Cuba or Syria.

I-1.18 FLORIDA'S PUBLIC RECORDS LAW; DATA COLLECTION

Pursuant to Section 119.071(5)(a)2a, Florida Statutes, social security numbers shall only be collected from Bidders and/or Contractor by the City should such number be needed for identification, verification, and/or tax reporting purposes. To the extent Bidder and/or Contractor collects an individual's social security number in the course of acting on behalf of the City pursuant to the terms and conditions of its Proposal or, if awarded, the Agreement, Bidder and/or Contractor shall follow the requirements of Florida's Public Records Law.

I-1.19 APPRENTICESHIP REQUIREMENTS AND REPORTING FORM

Bidders shall comply with the conditions of the Apprenticeship Requirements and Reporting Form, Ordinance No. 2021-33, incorporated into the Contract and as specified therein.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

SECTION 2 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

I-2.01 BIDDER'S RESPONSIBILITY

Before submitting Proposals, Bidders shall carefully examine the entire site of the proposed work and adjacent premises and the various means of approach and access to the site, and make all necessary investigations to inform themselves thoroughly as to the facilities necessary for delivering, placing and operating the necessary construction equipment, and for delivering and handling materials at the site, and inform themselves thoroughly as to all difficulties involved in the completion of all the work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

Bidders must examine the Plans, Specifications, and other Contract Documents and shall exercise their own judgment as to the nature and amount of the whole of the work to be done, and for the bid prices must assume all risk of variance, by whomsoever made, in any computation or statement of amounts or quantities necessary to complete the work in strict compliance with the Contract Documents.

Elevations of the ground are shown on the Plans and are believed to be reasonably correct, but are not guaranteed to be absolutely so and are presented only as an approximation. Bidders shall satisfy themselves as to the correctness of all elevations.

The City may have acquired, for its own use, certain information relating to the character of materials, earth formations, probable profiles of the ground, conditions below ground, and water surfaces to be encountered at the site of the proposed work. This information, if it exists, is on file at the offices of the Department of Public Works and Bidders will be permitted to see and examine this information for whatever value they consider it worth. However, this information is not guaranteed, and Bidders should satisfy themselves by making borings or test pits, or by such other methods as they may prefer, as to the character, location, and amounts of water, peat, clay, sand, quicksand, gravel, boulders, conglomerate, rock, gas or other material to be encountered or work to be performed.

Various underground and overhead structures and utilities are shown on the plans. The location and dimensions of such structures and utilities, where given, are believed to be reasonably correct, but do not purport to be absolutely so. These structures and utilities are plotted on the Plans for the information of the Bidders, but information so given is not to be construed as a representation or assurance that such structures will be found or encountered as plotted, or that such information is complete or accurate.

I-2.02 FORM, PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF PROPOSALS

Each Proposal shall be submitted upon the Proposal Form and in accordance with the instructions included herein. The Proposal Form must not be detached herefrom. All blank spaces for bid prices must be filled in, in both words and figures, with the unit or lump sum prices, or both, for which the Proposal is made. The computed total price for each unit price Contract Item shall be determined by multiplying the estimated quantity of the item, as set forth in the Proposal Form, by the corresponding unit price bid for such item. The resulting product shall be entered in the appropriate blank space under the column headed "Computed Total Price for Item". The lump sum price bid for each lump sum price Contract Item shall also be entered in the column headed "Computed Total Price for Item". If a Proposal contains any omissions, erasures, alterations, additions, or items not called for in the itemized Proposal, or contains irregularities of any kind, such may constitute sufficient cause for rejection of the Proposal. In case of any discrepancy in the unit price or amount bid for any item in the Proposal, the price as expressed in written words will govern. In no case is the Agreement Form to be filled out or signed by the Bidder.

In the case of certain jobs bid Lump Sum a "Schedule of Unit Prices" must be filled out as an attachment to the Lump Sum proposal. These prices may be used as a guide for the negotiation of change orders, at the City's option.

The proposal must be signed and certified and be presented on the prescribed form in a sealed envelope on/or before the time and at the place stated in the Notice of Bidders, endorsed with the name of the person, firm or corporation presenting it, the date of presentation, and the title of the work for which the Proposal is made.

Unless the apparent low bidder is now engaged in or has recently completed contract work for the City of Tampa, he, if requested, shall furnish to the City, after the opening of bids and prior to award, a summary statement of record of construction experience over the past three (3) years with proper supporting evidence, and, if required by the City, shall also furnish a list of equipment and other facilities pertinent to and available for the proper execution of the proposed work, and a statement of financial resources to the extent necessary to establish ability to carry on the proposed work. The City may make further investigations as considered necessary with respect to responsibility of the Bidder to whom it appears may be awarded the Contract.

If forwarded by mail, the sealed envelope containing the Proposal, endorsed as directed above, must be enclosed in another envelope addressed as specified in the Notice to Bidders and sent by registered mail.

I-2.03 ADDENDA AND INTERPRETATIONS

No interpretation of the meaning of the Plans, Specifications, or other Contract Documents will be made to any Bidder orally.

Every request for such interpretation must be in writing, addressed to the Contract Administration Department, Tampa Municipal Office Building, 4th Floor North, City Hall Plaza, Tampa, Florida 33602. To be given consideration, such request must be received at least seven (7) days prior to the date fixed for the opening of the Proposals. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written addenda which, if issued, will be sent by certified mail, with return receipt requested, to all prospective bidders at the respective addresses furnished, for such purposes, not later than three (3) working days prior to the date fixed for the opening of the Proposals, and if requested, a copy will be delivered to the prospective bidder's representative. Failure of any Bidder to receive any such addenda shall not relieve said Bidder from any obligation under his Proposal as submitted. All addenda so issued shall become part of the Contract Documents.

I-2.04 BID SECURITY

Each Proposal must be accompanied by a certified or cashier's check issued by a solvent bank or trust company and payable at sight to the City of Tampa, in compliance with Section 255.051 Florida Statutes, or a Bid Bond upon the form provided herein, in an amount of not less than five percent of the sum of the computed total amount of the Bidder's Proposal as a guarantee that if the Proposal is accepted, the Bidder will execute and fill in the proposed Contract and Public Construction Bond within twenty (20) days after notice of award of the Contract. Certified checks shall have all necessary documentary revenue stamps attached if required by law. Surety on Bid Bonds shall be a duly authorized surety company authorized to do business in the State of Florida, and all such Bonds shall be issued or countersigned by a local resident producing agent, and satisfactory evidence of the authority of the person or persons executing such Bond to Execute the same shall be submitted with the Bond. Bid Bonds shall be issued by a surety company acceptable to the City.

Within ten (10) days after the opening of Proposals, the bid security of all but the three lowest Bidders will be returned. The bid security of the remaining two Bidders whose Proposals are not accepted will be

returned within ten (10) days after the execution of the Contract, or, if no such Contract has been executed, within ninety (90) days after the date of opening Proposals. The bid security of the Bidder whose Proposal is accepted will be returned only after he has duly executed the Contract and furnished the required Public Construction Bond and insurance.

Should it be necessary for the City to retain the bid security and said bid security is in the form of checks, the checks of these Bidders will be returned if replaced by Bid Bonds in an amount equal to the amount of the checks of such Bidders in such form and issued by a surety company acceptable to the City.

A Bidder may withdraw his Proposal before the time fixed for the opening of Proposals, without prejudice to himself, by communicating his purpose, in writing, to the Mayor and City Council, and when his communication is received, the Proposal will be handed to him or his authorized agent unopened. No Bidder may withdraw his Proposal within ninety (90) days after the day of opening Proposals.

The Bidder whose Proposal is accepted shall enter into a written contract, upon the Agreement form included herein, for the performance of the work and furnish the required Public Construction Bond within twenty (20) days after written notice by the City of Award of Contract has been served on such Bidder personally or after receipt of the written notice by registered mail to such Bidder at the address given in his Proposal.

If the Bidder to whom a Contract is awarded refuses or neglects to execute it or fails to furnish the required Public Construction Bond within twenty (20) days after receipt by him of the Notice of Award of Contract, the amount of his bid security shall be forfeited and shall be retained by the City as liquidated damages, and not as a penalty, it being now agreed that said sum is a fair estimate of the amount of damages that the City will sustain in case said Bidder fails to enter into a Contract and furnish the required Public Construction Bond. If a Bid Bond was furnished, the full amount of the Bond shall become due and payable as liquidated damages caused by such failure. The full amount of the bid security shall be forfeited as liquidated damages without consideration of the fact that an award may be less than the full amount of the Bidder's Proposal, excepting that the award shall be within the conditions of said Proposal relating to the basis of consideration for an award. No plea of mistake in the bid or misunderstanding of the conditions of forfeiture shall be available to the Bidder for the recovery of his deposit or as a defense to any action based upon the neglect or refusal to execute a contract.

I-2.05 LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Bidder who is awarded the Contract must comply with all laws of the State of Florida, and all applicable Ordinances of the City of Tampa respecting labor and compensation and with all other statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations applicable and having the force of law.

I-2.06 PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION BOND

The Bidder who is awarded the Contract will be required to furnish a Public Construction Bond upon the form provided herein, equal to 100 percent of the Contract price, such Bond to be executed by a surety company acceptable to the City of Tampa and licensed to underwrite contracts in the State of Florida. Surety companies shall have a rating of not less than: B+ Class VI as evaluated in the most recently circulated BEST'S KEY RATING GUIDE PROPERTY-LIABILITY.

I-2.07 SIGNATURE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS

Proposals must be signed in ink by the Bidder with signature in full. When a firm is a Bidder, the Proposal shall be signed in the name of the firm by one or more of the partners. When a corporation is a Bidder the officer signing shall set out the corporate name in full beneath which he shall sign his name and give the title of his office. The Proposal shall also bear the seal of the corporation attested by its secretary. Anyone signing the Proposal as agent must file with it legal evidence of his authority to do so.

Bidders who are nonresident corporations shall furnish to the City a

duly certified copy of their permit to transact business in the State of Florida, signed by the Secretary of State, within ten days of the notice to do so. Such notice will be given to Bidders who are nonresident corporations, to whom it appears an award will be made, and the copy of the permit must be filed with the City before the award will be made. Failure to promptly submit this evidence of qualification to do business in the State of Florida may be basis for rejection of the Proposal.

I-2.08 REJECTION OF PROPOSALS

The City reserves the right to reject any Proposal if investigation of the Bidder fails to satisfy the City that such Bidder is properly qualified to carry out the obligations and to complete the work contemplated therein. Any or all Proposals will be rejected if there is reason to believe that collusion exists among Bidders. Proposals will be considered irregular and may be rejected if they show serious omissions, alterations in form, additions not called for, conditions or unauthorized alternates, or irregularities of any kind. The City reserves the right to reject any or all Proposals and to waive such technical errors as may be deemed best for the interests of the City.

I-2.09 QUANTITIES ESTIMATED ONLY

The estimate of quantities of the various items of work and materials, if set forth in the Proposal Form, is approximate only and is given solely to be used as a uniform basis for the comparison of Proposals.

The quantities actually required to complete the Contract work may be less or more than so estimated, and if awarded a Contract for the work specified, the Contractor agrees that he will not make any claim for damages or for loss of profits because of a difference between the quantities of the various classes of work assumed for comparison of Proposals and quantities of work actually performed. The City further reserves the right to vary the quantities in any amount.

I-2.10 COMPARISON OF PROPOSALS

Except jobs bid on a "One Lump Sum" basis, proposals will be compared on the basis of a total computed price arrived at by taking the sum of the estimated quantity of each item and the corresponding unit price of each item, and including any lump sum prices on individual items.

The computed total prices for individual Contract Items and the total computed price for the entire Contract, as entered by the Bidder in the Proposal Form, are for convenience only and are subject to correction in the tabulation and computation of the Proposals.

I-2.11 BASIS OF AWARD

The Contract will be awarded, if at all, to the lowest responsible Bidder or Bidders, as determined by the City and by the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents. Unless all bids are rejected, the award will be made within ninety (90) days after the opening of Proposals. The successful Bidder will be required to possess, or obtain, a valid City Occupational License.

I-2.12 INSURANCE REQUIRED

The successful Bidder and his subcontractors will be required to procure and pay for insurance covering the work in accordance with the provisions of Article 6.02 of the Agreement as indicated on special instructions pages beginning with INS-1.

I-2.13 NO ASSIGNMENT OF BID

No Bidder shall assign his bid or any rights thereunder.

I-2.14 NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

Contracts for work under this Proposal will obligate the contractors and subcontractors not to discriminate in employment practices.

Bidders must, if requested, submit with their initial bid a signed statement as to whether they have previously performed work subject to the President's Executive Order Nos. 11246 and 11375.

Bidders must, if requested, submit a compliance report concerning their employment practices and policies in order to maintain their eligibility to receive the award of the Contract.

Successful Bidders must, if requested, submit a list of all subcontractors who will perform work on the project and written,

signed statement from authorized agents of the labor pools with which they will or may deal for employees on the work together with supporting information to the effect that said labor pools practices and policies are in conformity with Executive Order No. 11246 and that said labor pools will affirmatively cooperate in or offer no hindrance to the recruitment, employment and equal treatment of employees seeking employment and performing work under the Contract, or a certification as to what efforts have been made to secure such statements when such agents or labor pools have failed or refused to furnish them prior to the award of the Contract.

I-2.15 LABOR STANDARDS

The Bidder's attention is directed to the Contract Provisions of the Labor Standards for federally assisted projects which may be attached to and made a part of the Agreement.

I-2.16 NOTICE TO LABOR UNIONS

If applicable, the successful Bidder will be required to provide Labor Unions and other organizations of workers a completed copy of the form entitled "Notice to Labor Unions or Other Organizations of Workers", and such form may be made a part of the Agreement.

I-2.17 NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE FEDERALLY-ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS

A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities, as required by the May 9, 1967, Order (32 F.R. 7439, May 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities, by the Secretary of Labor, must be submitted to said Secretary prior to the award of a federally-assisted construction and Contract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause. The form of certification may be bound herein following the form of Bid Bond.

Contractors receiving federally-assisted construction Contract awards exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause will be required to provide for the forwarding of the following notice to prospective subcontractor for supplies and construction contracts where the subcontracts exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause:

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTORS OF REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATIONS OF NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

"A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities, as required by the May 9, 1967, Order (32 F.R. 7439, May 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities, by the Secretary of Labor, must be submitted prior to the award of a subcontract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause."

"Contractors receiving subcontract awards exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause will be required to provide from the forwarding of this notice to prospective subcontractors for supplies and construction contracts where the subcontracts exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause."

The United States requires a pre-award conference if a proposed construction contract exceeds one million dollars to determine if the the prospective contractor is in compliance with the Equal Employment Opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965. In such instances, a meeting may be scheduled at which the prospective contractor must specify what affirmative action he has taken or proposed to take to assure equal employment opportunity which must be approved by the United States before award of the contract will be authorized.

Bidders must be prepared to submit an Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) plan at a pre-award conference. The plan must include bidding opportunities offered by the Bidder to minority subcontractors.

On October 13, 1971, President Nixon issued Executive Order 11246 emphasizing the government's commitment to the promotion of minority business enterprise. Accordingly, the United States is firmly

committed to the utilization of available resources to support this important program. U.S. agencies are most interested in realizing minority participation on the subject. Achieving equal employment opportunity compliance is required through Executive Order 11246. WE cannot emphasize too strongly that minority subcontractors be extended subcontractors bidding opportunities as but one step in your affirmative action policy.

Due to the importance of this contract, U.S. Agencies may conduct an EEO Conference prior to the award of the Contract. It is suggested that the responsive Bidder confirm the minority subcontractors he contacted for bids or quotations in his EEO plan submitted at the conference.

I-2.18 EEO AFFIRMATIVE ACTION REQUIREMENTS

By the submission of a Proposal, each Bidder acknowledges that he understands and will agree to be bound by the equal opportunity requirements of Federal regulations which shall be applicable throughout the performance of work under any contract awarded pursuant to solicitation. Each Bidder agrees that if awarded a contract, he will similarly bind contractually each subcontractor. In policies, each Bidder further understands and agrees that if awarded a contract, he must engage in Affirmative Action directed to promoting and ensuring equal employment opportunity in the work force used under the contract (and he must require contractually the same effort of all subcontractors whose subcontracts exceed \$100,000). The Bidder understands and agrees that "Affirmative Action" as used herein shall constitute a good faith effort to achieve and maintain minority employment in each trade in the on-site work force used on the project. ***** END of SECTION *****

Apprenticeship Requirements

ORDINANCE NO. 2021- 33

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AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF TAMPA, FLORIDA, AMENDING CITY OF TAMPA CODE OF ORDINANCES CHAPTER 26.5 TO ADD "ARTICLE IV. APPRENTICE REQUIREMENTS IN CITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS"; SECTIONS 26.5-211 THROUGH 26.5-216; TO ESTABLISH REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO THE USE OF APPRENTICE LABOR IN CERTAIN CITY OF TAMPA CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, TO INCLUDE SPECIFIC EXCEPTIONS THERETO; TO PROVIDE CONDITIONS RELATING TO DOCUMENTATION, INCENTIVE FOR COMPLIANCE, FEE FOR NONCOMPLIANCE AND OTHER REMEDIES, IMPLEMENTATION, EXPANSION OF SCOPE AND REPORTING; REPEALING ALL ORDINANCES OR PARTS OF ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT THEREWITH; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, construction contractors in the City of Tampa have identified a shortage of skilled labor for construction projects and a need to train younger workers as the existing job force ages; and

WHEREAS, this shortage of labor could result in delays, expenses, and other challenges to the City's future construction projects; and

WHEREAS, the City of Tampa has determined that apprenticeships create opportunities for training and experience that will assist in ensuring that a trained workforce will be available for future City construction projects; and

WHEREAS, requiring the employment of apprentices on certain City of Tampa construction projects will promote business and economic development by increasing the number of skilled workers in the City; and

WHEREAS, the City of Council of the City of Tampa has determined that the creation of Chapter 26.5, Article IV, pertaining to Apprentice Requirements in City Construction Projects, is appropriate and in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare of the City of Tampa at this time; and

WHEREAS, duly noticed public hearings, as required by law, were held by the City Council of the City of Tampa at which all residents and interested persons were given an opportunity to be heard.

1 **NOW, THEREFORE,**
2

3 **BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL**
4 **OF THE CITY OF TAMPA, FLORIDA:**
5

6 **Section 1.** That the recitals set forth above are hereby incorporated as if fully set
7 forth herein.
8

9 **Section 2.** That the City of Tampa Code, Section 26.5, is hereby amended by
10 creating Article IV, Sections 26.5-211 through 26.5-216, to read as follows:
11

12 **"ARTICLE IV.- APPRENTICE REQUIREMENTS IN CITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**
13

14 **DIVISION 1. - IN GENERAL**
15

16 **Sec 26.5-211. – Title; Applicability.**

17 This Article IV shall be known and may be cited as the "City of Tampa Apprentice
18 Requirements in City Construction Contracts Ordinance". This Article shall apply to
19 contracts for certain City of Tampa construction projects as specified in more detail
20 herein.

21 **Sec. 26.5-212. Legislative Findings and Intent.**

22 (a) There is a shortage of skilled labor for construction projects and a need to train
23 younger workers as the existing job force ages. This shortage of labor could result in
24 delays, expenses, and other challenges to the City's future construction projects.
25 Apprenticeships create opportunities for training and experience that will assist in
26 ensuring that a trained workforce will be available for future City construction
27 projects. By requiring contactors to use apprentices for City construction contracts,
28 it is the intent of the City to increase the number of apprentices used by contractors,
29 creating opportunities that will enable these apprentices to develop into more skilled
30 labor that will then be available for City construction projects.

31 (b) Apprenticeship programs are recognized as an effective means of providing
32 training and experience to individuals seeking to enter or advance in the workforce,
33 offering an opportunity to earn wages while acquiring valuable marketable skills. The
34 training that apprentices receive on city projects will also help them to market their
35 skills to other contractors. In this way, apprenticeship training helps create a skilled
36 pipeline of talent to support and sustain ongoing economic development activities in
37 the City of Tampa.

38 **Sec.26.5-213. - Definitions.**

39 *Apprentice* means any person who is enrolled in and participating in an
40 apprenticeship program or on-the-job training program registered with the
41 Florida Department of Education or the United States Department of Labor, or in

1 a registered on-the-job training program, as defined in Chapter 446, Florida
2 Statutes.

3 *Bidder* means any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, company,
4 association, joint venture, or other entity that seeks the award of a construction
5 contract.

6 *Contractor* means any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, company,
7 association, joint venture, or other entity that has a construction contract with the
8 City.

9 *Construction contract*, for purposes of this article, means a contract
10 between the City and a contractor for a vertical construction project, as defined
11 herein. By no later than one year after implementation of this ordinance, this
12 definition shall be expanded to include horizontal construction projects, as also
13 defined herein.

14 *Vertical construction project* means a project, funded by City dollars in an
15 amount of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) priced on the basis of a lump
16 sum/fixed price amount, that involves the process of building, altering, repairing,
17 improving, or demolishing any public structure or building, or other public
18 improvements of any kind that are predominantly vertical (i.e., above-ground), on
19 or to any real property owned or under the control of the City, which work is being
20 performed under a construction contract. For purposes of this article, vertical
21 construction also includes on-site horizontal work that is integral to or part of the
22 vertical construction project.

23 *Horizontal construction project* means a project, funded by City dollars in
24 an amount of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) priced on the basis of a
25 lump sum/fixed price amount, that involves construction of highways, roads,
26 streets, bridges, utilities, water distribution or transmission pipelines, wastewater
27 interceptors, force mains or collection systems, and stormwater conveyance
28 facilities. For purposes of this article, horizontal construction also includes
29 rehabilitation of water, wastewater and stormwater pipelines including, but not
30 limited to, cured-in place, pulled-in place and pipe bursting methods.

31 *Good faith effort* means that the contractor, without an intent to defraud
32 or seek an unfair advantage, took all necessary steps to secure and maximize,
33 consistent with the requirements of this section, the required percentage for
34 apprentices on a construction project, to the satisfaction of the City of Tampa.
35 The contractor shall provide evidence of good faith efforts for consideration by
36 the City, which evidence may include documentation of the contractor's contacts

1 with the Florida Department of Education, Division of Career and Adult
2 Education's Apprenticeship Section; documentation of its contacts with state-
3 approved training programs, with labor organizations, and/or with technical
4 schools and training schools; documentation of its use of job fairs and other
5 outreach efforts; the frequency and duration of any employment advertisements
6 for apprentices; the extent to which the size of a contractor's workforce affects its
7 hiring opportunities for apprentices; and any other evidence demonstrating to the
8 satisfaction of the City that the contractor made a good faith attempt to secure
9 apprentice labor.

10 *Subcontractor* means an entity or individual providing services to the City
11 through a contractor for all or any portion of the construction contract.

12 *Labor hours* means the total hours worked on the site of a construction
13 project by workers who are employed by contractors or subcontractors on the
14 construction project, excluding hours worked by forepersons, superintendents, or
15 owners. Notwithstanding the above, the percentage requirements of this article
16 shall apply to the labor hours performed in a trade(s) for which registered
17 apprenticeship programs or on-the-job training programs exist.

18 **Sec. 26.5-214. - Apprenticeship Requirements and Exceptions.**

19 (a) When responding to a City of Tampa solicitation for a vertical construction project, a
20 bidder must certify that:

- 21 (1) The bidder or its subcontractors participate in an apprenticeship program that is
22 registered with the Florida Department of Education or the United States
23 Department of Labor; or
- 24 (2) The bidder commits that at the time the bidder executes a construction contract,
25 it or its subcontractors will be participating in an apprenticeship program that is
26 approved by the Florida Department of Education or the United States
27 Department of Labor or an on-the-job training program; or
- 28 (3) The bidder has submitted documentation that confirms, to the satisfaction of the
29 City of Tampa, that there are no registered apprenticeship or on-the-job training
30 programs for any type of work to be performed on the construction project.

31 (b) Prior to the City entering a construction contract, the City must receive
32 documentation from the bidder verifying compliance with Section 26-214(a).

33 (c) For the duration of the construction contract, as same may be extended including
34 through the issuance of change orders, at least 12% of the labor hours performed in
35 a trade(s) for which registered apprenticeship programs or on-the-job training
36 programs exist, including all work performed pursuant to change orders, must be

1 performed by apprentices employed by the contractor or subcontractors, with
2 required documentation provided to the City as set forth in Sec. 26-215 herein.

3 (d) If the contractor is unable to achieve or maintain the required percentage, the
4 contractor must notify the City in writing and document its good faith effort, as
5 defined herein, made to achieve or maintain the required percentage. The City will
6 then determine whether the contractor made all required good faith effort by
7 evaluating the contractor's submitted documentation.

8 (e) The construction contract between the City and the contractor must include a
9 provision requiring the contractor and its subcontractors to comply with the
10 requirements of this article.

11 (f) Exceptions.

12 (1) This article will not apply if:

13 a. It is prohibited by or in conflict with federal or state law or the terms of a
14 federal or state grant applicable to the construction project; or

15 b. The Mayor or the Mayor's designee determines that emergency
16 circumstances exist such that applying the article to the construction project
17 is not in the best interest of the City.

18 (2) This article will not apply to a subcontractor that is a WMBE or SLBE if the
19 compensation to be paid under the applicable subcontract for labor costs is less
20 than \$1,000,000.

21 (3) The twelve percent (12%) requirement of labor hours on the construction
22 project that must be performed by apprentices may be reduced by the Mayor or
23 the Mayor's designee if:

24 a. The contractor has successfully demonstrated to the City, after making a
25 good faith effort as defined herein, that the contractor has been unable to
26 find, or there does not exist, a sufficient number or type of apprentices
27 available to meet the required percentage; or

28 b. The Mayor or the Mayor's designee determines that there exists, for the
29 construction project at issue, a disproportionately high ratio of material
30 costs to labor hours, which makes infeasible the required percentage of
31 apprentice participation.

32
33 **Sec. 26.5-215. - Required Documentation, Incentive for Compliance, and**
34 **Noncompliance Fee and Other Remedies.**

35
36 (a) *Required documentation.* The contractor must prepare, submit, and certify, on a
37 monthly basis for the duration of the construction contract, accurate and timely
38 records, on a form prepared by the City, identifying the name, hourly rate, and trade
39 classification of each apprentice, the cumulative number of hours worked on the

1 project to date by apprentices, and the labor hours of all workers used by the
2 contractor and each subcontractor on the construction project. If a subcontractor
3 uses apprentices that will be included to satisfy the 12% requirement set forth herein,
4 the contractor must require that the subcontractors prepare, maintain, and certify,
5 for submittal by the contractor to the City, accurate and timely records, on a form
6 prepared by the City, identifying for such subcontractor, the name, hourly rate, trade
7 classification, labor hours for apprentices used by the subcontractor on the
8 construction project, and labor hours of all workers used by the subcontractor on the
9 construction project.

10 (b) *Incentive for Compliance.* At the point at which a contract is 50% complete, the City
11 will reduce 1% of the retainage, provided the City has determined that (i) the
12 contractor is in compliance with the percentage requirements of subsection 26.5-
13 214(c) for the work performed to date, and (ii) is otherwise performing its contract
14 obligations to the full satisfaction of the City.

15 (c) *Fee for Partial Compliance or Noncompliance.* Contracts for all projects to which these
16 requirements apply will provide that if a contractor fails to fully comply with the
17 percentage requirements of subsection 26.5-214(c), and the requirement is not
18 adjusted in writing by the Mayor or the Mayor's designee, as provided for above, the
19 contractor will be assessed a penalty fee amount for each hour that is not achieved.

20 1. The amount per hour shall be based on the extent to which the contractor or
21 subcontractor met the 12% labor hour requirement. The fee schedule for the
22 amount per hour that will be assessed shall be adopted by Resolution.

23 2. The assessments imposed shall be deducted from the contractor's final pay
24 application and shall be utilized to support construction/building trade apprentice
25 training programs registered with the State of Florida or the United States
26 Department of Labor and located within Hillsborough County, and/or such
27 apprentice training programs provided by the Hillsborough County School District.

28 (d) *Noncompliance-Other Remedies.* Failure of a contractor to comply with the
29 requirements of this article may subject the contractor to all remedies available to the
30 City at law, including but not limited to debarment or suspension of the contractor
31 from consideration for the award of future contracts, and termination of the
32 construction contract.

33 **Sec. 26.5-216.- Implementation, Expansion of Scope to include Horizontal Construction,**
34 **and Reporting.**

35 (a) *Implementation.* The Mayor or the Mayor's designee shall implement the provisions
36 of this ordinance no later than six months from its effective date.

37 (b) *Expansion of the Scope of the Apprentice Requirements to apply to Horizontal*
38 *Construction.* By no later than twelve months after implementation of this ordinance,
39 this article shall be amended as necessary to expand its application to horizontal
40 construction contracts, as defined herein.

1 (c) *Reporting.* At six month intervals during the first year after implementation of this
2 article, and thereafter on an annual basis, the Mayor or the Mayor's designee shall
3 prepare a report to be presented on the agenda of the City Council, that includes for
4 each contract to which this article applies, a line item breakdown of: the name of the
5 contractor, the name or description of the construction project, the total dollar value
6 of the construction project, the number of apprentices hired for the construction
7 project, the number of apprentice hours worked on the construction project, and the
8 total labor hours expended on the construction project. Additionally, the report will
9 identify any contracts where the 12% requirement was not met, and the reason; a
10 report on outreach efforts made by the City Council and the City Administration, along
11 with any other relevant details or recommendations regarding the City's
12 apprenticeship requirements that the Mayor or the Mayor's designee wish to include.
13

14 **Section 3.** That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are repealed
15 to the extent of any conflict with the terms of this ordinance.
16

17 **Section 4.** That if any part of this Ordinance shall be declared unconstitutional or
18 invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall remain in full
19 force and effect.
20

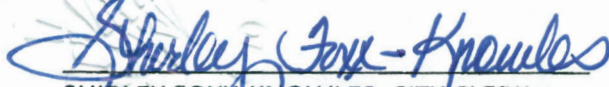
21 **Section 5.** Except to the extent expressly addressed herein, this Ordinance shall take
22 effect immediately upon becoming a law.
23

24
25 PASSED AND ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TAMPA,
26 FLORIDA, ON March 18, 2021.

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CHAIRMAN/CHAIRMAN PRO-TEM,
CITY COUNCIL

ATTEST;



SHIRLEY FOXX-KNOWLES, CITY CLERK

APPROVED BY ME ON 3/22/21



JANE CASTOR, MAYOR

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Approved as to Legal Sufficiency:

ANDREA ZELMAN, DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

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RESOLUTION 2021 - _____

RESOLUTION ESTABLISHING A SCHEDULE OF FEES FOR PARTIAL COMPLIANCE OR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPRENTICE LABOR HOUR PERCENTAGE REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 26.5, ARTICLE IV. APPRENTICE REQUIREMENTS IN CITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS, SUBSECTION 26.5-215(c)1, OF THE CITY OF TAMPA CODE; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, on March 18, 2021, City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2021-33, which added Chapter 26.5, Article IV., Apprentice Requirements in City Construction Projects, Sections 26.5-211 through 26.5-216, to the City of Tampa Code (the “Apprentice Ordinance”); and

WHEREAS, Subsection 26.5-215(c) provides for the assessment of a fee for partial compliance or noncompliance with the apprentice labor hour percentage requirements of subsection 26.5-214(c), with the fee amount to be based on the extent to which the contractor or subcontractor met the apprentice labor hour requirements under the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, Subsection 26.5-215(c)1. provides for the adoption of a fee schedule by Resolution; and

WHEREAS, the fees established pursuant to this Resolution are reasonable and are consistent with the purpose, intent and express requirements of the Apprentice Ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TAMPA, FLORIDA:

Section 1. That pursuant to the authority of Section 26.5-215(c)1., the following is the schedule of fees for partial compliance or noncompliance with the apprentice labor hour requirements of subsection 26.5-214(c), City of Tampa Code:

| Percent of goal met | Assessment per unmet hour |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 100% | \$0.00 |
| 90% to 99% | \$2.50 |
| 75% to 89% | \$5.25 |
| 50% to 74% | \$8.00 |
| 1% to 49% | \$11.25 |
| 0% | \$15.00 |

Section 2. That the proper officers of the City of Tampa are hereby authorized and directed to do all things necessary and proper in order to carry out and make effective the provisions of this resolution.

Section 3. That this Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TAMPA,
FLORIDA, ON _____ .

CHAIRMAN/CHAIRMAN PRO-TEM
CITY COUNCIL

ATTEST:

CITY CLERK/DEPUTY CITY CLERK

PREPARED BY AND APPROVED
AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:

e/s

ANDREA E. ZELMAN
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

Reference Links:

- [Florida Department of Education Apprenticeship Programs](#)
- [Apprenticeship Florida](#)
- [U.S. Department of Labor Apprenticeship Resources](#)
- [U.S. Department of Labor Apprenticeship Standards Builder and User Guide](#)

CITY OF TAMPA INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

Prior to commencing any work or services or taking occupancy under that certain written agreement or award (for purposes of this document, Agreement) between the City of Tampa, Florida (City) and Firm/Awardee/Contractor/Consultant/Lessee/non-City party, etc. (for purposes of this document, Firm) to which this document is attached and incorporated as an Exhibit or otherwise, and continuing during the term of said Agreement (or longer if the Agreement and/or this document so requires), Firm shall provide, pay for, and maintain insurance against claims for injuries to persons (including death) or damages to property which may arise from or in connection with the performance of the Agreement (including without limitation occupancy and/or use of certain property/premises) by Firm, its agents, representatives, employees, suppliers, subtenants, or subcontractors (which term includes sub-consultants, as applicable) of any tier subject to the terms and conditions of this document. Firm's maintenance of insurance coverage as required herein is a material element of the Agreement and the failure to maintain or renew coverage or provide evidence of same (defined to include without limitation Firm's affirmative duty to provide from time to time upon City's request certificates of insurance, complete and certified copies of Firm's insurance policies, forms, and endorsements, information on the amount of claims payments or reserves chargeable to the aggregate amount of coverage(s) whether during the term of the Agreement or after as may be requested by the City in response to an issue or potential claim arising out of or related to the Agreement to which Firm's insurance obligations hereunder may apply or possibly help mitigate) may be treated as a material breach of the Agreement. Should at any time Firm not maintain the insurance coverages required, City at its sole option (but without any obligation or waiver of its rights) may (i) terminate the Agreement or (ii) purchase such coverages as City deems necessary to protect itself (charging Firm for same) and at City's option suspending Firm's performance until such coverage is in place. If Firm does not reimburse City for such costs within 10 days after demand, in addition to any other rights, City shall also have the right to offset such costs from amounts due Firm under any agreement with the City. All provisions intended to survive or to be performed subsequent to the expiration or termination of the Agreement shall survive, including without limitation Firm's obligation to maintain or renew coverage, provide evidence of coverage and certified copies of policies, etc. upon City's request and/or in response to a potential claim, litigation, etc.

The City reserves the right from time to time to modify or waive any or all of these insurance requirements (or to reject policies) based on the specific nature of goods/services to be provided, nature of the risk, prior experience, insurer, coverage, financial condition, failure to operate legally, or other special circumstances. If Firm maintains broader coverage and/or higher limits than the minimums shown herein, the City requires and shall be entitled to such broader coverage and/or higher limits maintained by Firm. Any available insurance proceeds in excess of the specified minimum limits of insurance and coverage shall be available to the City. No representation is made that the minimum insurance requirements are sufficient to cover Firm's interests, liabilities, or obligations. Required insurance shall not limit Firm's liability.

Firm acknowledges and agrees Firm and not the City is the party in the best position to determine applicability (e.g. "IF APPLICABLE"), confirm, and/or verify its insurance coverage. Acceptance by the City, or by any of its employees, representatives, agents, etc. of certificates or other documentation of insurance or policies pursuant to the terms of this document and the Agreement evidencing insurance coverages and limits does not constitute approval or agreement that the insurance requirements have been met or that coverages or policies are in compliance. Furthermore, receipt, acceptance, and/or approval of certificates or other documentation of insurance or policies or copies of policies by the City, or by any of its employees, representatives, agents, etc., which indicate less coverage than required does not constitute a waiver of Firm's obligation to fulfill these insurance requirements.

MINIMUM SCOPE AND LIMIT OF INSURANCE ¹

A. Commercial General Liability (CGL) Insurance on the most current Insurance Services Office (ISO) Form CG 00 01 or its equivalent on an "occurrence" basis (Modified Occurrence or Claims Made forms are not acceptable without prior written consent of the City). Coverage must be provided to cover liability contemplated by the Agreement including without limitation premises and operations, independent contractors, contractual liability, products and completed operations, property damage, bodily, personal and advertising injury, contractual liability, explosion, collapse, underground coverages, personal injury liability, death, employees-as-insureds. Products and completed operations liability coverage maintained for at least 3 years after completion of work. Limits shall not be less than \$1M per occurrence and \$2M general aggregate for Agreements valued at \$2M or less; if valued over \$2M, a general aggregate limit that equals or exceeds the Agreement's value. If a general aggregate limit applies; it shall apply separately to the project/location (ISO CG 2S 03 or 2S 04 or equivalent). **(ALWAYS APPLICABLE)**

B. Automobile Liability (AL) Insurance in accordance with Florida law, as to the ownership, maintenance, and use of all owned, non-owned, leased, or hired vehicles. AL insurance shall not be less than: (a) \$500,000 combined single limit each occurrence bodily injury and property damage for Agreements valued at \$100,000 or less or (b) \$1M combined single limit each occurrence bodily injury and property damage for Agreements valued over \$100,000. If transportation of hazardous material involved, the MCS-90 endorsement (or equivalent). **(ALWAYS APPLICABLE)**

C. Worker's Compensation (WC) & Employer's Liability Insurance for all employees engaged under the Agreement, Worker's Compensation as required by Florida law. Employer's Liability with minimum limits of (a) \$500,000 bodily injury by accident and each accident, bodily injury by disease policy limit, and bodily injury by disease each employee for Agreements valued at \$100,000 and under or (b) \$1M bodily injury by accident and each accident, bodily injury by disease policy limit, and bodily injury by disease each for all other Agreements. **(ALWAYS APPLICABLE)**

D. Excess (Umbrella) Liability Insurance for Agreements valued at \$2M or more, at least \$4M per occurrence in excess of underlying limits and no more restrictive than underlying coverage for all work performed by Firm. May also compensate for a deficiency in CGL, AL, or WC. **(ALWAYS APPLICABLE)**

E. Builder's Risk Insurance for property loss exposure associated with construction/renovation/additions to buildings or structures, including materials or fixtures to be incorporated. Must be "All Risk" form with limits of no less than the project's completed value, have no coinsurance penalties, eliminate the "occupancy clause", cover Firm (together with its contractors, subcontractors of every tier, and suppliers), and name City as a Loss Payee. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

F. Installation Floater coverage for property (usually highly valued equipment or materials such as compressors, generators, etc.) during its installation. Coverage must be "All Risk" including installation and transit for no less than 100% of the installed replacement cost value. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

G. Architects & Engineers Liability/ Professional Liability (E&O)/ Contractors Professional Liability (CPL)/ Medical Malpractice Insurance where Agreement involves Florida-regulated professional services (e.g. architect, engineer, design-builder, CM, accountant, appraiser, investment banker medical professional) at any tier, whether employed or independent, vicarious design liability exposure (e.g. construction means & methods, design supervision), value engineering, constructability assessments/reviews, BIM process, and/or performance specifications. Limits of at least \$1M per occurrence and \$2M aggregate; deletion of design/ build liability exclusions, as applicable, and maintained for at least 3 years after completion of work/services and City's acceptance of same. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

H. Railroad Protective Liability CRPL Insurance for construction within 50ft of operated railroad track(s) or where affects any railroad bridge, trestle, tunnel, track(s) roadbed, or over/under pass. Subject to involved rail road's approval prior to commencement of work. **(IF APPLICABLE)**.

I. Pollution and/or Asbestos Legal Liability Insurance where Agreement involves asbestos and/or environmental hazards/contamination risks (defined broadly, e.g. lead, mold, bacteria, fuel storage, underground work, cleanup (owned or non-owned sites), pollutant generation/transportation, marine/natural resource damage, contamination claim, restitution, business interruption, mold, fungus, lead-based paint, 3rd party claims/removal, etc.), with limits of at least \$1M per occurrence and \$2M aggregate, maintained for at least 3 years after Agreement completion. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

J. Cyber Liability Insurance where Agreement involves portals allowing access to obtain, use, or store data; managed dedicated servers; cloud hosting services; software/hardware; programming; and/or other IT services

¹ "M" indicates million(s), for example \$1M is \$1,000,000

and products are involved. Limits of not less than \$2M per occurrence and \$2M aggregate. Coverage sufficiently broad to respond to duties and obligations undertaken by Firm, and shall include, but not be limited to, claims involving infringement of intellectual property/copyright, trademark, trade dress, invasion of privacy violations, damage to or destruction of electronic information, information theft, release of confidential and/or private information, alteration of electronic information, extortion, virus transmission, and network security. Coverage, as applicable and with sufficient limits to respond, for breach response costs, regulatory fines and penalties, credit monitoring expenses. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

K. Drone/UAV Liability Insurance where Agreements involves unmanned aerial vehicles/drones. Coverage to include products and completed operations, property damage, bodily injury with limits no less than \$1M per occurrence, and \$2M aggregate; may be provided by CGL endorsement subject to City's prior written approval. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

L. Longshore & Harbor Workers' Compensation Act/Jones Act for work being conducted near, above, or on "navigable waters" for not less than the above Employer's Liability Insurance limit. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

M. Garagekeeper/Hangerkeeper/Marina Operator Legal Liability Insurance and/or Hull/P&I Insurance where parking lot, valet, dealership, garage services, towing, etc. and/or operation of a hangar, marina, or air

plane/ship repairer, providing safe berth, air/watercraft storage/docking (on land/ in water), fueling, tours, charters, ferries, dredges, tugs, mooring, towing, boat/aircraft equipment/repair/alteration/maintenance, etc.; cover- age against liability for damage to vehicles air/watercraft, their machinery in Firm's care, custody, or control both private & commercial. Limits at least equal to greater of \$1M, value of max number of vehicles that may be in Firm's custody, or of most costly object in Firm's custody. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

N. Property Insurance and Interruption of Business CIOB) Insurance where premises, building, structure, or improved real property is leased, licensed, or otherwise occupied by Firm. Property Insurance against all risks of loss to any occupant/tenant improvements at full replacement cost with no coinsurance penalty, including fire, water, leak damage, and flood, as applicable, vandalism and malicious mischief endorsements. IOB by which minimum monthly rent will be paid to City for up to 1 year if premises are destroyed, rendered inaccessible or untenable, including disruption of utilities, water, or telecommunications. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

O. Liquor Liability/Host Liquor Liability where Firm directly or indirectly provides alcoholic beverages, limits of at least \$1M per occurrence and \$1M aggregate. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

P. Educators Legal Liability Insurance where day care, after school program, recreational activities, etc. limits per G above. **(IF APPLICABLE)**

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

ACCEPTABILITY OF INSURERS- Insurance is to be placed with insurers admitted in the State of Florida and who have a current A.M. Best rating of no less than **A-:VII** or, if not rated by A.M. Best, as otherwise approved by the City in advance and in writing.

ADDITIONAL INSURED - **City, its elected officials, departments, officers, officials, employees, and volunteers together with, as applicable, any associated lender of the City shall be covered as additional insureds on all liability coverage** (e.g. CGL, AL, and Excess (Umbrella) Liability) as to liability arising out of work or operations performed by or on behalf of Firm including materials, parts, or equipment furnished in connection with such work or operations and automobiles owned, leased, hired, or borrowed by or on behalf of Firm. Coverage can be provided in the form of an endorsement to Firm's insurance (at least as broad as ISO Form CG 20 10 11 85 or **both** CG 10 20, CG 20 26, CG 20 33, or CG 20 38 **and** CG 20 37 if later revisions used).

CANCELLATION/NON-RENEWAL – Each insurance policy shall provide that at least 30 days written notice must be given to City of any cancellation, intent to non-renew, or material reduction in coverage (except aggregate liability limits) and at least 10 days' notice for non-payment of premium. Firm shall also have an independent duty to notify City in like manner, within 5 business days of Firm's receipt from its insurer of any notices of same. If any policy's aggregate limit is reduced, Firm shall directly take steps to have it reinstated. Notice and proof of renewal/continued coverage/certifications, etc. shall be sent to the City's notice (or Award contact) address as stated in the Agreement with a copy to the following:

- Contract Administration Department, 306 E Jackson St, Tampa, FL 33602 Purchasing Department, 306 E Jackson Street, Tampa, FL 33602
 Other: _____

CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE (COI) – to be provided to City by insurance carrier prior to Firm beginning any work/services or taking occupancy and, if the insurance expires prior to completion of the work or services or Agreement term (as may be extended), a renewal COI at least 30 days before expiration to the above address(es). COIs shall specifically identify the Agreement and its subject (project, lease, etc.), shall be sufficiently comprehensive to insure City (named as additional insured) and Firm and to certify that coverage extends to subcontractors' acts or omissions, and as to permit the City to determine the required coverages are in place without the responsibility of examining individual policies. **Certificate Holder must be The City of Tampa, Florida.**

CLAIMS MADE – If any liability insurance is issued on a claims made form, Firm agrees to maintain such coverage uninterrupted for at least 3 years following completion and acceptance of the work either through purchase of an extended reporting provision or purchase of successive renewals. The Retroactive Date must be shown and be a date not later than the earlier of the Agreement date or the date performance/occupancy began thereunder.

DEDUCTIBLES/ SELF-INSURED RETENTIONS (SIR) – must be disclosed to City and, if over \$500,000, approved by the City in advance and in writing, including at City's option being guaranteed, reduced, or eliminated (additionally if a SIR provides a financial guarantee guaranteeing payment of losses and related investigations, claim administration, and defense expenses). Firm shall be fully responsible for any deductible or SIR (without limiting the foregoing a policy with a SIR shall provide or be endorsed to provide that the SIR may be satisfied by either the City or named insured). In the event of loss which would have been covered but for a deductible or SIR, City may withhold from any payment due Firm, under any agreement with the City, an amount equal to same to cover such loss should full recovery not be obtained under the policy.

PERFORMANCE- All insurance policies shall be fully performable in Hillsborough County, Florida (the County), and construed in accordance with Florida law. Further, all insurance policies must expressly state that the insurance company will accept service of process in the County and that the exclusive venue for any action concerning any matter under those policies shall be in the appropriate state court of the County.

PRIMARY POLICIES - Firm's insurance coverage shall be primary insurance coverage at least as broad as ISO CG 20 01 04 13 as to the City, its elected officials, departments, officers, employees, and volunteers. Any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the City, its elected officials, departments, officers, employees, and volunteers shall be excess of the Firm's insurance and shall not contribute with it.

SUBCONTRACTORS/INDEPENDENT ASSOCIATES/CONSULTANTS/SUBTENANTS/SUBLICENSEE - **Firm shall require and verify that all such entities maintain insurance meeting all requirements stated herein with the City as an additional insured** by endorsement (ISO FORM CG 20 38, or broader) or otherwise include such entities within Firm's insurance policies. Upon City's request, Firm shall furnish complete and certified copies of copies of such entities' insurance policies, forms, and endorsements.

SUBCONTRACTOR DEFAULT INSURANCE CONTROLLED INSURANCE PROGRAM, WRAP-UP. Use requires express prior written consent of City Risk Manager.

UNAVAILABILITY- To the fullest extent permitted by law, if Firm is out of business or otherwise unavailable at the time a claim is presented to City, Firm hereby assigns to the City all of its right, title and interest (but not any liabilities or obligations) under any applicable policies of insurance.

WAIVER OF SUBROGATION – With regard to any policy of insurance that would pay third party losses, Firm hereby grants City a waiver of any right to subrogation which any insurer of Firm may acquire against the City by virtue of the payment of any loss under such insurance. Firm agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to affect such waiver, but this provision shall apply to such policies regardless.

WAIVER/RELEASE AGREEMENT – Where Firm has a defined group of persons who might be exposed to harm (e.g. participants in an athletic event/program, volunteers) any waiver or release agreement used by Firm whereby such persons (and their parent/guardian as applicable) discharge Firm from claims and liabilities, shall include the City, its elected officials, departments, officers, officials, employees, and volunteers to the same extent as Firm.

Procurement Guidelines To Implement Minority & Small Business Participation

Underutilized WMBE Primes by Industry Category

| FORMAL PROCUREMENT | Construction | Construction-Related | Professional | Non-Professional | Goods |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|
| | Black | Asian | Black | Black | Black |
| | Hispanic | Native Am. | Hispanic | Asian | Hispanic |
| | Native Am. | Woman | Asian | Native Am. | Asian |
| | Woman | | Native Am. | | Native Am. |
| | | | Woman | | Woman |

Underutilized WMBE Sub-Contractors / Sub-Consultants

| SUB WORK | Construction | Construction-Related | Professional | Non-Professional | Goods |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|
| | Black | Black | Black | Black | Black |
| | | Asian | Hispanic | Asian | Asian |
| | | Native Am. | Asian | Native Am. | Native Am. |
| | | Woman | Native Am. | | Woman |
| | | | Woman | | |

Policy

The Guidelines apply to formal procurements and solicitations. WMBE participation will be narrowly-tailored.

Index

- Black = Black/African-American Business Enterprise
- Hispanic = Hispanic Business Enterprise
- Asian = Asian Business Enterprise
- Native Am. = Native American Business Enterprise
- Woman = Woman Business Enterprise (Caucasian)

Industry Categories

Construction is defined as: new construction, renovation, restoration, maintenance of public improvements and underground utilities.

Construction-Related Services are defined as: architecture, professional engineering, landscape architecture, design build, construction management services, or registered surveying and mapping.

Professional Services are defined as: attorney, accountant, medical doctor, veterinarian, miscellaneous consultant, etc.

Non-Professional Services are defined as: lawn maintenance, painting, janitorial, printing, hauling, security guard, etc.

Goods are defined as: all supplies, materials, pipes, equipment, machinery, appliances, and other commodities.

MBD Form-70

Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation FY22 Project 22-C-00003

U-WMBE Availability Contact List

(The Underutilized WMBE Industry Category for Construction Subcontracts is BBE)

| This Certified Contact List is the minimum contacts available and may require further searches for certified firms to meet Good Faith Efforts. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------|--------------|---|------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|------------|------|------------------|
| # | Business Name | Phone | Fax | Email | Address 1 | City | Zip | Description | FEIN | Type | Ethnicity |
| 2 | Aviman Management, LLC | 302-377-5788 | 302-543-7403 | levi@avimanmanagement.com | 550 N Neo Street | Tampa | FL 33609 | Material Supply | 320098022 | BBE | African American |
| 2 | DRD ENTERPRISES LLC | 813-476-9933 | 866-850-1332 | deenahd@yahoo.com | 4104 Yellowwood Dr., | Valrico | FL 33594 | Material Supply | 204675317 | BBE | African American |
| 2 | SUCA Pipe Supply Inc. | 813-249-7902 | | slmau44@yahoo.com | 4910 Lowell Rd | Tampa | FL 33624 | Material Supply | 092499571 | BBE | African American |
| 2 | Suca Pipe Supply, Inc. One | 813-249-7902 | | mactwinau1@yahoo.com | 4910 Lowell Road | Tampa | FL 33624 | Material Supply | 263669556 | BBE | African American |
| 2 | TERRELL INDUSTRIES, INC. | 727-823-4424 | 727-823-3977 | gradytterrell@terrellindustries.com | 2067 1ST AVENUE NORTH | ST PETERSBURG | FL 33713 | Material Supply | 050530148 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | 4678 Landscaping Incorporated | 813-850-7950 | | ad78landscapinginc@gmail.com | 11319 VILLAS ON THE GREEN DR | RIVERVIEW | FL 33579 | Landscaping | 042268587 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | 7 Shepards Investments, LLC | 813-416-0484 | 813-991-0304 | sevenshepardsinvestmentsllc@yahoo.com | 10408 Goldenbrook Way | Tampa | FL 33647 | Landscaping | 263264635 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | AB5 Enterprises | 813-847-9563 | | ab5enterprises@aol.com | 11226 Southwind Lake Dr | Gibsonton | FL 33534 | Landscaping | 051020544 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | African American Urban Decay Fund | 813-410-4959 | | info@aaudf.com | 2111 w saint sophia street | Tampa | FL 33607 | Landscaping | 0464858219 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | All Natural Extreme Team, LLC | 813-765-2318 | 813-373-5140 | xteam100@gmail.com | 3717 East 38th Avenue | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 262262940 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | BAY LIGHT, LLC | 813-972-4057 | | baylightllc25@gmail.com | 1717 E Busch Blvd | Tampa | FL 33612 | Landscaping | 055079825 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Benemon & Benemon Enterprises, LLC | 813-952-0432 | | jamesbenemon69@gmail.com | 510 HICKORY LAKE DR | BRANDON | FL 33511 | Landscaping | 044660830 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Best Choice Property Preservation LLC | 754-422-7423 | | Boproperty@yahoo.com | 9042 indigo breeze ct | Temple terra | FL 33647 | Landscaping | 064835901 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Blair Quality Service, LLC | 813-952-7554 | | blairqualityserviceinc@gmail.com | 7130 Wrenwood Cir | Tampa | FL 33617 | Landscaping | 012780209 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | BUN Construction Co., Inc. | 813-931-8270 | 813-931-9185 | bunconstruction@tampabay.rr.com | 4135 E. Hillsborough Avenue | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 093362663 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Cut-Ups Lawn Service | 813-361-8871 | 813-238-2397 | cutupslawnservice@yahoo.com | 3217 East Powhatan Ave. | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 011412916 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | irene&je's lawn care & tree trimming | 813-928-0124 | | rechibutler@yahoo.com | 2921 E 33rd Ave | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 262612745 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | KIY Enterprises, INC | 813-416-6679 | | Lmclair@kiyinc.com | 3615 E Hanna Ave | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 093599323 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Lawn Conquerors LLC | 813-444-0466 | 813-000-0000 | lawnconquerors@gmail.com | 2409 E Annie St | Tampa | FL 33612 | Landscaping | 052605386 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Merion Landscape Services | 813-530-6637 | | bsimms@merionis.com | 12026 Ontario Estates Ln | Riverview | FL 33579 | Landscaping | 042660956 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Promise Const & Repair Solutions, LLC | 813-988-8633 | 813-988-1555 | promisecarell@outlook.com | PO BOX 291568 | TAMPA | FL 33687 | Landscaping | 064723775 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Stream Team Preservations, LLC | 813-543-8570 | 813-474-0021 | rehalay@streamteampreservations.com | 1255 Autumn Drive Lot 255 | Tampa | FL 33613 | Landscaping | 034436570 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | T.C.C Enterprise Inc | 813-606-9148 | 813-237-0396 | tcc_inc@live.com | 3902 E POWHATAN AVE | TAMPA | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 063223645 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Trimen Precision Lawn Care, LLC | 813-863-9328 | | account@trimenlandscape.com | 450 S Taylor Rd | Seffner | FL 33584 | Landscaping | 074625126 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Walkers landscape and lawncare services | 813-553-0549 | | bwalker1lcs@gmail.com | 9821 e fowler ave | Thonotosass | FL 33592 | Landscaping | 043912131 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | WC Boxes, Inc. | 813-478-1102 | 813-864-4386 | wcindustries2003@gmail.com | 17620 Lake Key Drive | Odessa | FL 33556 | Landscaping | 072682190 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Williams Landscape Management Co., Inc. | 813-628-8048 | 813-628-8041 | tonywilliams@wmlslandscape.com | 5710 N 50th St | Tampa | FL 33610 | Landscaping | 093516370 | BBE | African American |
| 3 | Works of Nature, LLC | 813-531-2324 | | Trj@workofnature.info | 1016 E 33rd Ave. | Tampa | FL 33603 | Landscaping | 014965789 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | Abacron LLC | 813-539-8087 | | abacronllc@gmail.com | 7113 Whittier st | Tampa | FL 33617 | Painting | 034687515 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | BUN Construction Co., Inc. | 813-931-8270 | 813-931-9185 | bunconstruction@tampabay.rr.com | 4135 E. Hillsborough Avenue | Tampa | FL 33610 | Painting | 093362663 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | Ducere Const Services INC | 770-722-1622 | 866-823-4725 | markesia@ducereconstruction.com | 8200 NW 15th Place | Gainesville | FL 32606 | Painting | 0921770365 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | Fletcher Painting, Inc. | 407-290-1188 | 407-290-9309 | stacy@fletcherenterprise.com | 4355 Fairmont Street Suite 8 | Orlando | FL 32808 | Painting | 093587717 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | Obi Global, LLC | 813-400-8562 | | obigloballlc@gmail.com | 11507 Dr. MLK Blvd | Miango | FL 33550 | Painting | 071881723 | BBE | African American |
| 4 | The Painting Contractor, LLC | 513-504-1288 | 513-873-8137 | rich@thepaintingcontractor.com | 20050 Heritage Point Dr. | Tampa | FL 33647 | Painting | 013747263 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | Battle Tested Photography | 813-943-4330 | | jj@battletestedphotos.com | 28655 Seashell Ct | Wesley Chap | FL 33545 | Video Taping | 031943735 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | Kerrick Williams Photography LLC | 404-966-8145 | 866-571-7149 | kerrick@kerrickwilliams.com | 5508 N 50th St | Tampa | FL 33610 | Video Taping | 072468473 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | RICH & COMPANY FLORIDA, LLC | 727-351-2243 | | richandcoff@gmail.com | 14245 Alistar Manor Drive | Wimauma | FL 33598 | Video Taping | 024568175 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | Snapy Plum Photos | 253-222-4737 | | snappyplumphotos@gmail.com | 2780 E. Fowler Ave #243 | Tampa | FL 33612 | Video Taping | 021760273 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | Uborra Films LLC | 813-220-2051 | | uborafilms@gmail.com | 17847 D Sailfish Drive | Lutz | FL 33558 | Video Taping | 021230551 | BBE | African American |
| 5 | Warped Vision LLC | 813-361-1679 | | studio@warpedvision.org | 9212 Freedom Hill Dr | Seffner | FL 33584 | Video Taping | 033373824 | BBE | African American |
| 6 | ISASinc, LLC | 973-393-3677 | | asincllc@gmail.com | 2319 Amesbury Cir | Wellington | FL 33414 | Electrical | 034698305 | BBE | African American |
| 6 | All-In-One Electric, Inc. | 813-849-6331 | 813-514-0473 | areed@aioelectric.com | 1201 W WATERS AVENUE | TAMPA | FL 33604 | Electrical | 043689273 | BBE | African American |
| 6 | Brown & Brown Electric, Inc. | 954-938-8986 | 954-938-9272 | Hermine.Brown@brownandbrownelectric.com | 1150 SW 30th Avenue | Pompano Be FL | FL 33069 | Electrical | 092283934 | BBE | African American |
| 6 | Fast Forward Electronics | 407-359-9359 | | ffvcr@aol.com | 5490 Antigua Circle | Vero Beach | FL 32967 | Electrical | 013988607 | BBE | African American |
| 6 | MDH Enterprises, Inc. | 386-789-2672 | 866-681-5026 | matize@my-es.com | 281 East C Street | Orange City | FL 32763 | Electrical | 050849332 | BBE | African American |

African American/Black Business Enterprises (BBE) shall count toward the subcontract goal. Refer to MBD Form 70 - Procurement Guidelines.

**Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation
FY22 Project 22-C-00003
SLBE Availability Contact List**

| # | Business Name | Phone | Fax | Email | Address 1 | City | State | Zip | Business Description | FEIN | Cert. Type | Ethnicity |
|----|---|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|
| 2 | 2 Meyer Corp. | 813-210-4864 | 813-645-5634 | Renatonjr@aol.com | 6308 Lake Sumr | Apollo Beach | FL | 33572 | Material Supply | 862384669 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | DRD ENTERPRISES LLC | 813-476-9933 | 866-850-1332 | deenahd@yahoo.com | 4104 Yellowwood | Valrico | FL | 33594 | Material Supply | 204675317 | SLBE | African American |
| 2 | Mar Supply Co. | 941-286-3240 | 941-761-6500 | info@marssupplyco.com | 1660 63rd Aven | Bradenton | FL | 34203 | Material Supply | 270206845 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 2 | MAX-USA, CORP. | 813-621-9403 | 813-663-0702 | ACCOUNTING@MAX-USA.COM | 5609 E Adamo L | Tampa | FL | 33619 | Material Supply | 813323058 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 2 | MBE Supply of Florida, Inc. | 813-781-6583 | | mbsupplyoflorida@gmail.com | 4306 W. Osborn | Tampa | FL | 33613 | Material Supply | 463284565 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | SUCA Pipe Supply Inc. | 813-249-7902 | | simau44@yahoo.com | 4910 Lowell Rd | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Material Supply | 592499571 | SLBE | African American |
| 2 | Suca Pipe Supply, Inc. One | 813-249-7902 | | mactwinanui@yahoo.com | 4910 Lowell Roa | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Material Supply | 2636669556 | SLBE | African American |
| 2 | TLD LLC | 813-927-7554 | 813-977-5419 | tld2013@verizon.net | 14512 N. Nebra | Tampa | FL | 33613 | Material Supply | 611724437 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | 2 Meyer Corp. | 813-210-4864 | 813-645-5634 | Renatonjr@aol.com | 6308 Lake Sumr | Apollo Beach | FL | 33572 | Landscaping | 862384669 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | 4678 Landscaping Incorporated | 813-850-7950 | | 4678landscapinginc@gmail.com | 11319 VILLAS O | RIVERVIEW | FL | 33579 | Landscaping | 842268587 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | 7 Shepards Investments, LLC | 813-416-0484 | 813-991-0304 | sevshshepardsinvestmentsllc@yahoo.com | 10408 Goldenb | Tampa | FL | 33647 | Landscaping | 263264635 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | ABS Enterprises | 813-847-9563 | | absenterprises@aol.com | 11226 Southwir | Gibsonton | FL | 33534 | Landscaping | 851025044 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | African American Urban Decay Fund | 813-410-4959 | | info@aaudf.com | 2111 w saint so | Tampa | FL | 33607 | Landscaping | 664858219 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | All Natural Extreme Team, LLC | 813-765-2318 | 813-373-5140 | xteam100@gmail.com | 3717 East 38th | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 262262940 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Always Green Landscaping Inc. | 813-516-0823 | | alwaysgreentlandscapinginc@gmail.com | 6501 Sawyer C | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Landscaping | 202580963 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Aqua Pro Irrigation & Outdoor Services, LLC | 813-814-4437 | 813-814-9710 | ken@aquaproirrigation.com | 375 Douglas Ro | Oldsmar | FL | 34677 | Landscaping | 800843885 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Baron's Landscaping Services, Inc. | 813-404-1509 | 813-443-4919 | baronslawncare@aol.com | 2415 East Sigh | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 465079825 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | BAY LIGHT, LLC | 813-972-4057 | | baylightllc25@gmail.com | 1717 E Busch B | Tampa | FL | 33612 | Landscaping | 465079825 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Bella Luna Services LLC | 813-569-8763 | 813-200-8948 | bellalunallc@yahoo.com | 106 E Lumsden | Brandon | FL | 33511 | Landscaping | 463933808 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | BENEMON & BENEMON ENTERPRISES, LLC | 813-952-0432 | | jamesbenemon69@gmail.com | 510 HICKORY LA | BRANDON | FL | 33511 | Landscaping | 844660830 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Best Choice Property Preservation LLC | 754-422-7423 | | bcproperty@yahoo.com | 9042 indigo bre | Temple terrace | FL | 33647 | Landscaping | 864835901 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Blair Quality Service, LLC | 813-931-8270 | 813-931-9185 | blairqualityservicellc@gmail.com | 7130 Wrenwood | Tampa | FL | 33617 | Landscaping | 812780209 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Bluegill's Tree Service | 813-215-6072 | 813-644-5350 | dschatzberg@verizon.net | 16109 Indian M | Tampa | FL | 33618 | Landscaping | 452866881 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | BUN Construction Co., Inc. | 813-361-8871 | 813-238-2397 | cutupslawnservice@yahoo.com | 4135 E. Hillsbo | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 593362663 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Cut-Ups Lawn Service | 813-361-8871 | 813-238-2397 | cutupslawnservice@yahoo.com | 3217 East Powh | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 811412916 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | D & J LAWN SERVICES OF LAKE LAND LLC | 863-859-3525 | | dandjlawnservices@hotmail.com | 575 Old Polk C | Lakeland | FL | 33809 | Landscaping | 273279070 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | irene&joe's lawn care & tree trimming | 813-928-0124 | | rehtbutler@yahoo.com | 2921 E 33rd Ave | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 262612745 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Johnson's Excavation & Services, Inc. | 813-752-7097 | 813-719-9052 | sales@escontracting.com | 1706 East Trap | Plant City | FL | 33566 | Landscaping | 593031174 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | JTCM Inc | 813-935-7724 | | office@lawnsulptures.net | 817 S MacDill A | Tampa | FL | 33609 | Landscaping | 862418914 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 33 | KIY Enterprises, INC | 813-416-6679 | | lmcncair@kivinc.com | 3615 E Hanna A | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 593599323 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Lago Consulting & Services | 813-774-5559 | | maria@lago-consulting.com | 4237 Henderso | Tampa | FL | 33629 | Landscaping | 461766533 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Martinez Frank LLC | 813-315-0940 | 813-324-7169 | franklandscap1@gmail.com | 1022 Hallwood | Brandon | FL | 33511 | Landscaping | 4621119375 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Merion Landscape Services | 813-530-6637 | | bsimms@merionis.com | 12026 Colonial | Riverview | FL | 33579 | Landscaping | 842660956 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Nelson's Tree Farm and Nursery, Inc. | 813-842-4663 | 813-350-9139 | kimberly.martinez33@gmail.com | 5027 N Lois Ave | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Landscaping | 893404710 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Paynes Environmental Services, LLC | 813-677-6822 | 866-467-9029 | paynestrees@cs.com | 5617 Causeway | Tampa | FL | 33619 | Landscaping | 271037046 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Phie Lake Services, Inc. | 813-948-4736 | 813-948-4914 | janet@pinelakenurseryinc.com | 2122 Henley Rd | Lutz | FL | 33548 | Landscaping | 273360158 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Promise Const & Repair Solutions, LLC | 813-988-8633 | 813-988-1555 | promisecarellc@outlook.com | PO BOX 291568 | TAMPA | FL | 33687 | Landscaping | 464723775 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Stream Team Preservations, LLC | 813-543-8570 | 813-474-0021 | rrehaley@streamteampreservations.com | 1255 Autumn D | TAMPA | FL | 33613 | Landscaping | 834436570 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Sunbelt Sod & Grading Company | 813-641-9855 | 813-434-9038 | lesley@sunbeltsod.com | 819 - 9th St. N | Ruskin | FL | 33570 | Landscaping | 134250933 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | T.C.C Enterprise Inc | 813-606-9148 | 813-237-0396 | tcc_inc@live.com | 3902 E POWHAI | TAMPA | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 463223645 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Tampa Bay Construction & Engineering, Inc. | 813-984-9898 | | tampabayconstructioninc@gmail.com | 10503 Palm Co | Tampa | FL | 33647 | Landscaping | 593713572 | SLBE | Caucasian |

**Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation
FY22 Project 22-C-00003
SLBE Availability Contact List**

| #/S | Business Name | Phone | Fax | Email | Address 1 | City | State | Zip | Business Description | FEIN | Cert. Type | Ethnicity |
|-----|--|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|
| 3 | Trimen Precision Lawn Care, LLC | 813-863-9328 | | account@trimenlandscapes.com | 450 S Taylor Rd | Seffner | FL | 33584 | Landscaping | 74625126 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Walkers landscape and lawncare services | 813-553-0549 | | bwalker1lcs@gmail.com | 9821 e fowler a | Thonotosassa | FL | 33582 | Landscaping | 843912131 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | WC Boxes, Inc. | 813-478-1102 | 813-864-4386 | wcindustries2003@gmail.com | 17620 Lake Key | Odessa | FL | 33556 | Landscaping | 72682190 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Williams Landscape Management Co., Inc. | 813-628-8048 | 813-628-8041 | tonywilliams@wimslandscapes.com | 5710 N 50th St | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 933516370 | SLBE | African American |
| 3 | Works of Nature, LLC | 813-531-2324 | | Trj@workofnature.info | 1016 E 33rd Ave | Tampa | FL | 33603 | Landscaping | 814658789 | SLBE | African American |
| 4 | Abacron LLC | 813-539-8087 | | abacronllc@gmail.com | 7113 Whittier st | Tampa | FL | 33617 | Painting | 834687515 | SLBE | African American |
| 4 | Advanced Painting Of Tampa, Inc. | 813-931-4491 | 813-931-3436 | advptg5283@aol.com | 9263 Lazy Ln | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Painting | 833638290 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | BUN Construction Co., Inc. | 813-931-8270 | 813-931-9185 | bunconstruction@tampabay.rr.com | 4135 E. Hillsbor | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Painting | 933626663 | SLBE | African American |
| 4 | Colors Painting Contractors LLC | 813-598-0105 | | jimmyg@colorspaintingcontractors.com | 12036 ABBYWO | TAMPA | FL | 33626 | Painting | 4623331210 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Federico's Painting Corp | 813-908-1404 | 813-908-1404 | adelapav50@hotmail.com | 6615 Winding O | Tampa | FL | 33625 | Painting | 203279278 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Green Earth Commercial Contracting Company | 813-323-3406 | | info@gec-3.com | 3903 Northdale | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Painting | 850914893 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | JCPAINTING&RENOVATIONS INC | 813-732-8322 | | sandr afranco72@msn.com | 5608 Pinnacle H | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Painting | 4539666370 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Keystone Painting, Inc. | 727-784-7580 | 727-216-6525 | keystonepaintinginc@yahoo.com | PO BOX 206 | Palm Harbor | FL | 34682 | Painting | 933996167 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Kimszal Contracting Inc. | 813-949-1750 | 813-948-0451 | edkimszal@msn.com | 3435 Chessing | Land O' Lakes | FL | 34638 | Painting | 203450022 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Obi Global, LLC | 813-400-8562 | | obigloballlc@gmail.com | 11507 Dr. MLK | Mango | FL | 33550 | Painting | 71881723 | SLBE | African American |
| 4 | P&H STUCCO & CONSTRUCTION INC | 727-934-9049 | 727-934-9049 | olgaangel7@msn.com | 1705 Sunset Dr | TARPON SPRING | FL | 34689 | Painting | 932220391 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Shepard Contractors Inc | 813-855-1115 | | shepardcontractors@hotmail.com | Pinney Lane Dr | Tampa | FL | 33556 | Painting | 93708146 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Sunstate Coatings, Inc. | 813-598-0802 | 813-672-6172 | sunstatecoatings@msn.com | 11501 Mellowo | Riverview | FL | 33569 | Painting | 202618835 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Xtreme Painting Services, Inc. | 813-875-1155 | 813-874-1155 | amalia@xtremepaintingservices.com | 7910 N ARMEINI | TAMPA | FL | 33604 | Painting | 939691369 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | A Business Forms & Pegboard Systems, Inc. | 813-933-2788 | | social@amediamarketing.com | 3104 North Arrt | Tampa | FL | 33607 | Video Taping | 991559977 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | Battle Tested Photography | 813-943-4330 | | jj@battletestedphotos.com | 28655 Seashell | Wesley Chapel | FL | 33545 | Video Taping | 811943735 | SLBE | African American |
| 5 | Frederick Communications & Consulting LLC | 813-758-9149 | 813-281-2006 | Frederick.Communications@gmail.com | 16159 Gardend | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Video Taping | 800240902 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | Kerrick Williams Photography LLC | 404-966-8145 | 866-571-7149 | kerrick@herrickwilliams.com | 5508 N 50th St | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Video Taping | 72468473 | SLBE | African American |
| 5 | Licencia Para Diverfirse | 813-992-3110 | | vanessacahuas@hotmail.com | 16814 LE CLARE | TAMPA | FL | 33624 | Video Taping | 454690994 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | Renker Eich Parks Architects Inc. | 727-821-2986 | 727-896-4911 | hhaley@reparch.com | 1609 Dr MLK Jr | St. Petersburg | FL | 33704 | Video Taping | 5927555330 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | RICH & COMPANY FLORIDA, LLC | 727-351-2243 | | richandcofl@gmail.com | 14245 Alistar M | Wimauma | FL | 33598 | Video Taping | 824538175 | SLBE | African American |
| 5 | Snappy Plum Photos | 253-222-4737 | | snappyplumphotos@gmail.com | 2780 E. Fowler | Tampa | FL | 33612 | Video Taping | 821760273 | SLBE | African American |
| 5 | Uobra Films LLC | 813-220-2051 | | uborafilms@gmail.com | 17847 D Sailfish | Lutz | FL | 33558 | Video Taping | 821230551 | SLBE | African American |
| 5 | Uppercase, Inc. | 813-226-3096 | | matt@uppercaseincorporated.com | 5108 N Nebraska | Tampa | FL | 33603 | Video Taping | 762817255 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | Warped Vision LLC | 813-361-1679 | | studio@warpedvision.org | 9212 Freedom | Seffner | FL | 33584 | Video Taping | 833373824 | SLBE | African American |
| 6 | Above Electric LLC | 813-580-1846 | 801-894-3084 | samantha@aboveelectric.com | 207 Tower Dr | Oldsmar | FL | 34677 | Electrical | 453611228 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Aquila Electrical Services, Inc. | 813-515-6999 | 813-884-4092 | sales@aquilaelectrical.com | 5708 N 56TH St | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 200818128 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | All-in-One Electric, Inc. | 813-849-6331 | 813-514-0473 | ereed@aioelectric.com | 1201 W WATER | TAMPA | FL | 33604 | Electrical | 834689273 | SLBE | African American |
| 6 | Crevello Electric, Inc. | 813-917-3536 | 813-986-9633 | crevelloelectric@gmail.com | 2401 Proccchi St | Plant City | FL | 33563 | Electrical | 933559003 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | Electrical World Corp | 813-785-5265 | 866-593-5921 | electricworldcorp@gmail.com | 5708 N 56th St | tampa | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 831112415 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Electrical Handyman Services Inc | 813-901-8185 | 813-884-5060 | ehs915@aol.com | 7046 West Hill | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 727406369 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Green Earth Commercial Contracting Company | 813-323-3406 | | info@gec-3.com | 3903 Northdale | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 850914893 | SLBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Infinity Industrial Controls Inc | 727-216-6416 | | Finance@iicontrols.com | 1057 CEPHAS R | CLEARWATER | FL | 33765 | Electrical | 73205660 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | Manatee Electric, Inc. | 813-645-7000 | 813-653-1920 | john@reliableelectricusa.com | 845 Thompson | Lithia | FL | 33547 | Electrical | 93454485 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | Reliability Consulting Services, Inc. | 813-298-2617 | 813-645-2272 | bwoolbright@reliabilityconsulting.net | 748 Kingston Ct | Apollo Beach | FL | 33572 | Electrical | 201126584 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | ROB MICHAEL INC | 813-323-0304 | 813-968-1036 | RJMICHAEL74@AOL.COM | 16204 SAGEBRU | TAMPA | FL | 33618 | Electrical | 264389755 | SLBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | TAMCO Electric, Inc. | 813-918-8489 | 813-986-5979 | atrujjill@tampabay.rr.com | 4022 W South A | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Electrical | 991396630 | SLBE | Hispanic American |

**Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation
FY22 Project 22-C-00003
Non-UWMBE/SLBE Availability Contact List**

| This Certified Contact List is the minimum contacts available and may require further searches for certified firms to meet Good Faith Efforts. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| #'s | Business Name | Phone | Fax | Email | Address 1 | City | State | Zip | Business Description | FEIN | Cert. Type | Ethnicity |
| 2 | Corcel Corp | 305-636-1880 | 305-636-1897 | Ray@corcelcorp.com | 2461 NW 23rd Street | Miami | FL | 33142 | Material Supply | 50246259 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 2 | Florida Industrial Products, Inc. | 813-247-5356 | 813-247-6854 | david@fiponline.com | 1602 N. 39th Street | Tampa | FL | 33605 | Material Supply | 92394733 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | GRANDVIEW PIPE & SUPPLY CO INC | 407-383-9883 | 321-363-1066 | jc@grandviewp.com | 271 Specialty Point | Sanford | FL | 32771 | Material Supply | 93109483 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | KAT Materials Inc. | 727-834-8655 | 727-834-8670 | orders@katinc.us | 6541 Industrial Ave | Port Richey | FL | 34668 | Material Supply | 831019704 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | Ivar Supply Co. | 941-286-3240 | 941-761-6500 | info@marssupplyco.com | 1660 63rd Avenue East | Bradenton | FL | 34203 | Material Supply | 70206845 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 2 | MAX-USA, CORP. | 813-621-9403 | 813-663-0702 | ACCOUNTING@MAX-USA.COM | 5609 E Adamo Dr | Tampa | FL | 33619 | Material Supply | 33230558 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 2 | IMBE Supply of Florida, Inc. | 813-781-6583 | | mbesupplyofflrida@gmail.com | 4306 W. Osborne Ave | Tampa | FL | 33613 | Material Supply | 63284565 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 2 | TLD LLC | 813-927-7554 | 813-977-5419 | tid2013@verizon.net | 14512 N. Nebraska Ave | Tampa | FL | 33613 | Material Supply | 11724437 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Always Green Landscaping Inc. | 813-516-0823 | | alwaysgreenlandscapinginc@gmail.com | 6501 Sawyer Court | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Landscaping | 20580963 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Araza Brothers Corporation | 305-246-3223 | 305-246-0481 | RASENSIO@arazobrothers.com | 7027 SW 87 Court | Miami | FL | 33173 | Landscaping | 0031332 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Baron's Landscaping Services, Inc. | 813-404-1509 | 813-443-4919 | baronslawncare@aol.com | 2415 East Sligh Ave | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Landscaping | 50837654 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Battalan Enterprises Inc | 561-805-8687 | | christina@propertyworksonline.net | 3201 N Florida Ave | Tampa | FL | 33603 | Landscaping | 70720106 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Bay to Bay Environmental LLC | 813-343-3803 | 813-343-3803 | cielo@baytobayenvironmental.com | 9605 N. Harbts Dr. | Tampa | FL | 33617 | Landscaping | 93798117 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Bella Luna Services LLC | 813-569-8763 | 813-200-8948 | bellalunatic@yahoo.com | 106 E Lumsden rd | Brandon | FL | 33511 | Landscaping | 63933808 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Bluegill's Tree Service | 813-215-6072 | 813-644-5350 | dschatzberg@verizon.net | 16109 Indian Mound Rd | Tampa | FL | 33618 | Landscaping | 52286681 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | CES Consultants, Inc. | 813-444-5190 | | cesinfo@cesconsult.com | 101 EAST KENNEDY BLVD | TAMPA | FL | 33602 | Landscaping | 50792884 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Clementi Environmental Consulting | 813-227-8901 | 813-227-8790 | rosanne@clementi-ec.com | 620 East Twigg's Street | Tampa | FL | 33602 | Landscaping | 70571761 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | CMS Crawford Maintenance Services, LLC. | 727-216-6469 | 727-216-6524 | marina@crowfordmain.com | 14028 Palm Way | Largo | FL | 33771 | Landscaping | 22249991 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Cornerstone Construction Services, Inc. | 407-299-3299 | 407-299-3294 | astone@ccsorlando.com | 4205 Edgewater Drive Ste A | Orlando | FL | 32804 | Landscaping | 2864526 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | D & J LAWN SERVICES OF LAKE LAND LLC | 863-859-3525 | | DANDJLAWNSERVICES@HOTMAIL.COM | 575 Old Polk City Road | Lakeland | FL | 33809 | Landscaping | 73279070 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Florida Natives Nursery, Inc. | 813-754-1900 | 813-754-4001 | office@floridanativesnursery.com | 4115 NATIVE GARDEN DR | PLANT CITY | FL | 33565 | Landscaping | 93561539 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Greenturf Services, Inc. | 813-933-2647 | 813-348-4204 | greenturfs@aol.com | 4619 N. Hesperides St | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Landscaping | 2988557 | WBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | JTCM Inc | 813-935-7724 | | office@lawnsulptures.net | 817 S MacDill Ave | Tampa | FL | 33609 | Landscaping | 2418914 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Lago Consulting & Services | 813-774-5559 | | maria@lago-consulting.com | 4237 Henderson Blvd. | Tampa | FL | 33629 | Landscaping | 1766533 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Landscap Maintenance Professionals, Inc. | 813-757-6500 | 813-757-6501 | kelly.vickers@impro.com | 13050 E US Highway 92 | Dover | FL | 33527 | Landscaping | 93613665 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Martinez Frank LLC | 813-315-0940 | 813-324-7169 | franklandscaping1@gmail.com | 1022 Hallwood Loop | Brandon | FL | 33511 | Landscaping | 2119375 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | MDL LLC | 813-949-4933 | 813-949-1391 | office@ndllc.com | 1810 CLEMENT ROAD | Lutz | FL | 33549 | Landscaping | 3862943 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Nelson's Tree Farm and Nursery, Inc. | 813-842-4663 | 813-350-9139 | kimberly.martinez33@gmail.com | 5027 N Lois Ave | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Landscaping | 93404710 | WBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Paynes Environmental Services, LLC | 813-677-6822 | 866-467-9029 | paynestrees@cs.com | 5617 Causeway Blvd | Tampa | FL | 33619 | Landscaping | 71037046 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Pine Lake Nursery & Landscape, Inc. | 813-948-4736 | 813-948-4914 | janet@pinelakenurseryinc.com | 2122 Henley Rd | Lutz | FL | 33558 | Landscaping | 93499734 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Pine Lake Services, Inc. | 813-948-4736 | 813-948-4914 | janet@pinelakenurseryinc.com | 2122 Henley Rd. | Lutz | FL | 33548 | Landscaping | 73360158 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 3 | Sunbelt Sod & Grading Company | 813-641-9855 | 813-434-9038 | lesley@sunbeltsod.com | 819 - 9th St. N.E. | Ruskin | FL | 33570 | Landscaping | 34250933 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 3 | Triple Crown Construction, LLC | 407-470-8021 | | clint@TripleCrownLLC.us | 6419 Lakeville Road | Orlando | FL | 32818 | Landscaping | 1710906 | MBE | Asian American |
| 3 | Watermark Engineering Group, Inc. | 813-641-1200 | 000-000-0000 | mflint@watermarkengineers.com | 3868 Sun City Center Blvd | Ruskin | FL | 33572 | Landscaping | 01109830 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Advanced Painting Of Tampa, Inc. | 813-931-4491 | 813-931-3436 | advptg9263@aol.com | 9263 Lazy Ln | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Painting | 833638290 | MBE | Hispanic American |

**Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation
FY22 Project 22-C-00003
Non-UWMBE/SLBE Availability Contact List**

| # | Business Name | Phone | Fax | Email | Address 1 | City | at e | Zip | Business Description | FEIN | Cert. Type | Ethnicity |
|---|--|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------|-------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| 4 | AGL&O Services, Inc. | 813-415-5783 | 813-324-9530 | oscars198@gmail.com | 317 Amiana Ave | Brandon | FL | 33510 | Painting | 82175251 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Blacktip Services, Inc. | 954-324-5300 | 321-285-2995 | blacktipemail@yahoo.com | 52 RILEY RD STE 422 | CELEBRATIO | FL | 34747 | Painting | 274431832 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Bussey Construction Services, Inc. | 813-857-3844 | | kbussey@busseyconstruction.com | 32234 Summerglade Dr | Wesley Chap | FL | 33545 | Painting | 464643333 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | C&C Painting Contractors Inc. | 813-886-7100 | 813-886-7102 | carlos@ccpainting.com | 8372 Standish Bend Dr. | Tampa | FL | 33615 | Painting | 993617521 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Colors Painting Contractors LLC | 813-598-0105 | | jimmyg@colorspaintingcontractors.com | 12036 ABBYWOOD LANE | TAMPA | FL | 33626 | Painting | 462331210 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Federico's Painting Corp | 813-908-1404 | 813-908-1404 | adelapav50@hotmail.com | 6615 Winding Oak Dr. | Tampa | FL | 33625 | Painting | 203279278 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Five12 Painting & Remodeling LLC | 551-221-9062 | | info@five12painting.com | 1436 Kuruume Court | Orlando | FL | 32818 | Painting | 825232409 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Green Earth Commercial Contracting Company | 813-323-3406 | | info@gec-3.com | 3903 Northdale Blvd. Suite 130 | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Painting | 850914893 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | Illusion Painting LLC | 407-692-3414 | 407-692-3414 | illusionpainting@gmail.com | 3501 W Vine St, Suite 518 | Kissimmee | FL | 34741 | Painting | 842658504 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | J. MORI PAINTING, INC. | 305-825-7144 | 305-825-7145 | jmori@jmoripainting.com | 2561 West 80th Street | Hialeah | FL | 33016 | Painting | 850167126 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | JCPAINTING&RENOVATIONS INC | 813-732-8322 | | sandrafranco72@msn.com | 5608 Pinnacle Heights Circle | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Painting | 453966370 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 4 | P&H STUCCO & CONSTRUCTION INC | 727-934-9049 | 727-934-9049 | olgaangel7@msn.com | 1705 Sunset Drive | TARPON SPR | FL | 34689 | Painting | 993220391 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 4 | Xtreme Painting Services, Inc. | 813-875-1155 | 813-874-1155 | amalia@xtremepaintingservices.com | 7910 N ARMENIA AVE | TAMPA | FL | 33604 | Painting | 993691369 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | A Business Forms & Pegboard Systems, Inc. | 813-933-2788 | | social@amediamarketing.com | 3104 North Armenia Avenue, S | Tampa | FL | 33607 | Video Taping | 991559977 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | Diamant Development LLC | 352-551-3194 | | diamantdevelopmentllc@gmail.com | 905 Spring Valley Rd | Altamonte S | FL | 32714 | Video Taping | 813746486 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | Frederick Communications & Consulting LLC | 813-758-9149 | 813-281-2006 | Frederickcommunications@gmail.com | 16159 Gardendale Dr | Tampa | FL | 33624 | Video Taping | 00240902 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | JML Advertising, Inc. | 407-353-6782 | | KathyKahan@aol.com | 550 Birdsong Court | Longwood | FL | 32779 | Video Taping | 993750544 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 5 | Licencia Para Divertise | 813-992-3110 | | vanessacahuas@hotmail.com | 16814 LE CLARE SHORES DR | TAMPA | FL | 33624 | Video Taping | 454690994 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 5 | LP Video Productions, Inc. | 407-896-9727 | 866-702-5438 | laurie@lp-video.com | 181 Elsa Street | Orlando | FL | 32806 | Video Taping | 993556752 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | Above Electric LLC | 813-580-1846 | 801-894-3084 | samantha@aboveelectric.com | 207 Tower Dr | Oldsmar | FL | 34677 | Electrical | 453611228 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Aguila Electrical Services, Inc. | 813-515-6999 | 813-884-4092 | sales@aguilaelectrical.com | 5708 N 56TH ST | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 200818128 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Alliance Power Solutions, Inc. | 813-470-7200 | 813-470-7201 | mike.estes@apsi.com | 3615 E LAKE AVE | TAMPA | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 203093944 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | B & E Signal and Lighting Inc. | 941-758-3594 | 941-758-3805 | nisa@beutility.com | 6447 33RD STE | SARASOTA | FL | 34243 | Electrical | 202880417 | MBE | Asian American |
| 6 | Benro Enterprises, Inc | 813-628-5584 | 813-749-9470 | rocha@rochacontrols.com | 5025 W. Rio Vista Ave | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 993425954 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Delgado Electric, Inc. | 813-210-7882 | 813-876-4787 | hector@delgadoelectric.com | 4820 N. Clark Ave | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Electrical | 992061549 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | E.C. Building Solutions, Inc. | 352-683-5904 | 352-597-8933 | erica@ecbuildingsolutions.com | 5190 Commercial Way | Spring Hill | FL | 34606 | Electrical | 310567773 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | E.M. Enterprises General Contractors, Inc. | 813-241-9000 | 813-241-9001 | carolyn.bolduc@emegc.com | 3615 E. Lake Ave. | Tampa | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 810462433 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Electric World Corp | 813-785-5265 | 866-593-5921 | Electricworldcorp@gmail.com | 5708 N 56th St | tampa | FL | 33610 | Electrical | 331112415 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Electrical Handyman Services Inc | 813-901-8185 | 813-884-5060 | ehs915@aol.com | 7046-B West Hillsborough Ave | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 272406369 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Energy Services and Products Corp | 813-931-8853 | 813-931-8852 | padilla.melissa@gmail.com | 3817 W. Humphrey St. #203 | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Electrical | 993241383 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Erwin Electric, Inc | 813-855-0048 | 813-855-5404 | robin@erwinelectric.com | 13817 MONROE BUSINESS PAR | TAMPA | FL | 33635 | Electrical | 993490070 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | Green Earth Commercial Contracting Company | 813-323-3406 | | info@gec-3.com | 3903 Northdale Blvd. Suite 130 | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 850914893 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Infinity Industrial Controls Inc | 727-216-6416 | | Finance@iicontrols.com | 1057 CEPHAS RD | CLEARWATE | FL | 33765 | Electrical | 273205660 | WBE | Caucasian |
| 6 | JDP Electric, Inc. | 813-234-4004 | 813-236-0394 | jdpinco@jdpelctric.com | 6600 N. Florida Avenue | Tampa | FL | 33604 | Electrical | 993511620 | WBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | Mandy's Electric | 813-298-2319 | 813-333-9701 | linda@mandyselectric.com | 6201 N Nebraska Ave. | Tampa | FL | 33592 | Electrical | 992914874 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | MCS of Tampa, Inc. | 813-872-0217 | 813-876-6317 | twhitmore@mcsoftampa.com | 8510 Sunstate Street | Tampa | FL | 33634 | Electrical | 993059024 | MBE | Hispanic American |
| 6 | TAMICO Electric, Inc. | 813-918-8489 | 813-986-5979 | atr@tampabay.rr.com | 4022 W South Avenue | Tampa | FL | 33614 | Electrical | 991396630 | MBE | Hispanic American |

Instructions Regarding Use of the WMBE/SLBE Availability Contact List

Bidders must solicit a subcontracting bid from ALL of the firms listed on the WMBE/SLBEs list provided within the Specifications, and provide documentation of emails, faxes, phone calls, letters, or other communication with the firms as a first step in demonstrating Good-Faith Efforts to achieve the goal set for WMBE/SLBE participation on this contract.

The list is formatted to facilitate e-mailing of a solicitation to the listed firms by copying and pasting the email addresses.

The WMBE/SLBE participation Goal is based upon the availability of the certified firms indicated on the contact list. The Goal and Requirements of the City's Equal Business Opportunity Program are stated in the Bid/Contract Document, Specifications.

PROPOSAL

To the Mayor and City Council of the City of Tampa, Florida:

Legal Name of Bidder: _____

Bidder's Fictitious Name, if applicable: _____

Bidder is a/an: Individual Partnership* Joint Venture* LLC Corp. Other:

Bidder is organized under the laws of: State of Florida Other:

Bidder Mailing Address: _____

Bidder's Federal Employee Identification No. (FEI/EIN): _____

Bidder's License No.: _____ Bidder's FDOS (SUNBIZ) Doc. No.: _____
(See Ch. 489, FS; use entity's, individual's only if applicable)

Bidder Contact Name**: _____ Email: _____ Phone: (____) _____

Bidder's own initial application for employment has criminal history screening practices similar in nature to the practices contained in Chapter 12, Article VI, City of Tampa Code (*Responses, whether "Yes" or "No", are for informational purposes only and will not be used as a basis of award or denial, nor as a basis for any protest*): Yes No

The below named person, appearing before the undersigned authority and after being first duly sworn, for him/herself and on behalf of the entity submitting this Proposal does hereby affirm and declare as follows:

- (1) He/She is of lawful age and is authorized to act on behalf of Bidder (the individual, partnership, corporation, entity, etc. submitting this Proposal) and that all statements made in this document are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
- (2) If Bidder is operating under a fictitious name, Bidder has currently complied with any and all laws and procedures governing the operation of businesses under fictitious names in the State of Florida
- (3) No person or entity other than Bidder has any interest in this Proposal or in the Contract proposed to be entered into.
- (4) This Proposal is made without any understanding, agreement, or connection with any person or entity making Proposal for the same purposes, and is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud.
- (5) Bidder is not in arrears to the City of Tampa, upon debt or contract, and is not a defaulter, as surety or otherwise, upon any obligation to the City of Tampa.
- (6) That no officer or employee or person whose salary is payable in whole or in part from the City Treasury is, shall be or become interested, directly or indirectly, as a contracting party, partner, stockholder, surety or otherwise, in this Proposal, or in the performance of the Contract, or in the supplies, materials, or equipment and work or labor to which it relates, or in any portion of the profits thereof.
- (7) Bidder has carefully examined and fully understands the Solicitation and has full knowledge of the scope, nature, and quality of the work to be performed; furthermore, Bidder has carefully examined the site of the work and that, from his own investigations, he has satisfied himself as to the nature and location of the work, the character, quality, and quantity of materials and the kinds and extent of equipment and other facilities needed for the performance of the work, the general and local conditions and all difficulties to be encountered, and all other items which may, in any way, affect the work or its performance.
- (8) Bidder (including its principals) has | has NOT been debarred or suspended from contracting with a public entity.
- (9) Bidder has | has NOT implemented a drug-free workplace program that meets the requirements of Section 287.087, Florida Statutes.
- (10) Bidder has carefully examined and fully understands all the component parts of the Contract Documents and agrees Bidder will execute the Contract, provide the required Public Construction Bond, and will fully perform the work in strict accordance with the terms of the Contract and Contract Documents therein referred to for the following prices, to wit:

* If a Partnership or Joint Venture, attach Partnership or Joint Venture Agreement.

** Someone the City may contact with questions/correspondence regarding this Solicitation and/or permits.

Contract 22-C-00003; Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation

| Contract Item No. | Unit | Estimated Quantity | Description and Price in Words | Computed Total Price for Item in Figures |
|-------------------|------|--------------------|---|--|
| BASE BID | LS | | The work includes the furnishing of all labor, materials, and equipment for the removal of risers, pumps, motors, concrete pedestals, valves and appurtenances, demolition of above-grade structure and filling below-grade structure with flowable fill excavatable type concrete; construction of a new submersible pump station including, but not limited to, wet well, two (2) new 34hp Flygt submersible pumps with mixed flush valves and bases, one (1) manhole, bypass pumping, electrical upgrades, and all associated work required for a complete project in accordance with the Contract Documents | |
| | | | _____ _____ dollars and _____ cents | |
| | | | BASE BID LS | \$ _____ |
| ITEM 2 | LS | 1 | Contingency | \$ <u>100,000.00</u> |
| | | | TOTAL | \$ _____ |

Computed Total Price in Words: _____
 _____ dollars and _____ cents.

Computed Total Price in Figures: \$ _____

Bidder acknowledges that the following addenda have been received and that the changes covered by the addendum(s) have been taken into account in this proposal: #1 ____ #2 ____ #3 ____ #4 ____ #5 ____ #6 ____ #7 ____ #8 ____.

Bidder acknowledges the requirements of the City of Tampa's Equal Business Opportunity Program.

Bidder acknowledges that it is aware of Florida's Trench Safety Act (Sections 553.60-553.64, Florida Statutes), and agrees that Bidder together with any involved subcontractors will comply with all applicable trench safety standards. Bidder further acknowledges that included in the various items of this Proposal and the total bid price (as applicable) are costs for complying with the Trench Safety Act. Bidder further identifies the costs and methods summarized below:

| | Trench Safety Measure (Description) | Unit of Measure (LF, SY) | Unit Quantity | Unit Cost | Extended Cost |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A. | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| B. | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| C. | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| Total Cost: \$ | | | | _____ | |

Accompanying this Proposal is a certified check, cashier's check or Tampa Bid Bond (form included herein must be used) for at least five percent (5%) of the total amount of the Proposal which check shall become the property of the City, or which bond shall become forthwith due and payable to the City, if this Proposal shall be accepted by the City and the Bidder shall fail to enter into a legally binding contract with and to furnish the required Public Construction Bond to the City within twenty (20) days after the date of its receipt of written Notice of Award by the City so to do.

FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE ABOVE MAY RESULT IN THE PROPOSAL BEING DECLARED NON-RESPONSIVE.

[SEAL] Name of Bidder: _____
 Authorized Signature: _____
 Signer's Printed Name: _____
 Signer's Title: _____

STATE OF _____
 COUNTY OF _____

For an entity: The forgoing instrument was sworn (or affirmed) before me this ____ day of _____, 20____ by _____ as _____ of _____, a/n Partnership Joint Venture LLC Corp Other: _____, on behalf of such entity. Such individual is personally known to me or produced a/n _____ state driver's license as identification.

For an individual: The forgoing instrument was sworn (or affirmed) before me this ____ day of _____, 20____ by _____, who is personally known to me or produced a/n _____ state driver's license as identification.

[NOTARY SEAL] Notary Public, State of _____
 Notary Printed Name: _____
 Commission No.: _____
 My Commission Expires: _____



Good Faith Effort Compliance Plan Guidelines

for Women/Minority Business Enterprise/Small Local Business Enterprise Participation
City of Tampa - Equal Business Opportunity Program
(MBD Form 50 – detailed instructions on page 2 of 2)

Contract Name _____ Bid Date _____

Bidder/Proposer _____

Signature _____ Date _____

Name _____ Title _____

The Compliance Plan with attachments is a true account of Good Faith Efforts (GFE) made to achieve the participation goals as specified for Women/Minority Business Enterprises/Small Local Business Enterprises (WMBE/SLBE) on the referenced contract:

The WMBE/SLBE participation **Goal is Met or Exceeded**. See DMI Forms 10 and 20 which accurately report **all subcontractors solicited** and **all subcontractors to-be-utilized**.

The WMBE/SLBE participation Goal is **Not Achieved**. The following list is an overview of the baseline GFE action steps already performed. Furthermore, it is understood that these GFE requirements are weighted in the compliance evaluation based on the veracity and demonstrable degree of documentation provided with the bid/proposal:

(Check applicable boxes below. Must enclose supporting documents accordingly with remarks)

- (1) Solicited through reasonable and available means the interest of WMBE/SLBEs that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The Bidder or Proposer must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the WMBE/SLBEs to respond. The Bidder or Proposer must take appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations with interested WMBE/SLBEs. See DMI report forms for subcontractors solicited. See enclosed supplemental data on solicitation efforts. Qualifying Remarks:
- (2) Provided interested WMBE/SLBEs with adequate, specific scope information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract, including addenda, in a timely manner to assist them in responding to the requested-scope identified by bidder/proposer for the solicitation. See enclosed actual solicitations used. Qualifying Remarks:
- (3) Negotiated in good faith with interested WMBE/SLBEs that have submitted bids (e.g. adjusted quantities or scale). Documentation of negotiation must include the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of WMBE/SLBEs that were solicited; the date of each such solicitation; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why agreements could not be reached with WMBE/SLBEs to perform the work. Additional costs involved in soliciting and using subcontractors is not a sufficient reason for a bidder/proposer's failure to meet goals or achieve participation, as long as such costs are reasonable. Bidders are not required to accept excessive quotes in order to meet the goal. DMI Utilized Forms for sub-(contractor/consultant) reflect genuine negotiations This project is an RFO/RFP in nature and negotiations are limited to clarifications of scope/specifications and qualifications. See enclosed documentation. Qualifying Remarks:
- (4) Not rejecting WMBE/SLBEs as being unqualified without justification based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The WMBE/SLBEs standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations / associations and political or social affiliations are not legitimate causes for rejecting or not soliciting bids to meet the goals. Not applicable. See attached justification for rejection of a subcontractor's bid or proposal. Qualifying Remarks:
- (5) Made scope(s) of work available to WMBE/SLBE subcontractors and suppliers; and, segmented portions of the work or material consistent with the available WMBE/SLBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate meeting the goal. Sub-Contractors were allowed to bid on their own choice of work or trade without restriction to a pre-determined portion. See enclosed comments. Qualifying Remarks:
- (6) Made good faith efforts, despite the ability or desire of Bidder/Proposer to perform the work of a contract with its own forces/organization. A Bidder/Proposer who desires to self-perform the work of a contract must demonstrate good faith efforts if the goal has not been met. Sub-Contractors were not prohibited from submitting bids/proposals and were solicited on work typically self-performed by the prime. Qualifying Remarks:
- (7) Segmented portions of the work to be performed by WMBE/SLBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the goals will be met. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units (quantities/scale) to facilitate WMBE/SLBE participation, even when the Bidder/Proposer might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. Sub-Contractors were allowed to bid on their own choice of work or trade without restriction to a pre-determined portion. Sub-Contractors were not prohibited from submitting bids/proposals and were solicited on work typically self-performed by the prime. See enclosed comments. Qualifying Remarks:
- (8) Made efforts to assist interested WMBE/SLBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the city or contractor. See enclosed documentation on initiatives undertaken and methods to accomplish. Qualifying Remarks:
- (9) Made efforts to assist interested WMBE/SLBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services, including participation in an acceptable mentor-protégé program. See enclosed documentation of initiatives and/or agreements. Qualifying Remarks:
- (10) Effectively used the services of the City and other organizations that provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of WMBE/SLBEs. See enclosed documentation. The following services were used:

Note: Provide any unsolicited information that will support the Bid/RFP Compliance Evaluation. Named Documents Are:



Participation Plan: Guidance for Complying with Good Faith Efforts Outreach
(page 2 of 2)

1. All firms on the WMBE/SLBE Goal Setting List must be solicited and documentation provided for email, fax, letters, phone calls, and other methods of outreach/communication with the listed firms. The DMI Solicited and DMI-Utilized forms must be completed for all firms solicited or utilized. Other opportunities for subcontracting may be explored by consulting the City of Tampa MBD Office and/or researching the on-line Diversity Management Business System Directory for Tampa certified WMBE/SLBE firms.
2. Solicitation of WMBE/SLBEs, via written or electronic notification, should provide specific information on the services needed, where plans can be reviewed and assistance offered in obtaining these, if required. Solicitations should be sent a minimum of a week (i.e. 5 business days or more) before the bid/proposal date. Actual copies of the bidder's solicitation containing their scope specific instructions should be provided.
3. With any quotes received, a follow-up should be made when needed to confirm detail scope of work. For any WMBE/SLBE low quotes rejected, an explanation shall be provided detailing negotiation efforts.
4. If a low bid WMBE/SLBE is rejected or deemed unqualified the contractor must provide an explanation and supporting documentation for this decision.
5. Prime shall break down portions of work into economical feasible opportunities for subcontracting. The WMBE/SLBE directory may be useful in identifying additional subcontracting opportunities and firms not listed in the "WMBE/SLBE Goal Setting Firms List."
6. Contractor shall not preclude WMBE/SLBEs from bidding on any part of work, even if the Contractor may desire to self-perform the work.
7. Contractor shall avoid relying solely on subcontracting out work-scope where WMBE/SLBE availability is not sufficient to attain the pre-determined subcontract goal set for the Bid or when targeted sub-consultant participation is stated within the RFP/RFQ.
8. In its solicitations, the Bidder should offer assistance to WMBE/SLBEs in obtaining bonding, insurance, et cetera, if required of subcontractors by the City or Prime Contractor.
9. In its solicitation, the Bidder should offer assistance in obtaining equipment for a specific job to WMBE/SLBEs, if needed.
10. Contractor should use the services offered by such agencies as the City of Tampa Minority and Small Business Development Office, Hillsborough County Entrepreneur Collaborative Center, Hillsborough County Economic Development Department's MBE/SBE Program and the NAACP Empowerment Center to name a few for the recruitment and placement of WMBEs/SLBEs.



Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit Both Forms 10 & 20 SHALL render the Bid or Proposal Non-Responsive

**Page 1 of 4 – DMI Solicited/Utilized Schedules
City of Tampa – Schedule of **All Solicited** Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers)
(FORM MBD-10)**

Contract No.: _____ Contract Name: _____
 Company Name: _____ Address: _____
 Federal ID: _____ Phone: _____ Fax: _____ Email: _____

Check applicable box(es). Detailed Instructions for completing this form are on page 2 of 4.

- No Firms were contacted or solicited for this contract.
- No Firms were contacted because: _____
- See attached list of additional Firms solicited and all supplemental information (List must comply to this form)
Note: Form MBD-10 must list ALL subcontractors solicited including Non-minority/small businesses

NIGP Code Categories: Buildings = 909, General = 912, Heavy = 913, Trades = 914, Architects = 906, Engineers & Surveyors = 925, Supplier = 912-77

| S = SLBE W=WMBE O = Neither | Company Name Address Phone, Fax, Email | Type of Ownership (F=Female M=Male) BF BM = African Am. HF HM = Hispanic AF AM = Asian Am. NF NM = Native Am. CF CM = Caucasian | Trade or Services NIGP Code (listed above) | Contact Method L=Letter F=Fax E=Email P=Phone | Quote or Response Received Y/N |
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Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit
this form with your Bid or Proposal
Shall render the Bid Non-Responsive
(Do Not Modify This Form)

It is hereby certified that the information provided is an accurate and true account of contacts and solicitations for sub-contracting opportunities on this contract.

Signed: _____ Name/Title: _____ Date: _____

**Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit Both Forms 10 & 20 SHALL render the Bid or Proposal Non-Responsive
Forms must be included with Bid / Proposal**



Instructions for completing The Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/ Suppliers) Solicited Form (Form MBD-10)

This form must be submitted with all bids or proposals. All subcontractors (regardless of ownership or size) solicited and subcontractors from whom unsolicited quotations were received must be included on this form. The instructions that follow correspond to the headings on the form required to be completed. Note: Ability or desire to self-perform all work shall not exempt the prime from Good Faith Efforts to achieve participation.

- **Contract No.** This is the number assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.
- **Contract Name.** This is the name of the contract assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.
- **Contractor Name.** The name of your business and/or doing business as (dba) if applicable.
- **Address.** The physical address of your business.
- **Federal ID. FIN.** A number assigned to your business for tax reporting purposes.
- **Phone.** Telephone number to contact business.
- **Fax.** Fax number for business.
- **Email.** Provide email address for electronic correspondence.
- **No Firms were contacted or solicited for this contract.** Checking the box indicates that a pre-determined Subcontract Goal or Participation Plan Requirement was not set by the City resulting in your business not using subcontractors and will self-perform all work. If during the performance of the contract you employ subcontractors, the City must pre-approve subcontractors. Use of the “Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) Payments” form (MBD Form-30) must be submitted with every pay application and invoice. Note: Certified **SLBE or WMBE firms** bidding as Primes **are not exempt** from outreach and solicitation of subcontractors.
- **No Firms were contacted because.** Provide brief explanation why no firms were contacted or solicited.
- **See attached documents.** Check box, if after you have completed the DMI Form in its entirety, you need more space to list additional firms and/or if you have supplemental information/documentation relating to the form. All DMI data not submitted on the MBD Form-10 must be in the same format and have all requested data from MBD Form-10 included.

The following instructions are for information of any and all subcontractors solicited.

- **“S” = SLBE, “W” = WMBE.** Enter “S” for firms Certified by the City as Small Local Business Enterprises and/or “W” for firms Certified by the City as either Women/Minority Business Enterprise; **“O” = Non-certified others.**
- **Federal ID. FIN.** A number assigned to a business for tax reporting purposes. This information is critical in proper identification and payment of the contractor/subcontractor.
- **Company Name, Address, Phone & Fax.** Provide company information for verification of payments.
- **Type of Ownership.** Indicate the Ethnicity and Gender of the owner of the subcontracting business.
- **Trade, Services, or Materials** indicate the trade, service, or materials provided by the subcontractor. NIGP codes aka “National Institute of Governmental Purchasing” are listed at top section of document.
- **Contact Method L=letter, F=fax, E=Email, P=Phone.** Indicate with letter the method(s) of soliciting for bid.
- **Quote or Resp. (response) Rec’d (received) Y/N.** Indicate “Y” Yes if you received a quotation or if you received a response to your solicitation. Indicate “N” No if you received no response to your solicitation from the subcontractor. Must keep records: log, ledger, documentation, etc. that can validate/verify.

If additional information is required or you have questions, please contact the Equal Business Opportunity Program - Minority and Small Business Development Office at (813) 274-5522.



Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit Both Forms 10 & 20 SHALL render the Bid or Proposal Non-Responsive

Page 3 of 4 – DMI Solicited/Utilized Schedules
City of Tampa – Schedule of All To-Be-Utilized Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers)
(FORM MBD-20)

Contract No.: _____ Contract Name: _____
Company Name: _____ Address: _____
Federal ID: _____ Phone: _____ Fax: _____ Email: _____

Check applicable box(es). Detailed Instructions for completing this form are on page 4 of 4.

See attached list of additional Firms Utilized and all supplemental information (List must comply to this form)

Note: Form MBD-20 must list ALL subcontractors To-Be-Utilized including Non-minority/small businesses

No Subcontracting/consulting (of any kind) will be performed on this contract.

No Firms are listed to be utilized because: _____

NIGP Code General Categories: Buildings = 909, General = 912, Heavy = 913, Trades = 914, Architects = 906, Engineers & Surveyors = 925, Supplier = 912-77

Enter "S" for firms Certified as Small Local Business Enterprises, "W" for firms Certified as Women/Minority Business Enterprise, "O" for Other Non-Certified

| S = SLBE W=WMBE O =Neither | Company Name Address Phone, Fax, Email | Type of Ownership (F=Female M=Male) BF BM = African Am. HF HM = Hispanic Am. AF AM = Asian Am. NF NM = Native Am. CF CM = Caucasian | Trade, Services, or Materials NIGP Code Listed above | \$ Amount of Quote. Letter of Intent (LOI) if available | Percent of Scope or Contract % |
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Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit
this form with your Bid or Proposal
Shall render the Bid Non-Responsive.
(Do Not Modify This Form)

Total ALL Subcontract / Supplier Utilization \$ _____
Total SLBE Utilization \$ _____
Total WMBE Utilization \$ _____
Percent SLBE Utilization of Total Bid/Proposal Amt. _____% Percent WMBE Utilization of Total Bid/Proposal Amt. _____%

It is hereby certified that the following information is a true and accurate account of utilization for sub-contracting opportunities on this Contract.

Signed: _____ Name/Title: _____ Date: _____

Failure to Complete, Sign and Submit Both Forms 10 & 20 SHALL render the Bid or Proposal Non-Responsive
Forms must be included with Bid / Proposal



Page 4 of 4 DMI – Solicited/Utilized

Instructions for completing The Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/ Suppliers) to be Utilized Form (Form MBD-20)

This form must be submitted with all bids or proposals. All subcontractors (regardless of ownership or size) projected to be utilized must be included on this form. Note: Ability or desire to self-perform all work shall not exempt the prime from Good Faith Efforts to achieve participation.

Contract No. This is the number assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.

- **Contract Name.** This is the name of the contract assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.
- **Contractor Name.** The name of your business and/or doing business as (dba) if applicable.
- **Address.** The physical address of your business.
- **Federal ID. FIN.** A number assigned to your business for tax reporting purposes.
- **Phone.** Telephone number to contact business.
- **Fax.** Fax number for business.
- **Email.** Provide email address for electronic correspondence.
- **No Subcontracting/consulting (of any kind) will be performed on this contract.** Checking box indicates your business will not use subcontractors when no Subcontract Goal or Participation Plan Requirement was set by the City, but will self-perform all work. When subcontractors are utilized during the performance of the contract, the “Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) Payments” form (MBD Form-30) must be submitted with every pay application and invoice. Note: certified SLBE or WMBE firms bidding as Primes are not exempt from outreach and solicitation of subcontractors, including completion and submitting Form-10 and Form-20.
- **No Firms listed To-Be-Utilized.** Check box; provide brief explanation why no firms were retained when a goal or participation plan requirement was set on the contract. Note: mandatory compliance with Good Faith Effort outreach (GFECF) requirements applies (MBD Form-50) and supporting documentation must accompany the bid.
- **See attached documents.** Check box, if after completing the DMI Form in its entirety, you need more space to list additional firms and/or if you have supplemental information/documentation relating to the scope/value/percent utilization of subcontractors. Reproduce copies of MBD-20 and attach. All data not submitted on duplicate forms must be in the same format and content as specified in these instructions.

The following instructions are for information of Any and All subcontractors To Be Utilized.

- **Federal ID. FIN.** A number assigned to a business for tax reporting purposes. This information is critical in proper identification of the subcontractor.
- **“S” = SLBE, “W” = WMBE.** Enter “S” for firms Certified by the City as Small Local Business Enterprises and/or “W” for firms Certified by the City as Women/Minority Business Enterprise; **“O” = Non-certified others.**
- **Company Name, Address, Phone & Fax.** Provide company information for verification of payments.
- **Type of Ownership.** Indicate the Ethnicity and Gender of the owner of the subcontracting business.
- **Trade, Services, or Materials (NIGP code if Known)** Indicate the trade, service, or material provided by the subcontractor. Abbreviated list of NIGP is available at <http://www.tampagov.net/mbd> “Information Resources”.
- **Amount of Quote, Letters of Intent** (required for both SLBEs and WMBEs).
- **Percent of Work/Contract.** Indicate the percent of the total contract price the subcontract(s) represent. For CCNA only (i.e. Consultant A/E Services) you must indicate subcontracts as percent of total scope/contract.
- **Total Subcontract/Supplier Utilization.** – Provide total dollar amount of all subcontractors/suppliers projected to be used for the contract. (Dollar amounts may be optional in CCNA depending on solicitation format).
- **Total SLBE Utilization.** Provide total dollar amount for all projected SLBE subcontractors/Suppliers used for this contract. (Dollar amounts may be optional in CCNA proposals depending on the solicitation format).
- **Total WMBE Utilization.** Provide total dollar amount for all projected WMBE subcontractors/Suppliers used for this contract. (Dollar amounts may be optional in CCNA proposals depending on the solicitation format).
- **Percent SLBE Utilization.** Total amount allocated to SLBEs divided by the total bid/proposal amount.
- **Percent WMBE Utilization.** Total amount allocated to WMBEs divided by the total bid/proposal amount.

If additional information is required or you have questions, please contact the Equal Business Opportunity Program - Minority and Small Business Development Office at (813) 274-5522.

TAMPA BID BOND
Contract 22-C-00003; Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, _____

(hereinafter called the Principal) and _____

(hereinafter called the Surety) a Corporation chartered and existing under the laws of the State of _____, with its principal offices in the City of _____, and authorized to do business in the State of Florida, are held and firmly bound unto the City of Tampa, a Municipal Corporation of Hillsborough County, Florida, in the full and just sum of 5% of the amount of the (Bid) (Proposal) good and lawful money of the United States of America, to be paid upon demand of the City of Tampa, Florida, to which payment will and truly to be made we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally and firmly these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal is about to submit, or has submitted to the City of Tampa, Florida, a Proposal for the construction of certain facilities for the City designated Contract 22-C-00003, Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation.

WHEREAS, the Principal desires to file this Bond in accordance with law, in lieu of a certified Bidder's check otherwise required to accompany this Proposal.

NOW, THEREFORE: The conditions of this obligation are such that if the Proposal be accepted, the Principal shall, within twenty (20) days after the date of receipt of written Notice of Award, execute a contract in accordance with the Proposal and upon the terms, conditions and price set forth therein, in the form and manner required by the City of Tampa, Florida and execute a sufficient and satisfactory Public Construction Bond payable to the City of Tampa, Florida in an amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the total contract price, in form and with security satisfactory to said City, then this Bid Bond obligation is to be void; otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue in law, and the Surety shall, upon failure of the Principal to comply with any or all of the foregoing requirements within the time specified above, immediately pay to the aforesaid City, upon demand, the amount thereof, in good and lawful money of the United States of America, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages.

IN TESTIMONY THEREOF, the Principal and Surety have caused these presents to be duly signed and sealed this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Principal

BY _____

TITLE _____

BY _____

TITLE _____

(SEAL)

Producing Agent

Producing Agent's Address

Name of Agency

The addition of such phrases as "not to exceed" or like import shall render the (Bid) (Proposal) non-responsive.

AGREEMENT

For furnishing all labor, materials and equipment, together with all work incidental thereto, necessary and required for the performance of the work for the construction of Contract 22-C-00003 in accordance with your Proposal dated _____, amounting to a total of \$ _____ as completed in accordance with subsections I-2.09 and I-2.10 of the Instruction to Bidders.

This AGREEMENT, made and entered into in triplicate, between the City of Tampa, Florida, hereinafter called the City, and _____ hereinafter called the Contractor, as of the _____ day of _____, 20__ when the City Council of the City of Tampa, Florida adopted a Resolution authorizing, among other things, the Mayor's execution of this Agreement.

WITNESSETH that, in consideration of the mutual stipulations, agreements, and covenants herein contained, the parties hereto have agreed and hereby agree with each other, the Party of the First Part for itself, its successors and assigns, and the Party of the Second Part for itself, or himself, or themselves, and its successors and assigns, or his or their executors, administrators and assigns, as follows:

Contract 22-C-00003; Ballast Point Pumping Station Rehabilitation, shall include, but not be limited to, furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment for the removal of risers, pumps, motors, concrete pedestals, valves and appurtenances, demolition of above-grade structure and filling below-grade structure with flowable fill excavatable type concrete; construction of a new submersible pump station including, but not limited to, wet well, two (2) new 34hp Flygt submersible pumps with mixed flush valves and bases, one (1) manhole, bypass pumping, electrical upgrades with all associated work required for a complete project in accordance with the Contract Documents.

Contract Documents referred to in Article 1.01 of this Agreement also includes this volume, applicable standard drawings, the plans and any provisions referred to whether actually attached or not.

TAMPA AGREEMENT

SECTION 1 GENERAL

ARTICLE 1.01 THE CONTRACT

Except for titles, subtitles, headings, running headlines, and tables of contents (all of which are printed herein merely for convenience), the following, except for such portions thereof as may be specifically excluded, constitute the Contract:

The Notice to Bidders;
The Instructions to Bidders, including Special Instructions and General Instructions;
The Proposal;
The Bid Bond;
The Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities;
The Notice of Award;
The Agreement;
The Performance Bond;
The Notice To Proceed;
The Specifications, including the General Provisions, the Workmanship and Materials, the Specific Provisions or the Contract Items
The Plans;
All Supplementary Drawings Issued after award of the Contract;
All Addenda issued by the City prior to the receipt of proposals;
All provisions required by law to be inserted in this Contract, whether actually inserted or not.

ARTICLE 1.02 DEFINITIONS

The following words and terms, or pronouns used in their stead, shall, wherever they appear in this Contract, be construed as follows, unless different meaning is clear from the context:

(a)"City" shall mean the City of Tampa, Florida, represented by its Mayor and City Council, Party of the First Part, or such other City official as shall be duly empowered to act for the City on matters relating to this Contract.

(b)"Contractor" shall mean the Party of the Second Part hereto, whether corporation, firm or individual, or any combination thereof, and its, their, or his successors, personal representatives, executors, administrators, and assigns, and any person, firm or corporation who or which shall at any time be substituted in the place of the Party of the Second Part under this Contract.

(c)"Engineer" shall mean the Director of the Department or his duly authorized representative.

(d)"Consultant" shall mean the engineering or architectural firm or individual employed by the City to consult with and advise the City in the construction of the project.

(e)"Surety" shall mean any person, firm or corporation that has executed as Surety the Contractor's Performance Bond securing the performance of this Contract.

(f)"The Work" shall mean everything expressly or implied required to be furnished and done by the Contractor under the Contract, and shall include both Contract Work

and Extra Work.

(g)"Contract Work" shall mean everything expressly or implied required to be furnished and done by the Contractor by any one or more of the Contract parts referred to in Article 1.01 hereof, except Extra Work, as hereinafter defined; it being understood that, in case of any inconsistency in or between any part or parts of this Contract, the Engineer shall determine which shall prevail.

(h)"Contract" or "Contract Documents" shall mean each of the various part of the Contract referred to in Article 1.01 hereof, both as a whole and severally.

(i)"Extra Work" shall mean work other than that required either expressly or implied by the contract in its present form.

(j)"Plans" shall mean only those drawings specifically referred to as such in these documents, or in any Addendum. Drawings issued after the execution of the Contract to explain further, or to illustrate, or to show changes in the work, will be known as "Supplementary Drawings" and shall be binding upon the Contractor with the same force as the Plans.

(k)"Specifications" shall mean all of the directions, requirements, and standards of performance applying to the work, as hereinafter detailed and designated as such, or which may be issued in an addendum.

(l)"Addendum or Addenda" shall mean the additional contract provisions issued in writing prior to the receipt of bids.

(m)"Notice" shall mean written notice. Notice shall be served upon the Contractor, either personally or by leaving the said notice at his residence or with any employee found on the work, or addressed to the Contractor at the residence or place of business given in his proposal and deposited in a postpaid wrapper in any post office box regularly maintained by the United States Post Office.

(n)"Project" shall mean the entire improvement package or related work. The "project" may consist of several different, but related, contracts.

(o)"Site" shall mean, and be limited to, the area upon or in which the Contractor's operations are carried on and such other appropriate areas as may be designed as such by the Engineer.

(p)"Subcontractor" shall mean any person, firm, or corporation, other than employees of the Contractor, who or which contracts with the Contractor to furnish, or actually furnishes labor, or labor and materials, or labor and equipment or labor, materials, and equipment at the site.

(q)Whenever in the Contract the words "directed", "required", "permitted", "ordered", "designated", "prescribed", and words of like import are used, they shall imply the direction, requirement, permission, order, designation, or prescription of the Engineer; and "approved", "acceptable", "satisfactory", "in the judgement of", and words of like import shall mean approved by, or acceptable to, or satisfactory to, or in the judgment of the Engineer.

(r)Whenever in the Contract the word "day" is used, it shall mean calendar day.

(s)"Final Acceptance" shall mean acceptance of the

work as evidenced by an official resolution of the City. Such acceptance shall be deemed to have taken place only if and when an approving resolution has been adopted by the City Council. The final acceptance shall be signed only after the City has assured itself by tests, inspection, or otherwise, that all of the provisions of the Contract have been carried out to its satisfaction.

(t)"Eastern Standard Time" shall be construed as the time being observed in the City on the day proposals are received or other documents issued or signed.

SECTION 2 POWERS OF THE CITY'S REPRESENTATIVES

ARTICLE 2.01 THE ENGINEER

It is covenanted and agreed that the Engineer, in addition to those matters elsewhere herein expressly made subject to his determination, direction, or approval, shall have the power, subject to such express provisions and limitations herein contained as are not in conflict herewith, and subject to review by the Mayor and City Council:

(a)To monitor the performance of the work.

(b)To determine the amount, kind, quality, sequence, and location of the work to be paid for hereunder and, when completed, to measure such work for payment.

(c)To determine all questions of an engineering character in relation to the work, to interpret the Plans, Specifications and Addenda.

(d)To determine how the work of this Contract shall be coordinated with the work of other contractors engaged simultaneously on this project.

(e)To make minor changes in the work as he deems necessary, provided such changes do not result in a net increase in the cost to the City or to the Contractor of the work to be done under the Contract.

(f)To amplify the Plans, add explanatory information and furnish additional Specifications and Drawings consistent with the intent of the Contract Documents.

The power of the Engineer shall not be limited to the foregoing enumeration, for it is the intent of this Contract that all of the work shall be subject to his determinations and approval, except where the determination or approval of someone other than the Engineer is expressly called for herein and except as subject to review by the Mayor and City Council. All orders of the Engineer requiring the Contractor to perform work as Contract work shall be promptly obeyed by the Contractor.

The Engineer shall not, however, have the power to issue an extra work order, and the performance of such work on the order of the Engineer without previously obtaining written confirmation thereof from the Mayor in accordance with Article 7.02 hereof may constitute a waiver of any right to extra compensation therefor. The Contractor is warned that the Engineer has no power to change the terms and provisions of this Contract, except minor changes where such change results in no net increase in the Contract Price.

ARTICLE 2.02 DIRECTOR

The Director of the Department in addition to those matters

expressly made subject to his determination, direction or approval in his capacity as "Engineer", shall also have the power:

(a)To review any and all questions in relation to this Contract and its performance, except as herein otherwise specifically provided, and his determination upon such review shall be final and conclusive upon the Contractor.

(b)With the approval of the Mayor and City Council to authorize modifications or changes in the Contract so as to require: (1) the performance of extra work, or (2) the omission of Contract work whenever he deems it in the interest of the City to do so, or both.

(c)To suspend the whole or any part of the work whenever, in his judgment, such suspension is required: (1) in the interest of the City generally, or (2) to coordinate the work of the various Contractors engaged on this project, or (3) to expedite the completion of the entire project, even though the completion of this particular Contract may be thereby delayed, without compensation to the Contractor for such suspension other than extending the time for the completion of the work, as much as it may have been, in the opinion of the City, delayed by such a suspension.

(d)If, before the final acceptance of all the work contemplated herein, it shall be deemed necessary to take over, use, occupy, or operate any part of the completed or partly completed work, the Engineer shall have the right to do so and the Contractor will not, in any way, interfere with or object to the use, occupation, or operation of such work by the City after receipt of notice in writing from the Engineer that such work or part thereof will be used by the City on and after the date specified in such notice. Such taking over, use, occupancy or operation of any part of the completed or partially completed work shall not constitute final acceptance or approval of any such part of the work.

ARTICLE 2.03 NO ESTOPPEL

The City shall not, nor shall any department, officer, agent, or employee thereof, be bound, precluded, or estopped by any determination, decision, acceptance, return, certificate, or payment made or given under or in connection with this Contract by any officer, agent or employee of the City at any time either before or after final completion and acceptance of the work and payment therefor: (a) from showing the true and correct classification, amount, quality, or character of the work done, or that any determination, decision, acceptance, return certificate or payment is untrue, incorrect or improperly made in any particular, or that the work or any part thereof does not in fact conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, and (b) from demanding and recovering from the Contractor any overpayments made to him or such damages as it may sustain by reason his failure to comply with the requirements of the Contract of Documents, or both.

ARTICLE 2.04 NO WAIVER OF RIGHTS

Neither the inspection, nor any order, measurements or certificate of the City or its employees, officers, or agents, nor by any order of the City for payment of money, nor any money, nor payments for or acceptance of the whole or any part of the work by the City, nor any extension of time, nor any changes in the Contract, Specifications or Plans, nor any possession by the City or its employees shall operate as a

waiver of any provisions of this Contract, nor any power herein provided nor shall any waiver of any breach of this Contract be held as a waiver of any other subsequent breach.

Any remedy provided in this Contract shall be taken and construed as cumulative, namely, in addition to each and every other suit, action, or legal proceeding. The City shall be entitled as of right to an injunction against any breach of the provisions of this Contract.

SECTION 3 PERFORMANCE OF WORK

ARTICLE 3.01 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

The Contractor shall do all the work and furnish, at his own cost and expense, all labor, materials, equipment, and other facilities, except as herein otherwise provided, as may be necessary and proper for performing and completing the work under this Contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for the entire work until completed and finally accepted by the City.

The work shall be performed in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the Contract Documents. Unless otherwise expressly provided, the work must be performed in accordance with the best modern practice, with materials as specified and workmanship of the highest quality, all as determined by and entirely to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Unless otherwise expressly provided, the means and methods of construction shall be such as the Contractor may choose, subject, however, to the approval of the Engineer. Only adequate and safe procedure, methods, structures and equipment shall be used. The Engineer's approval or the Engineer's failure to exercise his right thereon shall not relieve the Contractor of obligations to accomplish the result intended by the Contract, nor shall such create a cause of action for damages.

ARTICLE 3.02 COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

The Contractor must comply with all local, State and Federal laws, rules, ordinances and regulations applicable to this Contract and to the work done hereunder, and must obtain, at his own expense, all permits, licenses or other authorization necessary for the prosecution of the work.

No work shall be performed under this Contract on Sundays, legal holidays or after regular working hours without the express permission of the Engineer. Where such permission is granted, the Engineer may require that such work be performed without additional expense to the City.

ARTICLE 3.03 INSPECTION

During the progress of the work and up to the date of final acceptance, the Contractor shall, at all times, afford the representatives of the City, the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, and if applicable, the Federal Environmental Protection Agency and the Federal Department of Labor every reasonable, safe and proper facility for inspecting the work done or being done at the

site. The inspection of any work shall not relieve the Contractor of any of his obligations to perform proper and satisfactory work as herein specified. Finished or unfinished work found not to be in strict accordance with the Contract shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer, even though such work may have been previously approved and payment made therefor.

The City shall have the right to reject materials and workmanship which are defective or require their correction. Rejected work and materials must be promptly removed from the site, which must at all times be kept in a reasonably clean and neat condition.

Failure or neglect on the part of the City to condemn or reject bad or inferior work or materials shall not be construed to imply an acceptance of such work or materials, if it becomes evident at any time prior to the final acceptance of the work by the City. Neither shall it be construed as barring the City at any subsequent time from the recovery of damages of such a sum of money as may be needed to build anew all portions of the work in which inferior work or improper materials were used, wherever found.

Should it be considered necessary or advisable by the City at any time before final acceptance of the entire work to make examinations of work already completed, by removing or tearing out all or portions of such work, the Contractor shall, on request, promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material for that purpose. If such work is found to be defective in any material respect, due to the fault of the Contractor or his subcontractors, he shall defray all expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, the cost of examination and restoration of the work shall be considered an item of extra work to be paid for in accordance with the provisions of Article 7.02 hereof.

ARTICLE 3.04 PROTECTION

During performance and until final acceptance, the Contractor shall be under an absolute obligation to protect the finished and unfinished work against any damage, loss, or injury. The Contractor shall take proper precaution to protect the finished work from loss or damage, pending completion and the final acceptance of all the work included in the entire Contract, provided that such precaution shall not relieve the Contractor from any and all liability and responsibility for loss or damage to the work occurring before final acceptance by the City. Such loss or damage shall be at the risk of and borne by the Contractor, whether arising from acts or omissions of the Contractor or others. In the event of any such loss or damage, the Contractor shall forthwith repair, replace, and make good the work without extension of time therefor, except as may be otherwise provided herein.

The provisions of this Article shall not be deemed to create any new right of action in favor of third parties against the Contractor or the City.

ARTICLE 3.05 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

The Contractor shall preserve from damage all property along the line of the work, or which is in the vicinity of or is in anywise affected by the work, the removal or destruction of which is not called for by the Plans. This applies, but is not limited, to the public utilities, trees, lawn areas, building monuments, fences, pipe and underground structures, public streets (except natural wear and tear of streets resulting from legitimate use thereof by the Contractor), and wherever such property is damaged due to the activities of the Contractor, it shall be immediately restored to its original condition by the Contractor and at his own expense.

In case of failure on the part of the Contractor to restore such property, or make good such damage or injury, the City may, upon forty-eight (48) hour written notice, proceed to repair, rebuild, or otherwise restore such property as may be deemed necessary, and the cost thereof will be deducted from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor under this Contract. Nothing in this clause shall prevent the Contractor from receiving proper compensation for the removal, damage, or replacement of any public or private property not shown on the Plans, when this is made necessary by alteration of grade or alignment authorized by the Engineer, provided that such property has not been damaged through fault of the Contractor, his employees or agents.

ARTICLE 3.06 BOUNDARIES

The Contractor shall confine his equipment, apparatus, the storage of materials, supplies and apparatus of his workmen to the limits indicated on the plans, by law, ordinances, permits or direction of the Engineer.

ARTICLE 3.07 SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS

The Contractor shall comply with the Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91- 596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL91-54).

ARTICLE 3.08 TAXES

All taxes of any kind and character payable on account of the work done and materials furnished under this Contract shall be paid by the Contractor and shall be deemed to have been included in his bid. The laws of the State of Florida provide that sales and use taxes are payable by the Contractor upon the tangible personal property incorporated in the work and such taxes shall be paid by the Contractor and shall be deemed to have been included in his bid.

ARTICLE 3.09 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

The Contractor, in the performance of the work under this Contract, shall comply with all Local, State and Federal laws, statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations applicable to protection of the environment; and, in the event he violates any of the provisions of same, he shall be answerable to the Local, State and Federal agencies designated by law to protect the environment. In the event the City receives, from any of the environmental agencies, a citation which is occasioned by an act or omission of the Contractor or his

subcontractor or any officers, employees or agents of either, it is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall automatically become a party-respondent under said citation; and the City immediately shall notify the Contractor and provide him with a copy of said citation.

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the citation and correct the offending conditions(s) within the time stated in said citation and further shall be held fully responsible for all fines and/or penalties.

**SECTION 4
TIME PROVISIONS**

ARTICLE 4.01 TIME OF START AND COMPLETION

The Contractor must commence work within thirty (30) days subsequent to the date of the receipt of the "Notice to Proceed" by the City unless otherwise provided in the Specific Provisions and Special Instructions. Time being of the essence of this Contract, the Contractor shall thereafter prosecute the work diligently, using such means and methods of construction as well as secure its full completion in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents no later than the date specified therefor, or on the date to which the time for completion may be extended.

The Contractor must complete the work covered by this Contract in the number of consecutive calendar days set forth in the Instructions to Bidders, unless the date of completion is extended pursuant to the provisions of Article 4.05 hereof.

The period for performance shall start from the date of signing of this Agreement by the City.

The actual date of completion will be established after a final inspection as provided in Article 4.07 hereof.

ARTICLE 4.02 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

To enable the work to be laid out and prosecuted in an orderly and expeditious manner, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a proposed progress schedule within fifteen (15) days after the award of this Contract.

The schedule shall state the Contract starting date, time for completion and date of completion and shall show the anticipated time of starting and completion of each of the various operations to be performed under this Contract, together with all necessary and appropriate information regarding sequence and correlation of work and an estimated time required for the delivery of all materials and equipment required for the work. The proposed schedule shall be revised as directed by the Engineer until finally approved by him, and, after such approval, shall be strictly adhered to by the Contractor. The approved progress schedule may be changed only with the written permission of the Engineer.

If the Contractor shall fail to adhere to the approved progress schedule or the schedule as revised, he shall promptly adopt such other or additional means and methods of construction as will make up for the time lost, and will assure completion in accordance with the contract time.

ARTICLE 4.03 APPROVAL REQUESTS

From time to time, as the work progresses and in the sequence indicated by the approved schedule, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer a specific request, in writing, for each item of information or approval required of him by the Contract. These requests must be submitted sufficiently in advance of the date upon which the information or approval is actually required by the Contractor to allow for the time the Engineer may take to act upon such submissions or resubmissions. The Contractor shall not have any right to an extension of time on account of delays due to his failure to submit his requests for the required information or the required approval in accordance with these requirements.

ARTICLE 4.04 COORDINATION WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS

During progress of the work, other Contractors may be engaged in performing other work on this project or on other projects on the site. In that event, the Contractor shall coordinate the work to be done hereunder with the work of such other Contractors in such manner as the Engineer may direct.

ARTICLE 4.05 EXTENSION OF TIME

If such an application is made, the Contractor shall be entitled to an extension of time for delay in completion of the work should the Contractor be obstructed or delayed in the commencement, prosecution or completion of any part of said work by any act or delay of the City, or by acts or omissions of other Contractors on this project, or by a riot, insurrection, war, pestilence, acts of public authorities, fire, lightning, hurricanes, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, extremely abnormal and excessive inclement weather as indicated by the records of the local weather bureau for a five-year period preceding the date of the Contract, or by strikes, or other causes, which causes of delay mentioned in this Article, in the opinion of the City, are entirely beyond the expectation and control of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall, however, be entitled to an extension of time for such causes only for the number of days of delay which the City may determine to be due solely to such causes and only to the extent that such occurrences actually delay the completion of the project and then only if the Contractor shall have strictly complied with all of the requirements of Articles 4.01, 4.02, 4.03 and 4.04 hereof. It is hereby understood that the determination by the Engineer as to the order and sequence of the work shall not in itself constitute a basis for extension of time.

The determination made by the City on an application for an extension of time shall be binding and conclusive on the Contractor.

Delays caused by failure of the Contractor's materialmen, manufacturers, and dealers to furnish approved working drawings, materials, fixtures, equipment, appliances, or other fittings on time or failure of subcontractors to perform their work shall not constitute a basis of extension of time.

The Contractor agrees to make no claim for damages for delay in the performance of this Contract occasioned by any

act or omission to act of the City or any of its representatives or because of any injunction which may be brought against the City or its representatives and agrees that any such claim shall be fully compensated for by an extension of time to complete performance of the work as provided herein.

ARTICLE 4.06 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

It is mutually agreed between the parties that time is the essence of this Contract and that there will be on the part of the City considerable monetary damage in the event the Contractor should fail to complete the work within the time fixed for completion in the Contract or within the time to which such completion may have been extended.

The amount per day set forth in the Instructions to Bidders is hereby agreed upon as the liquidated damages for each and every calendar day that the time consumed in completing the work under this Contract exceeds the time allowed.

This amount shall, in no event, be considered as a penalty or otherwise than as the liquidated and adjusted damages to the City because of the delay and the Contractor and his Surety agree that the stated sum per day for each such day of delay shall be deducted and retained out of the monies which may become due hereunder and if not so deductible, the Contractor and his Surety shall be liable therefor.

ARTICLE 4.07 FINAL INSPECTION

When the work has been completed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract and final cleaning up performed, a date for final inspection of the work by the Engineer shall be set by the Contractor in a written request therefor, which date shall be not less than ten (10) days after the date of such request. The work will be deemed complete as of the date so set by the Contractor if, upon such inspection, the Engineer determines that no further work remains to be done at the site.

If such inspection reveals interms of work still to be performed, however, the Contractor shall promptly perform them and then request a reinspection. If, upon such inspection, the Engineer determines that the work is complete, the date of final completion shall be deemed to be the last day of such reinspection.

**SECTION 5
SUBCONTRACTS AND ASSIGNMENTS**

ARTICLE 5.01 LIMITATIONS AND CONSENT

The Contractor shall not assign, transfer, convey, sublet or otherwise dispose of this Contract or of his right, title, or interest therein, or his power to execute such Contract, or to assign any monies due or to become due thereunder to any other person, firm or corporation unless the previous written consent of the City shall first be obtained thereto and the giving of any such consent to a particular subcontract or assignment shall not dispense with the necessity of such consent to any further or other assignment.

Before making any subcontract, the Contractor must submit a

written statement to the Engineer, giving the name and address of the proposed contractor, the portion of the work and materials which he is to perform and furnish and any other information tending to prove that the proposed subcontractor has the necessary facilities, skill, integrity, past experience and financial resources to perform the work in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract.

If the City finds that the proposed subcontractor is qualified, the Contractor will be notified in writing. The City may revoke approval of any subcontractor when such subcontractor evidences an unwillingness or inability to perform his work in strict accordance with these Contract Documents. Notice of such revocation of approval will be given in writing to the Contractor.

The Contractor will promptly, upon request, file with the City a conformed copy of the subcontract. The Contractor shall cause appropriate provisions to be inserted in all subcontracts relative to the work to bind subcontractors to the Contractor by the terms of these Contract Documents, insofar as applicable to the work of subcontractors, and to give the Contractor the same power as regards terminating any subcontracts that the City may exercise over the Contractor under provisions of these Contract Documents.

The Contractor shall be required to perform with his own forces at least twenty-five (25) percent of the work, unless written consent to subcontract a greater percentage of the work is first obtained from the City.

ARTICLE 5.02 RESPONSIBILITY

The approval by the City of a subcontractor shall not relieve the Contractor of any of his responsibilities, duties, and liabilities hereunder. The Contractor shall be solely responsible to the City for the acts or defaults or omissions of his subcontractor and of such subcontractor's officers, agents, and employees, each of whom shall for all purposes be deemed to be the agent or employee of the Contractor. Nothing contained in the Contract Documents shall create any contractual relationship between any subcontractor and the City.

SECTION 6 SECURITY AND GUARANTY

ARTICLE 6.01 CONTRACT SECURITY

The Contractor shall execute and deliver to the City a Performance Bond on the form as provided herein, in an amount at least equal to one hundred (100) percent of the full Contract price, such Bond to be executed by a surety company acceptable to the City. The surety on such Performance Bond shall be a surety company duly authorized to do business in the State of Florida, and the Bond shall be issued or countersigned by a local resident producing agent of such surety company who is a resident of the State of Florida, regularly commissioned and licensed in said State, and satisfactory evidence of the authority of the person or persons executing such Bond shall be submitted with the Bond. The Performance Bond shall serve as security for the faithful performance of this Contract, including

maintenance and guaranty provisions, and for the payment of all persons performing labor and furnishing materials in connection with the Contract. The premiums on the Performance Bond shall be paid by the Contractor.

If, at any time, the City shall become dissatisfied with any surety or sureties then upon the Performance Bond, or if for any other reason such bond shall cease to be adequate security for the City, the Contractor shall, within five days after notice so to do, substitute an acceptable Bond in such form and sum and signed by such other sureties as may be satisfactory to the City. The premiums on such Bond shall be paid by the Contractor. No further partial payments shall be deemed due or shall be made until the new sureties have qualified.

ARTICLE 6.02 CONTRACTORS INSURANCE

Insurance required shall be as indicated on Special Instructions pages beginning with "INS-1"

ARTICLE 6.03 AGAINST CLAIMS AND LIENS

The City may withhold from the Contractor as much as any approved payments to him as may, in the opinion of the City, be necessary to secure (a) just claims of any persons supplying labor or materials to the Contractor or any of his subcontractors for the work then due and unpaid; (b) loss due to defective work not remedied, or (c) liability, damage, or loss due to injury to persons or damages to the work or property of other contractors, subcontractors, or others, caused by the act or neglect of the Contractor or of any of his subcontractors. The City shall have the right, as agent for the Contractor, to apply any such amounts so withheld in such manner as the City may deem proper to satisfy such claims or to secure such protection. Such application of such money shall be deemed payments for the account of the Contractor.

ARTICLE 6.04 MAINTENANCE AND GUARANTY

The Contractor hereby guarantees all the work furnished under this Contract against any defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year following the date of final acceptance of the work by the City. Under this guarantee, the Contractor hereby agrees to make good, without delay, at his own expense, any failure of any part of the work due to faulty materials or manufacture, construction, or installation, or the failure of any equipment to perform satisfactorily all the work put upon it within the limits of the Contract Documents, and further, shall make good any damage to any part of the work caused by such failure. It is hereby agreed that the Performance Bond shall fully cover all guarantees contained in this Article.

It is also agreed that all warranties, expressed or implied, inure to the benefit of the City and are enforceable by the City.

SECTION 7 CHANGES

ARTICLE 7.01 MINOR CHANGES

The City reserves the right to make such additions, deductions, or changes to this Contract from time to time as

it deems necessary and in a manner not materially affecting the substance thereof or materially changing the price to be paid in order to carry out and complete more fully and perfectly the work herein agreed to be done and performed. This Contract shall in no way be invalidated by any such additions, deductions, or changes, and no claim by the Contractor shall be made for any loss of anticipated profits thereby.

Construction conditions may require that minor changes be made in the location and installation of the work and equipment to be furnished and other work to be performed hereunder, and the Contractor when ordered by the Engineer, shall make such adjustments and changes in said locations and work as may be necessary, without additional cost to the City, provided such adjustments and changes do not alter the character, quantity of cost of the work as a whole, and provided further that Plans and Specifications showing such adjustments and changes are furnished to the Contractor by the City within a reasonable time before any work involving such adjustment and changes is begun. The Engineer shall be the sole judge of what constitutes a minor change for which no additional compensation shall be allowed.

ARTICLE 7.02 EXTRA WORK

The City may at any time by a written order and without notice to the sureties require the performance of such extra work as it may find necessary or desirable. An order for extra work shall be valid only if issued in writing and signed by the Mayor and the work so ordered must be performed by the Contractor.

The amount of compensation to be paid to the Contractor for any extra work as so ordered shall be determined as follows:

(a) By such applicable unit prices, if any, as are set forth in the Proposal; or

(b) If no such unit prices are set forth then by a lump sum or other unit prices mutually agreed upon by the City and the Contractor; or

(c) If no such unit prices are set forth in the Proposal and if the parties cannot agree upon a lump sum or other unit prices then by the actual net cost in money to the Contractor of the extra work performed, which cost shall be determined as follows:

(1) For all labor and foreman in direct charge of the authorized operations, the Contractor shall receive the current local rate of wages to be agreed upon, in writing, before starting such work for each hour that said labor and foremen are actually engaged thereon, to which shall be added an amount equal to 25 percent of the sum thereof which shall be considered and accepted as full compensation for general supervision, FICA taxes, contributions under the Florida Unemployment Compensation Act, insurance, bond, subcontractor's profit and overhead, the furnishing of small tools and miscellaneous equipment used, such as picks, shovels, hand pumps, and similar items.

(2) For all materials used, the Contractor shall receive the actual cost of such materials delivered at the site or previously approved delivery point as established by original receipted bills. No percentage shall be added to this cost.

(3) For special equipment and machinery such as power-driven pumps, concrete mixers, trucks, and tractors, or other equipment, required for the economical performance of the authorized work, the Contractor shall receive payment based on the average local area rental price for each item of equipment and the actual time of its use on the work. No percentage shall be added to this sum.

(4) Records of extra work done under this procedure shall be reviewed at the end of each day by the Contractor or his representative and the Engineer. Duplicate copies of accepted records shall be made and signed by both Contractor or his representative and the Engineer, and one copy retained by each.

Request for payment for approved and duly authorized extra work shall be submitted in the same form as Contract work or in the case of work performed under paragraph (c) (1) above upon a certified statement supported by receipted bills. Such statement shall be submitted for the current Contract payment for the month in which the work was done.

ARTICLE 7.03 DISPUTED WORK

If the Contractor is of the opinion that any work required, necessitated, or ordered violates the terms and provisions of this Contract, he must promptly notify the Engineer, in writing, of his contentions with respect thereto and request a final determination thereof. If the Engineer determines that the work in question is Contract work and not extra work or that the order complained of is proper, he will direct the Contractor to proceed and the Contractor shall promptly comply. In order, however, to reserve his right to claim compensation for such work or damages resulting from such compliance, the Contractor must, within five (5) days after receiving notice of the Engineer's determination and direction, notify the City in writing that the work is being performed or that the determination and direction is being complied with under protest. Failure of the Contractor to notify shall be deemed as a waiver of claim for extra compensation or damages therefor.

Before final acceptance by the City, all matters of dispute must be adjusted to the mutual satisfaction of the parties thereto. Final determinations and decisions, in case any questions shall arise, shall constitute a condition precedent to the right of the Contractor to receive the money therefor until the matter in question has been adjusted.

ARTICLE 7.04 OMITTED WORK

The City may at any time by a written order and without notice to the sureties require the omission of such Contract work as it may find necessary or desirable.

An order for omission of work shall be valid only if signed by the Mayor and the work so ordered must be omitted by the Contractor. The amount by which the Contract price shall be reduced shall be determined as follows:

(a) By such applicable unit prices, if any, as are set forth in the Contract; or

(b) By the appropriate lump sum price set forth in the Contract; or

(c) By the fair and reasonable estimated cost to the City

of such omitted work as determined by the Engineer and approved by the City.

SECTION 8 CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES

ARTICLE 8.01 CHARACTER AND COMPETENCY

The Contractor and his subcontractors shall employ upon all parts of the work herein contracted for only competent, skillful, and trustworthy workers. Should the Engineer at any time give notice, in writing, to the Contractor or his duly authorized representative on the work that any employee in his opinion is incompetent, unfaithful, disorderly, careless, unobservant of instructions, or in any way a detriment to the satisfactory progress of the work, such employee shall immediately be dismissed and not again allowed upon the site.

ARTICLE 8.02 SUPERINTENDENCE

The Contractor shall give his personal supervision to the faithful prosecution of the work and in case of his absence shall have a competent, experienced, and reliable supervisor or superintendent, acceptable to the Engineer on the site who shall follow without delay all instructions of the Engineer in the prosecution and completion of the work and every part thereof, in full authority to supply workers, material, and equipment immediately. He shall keep on hand at all times copies of the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 8.03 EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

The Contractor shall, in the performance of the work required to be done under this Contract, employ all workers without discrimination regarding race, creed, color, sex or national origin and must not maintain or provide facilities that are segregated on the basis of race, color, creed or national origin.

ARTICLE 8.04 RATES OF WAGES

On federally assisted projects, the rates of wages to be paid under this Contract shall not be less than the rates of wages set forth in Section 12 of this Agreement.

On other projects, no wage rate determination is included. Florida's Prevailing Wage Law (Section 215.19, Florida Statutes) was repealed effective April 25, 1979.

ARTICLE 8.05 PAYROLL REPORTS

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, if requested to do so, furnish to the Engineer a duly certified copy of his payroll and also any other information required by the Engineer to satisfy him that the provisions of the law as to the hours of employment and rate of wages are being observed.

Payrolls shall be prepared in accordance with instructions furnished by the City and on approved forms. The Contractor shall not carry on his payroll any persons not employed by him. Subcontractor's employees shall be carried only on the payrolls of the employing subcontractor.

SECTION 9 CONTRACTOR'S DEFAULT

ARTICLE 9.01 CITY'S RIGHT AND NOTICE

It is mutually agreed that: (a) if the Contractor fails to begin work when required to do so, or (b) if at any time during the progress of the work it shall appear to the Engineer that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with reasonable speed, or is delaying the work unreasonably and unnecessarily, or (c) if the force of workmen or quality or quantity of material furnished are not sufficient to insure completion of the work within the specified time and in accordance with the Specifications hereto attached, or (d) if the Contractor shall fail to make prompt payments for materials or labor or to subcontractors for work performed under the Contract, or (e) if legal proceedings have been instituted by others than the City in such manner as to interfere with the progress of the work and may subject the City to peril of litigation or outside claims of (f) if the Contractor shall be adjudged a bankrupt or make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or (g) if in any proceeding instituted by or against the Contractor an order shall be made or entered granting an extension of time of payment, composition, adjustment, modification, settlement or satisfaction of his debts or liabilities, or (h) if a receiver or trustee shall be appointed for the Contractor or the Contractor's property, or (i) if the Contract or any part thereof shall be sublet without the consent of the City being first obtained in writing, or (j) if this Contract or any right, monies, or claim thereunder shall be assigned by the Contractor, otherwise than as herein specified, or (k) if the Contractor shall fail in any manner of substance to observe the provisions of this Contract, or (l) if any of the work, machinery, or equipment shall be defective, and shall not be replaced as herein provided, or (m) if the work to be done under this Contract shall be abandoned, then such fact or conditions shall be certified by the Engineer and thereupon the City without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the City, shall have the right to declare the Contractor in default and so notify the Contractor by a written notice, setting forth the ground or grounds upon which such default is declared and the Contractor must discontinue the work, either as a portion of the work or the whole thereof, as directed.

ARTICLE 9.02 CONTRACTOR'S DUTY UPON DEFAULT

Upon receipt of notice that his Contract is in default, the Contractor shall immediately discontinue all further operations on the work or such part thereof, and shall immediately quit the site or such part thereof, leaving untouched all plant, materials, equipment, tools, and supplies.

ARTICLE 9.03 COMPLETION OF DEFAULTED WORK

The City, after declaring the Contractor in default, may then have the work completed or the defective equipment or machinery replaced or anything else done to complete the work in strict accordance with the Contract Documents by such means and in such manner, by Contract with or without public letting, or otherwise, as it may deem advisable,

utilizing for such purpose without additional cost to the City such of the Contractor's plant, materials, equipment, tools, and supplies remaining on the site, and also such subcontractors as it may deem advisable.

The City shall reimburse all parties, including itself, for the expense of such completion, including liquidated damages, if any, and the cost of reletting. The City shall deduct this expense from monies due or to become due to the Contractor under this Contract, or any part thereof, and in case such expense is more than the sum remaining unpaid of the original contract price, the Contractor and his sureties shall pay the amount of such deficiency to the City.

ARTICLE 9.04 PARTIAL DEFAULT

In case the City shall declare the Contractor in default as to a part of the work only, the Contractor shall discontinue such part, shall continue performing the remainder of the work in strict conformity with the terms of the Contract, and shall in no way hinder or interfere with any other contractor or person whom the City may engage to complete the work as to which the Contractor was declared in default.

SECTION 10 PAYMENTS

ARTICLE 10.01 PRICES

For the Contractor's complete performance of the work, the City will pay and the Contractor agrees to accept, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, the lump sum prices or unit prices in the Contractor's Proposal and the award made therein, plus the amount required to be paid for any extra work ordered under Article 7.02 hereof, less credit for any work omitted pursuant to Article 7.04 hereof. Under unit price items, the number of units actually required to complete the work under the Contract may be more than stated in the Proposal. The Contractor agrees that no claim will be made for any damages or for loss of profits because of a difference between the quantities of the various classes of work assumed and stated in the Proposal Form as a basis for comparing Proposals and the quantities of work actually performed.

The sum as awarded for any lump sum Contract or lump sum Contract Item shall represent payment in full for all of the various classes of work, including materials, equipment, and labor necessary or required to complete, in conformity with the Contract Document, the entire work shown, indicated or specified under the lump sum Contract or lump sum Contract Item.

The amount as awarded as a unit price for any unit price Contract Item shall represent payment in full for all the materials, equipment, and labor necessary to complete, in conformity with the Contract Documents, each unit of work shown, specified, or required under the said unit price Contract Item.

No payment other than the amount as awarded will be made for any class of work included in a lump sum Contract Item or a unit price Contract Item, unless specific provision is

made therefor in the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 10.02 SUBMISSION OF BID BREAKDOWN

Within fifteen (15) days after the execution of this Contract, the Contractor must submit to the Engineer in duplicate an acceptable breakdown of the lump sums and unit prices bid for items of the Contract, showing the various operations to be performed under the Contract, as described in the progress schedule required under Article 4.02 hereof, and the value of each of such operations, the total of such items to equal the total price bid. The Contractor shall also submit such other information relating to the bid prices as may be required and shall revise the bid breakdown as directed. Thereafter, the breakdown may be used for checking the Contractor's applications for partial payments hereunder but shall not be binding upon the City or the Engineer for any purpose whatsoever.

ARTICLE 10.03 REPORTS, RECORDS AND DATA

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer such schedules of quantities and costs, progress schedules, reports, invoices, delivery tickets, estimates, records, and other data as the Engineer may request concerning work performed or to be performed and the materials furnished under the Contract.

ARTICLE 10.04 PAYMENTS BY CONTRACTOR

The Contractor shall pay (a) for all transportation and utility services not later than the 20th day of the calendar month following that in which such services are rendered, (b) for all materials, tools, and equipment delivered at the site of the project, and the balance of the cost thereof not later than the 30th day following the completion of that part of the work in or on which such materials, tools, and equipment are incorporated or used, and (c) to each of his subcontractors, not later than the 5th day following each payment to the Contractor, the respective amounts allowed the Contractor on account of the work performed by his subcontractors, to the extent of each subcontractor's interest therein; and proof of such payments or releases therefor shall be submitted to the Engineer upon request.

ARTICLE 10.05 PARTIAL PAYMENTS

On or about the first of each month, the Contractor shall make and certify an estimate, on forms prescribed by the City, of the amount and fair value of the work done, and may apply for partial payment therefor. The Contractor shall revise the estimate as the Engineer may direct. When satisfactory progress has been made, and shows that the value of the work completed since the last payment exceeds one percent (1%) of the total Contract price in amount, the Engineer will issue a certificate that such work has been completed and the value thereof. The City will then issue a voucher to the Contractor in accordance with the following schedule:

FOR CONTRACT AMOUNTS UNDER \$250,000

(A) In the amount of ninety percent (90%) of the value of the work completed as certified until construction is one hundred percent (100%) complete (operational or beneficial occupancy), the withheld amount may be reduced below ten percent (10%), at the Engineer's option, to only that amount necessary to assure completion.

FOR CONTRACT AMOUNTS OVER \$250,000

(A) In the amount of ninety percent (90%) of the value of the work completed as certified until construction is fifty percent (50%) complete.

(B) When the dollar value, as determined by the Engineer, of satisfactorily completed work in place is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the original contract price, vouchers for partial payment will be issued by the City to the Contractor in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the value of the work, above 50%, completed as certified for that payment period.

(C) If the Contractor has performed satisfactorily and the work is substantially complete (operational or beneficial occupancy) the withheld amount may be reduced, at the Engineer's option, to only that amount necessary to assure completion.

In addition to the Conditions set forth in (A), (B), and (C) above, payments will always be less any sums that may be retained or deducted by the City under the terms of any of the contract documents and less any sums that may be retained to cover monetary guarantees for equipment, materials or progress performance.

Payment on estimates made on or about the first of the month may be expected on or about the 20th of the month.

Unless specified otherwise in the Contract Items, the delivered cost of equipment and nonperishable materials suitably stored at the site of the work and tested for adequacy may be included in the Contractor's application for partial payment provided, however, that the Contractor shall furnish evidence satisfactory to the City that the Contractor is the unconditional owner and in possession of such materials or equipment. The amount to be paid will be 90 percent of the invoice cost to the Contractor which cost shall be supported by receipted bills within 30 days of the date of payment by the City to the Contractor. Such payment shall not relieve the Contractor from full responsibility for completion of the work and for protection of such materials and equipment until incorporated in the work in a permanent manner as required by the Contract Documents.

Before any payment will be made under this Contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor, if required, shall deliver to the Engineer a written, verified statement, in satisfactory form, showing in detail all amounts then due and unpaid by such Contractor or subcontractor to all laborers, workmen, and mechanics, employed by him under the Contract for the performance of the work at the site thereof, for daily or weekly wages, or to other persons for materials, equipment, or supplies delivered at the site of the work during the period covered by the payment under consideration.

ARTICLE 10.06 FINAL PAYMENT

Under determination of satisfactory completion of the work under this Contract as provided in Article 4.07 hereof, the Engineer will prepare the final estimate showing the value of the completed work. This estimate will be prepared within 30 days after the date of completion or as soon thereafter as the necessary measurements and computations can be made.

All prior certificates and estimates, being approximate only, are subject to correction in the final estimate and payment.

When the final estimate has been prepared and certified by Engineer, he will submit to the Mayor and City Council the final certificate stating that the work has been completed and the amount based on the final estimate remaining due to the Contractor. The City will then accept the work as fully completed and will, not later than 30 days after the final acceptance, as defined in Article 1.02, of the work done under this Contract, pay the Contractor the entire amount so found due thereunder after deduction of all previous payments and all percentages and amounts to be kept and retained under provisions of this Contract; provided, however, and it is understood and agreed that, as a precedent to receiving final payment, the Contractor shall submit to the City a sworn affidavit that all bills for labor, service, materials, and subcontractors have been paid and that there are no suits pending in connection with this work. The City, at its option, may permit the Contractor to execute a separate surety bond in a form satisfactory to the City. The surety bond shall be in the full amount of the suit or suits.

Neither the final payment nor any part of the retained percentage shall be paid until the Contractor, if required, shall furnish the City with a complete release from any should remain unsatisfied after all payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the City all monies which the City may be compelled to pay in discharging such claim, including incidental costs and attorney's fees.

ARTICLE 10.07 ACCEPTANCE OF FINAL PAYMENT

The acceptance by the Contractor, or by anyone claiming by or through him, of the final payment shall operate as and shall be a release to the City and every officer and agent thereof from any and all claims and liability to the Contractor for anything done or furnished in connection with the work or project and for any act or neglect of the Contractor or of any others relating to or affecting the work. No payment, however, final or otherwise, shall operate to release the Contractor or his sureties from any obligations under this Contract or the Performance Bond.

SECTION 11 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 11.01 CONTRACTOR'S WARRANTIES

In consideration of, and to induce the award of this contract to him, the Contractor represents and warrants:

- (a) That he is not in arrears to the City upon debt or contract, and he is not a defaulter, as surety, contractor, or otherwise.
- (b) That he is financially solvent and sufficiently experienced and competent to perform the work.
- (c) That the work can be performed as called for by the Contract Documents.
- (d) That the facts stated in his proposal and the information given by him are true and correct in all respects.
- (e) That he is fully informed regarding all the conditions affecting the work to be done and labor and materials to be

furnished for the completion of this Contract, and that his information was secured by personal investigation and research.

ARTICLE 11.02 PATENTED DEVICES, MATERIAL AND PROCESSES

It is mutually understood and agreed that Contract prices include all royalties and costs arising from patents, trademarks, and copyrights in any way involved in the work. Whenever the Contractor is required or desires to use any design, device, material, or process covered by letters of patent or copyright, the Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the City, its officers, agents and employees from any and all claims for infringement by reason of the use of any such patented design, device, tool, material, equipment, or process, to be performed under the Contract, and shall indemnify the said City, its officers, agents, and employees for any costs, expenses, and damages which may be incurred by reason of such infringement at any time during the prosecution or after completion of the work.

ARTICLE 11.03 SUITS AT LAW

In case any action at law or suit in equity may or shall be brought against the City or any of its officers, agents, or employees for or on account of the failure, omission, or neglect of the Contractor or his subcontractors, employees, or agents, to do or perform any of the covenants, acts, matters, or things by this Contract undertaken to be done or performed by the Contractor or his subcontractors, employees, or agents, or from any injuries done to property or persons and caused by the negligence or alleged negligence of the Contractor or his subcontractors, employees, or agents, or in any other manner arising out of the performance of this Contract, then the Contractor shall immediately assume and take charge of the defense of such actions or suits in like manner and to all intents and purposes as if said actions or suits have been brought directly against the Contractor, and the Contractor shall also indemnify and save harmless the City, its officers, agents, and employees from any and all loss, cost or damage whatever arising out of such actions or suits, in like manner and to all intents and purposes as if said actions or suits have been brought directly against the Contractor.

The Contractor shall and does hereby assume all liability for and agrees to indemnify the City or its Engineer against any or all loss, costs, damages, and liability for any or by reason of any lien, claims or demands, either for materials purchased or for work performed by laborers, mechanics, and others and from any damages, costs, actions, or causes of action and judgement arising from injuries sustained by mechanics, laborers, or other persons by reason of accidents or otherwise, whether caused by the carelessness or inefficiency or neglect of said Contractor, his subcontractors, agents, employees, workmen or otherwise.

ARTICLE 11.04 CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES

If the Contractor shall claim compensation for any damage sustained, other than for extra or disputed work covered by Article 7.02 and 7.03 hereof, by reason of any act or omission of the City, its agents, or any persons, he shall, within five days after sustaining such damage, make and

deliver to the Engineer a written statement of the nature of the damage sustained and of the basis of the claim against the City. On or before the 15th of the month succeeding that in which any damage shall have been sustained, the Contractor shall make and deliver to the Engineer an itemized statement of the details and amounts of such damage, duly verified by the Contractor. Unless such statements shall be made delivered within the times aforesaid, it is stipulated that and all claims for such compensation shall be forfeited and invalidated, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to payment on account of such claims.

ARTICLE 11.05 NO CLAIMS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS

No claim whatsoever shall be made by the Contractor against any officer, agent, employee of the City for, or on account of, anything done or omitted to be done in connection with this Contract.

ARTICLE 11.06 LIABILITY UNAFFECTED

Nothing herein contained shall in any manner create any liability against the City on behalf of any claim for labor, services, or materials, or of subcontractors, and nothing herein contained shall affect the liability of the Contractor or his sureties to the City or to any workmen or materialsmen upon bond given in connection with this Contract.

ARTICLE 11.07 INDEMNIFICATION PROVISIONS

Whenever there appears in this Agreement, or in the other Contract Documents made a part hereof, an indemnification provision within the purview of Chapter 725.06, Laws of Florida, the monetary limitation on the extent of the indemnification under each such provision shall be One Million Dollars or a sum equal to the total Contract price, whichever shall be the greater.

ARTICLE 11.08 UNLAWFUL PROVISIONS DEEMED STRICKEN

If this contract contains any unlawful provisions not an essential part of the Contract and which shall not appear to have a controlling or material inducement to the making thereof, such provisions shall be deemed of no effect and shall, upon notice by either party, be deemed stricken from the Contract without affecting the binding force of the remainder.

ARTICLE 11.09 LEGAL PROVISIONS DEEMED INCLUDED

Each and every provision of any law and clause required by law to be inserted in this Contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein, and the Contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein and if, through mistake or otherwise, any such provision is not inserted or is not correctly inserted, then upon application of either party the Contract shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

ARTICLE 11.10 DEATH OR INCOMPETENCY OF CONTRACTOR

In the event of death or legal incompetency of a Contractor who shall be an individual or surviving member of a contracting firm, such death or adjudication of incompetency

shall not terminate the Contract, but shall act as default hereunder to the effect provided in Article 9.01 hereof and the estate of the Contractor and his surety shall remain liable hereunder to the same extent as though the Contractor had lived. Notice of default, as provided in Article 9.01 hereof, shall not be required to be given in the event of such death or adjudication of incompetency.

ARTICLE 11.11 NUMBER AND GENDER OF WORDS

Whenever the context so admits or requires, all references herein in one number shall be deemed extended to and including the other number, whether singular or plural, and the use of any gender shall be applicable to all genders.

ARTICLE 11.12 ACCESS TO RECORDS

Representatives of Federal Agencies, if applicable, and the State of Florida shall have access to the work whenever it is in preparation of progress. On federally assisted projects the Federal Agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any authorized representative shall have access to any books, documents, papers, and records of the Contractor which are pertinent to the project for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts, and transcription thereof.

**SECTION 12
LABOR STANDARDS**

ARTICLE 12.01 LABOR STANDARDS

The Contractor shall comply with all of the regulations set forth in "Labor Standards Provisions for Federally Assisted Construction Contracts", which may be attached, and any applicable Florida Statutes.

ARTICLE 12.02 NOTICE TO LABOR UNIONS

If required, the Contractor shall provide Labor Unions and other organizations of workers, and shall post, in a conspicuous place available to employees or applicants for employment, a completed copy of the form entitled "Notice to Labor Unions or Other Organizations of Workers" attached to and made a part of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 12.03 SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS

The Contractor shall comply with the Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91- 596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54). Nothing in these Acts shall be construed to supersede or in any manner affect any worker's compensation law or statutory rights, duties, or liabilities of employers and employees under any law with respect to injuries, diseases, or death of employees arising out of, or in the course of, employment.

ARTICLE 12.04 EEO AFFIRMATIVE ACTION REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor understands and agrees to be bound by the equal opportunity requirements of Federal regulations which shall be applicable throughout the performance of work under this Contract. The Contractor also agrees to similarly

bind contractually each subcontractor. In policies, the Contractor agrees to engage in Affirmative Action directed at promoting and ensuring equal employment opportunity in the work force used under the Contract (and the Contractor agrees to require contractually the same effort of all subcontractors whose subcontractors exceed \$100,000). The Contractor understands and agrees that "Affirmative Action" as used herein shall constitute a good faith effort to achieve and maintain minority employment in each trade in the on-site work force used on the Contract.

ARTICLE 12.05 PREVAILING RATES OF WAGES

Florida's prevailing wage law was repealed effective April 25, 1979.

For Federally assisted projects, appropriate prevailing wage rate determinations are indicated on pages beginning with WR-1.

* * * * *

IN WITNESS THEREOF, the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals, and such of them as are corporation have caused these present to be signed by their duly authorized officers.

CITY OF TAMPA, FLORIDA

Jane Castor, Mayor
(SEAL)

ATTEST:

City Clerk

Approved as to Form:
The execution of this document was authorized
by Resolution No. _____

Marcella T. Hamilton E/S
Marcella T. Hamilton, Senior Assistant City Attorney

Contractor

By: _____
(SEAL)

Title:

ATTEST:

Witness

TAMPA AGREEMENT (ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PRINCIPAL)

STATE OF _____)
) SS:
COUNTY OF _____)

For a Firm:

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me by means of physical presence or online notarization, this ____ day of _____, _____.

Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida

Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of
Notary Public

Personally Known OR Produced Identification

Type of Identification Produced:

PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION BOND

Bond No. (enter bond number) _____

Name of Contractor: _____

Principal Business Address of Contractor: _____

Telephone Number of Contractor: _____

Name of Surety (if more than one list each): _____

Principal Business Address of Surety: _____

Telephone Number of Surety: _____

Owner is The City of Tampa, Florida

Principal Business Address of Owner: _____ 306 E Jackson St, Tampa, FL 33602

_____ Contract Administration Department (280A4N)

Telephone Number of Owner: _____ 813/274-8456

Contract Number Assigned by City to contract which is the subject of this bond: _____

Legal Description or Address of Property Improved or Contract Number is: _____

General Description of Work and Services: _____

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS That we, _____

(Name of Contractor)

as Principal, hereinafter called CONTRACTOR, of the State of _____, and

(Name of Surety)

a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of _____, and regularly authorized to do business in the State of Florida, as SURETY, are held and firmly bound unto the City of Tampa, a municipal corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Florida, hereinafter called Owner, in the penal sum of _____ Dollars and _____ Cents (\$ _____), lawful money of the United States of America, for the payment whereof well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND is that if Principal:

1. Performs the contract dated _____, _____, 20____, between Principal and Owner for construction of _____, the contract being made a part of this bond by reference, in the time and in the manner prescribed in the contract; and
2. Promptly makes payments to all claimants, as defined in Section 255.05(1) (Section 713.01), Florida Statutes, supplying Principal with labor, materials, or supplies, used directly or indirectly by Principal in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract; and
3. Pays Owner all losses, damages, expenses, costs, and attorney's fees, including appellate proceedings, that Owner sustains because of a default by Principal under the contract; and
4. Performs the guarantee of all work and materials furnished under the contract for the time specified in the contract, then this bond is void; otherwise it remains in full force.
5. Contractor and Surety acknowledge that the Work for which this bond has been issued may be one of several such contract documents for a group of projects. This bond does not secure covenants to pay for or to perform design services survey or program management services. The Owner/Obligee is expected to reasonably account for damages that are caused to Owner with respect to Principal's (Contractor's) default in performance of the scope of the Work incorporated by reference into the bond, and notwithstanding any contractual or common law remedy permitted to Owner as against Contractor, the obligation of Surety for any damages under this bond shall be determined by the cost of completion of the Work less the contract balance unpaid upon default of Contractor for the Work plus liquidated damages at the rate of \$500.00 per day for delays by the Contractor and/or Surety in reaching substantial completion.
6. The notice requirements for claimants and conditions for entitlement to payment set forth in Section 255.05, Fla. Stat. and the limitations period to actions upon Section 255.05, Fla. Stat. bonds apply to claimants seeking payment from surety under this bond. Any action instituted by a claimant under this bond for payment must be in accordance with the notice and time limitation provisions in Section 255.05, Florida Statutes.
7. The Surety, for value received, hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations or additions to the terms of the contract documents or other Work to be performed hereunder, or the specifications referred to therein shall in any way affect its obligations under this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of time, alterations or additions to the terms of the Contract or to Work or to the specifications.

8. The above SURETY states that it has read all of the Contract Documents made by the CONTRACTOR with the CITY, hereto attached, and the terms and conditions of the contract and work, and is familiar therewith and in particular those portions of the Agreement concerning the guaranty of such CONTRACTOR for a period of one year following the date of the final acceptance of the completed work under the Contract by the CITY, all of which this BOND includes.

DATED ON _____, 20__

(Name of Principal)

(Name of Surety)

(Principal Business Address)

(Surety Address)

By _____

By _____
(As Attorney in Fact)*

Title _____

Telephone Number of Surety

Telephone Number of Principal

Approved as to legal sufficiency:

Countersignature:

By Marcella T. Hamilton E/S
Marcella T. Hamilton, Senior Assistant City Attorney

(Name of Local Agency)

(Address of Resident Agent)

By _____

Title _____

Telephone Number of Local Agency

*(As Attorney in Fact) attach Power of Attorney and Current Certificate with Original Signature

SPECIFICATIONS GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 SCOPE AND INTENT

G-1.01 DESCRIPTION

The work to be done consists of the furnishing of all labor, materials and equipment, and the performance of all work included in this Contract.

G-1.02 WORK INCLUDED

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, superintendence, materials, plant, power, light, heat, fuel, water, tools, appliances, equipment, supplies, and other means of construction necessary or proper for performing and completing the work. He shall obtain and pay for all required permits. He shall perform and complete the work in the manner best calculated to promote rapid construction consistent with safety of life and property and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, and in strict accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall clean up the work and maintain it during and after construction, until accepted, and shall do all work and pay all costs incidental thereto. He shall repair or restore all structures and property that may be damaged or disturbed during performance of the work.

The cost of incidental work described in these General Provisions, for which there are no specific Contract Items, shall be considered as part of the overhead cost of doing the work and shall be included in the prices for the various Contract Items. No additional payment will be made therefor.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain such modern plant, tools, and equipment as may be necessary, in the opinion of the Engineer, to perform in a satisfactory and acceptable manner all the work required by this Contract. Only equipment of established reputation and proven efficiency shall be used. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for the adequacy of his plant and equipment, prior approval of the Engineer notwithstanding.

G-1.03 PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATIONS AND STRUCTURES

Public utility installations and structures shall be understood to include all poles, tracks, pipes, wires, conduits, house service connections, vaults, manholes, and all other appurtenances and facilities pertaining thereto whether owned or controlled by the City, other governmental bodies or privately owned by individuals, firms, or corporations, and used to serve the public with transportation, traffic control, gas, electricity, telephone, sewerage, drainage, water or other public or private property which may be affected by the work.

The Contract Documents contain data relative to existing public utility installations and structures above and below the ground surface. These data are not guaranteed as to their completeness or accuracy and it is the responsibility of the Contractor to make his own investigations to inform himself

fully of the character, condition and extent of all such installations and structures as may be encountered and as may affect the construction operations.

The Contractor shall protect all public utility installations and structures from damage during the work. Access across any buried public utility installation or structure shall be made only in such locations and by means approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall so arrange his operations as to avoid any damage to these facilities. All required protective devices and construction shall be provided by the Contractor at his expense. All existing public utilities damaged by the Contractor which are shown on the Plans or have been located in the field by the utility shall be repaired by the Contractor, at his expense, as directed by the Engineer. No separate payment shall be made for such protection or repairs to public utility installations or structures.

Public utility installations or structures owned or controlled by the City or other governmental body which are shown on the Plans to be removed, relocated, replaced or rebuilt by the Contractor shall be considered as a part of the general cost of doing the work and shall be included in the prices bid for the various Contract Items. No separate payment shall be made therefor.

Where public utility installations or structures owned or controlled by the City or other governmental body are encountered during the course of the work, and are not indicated on the Plans or in the Specifications, and when, in the opinion of the Engineer, removal, relocation, replacement or rebuilding is necessary to complete the work under this Contract, such work shall be accomplished by the utility having jurisdiction or such work may be ordered, in writing by the Engineer, for the Contractor to accomplish. If such work is accomplished by the utility having jurisdiction it will be carried out expeditiously and the Contractor shall give full cooperation to permit the utility to complete the removal, relocation, replacement or rebuilding as required. If such work is accomplished by the Contractor, it will be paid for as extra work as provided for in Article 7.02 of the Agreement.

The Contractor shall, at all times in performance of the work, employ approved methods and exercise reasonable care and skill so as to avoid unnecessary delay, injury, damage or destruction of public utility installations and structures; and shall, at all times in the performance of the work, avoid unnecessary interference with, or interruption of, public utility services, and shall cooperate fully with the owners thereof to that end.

All City and other governmental utility departments and other owners of public utilities, which may be affected by the work, will be informed in writing by the Engineer within two weeks after the execution of the Contract or Contracts covering the work. Such notice will set out, in general, and direct attention to, the responsibilities of the City and other governmental

utility departments and other owners of public utilities for such installations and structures as may be affected by the work and will be accompanied by one set of Plans and Specifications covering the work under such Contract or Contracts.

In addition to the general notice given by the Engineer, the Contractor shall give written notice to all City and other governmental utility departments and other owners of public utilities of the location of his proposed construction operations, at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance of breaking ground in any area or on any unit of the work. This can be accomplished by making the appropriate contact with the "Underground Utility Notification Center for Excavators (Call Candy)".

The maintenance, repair, removal, relocation, or rebuilding of public utility installations and structures, when accomplished by the Contractor as herein provided, shall be done by methods approved by the Engineer.

SECTION 2 PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

G-2.01 PLANS

The Plans referred to in the Contract Documents bear the general project name and number as shown in the Notice To Bidders.

When obtaining data and information from the Plans, figures shall be used in preference to scaled dimensions, and large scale drawings in preference to small scale drawings.

G-2.02 COPIES FURNISHED TO CONTRACTOR

After the Contract has been executed, the Contractor will be furnished with five sets of paper prints, the same size as the original drawings, of each sheet of the Plans and five copies of the Specifications. Additional copies of the Plans and Specifications, when requested, may be furnished to the Contractor at cost of reproduction.

The Contractor shall furnish each of the subcontractors, manufacturers, and material suppliers such copies of the Contract Documents as may be required for his work.

G-2.03 SUPPLEMENTARY DRAWINGS

When, in the opinion of the Engineer, it becomes necessary to explain more fully the work to be done or to illustrate the work further or to show any changes which may be required, drawings known as Supplementary Drawings, with specifications pertaining thereto, will be prepared by the Engineer and five paper prints thereof will be given to the Contractor.

The Supplementary Drawings shall be binding upon the Contractor with the same force as the Plans. Where such Supplementary Drawings require either less or more than the estimated quantities of work, credit to the City or compensation therefor to the Contractor shall be subject to the terms of the Agreement.

G-2.04 CONTRACTOR TO CHECK PLANS AND DATA

The Contractor shall verify all dimensions, quantities, and details shown on the Plans, Supplementary Drawings, Schedules, Specifications, or other data received from the Engineer, and shall notify him of all errors, omissions, conflicts, and discrepancies found therein. Failure to discover or correct errors, conflicts or discrepancies shall not relieve the Contractor of full responsibility for unsatisfactory work, faulty construction or improper operation resulting therefrom nor from rectifying such conditions at his own expense. He will not be allowed to take advantage of any errors or omissions as full instructions will be furnished by the Engineer, should such errors or omissions be discovered. All schedules are given for the convenience of the Engineer and the Contractor and are not guaranteed to be complete. The Contractor shall assume all responsibility for the making of estimates of the size, kind, and quality of materials and equipment included in work to be done under the Contract.

G-2.05 SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications consist of four parts, the General Provisions, the Technical Specifications, the Special Provisions and the Contract Items. The General Provisions and Technical Specifications contain general requirements which govern the work. The Special Provisions and the Contract Items modify and supplement these by detailed requirements for the work and shall always govern, whenever there appears to be conflict.

G-2.06 INTENT

All work called for in the Specifications applicable to this Contract, but not shown on the Plans in their present form, or vice versa, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. Work not specified in either the Plans or in the Specifications, but involved in carrying out their intent or in the complete and proper execution of the work, is required and shall be performed by the Contractor as though it were specifically delineated or described.

The apparent silence of the Specifications as to any detail, or the apparent omission from them of a detailed description concerning any work to be done and materials to be furnished, shall be regarded as meaning that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only material and workmanship of the best quality is to be used, and interpretation of these Specifications shall be made upon that basis.

SECTION 3 WORKING DRAWINGS

G-3.01 SCOPE

The Contractor shall promptly prepare and submit layout, detail and shop drawings to insure proper construction, assembly, and installation of the work using those materials and methods as hereafter specified under the Technical Specifications, Special Provisions and Contract Items.

These drawings shall accurately and distinctly present the following:

- a. All working and erection dimensions.
- b. Arrangements and sectional views.
- c. Necessary details, including complete information for making connections between work under this Contract and work under other Contracts.
- d. Kinds of materials and finishes.
- e. Parts listed and description thereof.

Drawings for mechanical equipment shall present, where applicable, such data as dimensions, weight and performance characteristics. These data shall show conformance with the performance characteristics and other criteria incorporated in the Plans and Specifications.

Each drawing shall be dated and shall contain the name of the project, Division number and description, the technical specifications section number, names of equipment or materials and the location at which the equipment or materials are to be installed. Location shall mean both physical location and location relative to other connected or attached material. The Engineer will return unchecked any submittal which does not contain complete data on the work and full information on related matters.

Stock or standard drawings will not be accepted for review unless full identification and supplementary information is shown thereon in ink or typewritten form.

The Contractor shall review all working drawing submittals before transmitting them to the Engineer to determine that they comply with requirements of the Specifications. Drawings which are incomplete or are not in compliance with the Contract Documents shall not be submitted for processing by the Engineer. The Contractor shall place his stamp of approval on all working drawings submitted to the Engineer to indicate compliance with the above.

G-3.02 APPROVAL

If the working drawings show departures from the Contract requirements, the Contractor shall make specific mention thereof in his letter of submittal; otherwise approval of such submittals shall not constitute approval of the departure. Approval of the drawings shall constitute approval of the subject matter thereof only and not of any structure, material, equipment, or apparatus shown or indicated.

The approval of drawings will be general and shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the accuracy of such drawings, nor for the proper fitting and construction of the work, nor for the furnishing of materials or work required by the Contract and not indicated on the drawings. No work called for by working drawings shall be done until such drawings have been approved by the Engineer.

The procedure in seeking approval of the working drawings shall be as follows:

1. The Contractor shall submit four complete sets of drawings

and other descriptive data together with one copy of a letter of transmittal to the Engineer for approval. The letter of transmittal shall contain the name of the project, contract number, technical specifications section number, the name of the Contractor, a list of drawings with numbers and titles, and any other pertinent information.

2. Drawings or descriptive data will be stamped "Approved", "Approved Subject to Corrections Marked", or "Examined and Returned for Correction" and one copy with a letter of transmittal will be returned to the Contractor.

3. If a drawing or other data is stamped "Approved", the Contractor shall insert the date of approval on five additional copies of the document and transmit the five copies to the Engineer together with one copy of a letter of transmittal containing substantially the same information as described in Instruction 1. above.

4. If a drawing or other data is stamped "Approved Subject to Corrections Marked", the Contractor shall make the corrections indicated and proceed as in Instruction 3., above.

5. If a drawing or data is stamped "Examined and Returned for Correction", the Contractor shall make the necessary corrections and resubmit the documents as set forth in Instruction 1., above. The letter of transmittal shall indicate that this is a resubmittal.

The Contractor shall revise and resubmit the working drawings as required by the Engineer, until approval thereof is obtained.

SECTION 4 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

G-4.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

All materials, appliances, and types or methods of construction shall be in accordance with the Specifications and shall, in no event, be less than that necessary to conform to the requirements of any applicable laws, ordinances, and codes.

All materials and equipment shall be new, unused, and correctly designed. They shall be of standard first grade quality, produced by expert personnel, and intended for the use for which they are offered. Materials or equipment which, in the opinion of the Engineer, are inferior or of a lower grade than indicated, specified, or required will not be accepted.

The quality of Workmanship and Materials entering into the work under this Contract shall conform to the requirements of the pertinent sections, clauses, paragraphs, and sentences, both directly and indirectly applicable thereto, of that part of the Technical Specifications, whether or not direct reference to such occurs in the Contract Items.

Equipment and appurtenances shall be designed in conformity with ANSI, ASME, IEEE, NEMA and other

generally accepted standards and shall be of rugged construction and of sufficient strength to withstand all stresses which may occur during fabrication, testing, transportation, installation, and all conditions of operation. All bearings and moving parts shall be adequately protected against wear by bushings or other approved means and shall be fully lubricated by readily accessible devices. Details shall be designed for appearance as well as utility. Protruding members, joints, corners, gear covers, and the like, shall be finished in appearance. All exposed welds shall be ground smooth and the corners of structural shapes shall be mitered.

Equipment shall be of the approximate dimensions as indicated on the Plans or as specified, shall fit the spaces shown on the Plans with adequate clearances, and shall be capable of being handled through openings provided in the structure for this purpose. The equipment shall be of such design that piping and electrical connections, ductwork, and auxiliary equipment can be assembled and installed without causing major revisions to the location or arrangement of any of the facilities.

Machinery parts shall conform exactly to the dimensions shown on the working drawings. There shall be no more fitting or adjusting in setting up a machine than is necessary in assembling high grade apparatus of standard design. The equivalent parts of identical machines shall be made interchangeable. All grease lubricating fittings on equipment shall be of a uniform type. All machinery and equipment shall be safeguarded in accordance with the safety codes of the ANSI and applicable state and local codes.

G-4.02 MANUFACTURER

The names of proposed manufacturers, suppliers, material, and dealers who are to furnish materials, fixtures, equipment, appliances or other fittings shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval, as early as possible, to afford proper investigation and checking. Such approval must be obtained before shop drawings will be checked. No manufacturer will be approved for any materials to be furnished under this Contract unless he shall be of good reputation and have a plant of ample capacity. He shall, upon the request of the Engineer, be required to submit evidence that he has manufactured a similar product to the one specified and that it has been previously used for a like purpose for a sufficient length of time to demonstrate its satisfactory performance.

All transactions with the manufacturers or subcontractors shall be through the Contractor, unless the Contractor shall request, in writing to the Engineer, that the manufacturer or subcontractor deal directly with the Engineer. Any such transactions shall not in any way release the Contractor from his full responsibility under this Contract.

Any two or more pieces of material or equipment of the same kind, type or classification, and being used for identical types of service, shall be made by the same manufacturer.

G-4.03 REFERENCE TO STANDARDS

Whenever reference is made to the furnishing of materials or

testing thereof to conform to the standards of any technical society, organization or body, it shall be construed to mean the latest standard, code, specification or tentative specification adopted and published at the date of advertisement for proposals, even though reference has been made to an earlier standard, and such standards are made a part hereof to the extent which is indicated or intended.

Reference to a technical society, organization or body may be made in the Specifications by abbreviations, in accordance with the following list:

AASHTO for American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (formerly AASHO)
ACI for American Concrete Institute
AGMA for American Gear Manufacturer's Association
AFBMA for Anti-Friction Bearing Manufacturer's Association
AISC for American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI for American Iron and Steel Institute
ANSI for American National Standards Institute
ASCE for American Society of Civil Engineers
ASTM for American Society for Testing and Materials
ASME for American Society of Mechanical Engineers
AWS for American Welding Society
AWWA for American Water Works Association
AWPA for American Wood Preservers Association
CEMA for Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association
CIPRA for Cast Iron Pipe Research Association
IEEE for Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IPCEA for Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association
NEC for National Electrical Code
NEMA for National Electrical Manufacturers Association
SAE for Society of Automotive Engineers
SHBI for Steel Heating Boiler Institute
Fed.Spec. for Federal Specifications
Navy Spec. for Navy Department Specifications
U.L.,Inc. for Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

When no reference is made to a code, standard or specification, the Standard Specifications of the ANSI, the ASME, the ASTM, the IEEE, or the NEMA shall govern.

G-4.04 SAMPLES

The Contractor shall, when required, submit to the Engineer for approval typical samples of materials and equipment. The samples shall be properly identified by tags and shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of the time when they are to be incorporated into the work, so that rejections thereof will not cause delay. A letter of transmittal, in duplicate, from the Contractor requesting approval must accompany all such samples.

G-4.05 EQUIVALENT QUALITY

Whenever, in the Contract Documents, an article, material, apparatus, equipment, or process is called for by trade name or by the name of a patentee, manufacturer, or dealer or by reference to catalogs of a manufacturer or dealer, it shall be understood as intending to mean and specify the article, material, apparatus, equipment or process designated, or any

equal thereto in quality, finish, design, efficiency, and durability and equally serviceable for the purposes for which it is intended.

Whenever material or equipment is submitted for approval as being equal to that specified, the decision as to whether or not such material or equipment is equal to that specified shall be made by the Engineer.

Upon rejection of any material or equipment submitted as the equivalent of that specifically named in the Contract, the Contractor shall immediately proceed to furnish the designated material or equipment.

Neither the approval by the Engineer of alternate material or equipment as being equivalent to that specified nor the furnishing of the material or equipment specified, shall in any way relieve the Contractor of responsibility for failure of the material or equipment, due to faulty design, material, or workmanship, to perform the functions required of them by the Specifications.

G-4.06 DELIVERY

The Contractor shall deliver materials in ample quantities to insure the most speedy and uninterrupted progress of the work so as to complete the work within the allotted time. The Contractor shall also coordinate deliveries in order to avoid a delay in, or impediment of, the progress of the work of any related Contractor.

G-4.07 CARE AND PROTECTION

The Contractor shall be solely responsible for properly storing and protecting all materials, equipment, and work furnished under the Contract from the time such materials and equipment are delivered at the site of the work until final acceptance thereof. He shall, at all times, take necessary precautions to prevent injury or damage by water, freezing, or by inclemencies of the weather to such materials, equipment and work. All injury or damage to materials, equipment, or work resulting from any cause whatsoever shall be made good by the Contractor.

The Engineer shall, in all cases, determine the portion of the site to be used by the Contractor for storage, plant or for other purposes. If, however, it becomes necessary to remove and restack materials to avoid impeding the progress of any part of the work or interference with the work to be done by any other Contractor, the Contractor shall remove and restack such materials at his own expense.

G-4.08 TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES

The Contractor shall, unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, furnish with each type, kind or size of equipment, one complete set of suitably marked high grade special tools and appliances which may be needed to adjust, operate, maintain, or repair the equipment. Such tools and appliances shall be furnished in approved painted steel cases, properly labeled and equipped with good grade cylinder locks and duplicate keys.

Spare parts shall be furnished as specified.

Each piece of equipment shall be provided with a substantial nameplate, securely fastened in place and clearly inscribed with the manufacturer's name, year of manufacture, serial number, weight and principal rating data.

G-4.09 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

The Contractor shall have on hand sufficient proper equipment and machinery of ample capacity to facilitate the work and to handle all emergencies normally encountered in work of this character.

Equipment shall be erected in a neat and workmanlike manner on the foundations at the locations and elevations shown on the Plans, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer during installation. All equipment shall be correctly aligned, leveled and adjusted for satisfactory operation and shall be installed so that proper and necessary connections can be made readily between the various units.

The Contractor shall furnish, install and protect all necessary anchor and attachment bolts and all other appurtenances needed for the installation of the devices included in the equipment specified. Anchor bolts shall be as approved by the Engineer and made of ample size and strength for the purpose intended. Substantial templates and working drawings for installation shall be furnished.

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, furnish all materials and labor for, and shall properly bed in non-shrink grout, each piece of equipment on its supporting base that rests on masonry foundations. Grout shall completely fill the space between the equipment base and the foundation.

G-4.10 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The Contractor, through qualified individuals, shall adequately instruct designated employees of the City in the operation and care of all equipment installed hereunder, except for equipment that may be furnished by the City.

The Contractor shall also furnish and deliver to the Engineer three complete sets for permanent files, identified in accordance with Subsection G-3.01 hereof, of instructions, technical bulletins and any other printed matter, such as diagrams, prints or drawings, containing full information required for the proper operation, maintenance, and repair, of the equipment installed and the ordering of spare parts, except for equipment that may be furnished by the City.

In addition to the above three copies, the Contractor shall furnish any additional copies that may be required for use during construction and start-up operations.

G-4.11 SERVICE OF MANUFACTURER'S ENGINEER

The Contract prices for equipment shall include the cost of furnishing a competent and experienced engineer or superintendent who shall represent the manufacturer and shall assist the Contractor, when required, to install, adjust, test and place in operation the equipment in conformity with the Contract Documents. After the equipment is placed in

permanent operation by the City, such engineer or superintendent shall make all adjustments and tests required by the Engineer to provide that such equipment is in proper and satisfactory operating condition, and shall instruct such personnel as may be designated by the City in the proper operation and maintenance of such equipment.

SECTION 5 INSPECTION AND TESTING

G-5.01 GENERAL

The Contractor's attention is hereby directed to Article 3.03 of the Agreement.

Inspection and testing of materials will be performed by the City unless otherwise specified.

For tests specified to be made by the Contractor, the testing personnel shall make the necessary inspections and tests and the reports thereof shall be in such form as will facilitate checking to determine compliance with the Contract Documents. Five copies of the reports shall be submitted and authoritative certification thereof must be furnished to the Engineer as a prerequisite for the acceptance of any material or equipment.

If, in the making of any test of any material or equipment, it is ascertained by the Engineer that the material or equipment does not comply with the Contract, the Contractor will be notified thereof and he will be directed to refrain from delivering said material and equipment, or to remove it promptly from the site or from the work and replace it with acceptable material, without cost to the City.

Tests of electrical and mechanical equipment and appliances shall be conducted in accordance with recognized test codes of the ANSI, ASME, or the IEEE, except as may otherwise be stated herein.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the proper operation of equipment during tests and instruction periods and shall neither have nor make any claim for damage which may occur to equipment prior to the time when the City formally takes over the operation thereof.

G-5.02 COSTS

All inspection and testing of materials furnished under this Contract will be performed by the City or duly authorized inspection engineers or inspection bureaus without cost to the Contractor, unless otherwise expressly specified.

The cost of shop and field tests of equipment and of certain other tests specifically called for in the Contract Documents shall be borne by the Contractor and such costs shall be deemed to be included in the contract price.

Materials and equipment submitted by the Contractor as the equivalent to those specifically named in the Contract may be tested by the City for compliance. The Contractor shall reimburse the City for the expenditures incurred in making

such tests on materials and equipment which are rejected for noncompliance.

G-5.03 INSPECTIONS OF MATERIALS

The Contractor shall give notice, in writing to the Engineer, sufficiently in advance of his intention to commence the manufacture or preparation of materials especially manufactured or prepared for use in or as part of the permanent construction. Such notice shall contain a request for inspection, the date of commencement and the expected date of completion of the manufacture or preparation of materials. Upon receipt of such notice the Engineer will arrange to have a representative present at such times during the manufacture as may be necessary to inspect the materials or he will notify the Contractor that inspection will be made at a point other than the point of manufacture, or he will notify the Contractor that inspection will be waived. The Contractor must comply with these provisions before shipping any material. Such inspection shall not release the Contractor from the responsibility for furnishing materials meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents.

G-5.04 CERTIFICATE OF MANUFACTURE

When inspection is waived or when the Engineer so requires, the Contractor shall furnish to him authoritative evidence in the form of Certificates of Manufacture that the materials to be used in the work have been manufactured and tested in conformity with the Contract Documents. These certificates shall be notarized and shall include copies of the results of physical tests and chemical analyses, where necessary, that have been made directly on the product or on similar products of the manufacturer.

G-5.05 SHOP TESTS OF OPERATING EQUIPMENT

Each piece of equipment for which pressure, duty, capacity, rating, efficiency, performance, function, or special requirements are specified shall be tested in the shop of the maker in a manner which shall conclusively prove that its characteristics comply fully with the requirements of the Contract Documents. No such equipment shall be shipped to the work until the Engineer notifies the Contractor, in writing, that the results of such tests are acceptable.

Five copies of the manufacturer's actual test data and interpreted results thereof, accompanied by a certificate of authenticity sworn to by a responsible official of the manufacturing company, shall be forwarded to the Engineer for approval.

The cost of the shop tests and of furnishing manufacturer's preliminary and shop test data of operating equipment shall be borne by the Contractor.

G-5.06 PRELIMINARY FIELD TESTS

As soon as conditions permit, the Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, and instruments and shall make preliminary field tests of equipment. If the preliminary field tests disclose any equipment furnished under this Contract which does not comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, prior to the acceptance tests, make all changes, adjustments, and replacements required.

TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

G-5.07 FINAL FIELD TESTS

Upon completion of the work and prior to final payment, all equipment and appliances installed under this Contract shall be subjected to acceptance tests as specified or required to prove compliance with the Contract Documents.

The Contractor shall furnish labor, fuel, energy, water and all other materials, equipment, and instruments necessary for all acceptance tests, at no additional cost to the City.

G-5.08 FAILURE OF TESTS

Any defects in the materials and equipment or their failure to meet the tests, guarantees or requirements of the Contract Documents shall be promptly corrected by the Contractor by replacements or otherwise. The decision of the Engineer as to whether or not the Contractor has fulfilled his obligations under the Contract shall be final and conclusive. If the Contractor fails to make those corrections or if the improved materials and equipment, when tested, shall again fail to meet the guarantees or specified requirements, the City, notwithstanding its partial payment for work, and materials and equipment, may reject the materials and equipment and may order the Contractor to remove them from the site at his own expense.

In case the City rejects any materials and equipment, then the Contractor shall replace the rejected materials and equipment within a reasonable time. If he fails to do so, the City may, after the expiration of a period of thirty calendar days after giving him notice in writing, proceed to replace such rejected materials and equipment, and the cost thereof shall be deducted from any compensation due or which may become due the Contractor under this Contract.

The City agrees to obtain other equipment within a reasonable time and the Contractor agrees that the City may use the equipment furnished by him without rental or other charges until the new equipment is obtained.

Materials or work in place that fails to pass acceptability tests shall be retested at the direction of the construction engineer all such retests shall be at the Contractor's expense. The rates charged shall be in accordance with the Department of Public Works current annual inspection contract which is available for inspection at the offices of the Department of Public Works.

G-5.09 FINAL INSPECTION

The procedures for final inspection shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 4.07 of the Agreement. During such final inspections, the work shall be clean and free from water. In no case will the final estimate be prepared until the Contractor has complied with all the requirements set forth and the Engineer has made his final inspection of the entire work and is satisfied that the entire work is properly and satisfactorily constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

SECTION 6

G-6.01 GENERAL

All false work, scaffolding, ladders, hoistways, braces, pumping plants, shields, trestles, roadways, sheeting, centering forms, barricades, drains, flumes, and the like, any of which may be needed in the construction of any part of the work and which are not herein described or specified in detail, must be furnished, maintained and removed by the Contractor, and he shall be responsible for the safety and efficiency of such works and for any damages that may result from their failure or from their improper construction, maintenance, or operation.

G-6.02 PUBLIC ACCESS

At all points in the work where public access to any building, house, place of business, public road, or sidewalk would be obstructed by any action of the Contractor in executing the work required by this Contract, the Contractor shall provide such temporary structure, bridges or roadway as may be necessary to maintain public access at all times. At least one lane for vehicular traffic shall be maintained in streets in which the Contractor is working. Street closure permits are required from the Department of Public Works.

The Contractor shall provide suitable temporary bridges, as directed by the Engineer, at street intersections when necessary for the maintenance of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

Prior to temporarily cutting of access to driveways and garages, the Contractor shall give twelve (12) hours notice to affected property owners. Interruptions to use of private driveways shall be kept to a minimum.

G-6.03 CONTRACTOR'S FIELD OFFICE

The Contractor shall erect, furnish and maintain a field office with a telephone at the site during the entire period of construction. He or an authorized agent shall be present at this office at all times while his work is in progress. Readily accessible copies of both the Contract Documents and the latest approved working drawings shall be kept at this field office.

G-6.04 TEMPORARY FENCE

If, during the course of the work, it is necessary to remove or disturb any fence or part thereof, the Contractor shall, at his own expense, if so ordered by the Engineer, provide a suitable temporary fence which shall be maintained until the permanent fence is replaced. The Engineer shall be solely responsible for the determination of the necessity for providing a temporary fence and the type of temporary fence to be used.

G-6.05 RESPONSIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

In accepting the Contract, the Contractor assumes full responsibility for the sufficiency and safety of all temporary structures or work and for any damage which may result from their failure or their improper construction, maintenance, or operation and will indemnify and save harmless the City from

all claims, suits or actions and damages or costs of every description arising by reason of failure to comply with the above provisions.

SECTION 7 TEMPORARY SERVICES

G-7.01 WATER

The Contractor shall provide the necessary water supply at his own expense. He shall, if necessary, provide and lay necessary waterlines from existing mains to the place of using, shall secure all necessary permits and pay for all taps to water mains or hydrants and for all water used at the established rates.

G-7.02 LIGHT AND POWER

The Contractor shall provide, at his own expense, temporary lighting and power facilities required for the proper prosecution and inspection of the work. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, these facilities are inadequate, the Contractor will not be permitted to proceed with any portion of the work affected thereby.

G-7.03 SANITARY REGULATIONS

The Contractor shall prohibit and prevent the committing of nuisances on the site of the work or on adjoining property and shall discharge any employee who violates this rule.

Ample washrooms and toilet facilities and a drinking water supply shall be furnished and maintained in strict conformity with the law by the Contractor for use by his employees.

G-7.04 ACCIDENT PREVENTION

Precautions shall be exercised at all times for the protection of persons and property. The safety provisions of applicable laws, building and construction codes shall be observed. The Contractor shall comply with the U. S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-596), and under Section 107 of the Contract Work. Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54), except where state and local safety standards exceed the federal requirements and except where state safety standards have been approved by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

G-7.05 FIRST AID

The Contractor shall keep upon the site, at each location where work is in progress, a completely equipped first aid kit and shall provide ready access thereto at all times when men are employed on the work.

G-7.06 HEATING

The Contractor shall provide temporary heat, at his own expense, whenever required on account of work being carried on during cold weather and to prevent freezing of water pipes and other damage to the work.

SECTION 8

LINES AND GRADES

G-8.01 GENERAL

All work done under this Contract shall be constructed in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the Plans, or as given by the Engineer. The full responsibility for keeping alignment and grade shall rest upon the Contractor.

The Engineer will establish bench marks and base line controlling points. Reference remarks for lines and grades as the work progresses will be located to cause as little inconvenience to the prosecution of the work as possible. The Contractor shall so place excavation and other materials as to cause no inconvenience in the use of the use of the reference marks provided. He shall remove any obstructions placed by him contrary to this provision.

G-8.02 SURVEYS

The Contractor shall furnish and maintain, at his own expense, stakes and other such materials, and give such assistance, including qualified helpers, as may be required by the Engineer for setting reference marks. The Contractor shall check such reference marks by such means as he may deem necessary and, before using them, shall call the Engineer's attention to any inaccuracies. The Contractor shall, at his own expense, establish all working or construction lines and grades as required from the reference marks set by the Engineer, and shall be solely responsible for the accuracy thereof. He shall, however, be subject to the check and review of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall keep the Engineer informed a reasonable time in advance as to his need for line and grade reference marks, in order that they may be furnished and all necessary measurements made for record and payment with the minimum of inconvenience to the Engineer or of delay to the Contractor.

It is the intention not to delay the work for the establishment of reference marks but, when necessary, working operations shall be suspended for such reasonable time as the Engineer may require for this purpose.

G-8.03 SAFEGUARDING MARKS

The Contractor shall safeguard all points, stakes, grade marks, monuments and bench marks made or established on the work, bear the cost of reestablishing them if disturbed, and bear the entire expense of rectifying work improperly installed due to not maintaining or protecting or to removing without authorization such established points, stakes and marks.

The Contractor shall safeguard all existing and known property corners, monuments and marks adjacent to but not related to the work and, if required, shall bear the cost of reestablishing them if disturbed or destroyed.

G-8.04 DATUM PLANE

All elevations indicated or specified refer to the Mean Sea Level Datum of the U.S.C. & G.S. (N.O.S.) which is 0.80 feet above the Mean Low Water Datum of the U. S. Army

Corps of Engineers.

SECTION 9 ADJACENT STRUCTURES AND LANDSCAPING

G-9.01 RESPONSIBILITY

The responsibility for removal, replacement, relocation, repair, rebuilding or protection of all public utility installations, including poles, tracks, pipes, wires, conduits, house service connections, vaults, manholes, sewers, traffic control and fire alarm signal circuit installations and other appurtenances and facilities shall be in accordance with G-1.02 and G-1.03.

The Contractor shall also be entirely responsible and liable for all damage or injury as a result of his operations to all other adjacent public and private property, structures of any kind and appurtenances thereto met with during the progress of the work. The cost of protection, replacement in their original locations and conditions or payment of damages for injuries to such adjacent public and private property and structures affected by the work, whether or not shown on the Plans, and the removal, relocation, and reconstruction of such items called for on the Plans or specified shall be included in the various Contract Items and no separate payment will be made therefor. Where such public and private property, structures of any kind and appurtenances thereto are not shown on the Plans and when, in the opinion of the Engineer, removal or relocation and reconstruction is necessary to avoid interference with the work, payment therefor will be made as provided for extra work in Article 7.02 of the Agreement.

G-9.02 PROTECTION OF TREES

All trees and shrubs shall be adequately protected by the Contractor with boxes or otherwise and, within the City of Tampa, in accordance with ordinances governing the protection of trees. No excavated materials shall be placed so as to injure such trees or shrubs. Trees or shrubs destroyed by negligence of the Contractor or his employees shall be replaced by him with new stock of similar size and age, at the proper season, and at the sole expense of the Contractor.

Beneath trees or other surface structures, where possible, pipelines may be built in short tunnels, backfilled with excavated materials, except as otherwise specified, or the trees or structures carefully supported and protected from damage.

The City may order the Contractor, for the convenience of the City, to remove trees along the line of trench excavation. If so ordered, the City will obtain any permits required for removal of trees. Such tree removal ordered shall be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items.

G-9.03 LAWN AREAS

Lawn areas shall be left in as good condition as before the starting of the work. Where sod is to be removed, it shall be carefully removed and later replaced, or the area where sod has been removed shall be restored with new sod in the

manner described in the Technical Specifications section.

G-9.04 RESTORATION OF FENCES

Any fence, or part thereof, that is damaged or removed during the course of the work shall be replaced or repaired by the Contractor and shall be left in as good a condition as before the starting of the work. The manner in which the fence is repaired or replaced and the materials used in such work shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. The cost of all labor, materials, equipment, and work for the replacement or repair of any fence shall be deemed included in the appropriate Contract Item or Items, or if no specific Item is provided therefor, as part of the overhead cost of the work, and no additional payment will be made therefor.

SECTION 10 PROTECTION OF WORK AND PUBLIC

G-10.01 TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

The Contractor shall arrange his work to comply with Article G-6.02. The work shall be done with the least possible inconvenience to the public and to that end the work may be confined by the Engineer to one block at a time.

G-10.02 BARRIERS AND LIGHTS

During the prosecution of the work, the Contractor shall put up and maintain at all times such barriers, and lights, as will effectually prevent accidents. The Contractor shall provide suitable barricades, red lights, "danger" or "caution" or "street closed" signs and watchmen at all places where the work causes obstructions to the normal traffic or constitutes in any way a hazard to the public. Such barriers and signs shall be constructed to State of Florida Department of Transportation standards and placed as recommended by the Traffic Division of the City's Department of Public Works.

No open fires will be permitted.

G-10.03 SMOKE PREVENTIONS

The Contractor shall use hard coal, coke, oil or gas as fuel for equipment generating steam. A strict compliance with ordinances regulating the production and emission of smoke will be required.

G-10.04 NOISE

The Contractor shall eliminate noise to as great an extent as practicable at all times. Air compressing plants shall be equipped with silencers and the exhaust of all gasoline motors or other power equipment shall be provided with mufflers. In the vicinity of hospitals and schools, special care shall be used to avoid noise or other nuisances. The Contractor shall strictly observe all local regulations and ordinances covering noise control.

Except in the event of an emergency, no work shall be done between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., or on Sundays. If the proper and efficient prosecution of the work requires operations during the night, the written permission of the Engineer shall be obtained before starting such items of the work.

**SECTION 13
CLEANING**

G-10.05 ACCESS TO PUBLIC SERVICES

Neither the materials excavated nor the materials or plant used in the construction of the work shall be so placed as to prevent free access to all fire hydrants, valves or manholes.

G-10.06 DUST PREVENTION

The Contractor shall prevent dust nuisance from his operations or from traffic by keeping the streets sprinkled with water at all times.

G-10.07 PRIVATE PROPERTY

The Contractor shall so conduct the work that no equipment, material, or debris will be placed or allowed to fall upon private property in the vicinity of the work unless he shall have obtained the owner's written consent thereto and shall have shown this consent to the Engineer.

**SECTION 11
SLEEVES AND INSERTS**

G-11.01 COORDINATION

When the Contract requires the placing of conduits, saddles, boxes, cabinets, sleeves, inserts, foundation bolts, anchors, and other like work in floors, roofs, or walls of buildings and structures, they shall be promptly installed in conformity with the construction program. The Contractor who erects the floors, roofs, and walls shall facilitate such work by fully cooperating with the Contractors responsible for installing such appurtenances. The Contractor responsible for installing such appurtenances shall arrange the work in strict conformity with the construction schedule and avoid interference with the work of other contractors.

G-11.02 OPENINGS TO BE PROVIDED

In the event timely delivery of sleeves and other materials cannot be made and to avoid delay, the affected Contractor may arrange to have boxes or other forms set at the locations where the appurtenances are to pass through or into the floors, roofs, walls, or other work. Upon the subsequent installation of these appurtenances, the Contractor erecting the structure shall fill around them with materials as required by the Contract. The necessary expenditures incurred for the boxing out and filling in shall be borne by the Contractor or Contractors required to furnish the sleeves and inserts. Formed openings and later installation of sleeves will not be permitted at locations subject to hydrostatic pressure.

**SECTION 12
CUTTING AND PATCHING**

G-12.01 GENERAL

The Contractor shall do all cutting, fitting, or patching of his portion of the work that may be required to make the several parts thereof join and coordinate in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and in accordance with the Plans and Specifications. The work must be done by competent workmen skilled in the trade required by the restoration.

G-13.01 DURING CONSTRUCTION

During construction of the work, the Contractor shall, at all times, keep the site of the work and adjacent premises as free from material, debris, and rubbish as is practicable and shall remove the same from any portion of the site if, in the opinion of the Engineer, such material, debris, or rubbish constitutes a nuisance or is objectionable.

The Contractor shall remove from the site all of his surplus materials and temporary structures when no further need therefor develops.

G-13.02 FINAL CLEANING

At the conclusion of the work, all erection plant, tools, temporary structures and materials belonging to the Contractor shall be promptly taken away, and he shall remove and promptly dispose of all water, dirt, rubbish or any other foreign substances.

The Contractor shall thoroughly clean all equipment and materials installed by him and shall deliver such materials and equipment undamaged in a bright, clean, polished, and new appearing condition.

**SECTION 14
MISCELLANEOUS**

G-14.01 PROTECTION AGAINST SILTATION AND BANK EROSION

The Contractor shall arrange his operations to minimize siltation and bank erosion on construction sites and on existing or proposed watercourses and drainage ditches.

G-14.02 EXISTING FACILITIES

The work shall be so conducted to maintain existing facilities in operation insofar as is possible. Work shall be scheduled to minimize bypassing during construction. Requirements and schedules of operations for maintaining existing facilities in service during construction shall be as described in the Special Provisions.

G-14.03 USE OF CHEMICALS

All chemicals used during project construction or furnished for project operation, whether herbicide, pesticide, disinfectant, polymer, reactant or of other classification, must show approval of either EPA or USDA. Use of all such chemicals and disposal of residues shall be in strict conformance with instructions.

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

SP-1.P Scope

The work included under these Contract Documents is as described in the Proposal.

All work shall be constructed, installed and maintained complete in place as specifically described in these Specifications, as shown on the Plans and as described and directed by the Engineer in accordance with the obvious or expressed intent of the Contract.

This work also includes general cleanup, start-up and testing of all installed equipment to ensure satisfactory operation of the pumping station and all other work required by the Contract Documents necessary to make the pumping station complete and functional.

SP-2 Permits

The City will obtain permits required from any State or County agencies having jurisdiction over the roadways and for any railroad or highway crossings shown on the Plans. The Contractor shall be required to comply with all provisions of such permits regarding workmanship, schedules, maintenance of traffic, and notification of starting construction, pavement removal and replacement and other conditions under which the permit is issued.

The City will obtain the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) Permit for Constructing a Domestic Wastewater Collection/Transmission System, currently administered by Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission (EPC).

The Contractor shall obtain all permits required to comply with SP-4.C Maintenance of Traffic, contained herein.

The Contractor shall have in his possession the proper license to perform the work before submittal of his bid and shall obtain any required City/County building permits and shall obtain and pay for all other licenses and authorizations required for the prosecution of the work, including the cost of all work performed in compliance with the terms and conditions of such permits, licenses and authorizations, whether by himself or others.

City/County building permit fees will be paid by the City. Right-of-way and maintenance of traffic permit fees shall be paid by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall require all subcontractors to be currently licensed by the City to perform the proposed work in their respective fields and to obtain permits for the execution of said work. All work shall be performed in accordance with the licenses, permits and the requirements of the current Building and Construction Regulations Chapter of the City of Tampa Code.

The Contractor is responsible to schedule and coordinate with the City Construction Services Division of the Planning and Development Department all required inspections and tests for all phases of work to obtain final approval thereof.

The Contractor is encouraged to contact the City's Construction Services Division prior to

commencement of work to ascertain their respective requirements.

SP-2 Demolition Permits

The Contractor will obtain demolition permits required from agencies having jurisdiction over the complete or partial demolition of a structure shown on the Plans. The Contractor shall be required to comply with all provisions of such permits regarding workmanship, schedules, inspections, notifications (Tampa Electric, Verizon, EPC, etc.) and other conditions under which the permit is issued. All costs associated with permit applications, inspections and notifications is the responsibility of the contractor.

The City of Tampa does not believe asbestos or lead paint is present in the structure. Prior to demolition and per EPC requirements, the contractor will be required to procure a third-party asbestos or lead paint survey from a licensed asbestos and lead paint inspection consultant. Demolition of the structure cannot begin until (3) weeks after the asbestos/lead paint survey is submitted to the engineer. The City will furnish EPC with the required notification. If the survey discovers the presence of asbestos or lead paint, the City will utilize contingency funds for the asbestos or lead paint removal in accordance with the EPC standards by a Florida licensed asbestos/lead contractor.

The Contractor is responsible to schedule and coordinate with all agencies having jurisdiction for all required inspections and tests for all phases of work to obtain final approval thereof.

SP-5 Working Drawings

Prior to performing any work requiring working drawings, as specified on the Plans and in the Workmanship and Materials Sections, the Contractor shall submit the working drawings in accordance with the General Provisions section headed "Working Drawings."

SP-6 Environmental Protection

The Contractor will be held liable for the violation of any and all environmental regulations. Violation citations carry civil penalties and in the event of willful violation, criminal penalties. The fact that the permits are issued to the City does not relieve the Contractor in any way of his environmental obligations and responsibilities.

SP-8 Construction Start

Construction will not begin prior to receipt by the City of the required permits. If issuance of the Notice to Proceed is delayed due to permit acquisition, the contract time will be extended to suit, but no extra payment will be made to the Contractor.

SP-9 Coordination and Cooperation

In performing work under this Contract, the Contractor shall coordinate his work with that of any adjacent contractors for the City, and others, and cooperate with them in every reasonable way, to the end that there shall be the minimum practicable interference with their operations.

SP-12 Releasing Facilities for Use

It is the intent of these Specifications that all newly constructed sewers and appurtenant facilities be placed in service as rapidly as an integrated portion of the facilities can be constructed, inspected and accepted by the Engineer. Acceptance or use by the City of any portion of the facilities prior to final acceptance shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibilities, regarding such facilities, included in the Contract.

SP-13 Material and Equipment Approval

The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontracts, or place any order, for the furnishing of any material or equipment until he has received the Engineer's written approval of the manufacturers.

SP-14 Contractor Emergency Response Time

The Contractor must be available to service emergency calls seven (7) days a week, twenty-four (24) hours a day. The response time for emergency calls shall be within two (2) hours. A contact person and telephone number shall be provided to the Engineer for such purposes.

SP-15 Contractor's Field Office

Delete Article G-6.03 Contractor's Field Office from GENERAL PROVISIONS. The Contractor or an authorized agent shall be present at all times while his work is in progress. Readily accessible copies of both the contract documents and the latest approved working drawings shall be kept at the job site.

SP-16.PS Salvage

All salvageable material, as determined by the Engineer, shall be removed by the Contractor and shall remain the property of the City.

All such salvaged items shall be removed by the Contractor, delivered, and unloaded at a location within the Department's service area, as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall include all necessary labor and equipment to unload the materials at a location designated by the City. The cost of removing, disposing, delivering, and unloading as salvage items of pipe and appurtenances shall be included in the various Contract Unit Prices or the Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-17 Sequence of Operations

The Contractor shall develop with the Engineer a complete schedule of operations which, in the opinion of the Engineer, will permit use of the facility at the earliest possible date.

Taking over of parts of the work for operation before completion of the entire project shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for proper integrated operations of all parts of the

work, nor shall it act to relieve him of any responsibilities under Article A-6.04 of the Agreement, for guaranty of all parts of the work, for one year after the date of acceptance of all the work on the project.

SP-18 Dewatering

Dewatering is the responsibility of the Contractor. All costs associated with dewatering shall be included in the appropriate contract price for items to which dewatering is incidental, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment shall be made therefor.

Before commencing any excavation at the site of the work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer and obtain his approval of the methods and equipment and arrangement of facilities proposed for the removal and disposal of water at the site and of all water entering any excavation or other part of the work from any source whatsoever. Adequate standby facilities shall be provided to ensure that the excavation will be kept dry in the event of power failure or mechanical breakdown. Facilities for removal and disposal of water shall be of sufficient capacity to keep the excavation dry under all circumstances with one-half of the facilities out of service. If well points are used, provision shall be made for removing and resetting individual well points without taking the system of which they are a part out of service.

SP-19 Prevention, Control and Abatement of Erosion and Water Pollution

The Contractor shall be responsible for prevention, control and abatement of erosion, siltation and water pollution resulting from construction of the project until final acceptance of the project.

He shall provide, install, construct, and maintain any covering, mulching, sodding, sand bagging, berms, slope drains, sedimentation structures, or other devices necessary to meet City, County, State and Federal regulatory agency codes, rules and laws.

The Contractor shall take sufficient precautions to prevent pollution of streams, canals, lakes, reservoirs and other water impoundments with fuels, oils, bitumen, calcium chloride or other harmful materials. Also, he shall conduct and schedule his operations so as to avoid or otherwise minimize pollution or siltation of such streams, and the like, and to avoid interference with movement of migratory fish. No residue from dust collectors or washers shall be dumped into any live stream.

Storm drainage facilities, both open and closed conduit, serving the construction area shall be protected by the Contractor from pollutant and contaminants. If the Engineer determines that siltation of drainage facilities has resulted due to the project, the Engineer will advise the Contractor to remove and properly dispose of the deposited material. Should the Contractor fail to or elect not to remove the deposits, the City will provide maintenance cleaning as needed and will charge all costs of such service against the amount of money due or to become due the Contractor.

Construction operations in rivers, channels, streams, tidal waters, canals and other impoundments shall be restricted to those areas where it is necessary to perform filling or excavation to accomplish the work shown in the Plans and to those areas which must be entered to construct temporary or permanent structures. As soon as conditions permit, rivers, channels,

streams and impoundments shall be promptly cleared of all obstructions placed therein or caused by construction operations.

Except as necessary for construction, excavated materials shall not be deposited in rivers, streams, canals or impoundments, or in a position close enough thereto to be washed away by high water or runoff.

The Contractor shall not disturb lands or waters outside the limits of construction except as may be found necessary and authorized by the Engineer.

The location of and methods of operation in all detention areas, borrow pits, material supply pits and disposal areas furnished by the Contractor shall meet the approval of the Engineer as being such that erosion during and after completion of the work will not likely result in detrimental siltation or water pollution.

The Contractor shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Hillsborough County Land Development Code concerning grading, filling, excavation, soil removal, and the like, as amended.

The Contractor shall schedule his operations such that the area of unprotected erodible earth exposed at any one time is not larger than the minimum area necessary for efficient construction operations; and the duration of exposed, uncompleted construction to the elements shall be as short as practicable.

Clearing and grubbing shall be so scheduled and performed that grading operations can follow immediately thereafter, and grading operations shall be so scheduled and performed that permanent erosion control features can follow immediately thereafter if conditions on the project permit.

The Engineer may limit the surface areas of unprotected erodible earth exposed by clearing and grubbing, excavation or filling operations and may direct the Contractor to provide immediate erosion or pollution control measures to prevent siltation or contamination of any river, stream, channel, tidal waters, reservoir, canal or other impoundment or to prevent damage to the project or property outside the project right of way.

SP-20 Project Sign

The Contractor shall furnish a project sign as shown on the detail included herein and install it in the construction area as directed by the Engineer.

The cost of fabrication, erection, maintenance, removal, and proper disposal of the project sign at the completion of the project, including all labor and materials shall be deemed included in the prices bid for the various Contract Items of this Contract, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

No extra payment will be made for obliterating of certain names and offices and replacement thereof with others because of administrative changes during the course of the

Contract.

SP-22 Construction Operations

In City streets, excavated materials shall, where practicable, be deposited upon streets, sidewalks, driveways, or other paved surfaces within the street right-of-way, except that interruptions to the use of driveways shall be kept to a minimum. The Contractor shall clean up areas from which soil has been removed at the end of each day by sweeping, washing, or other approved methods. When the work is halted by rain, the Contractor shall clean up the working areas before leaving the site.

Trenches shall be protected at the close of each day's operations by lighted barricades, fences, and other methods to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Fences shall meet ASHA standards and be structurally stable as approved by the Engineer. No excavations shall be left open over a weekend.

In general, pipes shall be laid in open cut, except when another method, such as jacking, augering or tunneling is shown on the Plans, specified or ordered.

In City, State and County highways, excavated materials shall not be stored or cast upon the pavement, unless an advance approval of the governing agency is first obtained by the Contractor.

SP-23 Project Cleanup

Cleanup is extremely important, and the Contractor will be responsible for keeping the construction site neat and clean with debris to be removed regularly as the work progresses.

SP-24.C Maintenance of Traffic

The Contractor shall arrange his work so that there will be as little disruption of traffic as possible.

At least seventy-two hours before starting any work in City streets, the Contractor shall obtain a City of Tampa Street Closure Permit for any traffic lane or street closure within the City. The permit will establish the requirements for closures related to the number of lanes and time of day lanes or streets may be closed. If the Contractor proposes a complete street closure, a detailed traffic maintenance plan shall be submitted to the City of Tampa Traffic Engineering Division together with the application for the Street Closure Permit. The traffic maintenance plan shall include proposed detour routes and locations and descriptions of direction signs for the construction area and detour routes. Two approved copies of all Street Closure Permits shall be submitted to the Engineer before starting any work in City streets. No changes to approved Street Closure Permits will be permitted without prior approval by the City.

The Contractor shall furnish and maintain all necessary signs, barricades, lights and flagmen necessary to control traffic and provide for safety to the public, all-in compliance with the Florida Department of Transportation "Manual on Traffic Controls and Safe Practices for Street and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations," with subsequent revisions and additions, and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The cost of maintaining traffic and of any additional earth excavation, selected fill, temporary wearing surface, temporary bridges, barricades, warning lights, flagmen, and like work required therefor shall be included under the various classified unit price Contract Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no additional payment will be made therefor.

SP-25 Work in Streets and Highways

All work within streets and highways shall be subject to the regulations and requirements of the appropriate agencies. Within the City of Tampa, streets and highways are under the jurisdiction of the City of Tampa, Transportation and Stormwater Services Department or State of Florida, Department of Transportation. Outside the City of Tampa, streets and highways are under the jurisdiction of the County of Hillsborough or the State Department of Transportation.

Methods and materials of construction used in restoration within such streets and highways, including pavement, sidewalk, curb, curb and gutter removal and replacement, replacement of storm sewerage facilities, excavation and backfilling, and the storage of plant, materials and equipment shall conform to the requirements of the City of Tampa and, where applicable, the County of Hillsborough or State Department of Transportation, and will be subject to the inspection and approval of the duly authorized representatives of the City, County and the State.

SP-26 Surface Restoration

Where construction activities are conducted in existing grassed areas, the grassed areas shall be restored as specified or directed by sodding or grassing. Such restoration of grassed areas shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Lawn Replacement."

The Contractor shall replace or repair all ground surfaces damaged during construction. Any bushes, flowers, gardens, patios, or other landscaping and irrigation systems disturbed by the construction project shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor. The cost of such ground surface repair shall be included in the various classified unit price Contract Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Existing corrugated metal and concrete pipe culverts removed during the construction work shall be stored and maintained in sound, useful condition and replaced upon completion of the work. Culverts damaged by the Contractor shall be replaced with new culverts meeting the applicable requirements of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction published by the Florida Department of Transportation. No separate payment will be made for replacement of damaged culverts.

SP-27 Existing Public Facilities

Existing public facilities that are removed by construction operations under this contract shall be replaced by the Contractor to City of Tampa specifications. These items shall include all public benches, playground light poles, shelters, roadway signs, and replacement of these items shall be considered incidental to the cost of construction, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-28 Work Adjacent to Utilities

Existing utilities including house services adjacent to or crossing the line of the work shall be protected as shown on the Plans, specified hereinbefore, and in accordance with the requirements of the General Provisions.

SP-29 Utility Protection Considerations

The Contractor shall protect all utilities and other facilities within and adjacent to the construction as covered in Section G-1.03, unless a utility firm has conclusively indicated, or such is shown on the Plans, that the certain adjustment, removal, reconstruction, or protection of the utility's facility will be performed by that respective utility.

The Contractor shall furnish, install, and remove sheeting and shoring and other protective measures as may be necessary to satisfactorily accomplish the construction of this project. The cost of such sheeting and shoring and other protective measures shall be included in the unit prices as bid for the storm or sanitary sewer pipe items, and no separate payment shall be made therefor.

SP-33 Protection of Trees and Shrubs

All trees and shrubs, except where otherwise shown or ordered, shall be adequately protected by boxes, fences, or otherwise carefully supported, as necessary, by the Contractor. Protective barricades shall be placed around all protected trees and grand trees and shall remain in place until all potentially damaging construction activities are completed (see attached barricade detail). The Parks Department must inspect the site after tree protection devices have been installed and prior to construction. A 48-hour notice must be given to Parks Department to schedule the inspection. No excavated or backfill material shall be placed in a manner which, in the opinion of the Engineer, may result in damage to trees or shrubs. Prior to mobilization, all exposed roots shall be covered with a two (2)-inch layer of mulch. The Contractor shall replace all trees or shrubs which are destroyed or damaged to such extent, in the opinion of the Engineer, to be considered destroyed. Replacement of destroyed trees or shrubs shall be made with new stock conforming to the requirements of the City's Tree Ordinance at the expense of the Contractor, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Beneath trees within the limits of the excavation, and where possible, pipelines shall be built in short tunnels, except as otherwise shown or specified. When the tree is outside the limits of the excavation but, where the distance from the centerline of the new pipeline to the trunk of any tree is such that, in the opinion of the Engineer, the excavation would result in serious damage to the tree, the pipeline shall be constructed in short tunnel, as ordered in writing by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage to trees and shrubs as a result of his operations, whether the pipeline is placed on trench, tunnel, or other excavation.

The Contractor shall provide the services of an approved licensed tree professional when it is necessary to trim or cut a branch from a tree.

The cost of protection of trees and shrubs, replacement or repair of trees or shrubs destroyed

by the Contractor, short tunnels, and cutting or trimming of tree branches shall be included in the various classified unit price Contract Items for pipelines, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-36 Fences

Temporary fences, where required, shall be "wood and wire fence" or other suitable fencing as approved by the Engineer.

Permanent fences shall be restored by the Contractor and shall be finished and installed so that the restoration is equal to the original. Only those portions of original fencing, or materials therefrom, that the Engineer approved for reuse shall be used by the Contractor in fence restoration. All other materials, including lumber, paint, creosote, concrete and metal products, shall be furnished by the Contractor.

The cost of temporary fences and permanent fence restoration shall be included under the various classified unit price Contract Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-40 Concrete Requirements

Workmanship and Materials Section 345 shall apply to all concrete work, except that concrete work for sanitary sewer facilities shall comply with Workmanship and Materials Sections 4 and 5.

SP-41 Compaction of Suitable Clay Fill Material

The Contractor shall have equipment available to properly compact any suitable clay fill material at no additional cost to the project.

SP-44 Standard for Filter Fabric

Unless specified otherwise on the Plans, filter fabric shall be nonwoven fabric per D.O.T. Specification Sections 514 and 985. Payment for furnishing and placing the filter fabric shall be included in the contract price for the item or items to which it is incidental.

SP-46 Filling Abandoned Sewers

The Contractor shall pump a lean mixture of grout into sewers as shown on the Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

The grout shall be a mixture of flyash and cement, the ratio of which shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. The air-entraining admixture shall be permitted per FDOT Section 924. The grouting shall be carried out by pumps.

This work shall be carried out after the proposed sanitary sewer or storm sewer is functioning.

The Contractor shall take measures to ensure the pipe is completely filled with the grout. Such measures may consist of constructing temporary standpipes, grout injection tubes, or other measures approved by the Engineer and as directed in the Workmanship and Materials section. The Contractor shall also construct approved plugs into the ends of the abandoned sewers. All costs to construct the plugs, standpipes, grout injection tubes (or other approved measures), and any other necessary steps to provide for a complete item shall be included in the unit cost of the grout, and no additional payment shall be made therefor.

SP-49 Alignment Survey Gravity Pipe Sewer or Force Main

The Contractor shall employ the services of a Land Surveyor, registered in the State of Florida, to survey the centerline alignment of the new gravity storm sewer pipe, gravity sanitary sewer pipe, or force main. All manhole locations or horizontal points of intersection, deflection angles, proposed manhole rim elevations, and proposed finished roadway elevations at the manholes shall be noted in the survey with their respective field stations. In the event of discrepancies between the centerline stationing shown on the Plans and that obtained by the actual field survey, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer. The Engineer will advise the Contractor of any appropriate adjustments in alignment of the sewer or force main, or locations of manholes or horizontal points of intersection. The alignment survey must be submitted to the Engineer and approved by him prior to submitting shop drawings on manhole, structures, inlets, etc.

The Land Surveyor shall also establish construction centerline offset hubs at 100-foot intervals as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall protect these hubs from displacement or damage during construction. Any offset hubs damaged or displaced shall be reset by the Land Surveyor to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The cost of the survey and establishing and resetting offset hubs shall be included in the respective unit price Contract Item, or total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no additional payment will be made therefor.

SP-60 Contingency

The Contractor shall include a One Hundred Thousand Dollar (\$100,000.00) contingency sum, to be included as part of the total bid amount for this contract. The contingency is for the purpose of compensating the Contractor for any incidental work that may arise as construction operations proceed and was not addressed as part of the original work portrayed in the Plans and Specifications.

The One Hundred Thousand Dollar (\$100,000.00) contingency sum is an upset limit. Any amount of the contingency shall be paid only after negotiation.

SP-64 PS Bypass Pumping (Pumping Stations)

The Contractor shall submit a detailed plan for bypass pumping to the Engineer for approval prior to proceeding with the work. All required agency approvals and permits, if required, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The hydraulic design of the bypass pumping arrangement shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor. The plan, at a minimum, shall include the following information:

- Site plan showing location and arrangement of pumps and piping, including pipe sizes, fittings, valves, and connections
- Pump operation strategy and projected flow rates
- Pump curves for each size pump
- Detailed submittal information for all bypass pumping system equipment including pumps, generators, variable frequency drives, level sensors, auto-dialer, fuel tanks, etc.

The Contractor shall assume responsibility for fines and cleanup cost of upstream overflows due to insufficient or defective bypass pumping operation or untimely responses to high water alarms.

Bypass pumping system shall be capable of providing a minimum peak flow rate at a total dynamic head (T.D.H) as specified on the plans.

Pump suction pipes shall be installed in the manholes and structures and inflatable plugs shall be placed in pipes or structures to block the flow during construction. Suction pipes shall be arranged to avoid suction vortices in the structures. External mechanism, such as anti-vortex plates shall be provided if necessary. Temporary covers shall be installed to seal the annular spaces between the suction pipes and the openings in the manholes or structures to prevent the gas from escaping during bypass pumping operations.

The bypass shall be watertight. Individual suction pipes for each bypass pump shall be required and shall access the manholes or structures through the manhole openings. Manhole frames and tops can be removed in coordination with the City. Removal of structure tops and manhole chimney will need to be authorized in advance by the City. All manhole/structure modifications shall be restored to preconstruction condition or better upon completion of the bypass operation. Manifold suction arrangements will not be considered acceptable. As a minimum, the bypass discharge pipe shall have an air release valve at the highest point.

The bypass pumping system shall as a minimum consist of the pumps, valves, suction and discharge piping, level sensing equipment such as floats, and pump controls to automatically start and stop the pumps. The pumps shall be designed to handle the flow rates shown in the subsection heading "Existing Wastewater Flows". Each pump shall be equipped with a check valve on the discharge to prevent backflow through the pumps.

Bypass system will have a monitoring/alarm system equipped with an auto-dialer that automatically contacts the contractor and subcontractors if high water levels occur. Contractor shall be available on a 24-hour/7-day/week basis to respond within 1 hour to problems and to make any necessary adjustments and/or repairs needed to maintain continuous operation of the bypass system. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for maintaining the bypass system during the bypass operation. Personnel responding to auto-dialer notifications must be extremely knowledgeable with the bypass pumping system and capable of troubleshooting any problems in a timely manner.

The bypass pumping system shall be placed in operation and tested for a minimum 24-hour period. During the test period, all bypass pumping system components shall be tested including all pumps, pump controls and the auto-dialer. Should any problem(s) occur during the test period, the contractor shall rectify the problems and restart the 24-hour bypass pumping system test. Contractor will need to demonstrate a 24-hour trouble-free operation of the bypass pumping system before performing any work that will prevent the pumping station to be placed back into service.

Contractor shall provide a perimeter fence around the bypass equipment, with a padlock so that unauthorized persons cannot operate the equipment. Multiple fences or locked panel may be required, dependent on the individual set up of the bypass pumping layout. A new fence will not be necessary if the bypass pumping system can be installed inside a gated/fenced area.

The bypass pumping shall continue in service until all work associated with this contract is substantially complete as determined and approved by the City.

Pumping equipment shall be of a type suitable for pumping raw unscreened wastewater over an indefinite period without clogging or requiring shutdown for routine maintenance. Bypass pumping shall be continuous during the entire length of time each portion of the work is being accomplished.

The bypass pumping system shall include back-up pumps. The back-up pumps shall be completely installed and shall automatically be placed into operation in the event one of the primary pumps fail. Back-up pumps shall be no smaller than the largest primary pumps they are replacing. The number of back-up pumps shall conform to the following chart:

| <u>Primary Bypass Pumps</u> | <u>Required Back-up Pumps</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1-2 | 1 |
| 3-4 | 2 |
| 5-6 | 3 |

Contractor has the option to provide either electric or diesel bypass pumps or a combination of both for the bypass pumping system. If electric pumps are proposed, the contractor will be fully responsible in coordinating the temporary electric service from Tampa Electric Company (TEC) and all costs associated with the temporary service and electrical usage fees while the bypass system is in operation.

The Contractor has the option of providing a) electric primary and back-up pumps, b) electric primary pumps and back-up diesel pumps or c) diesel primary and back-up pumps. If the contractor elects to use all electric pumps as noted in the first option above, standby generator(s) will also be required that automatically start in the event of a power loss. The generator(s) shall be sized to run all the primary bypass pumps at peak flow. For the diesel pumps, there should be sufficient fuel storage at all times for a minimum of 48-hours of continuous operation at peak flow rate.

The bypass pumping system shall be properly secured to avoid damage, vandalism, or unauthorized shutdown. Pumps shall be baffled to comply with all noise abatement ordinances and regulations.

The costs of bypass pumping shall be included in the various Contract Unit Price Items or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment shall be made therefor.

SP-65 Pump Characteristics

Each Flygt pumping unit shall be designed for operating under the following conditions:

| <u>Rating Data</u> | <u>Pump No.</u> |
|--|--|
| Number of Units | 2 |
| Rate of flow at rating point, gpm | 1000 GPM |
| Total pumping head at rating point, ft. | 78 ft |
| Minimum pump efficiency at rated conditions, % | 74% |
| Range of flow with satisfactory operation and corresponding approximate heads | 250 gpm @ 114 ft. 1750 gpm @ 59 ft. |
| Service and characteristics of electrical power | 460 volts 3 phase 60 hertz 4 wire |

Motor:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Horsepower (minimum) hp - 3 phase | 34 Hp |
| Speed, rpm | 1755 RPM |

SP-66 Data to be Submitted on Pumping Station

Within 10 days after the date upon which the Contractor is issued the Notice of Award and prior to his entering into any subcontract or placing any order for the manufacture of any equipment, the Contractor shall submit the following information, in triplicate, to the Engineer:

1. The names and addresses of the equipment manufacturers and the locations of the shops at which the equipment will be manufactured.
2. A general description of the equipment proposed.
3. Any additional information that the Engineer may deem necessary in order to determine the ability of the manufacturer to produce the equipment as called for by the Contract Documents.

SP-67 Interruption of Service

Because of the nature of the work, it is imperative that the pumping station not be out of service for very long. The Contractor shall plan all this work, especially the work pertinent to the pumping operation, in detail and ensure that all the required items and equipment are on hand and in good working condition.

Prior to initiating any work pertaining to the operation of the pumping station, the Contractor shall submit to the City a detailed plan for shutdown of the station. No shutdown shall be performed until the plan is approved by the Engineer.

Scheduling of all shutdowns (partial or full) shall be coordinated with Tampa Electric

Company (TECO) and the City. The Contractor shall make provisions and pay for temporary power used by him in performing this work.

SP-68 Water, Light and Power

Delete Article G-7.01 Water and G-7.02 Light and Power from GENERAL PROVISIONS. The City currently provides water and electrical power facilities to the sites. The Contractor may use the electrical and water sources as presently configured. If necessary to modify, extend, or relocate either the electrical or water facilities to facilitate construction, all costs shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

SP-70 Electrical Equipment Certification

All equipment and materials shall be UL listed or listed and labeled as complying with the requirements of a Southern Building Code Congress International, Inc. (SBCCI) recognized testing laboratory, for the particular application, whenever available.

An electrical/mechanical system that is not available as a standard UL listed assembly (e.g. industrial equipment of unique configuration or custom design) shall be composed of listed components, whenever they are available, and constructed in accordance with the design documents, and the latest nationally recognized industry standards. The Contractor shall certify in writing that the equipment satisfies the above requirements and that it has been installed in compliance with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and Chapter 5 of the City of Tampa Code. The certification shall be submitted to the City's Electrical Inspection Bureau, with a copy sent to the Sanitary Sewer Department's Resident Engineer, prior to final inspection. A sample certification document is attached to these Specific Provisions as a formatting guide.

The Contractor shall secure all required permits and arrange for progress and final inspections as the work develops.

SP-71 Electrical Requirements

Electrical Work

Where definite requirements are not set forth in the Specifications, all electrical equipment, materials, and work under this Division shall comply with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) and shall be in accordance with applicable ANSI, IEEE, IPCEA, and NEMA standards. The work shall be performed in compliance with the 2011 edition of the National Electrical Code (NEC), all applicable state and municipal regulations and codes, and the service rules of the Tampa Electric Company, unless otherwise specified or directed. All equipment and materials shall be listed and labeled by a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as required by the 2014 Florida Building Code, 5th edition. All custom control panels shall be assembled by a UL 508A certified panel shop and a UL label shall be applied to the finished product.

Electrician Qualifications

The Electrician performing the electrical work shall be licensed / certified in the State of Florida. The Electrician shall be thoroughly experienced with, and regularly engaged in, the demolition, installation, and troubleshooting of industrial power systems with nominal system voltages of 240 through 13,200 volts. The Electrician shall provide the City with evidence demonstrating at least three (3) years of successful industrial power system installations. The Electrician shall supply the City with references of industrial clients that will attest to the Electrician's work experience.

SP-72 Operation and Maintenance Manual, Submittals / Request for Information / Shop Drawings, and Asset Tracking Form

Operation and Maintenance Manuals

The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer four (4) hardcopies and one (1) high resolution color, bookmarked, and unsecured electronic portable document format (PDF) of an Operation and Maintenance Manual for all equipment and associated control systems furnished and installed under this Contract. Black and white copies will not be accepted. When the work reaches 75 to 80 percent completion, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval one (1) hardcopy and one (1) PDF electronic copy of the manual with all specified material that is available at that time. The submittal shall accompany the Contractor's partial payment request for the specified completion. Within 30 days after approval of the Engineer of the PDF submittal, the Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer four (4) hardcopies of the manual. Appropriate space shall be left in the manual for material not available at the time of submittal. All missing material for the manual shall be submitted prior to the request for final payment.

Also along with the missing material submitted with the request for final payment, one electronic copy (in pdf format) complete with all the missing material to be included in the earlier submitted hard copies shall be submitted. The manual shall be prepared and arranged as follows:

1. Space shall be provided in the manual for a reduced set of record Contract Drawings, size approximately 11 by 17 inches and folded to 8-1/2 by 11 inches. Drawings will be furnished by the Engineer.
2. One copy of all approved shop drawings and diagrams for all equipment furnished. The shop drawings and diagrams shall be reduced to either 8-1/2 by 11 inches or to 11 inches in the vertical dimension and as near as practicable to 17 inches in the horizontal dimension. Such sheets shall be folded to 8-1/2 by 11 inches.
3. One copy of manufacturer's operating, lubrication and maintenance instructions for all equipment and controls furnished. All equipment operating, lubrication and maintenance instruction and procedures shall be furnished on 8-1/2 by 11 inch commercially printed or typed forms. Such forms shall include equipment name, serial number and other identifying references.

4. One copy of manufacturer's spare parts list for all equipment furnished and prepared as specified in No. 3 above.
5. One valve schedule, giving the valve number, location, fluid and fluid destination for each valve installed and prepared as specified in No. 3 above. All valves in the same piping system shall be grouped together in the schedule. A sample of the valve numbering system to be used will be furnished by the Engineer. Valve numbers may include three or four numerals and a letter.
6. List of electrical relay settings and control and alarm contact settings.

Each copy of the manual shall be assembled in one or more binders, each with title page, typed table of contents, and heavy section dividers with copper reinforced holes and numbered plastic index tabs. Each manual shall be divided into sections headed by the equipment specification section included in "Workmanship and Materials." Binders shall be 3-ring hard-back. All data shall be punched for binding and composition and printing shall be arranged so that punching does not obliterate any data. The cover and binding edge of each manual shall have the project title, Division designation and manual title printed thereon, all as furnished and approved by the Engineer.

Where more than one binder is required, they shall be labeled Vol. 1, Vol. 2, and so on. The table of contents for the entire set, identified by volume number, shall appear in each binder.

The four (4) hardcopies of the manuals and data included therein shall be provided in conformance with the subsection headed "Working Drawings" and, in addition, to the requirements of the General Provisions. The costs of the Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be included in the various Contract Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Submittals / Request for Information / Shop Drawings

Contractor shall prepare and submit a minimum four (4) hardcopies and one (1) bookmarked, unsecured electronic portable document format (PDF) file for all Submittals, RFI, and Shop Drawings. The City will review the submittals and return one (1) hardcopy and PDF file of the marked-up submittal to the contractor. The contractor shall have approved hard copies of all submittals at the job site. Each electronic submission must be in a high-resolution color format and shall be original electronic documents from the manufacturer. Hardcopies shall be high quality printed in color. Scanned printouts or poor-quality resolution PDF files will not be accepted.

Asset Tracking Form

The Asset Tracking Form (ATF) is a form that is intended to begin tracking assets and their respective preventative maintenance at an early stage in the project. The Contractor will be required to submit an electronic Asset Tracking Form for each piece of equipment. The information to be included on the form will include general information and specifications on the equipment such as, but not limited to, model, voltage, amperage, horsepower, material, manufacturer, serial number, recommended spare parts and preventative

maintenance tasks.

During the preconstruction meeting of the project, the City will furnish the contractor with a blank electronic copy of the ATF in Microsoft Office 2010 and a preliminary list of equipment that will require an ATF. The City may provide the contractor a list of additional equipment requiring an ATF as the project progresses.

The Contractor shall submit all ATF(s) after the project is substantially complete. The City prefers one submission of all ATF(s).

SP-73 Work Directive Change

A Work Directive Change is a written directive to the Contractor, issued on or after the date of the execution of the Agreement, and signed by the Engineer on behalf of the City, ordering an addition, deletion or revision in the work, or responding to an emergency. A Work Directive Change will not change the contract price or the time for completion but is evidence that the parties expect that the change directed or documented by an Authorization to Proceed with Extra Work letter will be incorporated in a subsequently issued Change Order following negotiations by the parties as to its effect, if any, on the contract price or the time for completion.

Without invalidating the Agreement, additions, deletions or revisions in the work may, at any time or from time to time, be authorized by a Change Order or a Work Directive Change. Upon receipt of any such document, the Contractor shall promptly proceed with the work involved.

SP-75 Programmed Controls Equipment

Prior to acceptance of computers and programmable logic controllers, the Contractor shall meet the following requirements:

A full set of the original software media and licenses and documentation for all software items used on the equipment shall be provided to the City. All unique configuration files and databases shall be included in as-built documents and in disk format containing itemized filename lists and ASCII Source listings of each. All unique hardware, wiring schemes and dip switch settings, exact as-built program listings, and digital configurations shall be included in the as-built documents.

No aspect of programmed controls equipment shall have any security or access controls which are not totally in the control of the City. No programmed software self-destructs, of any type, shall be allowed. The software shall allow unlimited restorations and backups from any appropriate storage media to all appropriate equipment.

No Software Restriction Plug-in Modules or Software Activation Keys shall be allowed in any system, unless spare modules and keys are on hand for immediate disaster recovery.

Any part, whether hardware, software, or logical for which spare parts are not readily available; whose function or programming is not fully explained in documentation; or which in any way is not able to be replaced, restored, reprogrammed, and immediately placed back into service by the City using the as-built data, program listings, software media, and other resources provided

shall not be accepted by the City.

All security information and data, including security bypass procedures for all approved security features, shall be fully documented to the City prior to acceptance. All unique patch cords, cables, connectors, tools, and appurtenant programming devices necessary to restore and maintain programming shall be supplied for use by the City and demonstrated in the appropriate training sessions.

The training for all programmed controls equipment shall include instructions on operation and maintenance of hardware and software. The training shall also demonstrate the full backup and restoration of all software after total equipment failure utilizing reinstallation procedures that accommodate unique hardware requirements, unique configuration files and databases, unique dip switch settings, and unique wiring information. The appropriate City personnel shall be trained to bypass all approved security features of all such equipment. The backup and restoration training shall use the actual as-built information and all unique appurtenances and itemize all such documentation and appurtenances to show that these items are complete.

SP-81 Services of Manufacturers' Representatives

The services of manufacturers' representatives shall be provided on the site as required for the supervision of installation, the adjustment and placing in satisfactory trouble-free operation of such equipment and instructing City personnel in the operation and maintenance of such equipment for which such specialized services are specified, directed, or required.

Such manufacturers' services shall be of sufficient time and include a minimum period of one 8-hour day for instruction of City personnel. Additional time shall be provided if necessary.

The cost of all services of manufacturers' representatives shall be included in the various Contract Unit Price Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-84 Piping and Equipment Identification

All piping and equipment shall be identified as follows:

1. All painted piping and equipment shall be color coded. Such coding on pipelines shall include painted or plastic tape banding at 10-foot intervals. The Engineer will select the colors. Underground pipelines with plastic tape wrapping shall be wrapped with colored tape and include additional colored bands as directed. Polyethylene or hot bituminous wrapped underground pipelines shall have plastic tape bands. Polyethylene wrapping for ductile iron sewage or force main piping shall be green. Tape bands shall be placed at 10-foot intervals and all colors shall be selected by the Engineer.
2. All equipment and slide gates shall have an identification nameplate. The nameplates shall be of Type 304 stainless steel, No. 6 finish, not less than No. 16 gauge with indented stamped lettering. Nameplates shall be attached to equipment bases in accessible locations. Nameplates shall be fastened, in a permanent manner arranged not to damage equipment, with not less than four stainless steel fasteners. All nameplates

shall be of the same size (approximately 3- by 8-inch) and shall conform to the following standard sample:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Sewage Pump | (Name of item) |
| SC-P-1 | (General type of designation, final list furnished by Engineer) |
| (12-digit number) | (Furnished by Engineer) |

Lettering shall be block style in size and spacing to suit the nameplate. A sample nameplate including fastenings shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to manufacture of any of the nameplates. Stainless steel identification nameplates shall not be painted.

3. Piping shall be identified with a designation and directional flow arrow. The designation will be furnished by the Engineer. The designation will comprise a maximum of 20 letters. The designations and flow arrows shall be painted on after completion of color coding using suitable stencils and colors. Designations and flow arrows shall be arranged to be clearly in view from the normal operating or access space all as directed and approved by the Engineer. Designations and flow arrows shall be located along straight runs at intervals of not more than 50 feet, near valves, branches and junction points, and where pipes pass through walls or ceilings. Underground piping wrapped with polyethylene shall be provided with colored material selected by the Engineer.

The cost of piping and equipment identification shall be included in the various Contract Items, or in the total Lump Sum Price, as applicable, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-85 Storage of Materials

The Contractor may not use that portion of the right-of-way located between the existing/proposed curb lines or existing/proposed edges of pavement to store pipe, structures, materials, surplus excavated fill, or equipment other than that used for excavating or dewatering. The Contractor may use that portion of the right-of-way behind the existing or proposed curb line or off the edge of pavement for storage provided that this use does not obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic and conforms to the City's Tree Ordinance. If the area behind the curb line/off the edge of pavement is insufficient in size to accommodate the Contractor's storage needs, the Contractor is required to secure the use of a vacant parcel of land for use as a storage site for the duration of this project. Upon completion of the project, all storage areas will be restored to a condition which meets or exceeds the pre-construction condition of the storage area. Payment for use and restoration of storage areas will be included in the appropriate lump sum pay items and unless the area is within the pipeline pay limits, no separate payment will be made therefor.

SP-86 Temporary Stockpiling

For temporary stockpiling of the excavated material within project limits (and anywhere within City limits), the Contractor shall follow the following procedure:

Public Right-of-Way

- a. The Contractor will not be allowed to stockpile suitable, excavated material within right-of-way for a period in excess of 30 calendar days. Unsuitable excavated material shall not be stockpiled within public right-of-way for a period in excess of 7 calendar days.

Location other than Public Right-of-way

b. The Contractor shall:

- 1) Obtain the permission (in writing) from the owner of the property where stockpiling is desired.
- 2) At his own expense present the above letter and a contour plan of the site to the Engineer for approval of the stockpiling site.

The time periods of stockpiling shall be specified by the Contractor in writing.

Upon removal of stockpiled material, the Contractor shall clean up and grade the site to its original contours and conditions.

The City of Tampa shall not be a party to the agreement between the Contractor and the property owner.

Regardless of the location of stockpiling, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to make sure that stockpiling in no way constitutes a public hazard or nuisance and does not interfere with the natural surface runoff in the area

SP-89 Temporary Work Stoppages

The Contractor shall temporarily discontinue all construction activities from, and including, Thanksgiving Day through the following Sunday, and December 24 through January 2.

Prior to temporary work stoppages, all streets shall be restored to permit access to all businesses and residences and to allow ingress and egress by local traffic only. The Contractor shall maintain all streets at this condition level for the duration of the shutdown period.

All equipment, except that used for excavation and well pointing, and all materials including, but not limited to, manhole structures, pipe, and stockpiled material shall be removed to either the Contractor's storage lot or to a location outside the project area as approved by the Engineer.

The Contractor will also be required to accommodate the annual Gasparilla Parade and Gasparilla Run by ceasing construction activities and providing ingress and egress to allow local traffic only. The time limits for these requirements shall be from one day before to one day after the Gasparilla Parade and the Gasparilla Run. Accommodation of these events will entail restoration of all streets to at least a sand seal coat of crushed concrete or limerock base. All equipment, except that used for excavation and well pointing, and all materials including, but not limited to, manhole structures, pipe, and stockpiled material shall be removed to either the Contractor's storage lot or to a location outside the project area as approved by the Engineer.

All costs associated with furnishing labor, equipment, temporary pavement restoration, demobilization, mobilization, signage, barricades, clean-up, security, and any other incidentals required to accommodate the Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Years' Holidays and Gasparilla Parade and Race shall be included in the various contract unit prices, and no additional payment shall be made therefor.

SP-91 Project Photographs

The Contractor will not be required to furnish photographs of the project; however, the Engineer may or may not take photographs of the area immediately prior to and after completion of the construction for record and information. To assure that there will not be any conflict with this photography, the Contractor shall not perform clearing operations or action which will disturb any street or area within the project until the Engineer has been advised thereof and has had adequate opportunity to perform the desired photography.

SP-98 Valves

Valves shall be handled with care to avoid damage. All valves shall be loaded and unloaded by lifting, and under no circumstances shall valves be dropped, skidded, or rolled. Valves shall not be placed, under any circumstances, against pipe or other fittings in such a manner that damage could result. Slings, hooks or tongs used for lifting shall be padded in such a manner as to prevent damage. If any part of the valves' coating and lining is damaged by the Contractor, the repair and replacement shall be made by the Contractor at his expense in manner satisfactory to the Engineer before installing. Valves shall also be stored at all times in a safe manner to prevent damage and kept free of dirt, mud or other foreign matter. All valve gaskets shall be stored and placed in a cool location out of direct sunlight and out of contact with petroleum products. All gaskets shall be used on a first-in, first-out basis.

Butterfly valves shall first be delivered to the City of Tampa Water Distribution Office, 2603 N. Rome Avenue, for servicing prior to being delivered to the construction site.

Gate valves and butterfly valves shall be set and joined to new pipe in a manner heretofore specified for cleaning, laying and joining pipe. Valves shall be installed such that the operating nut is plumb.

Cast iron valve boxes shall be firmly supported and maintained centered and plumb over the operating nut of the valve by the Contractor with box cover flush with the surface of the finished pavement or at such other levels as may be directed. Valve boxes shall have 6-inch-thick wire mesh reinforced concrete pads poured around the top section of the valve box when in pavement or when directed by the Department. The pad shall be 24 inches square and shall be centered on the valve box. All Department valve covers shall be painted safety blue as prescribed by the American Public Works Association (APWA) uniform color code for utility systems.

The valve and valve box shall be installed so Department personnel can insert a valve key through the valve box and completely open and close the valve. This test will be accomplished before final acceptance of the valve and box into the water system.

The work shall include all labor, materials, equipment, tools and any incidentals required for the completion of the work.

Payment for valves shall be included in the price of the work to which the valves are incidental.

SP-104 Castings Identification

All casting covers, such as for inlets and manholes, shall bear the appropriate City of Tampa identification for storm sewers and for sanitary sewers, as shown on the Plans and directed by the Engineer.

SP-123 Pavement Replacement and Reconstruction of Existing Streets

All replacement and reconstruction of existing pavement shall be performed in accordance with the schedule as shown on the Plans.

For reconstruction outside the payment limits for pipeline construction, the Contractor shall excavate the existing street to the proposed grade and regrade the shoulder from the edge of pavement to 5 feet beyond each side of the shoulder. All costs for reconstruction of existing streets outside the pipeline construction payment limits shall be included in the various Contract Item Unit Prices, and no separate payment shall be made therefor.

SP-129 As-Built Plans

During manufacture and construction, installation and testing, records shall be kept of any changes or adjustments made in the work. All such changes shall be incorporated in the "As-Built" plans, shown in red.

The Contractor shall provide the City of Tampa with one (1) hardcopy and (1) electronic high resolution unsecured color PDF copy set of "As-Built" plans along with the supporting survey data and CAD files if available. The survey shall be signed and sealed by a licensed Land Surveyor registered with the Florida Department Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers. Plan sheets shall have all deviations from original design annotated in red to clearly show as-built conditions. Relocation of existing facilities and utilities must be clearly noted, and their location identified by station, offset and elevation, when performed by the Contractor.

As-builts shall clearly show installed horizontal and vertical location of all bends & fittings, valves, solid sleeves, hot tap sleeves & valves, lines stop tees permanently capped and left in active pipe, air release valve tap & valve boxes, tees, wyes, horizontal & vertical points of inflection, limits of removed pipes, limits of grouted pipes and limits of concrete encasements. Elevation deviations from the plans shall also be noted. If available, the Contractor shall provide the City with the Surveyor's electronic CAD file of the as-built locations.

Where applicable, As-builts shall conform to the "Record Drawing Requirements" section found in the City of Tampa Wastewater Department Technical Standards Guidelines for

Construction of Wastewater Facilities (latest version). A copy of this standard can be found online on the City's Wastewater website.

All relocation of structures and pipelines must be clearly shown on Plans with as-built stations and offsets verified. All as-built inverts for the entire project must be clearly noted on plan sheets. No separate payment shall be made for this work.

All as-built plans shall be submitted within seven (7) calendar days of the final inspection. The final payment will not be issued until the as-built plans have been submitted to and accepted by the City. Upon request by the Contractor, the City will provide AutoCAD drawings when available.

SP-130 SAFETY:

A. Responsibility: Employees shall immediately report any unsafe work practice or unsafe condition to their supervisor(s). The Contractor is solely responsible for the safety of their workers and shall comply with all applicable requirements [i.e.: 29 CFR 1910 -Occupational Safety and Health Standards, 29 CFR 1926 - Safety and Health Regulations for Construction, etc] and industry safety standards while at the work site. The fact that City personnel may bring un-safe conditions to the attention of any member of the Contractors work force does not relieve the Contractor of this responsibility.

Suggest, all Contractors employees and sub-contractors be given a copy of SP-130.

The Contractor shall have a designated Safety Officer within his organization. At the Pre-Construction meeting, the Contractor shall provide the name and contact information of the Safety Officer to the Engineer.

At the Pre-Construction meeting, the Contractor will be given pertinent safety related information, necessary forms and instructions (i.e.: AWTP Lockout/Tagout Procedures, AWTP Hot Work Permits, etc) that pertain to any work that might be utilized during the contract. The Contractor shall be responsible to disseminate that information to their employees and sub-contractors. Special care shall be taken by the Contractor to ensure that any new employee or sub-contractor to the work site shall be briefed on these safety instructions.

If warranted by the project and directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall develop and implement a comprehensive health and safety plan for their employees that will cover all aspects of onsite construction operations and activities associated with the contract. This plan must comply with all applicable health and safety regulations and any project specific requirements that the contract has specified.

B. Incident Reporting: All accidents that result in personal injury, illness or property damage shall be immediately reported and investigated, regardless of the extent of injury, illness or property damage. Employees must report accidents within one hour (or as soon as practical) from the time of occurrence to their immediate supervisor who in turn will report it to the City's inspector. The City inspector will record the incident in their daily report and report it to the Risk Management Division (274-5708).

C. Air-Borne Debris: All personnel in close proximity to drilling, sawing, sanding,

scraping, spraying, power-washing or other work being done, either in enclosed spaces or in the open, that creates dust or air-borne debris shall wear eye protection [29 CFR 1910.133] and a respirator [29 CFR 1910.134].

D. Hot Work: All welding, soldering, brazing, acetylene cutting or any other work at the AWTP or any pump station; that produces high temperatures shall require a AWTP "Hot Work Permit" and may require one or more fire watches. The number and location of fire watches (if any) shall be a condition of the Hot Work Permit. A current, portable, fully charged fire extinguisher shall be located with each person performing hot work and each fire watch. The Hot Work Permit shall be signed off by the appropriate personnel and maintained in the project file.

E. Confined Spaces: OSHA defines a confined space as having limited or restricted means for entry or exit and is not designed for continuous employee occupancy. Confined spaces include, but are not limited to vaults, tanks, manholes, wet-wells, pipelines, utility tunnels, etc.

The Contractor shall take measures [29 CFR 1910.146 (c)(5)] to ensure that atmospheric conditions in confined spaces are not hazardous to occupants. This can be accomplished by forcing a sufficient amount of clean air through the confined space and testing the atmosphere by using a portable certified, calibrated, atmosphere monitor that meets OSHA requirements [29 CFR 1910.146(c)(5)(ii)(C)]. The atmosphere monitor should record oxygen content, flammable gases and vapors and toxic air contaminants, such as the Industrial Scientific TMX-412.

F. Air-Borne Gases: The AWTP is located in an industrial area and as such there are several different substances, either on or off site, that can escape and become dangerous fumes such as: chlorine, methanol, anhydrous ammonia, etc. The AWTP currently has nine (9) Shelter In Place (SIP) locations that are designated as safe havens in the event of release of hazardous gases. These SIP's are stocked with necessary instructions and supplies to protect City and any Contractor's personnel.

The first day on site, City personnel will show all the Contractor's personnel present where the several closest SIP's are located, explain the alarm signals and provide the current alarm testing schedule. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to show any future employee and/or sub-contractor that comes on site the location of the SIP's and explain the alarm signals.

In the event of an alarm, the Contractor's personnel shall immediately and hastily proceed to the nearest SIP along with the City personnel and remain there until further notice, taking guidance from and following the instruction of the senior City employee present.

G. Lockout / Tagout Policy: The AWTP Lockout / Tagout program is designed to set standards to help safeguard all employees from hazardous electrical or mechanical energy while they are performing service or maintenance on machines and equipment at the AWTP or any pump station. This program will also identify the practices and procedures to shut down and Lockout or Tagout machines and equipment. The Contractor shall be given a copy of the AWTP "LOCKOUT / TAGOUT POLICY AND PROCEDURES" instruction and shall make all of his employees and sub-contractors aware of this program.

No padlock (lockout) shall be removed except by the individual that installed it or if not available, by a City of Tampa AWTP team leader.

No tag (tagout) shall be removed except by the individual that installed it or if not available, by a City of Tampa AWTP team leader, except in an Emergency and the tag states "Do Not Use Unless in an Emergency". In that event, the Contractor shall notify the City of Tampa AWTP team leader, who will prepare the necessary follow up report.

H. Trench Safety: Any excavation deeper than four (4) feet shall adhere to the requirements contained in 29 CFR 1926.650 thru 652 and the Florida Trench Safety Act [Florida Statutes, ss 553.60 - 553.64].

I. Open Flames: No fires shall be allowed. No open flames necessary for any construction activity shall ever be left un-attended. A current, portable, fully charged fire extinguisher shall be located with each activity requiring an open flame.

J. Sparks: Any activity lasting more than 10 continuous minutes, that creates sparks, such as grinding, or chipping shall have a dedicated fire watch in attendance. A current, portable, fully charged fire extinguisher shall be located with each activity creating sparks, regardless if a fire watch is required or not.

K. First Aid: The Contractor shall furnish appropriate First Aid Kits [29 CFR 1910.151] and shall be responsible to ensure his employees are properly trained to render first aid. If injurious corrosive materials are to be utilized, eye wash and body wash facilities must be provided in the immediate area.

L. Related Costs: All costs associated with these, or any safety measures shall be included in the total lump sum contract price or the various contract item unit prices, as applicable, and no separate payment shall be made thereof.

SP-136 Flygt Compatible Pump Bases

If an alternate pump is approved as an equal to the specified pump, the Contractor shall install Flygt-compatible pump bases and guide rails to accommodate the new pumps. In addition, an adapter shall be installed on the approved pumps to fit the Flygt-compatible bases.

All costs associated with furnishing and installing the Flygt-compatible components including, but not limited to, the pump bases, guide brackets, guide rails, pump adapters and all appurtenant work shall be included in the cost of furnishing and installing the pumps and no separate payment will be made therefor.

* * *



Page 1 of 2 –DMI Payment
City of Tampa – DMI Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/Suppliers) Payments
(FORM MBD-30)

[] Partial [] Final

Contract No.: _____ WO#, (if any): _____ Contract Name: _____

Contractor Name: _____ Address: _____

Federal ID: _____ Phone: _____ Fax: _____ Email: _____

GC Pay Period: _____ Payment Request/Invoice Number: _____ City Department: _____

Total Amount Requested for pay period: \$ _____ Total Contract Amount (including change orders): \$ _____

Type of Ownership - (F=Female M=Male), BF BM = African Am., HF HM = Hispanic Am., AF AM = Asian Am., NF NM = Native Am., CF CM = Caucasian S = SLBE

| Type | Trade/Work Activity | Total Sub Contract Or PO Amount | Amount Paid To Date | Amount To Be Paid For This Period |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| [] Sub [] Supplier | | | Amount Pending Previously Reported | Sub Pay Period Ending Date |
| Federal ID | | | | |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
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(Modifying This Form or Failure to Complete and Sign May Result in Non-Compliance)

Certification: I hereby certify that the above information is a true and accurate account of payments to sub – contractors/consultants on this contract.

Signed: _____ Name/Title: _____ Date: _____



Page 2 of 2 – DMI Payment

Instructions for completing The DMI Sub-(Contractors/Consultants/ Suppliers) Payment Form (Form MBD-30)

This form must be submitted with all invoicing or payment requests where there has been subcontracting rendered for the pay period. If applicable, after payment has been made to the subcontractor, “Waiver and Release of Lien upon Progress Payment”, “Affidavit of Contractor in Connection with Final Payment”, or an affidavit of payment must be submitted with the amount paid for the pay period. The following will detail what data is required for this form. The instructions that follow correspond to the headings on the form required to be completed. **(Modifying or omitted information from this form may result in non-compliance).**

- **Contract No.** This is the number assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.
- **W.O.#** If the report covers a work order number (W.O.#) for the contract, please indicate it in that space.
- **Contract Name.** This is the name of the contract assigned by the City of Tampa for the bid or proposal.
- **Contractor Name.** The name of your business.
- **Address.** The physical address of your business.
- **Federal ID.** A number assigned to a business for tax reporting purposes.
- **Phone.** Telephone number to contact business.
- **Fax.** Fax number for business.
- **Email.** Provide email address for electronic correspondence.
- **Pay Period.** Provide start and finish dates for pay period. (e.g. 05/01/13 – 05/31/13)
- **Payment Request/Invoice Number.** Provide sequence number for payment requests. (ex. Payment one, write 1 in space, payment three, write 3 in space provided.)
- **City Department.** The City of Tampa department to which the contract pertains.
- **Total Amount Requested for pay period.** Provide all dollars you are expecting to receive for the pay period.
- **Total Contract Amount (including change orders).** Provide expected total contract amount. This includes any change orders that may increase or decrease the original contract amount.
- **Signed/Name/Title/Date.** This is your certification that the information provided on the form is accurate.
- **See attached documents.** Check if you have provided any additional documentation relating to the payment data. Located at the bottom middle of the form.
- **Partial Payment.** Check if the payment period is a partial payment, not a final payment. Located at the top right of the form.
- **Final Payment.** Check if this period is the final payment period. Located at the top right of the form.

The following instructions are for information of any and all subcontractors used for the pay period.

- **(Type) of Ownership.** Indicate the Ethnicity and Gender of the owner of the subcontracting business or SLBE.
- **Trade/Work Activity.** Indicate the trade, service, or material provided by the subcontractor.
- **SubContractor/SubConsultant/Supplier.** Please indicate status of firm on this contract.
- **Federal ID.** A number assigned to a business for tax reporting purposes. This information is critical in proper identification of the subcontractor.
- **Company Name, Address, Phone & Fax.** Provide company information for verification of payments.
- **Total Subcontract Amount.** Provide total amount of subcontract for subcontractor including change orders.
- **Amount Paid To Date.** Indicate all dollars paid to date for the subcontractor.
- **Amount Pending, Previously Reported.** Indicate any amount previously reported that payments are pending.
- **Amount To Be Paid for this Period.** Provide dollar amount of dollars requested for the pay period.
- **Sub Pay Period Ending Date.** Provide date for which subcontractor invoiced performed work.

Forms must be signed and dated or will be considered incomplete. The company authorized representative must sign and certify the information is true and accurate. Failure to sign this document or return the document unsigned can be cause for determining a company is in non-compliance of Ordinance 2008-89.

If any additional information is required or you have any questions, you may call the Minority Business Development Office at (813) 274-5522.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Sign Information

Building a Better Tampa

**David L. Tippin Water Treatment Facility
Caustic Soda Piping Improvements**

Project provides for Improvements at the David L. Tippin Water Treatment Facility to Improve the reliability and safety of the Sodium Hydroxide System of the water distribution system within the facility.

\$TBD investment
Scheduled for completion in TBD 2014

TBD

Colors

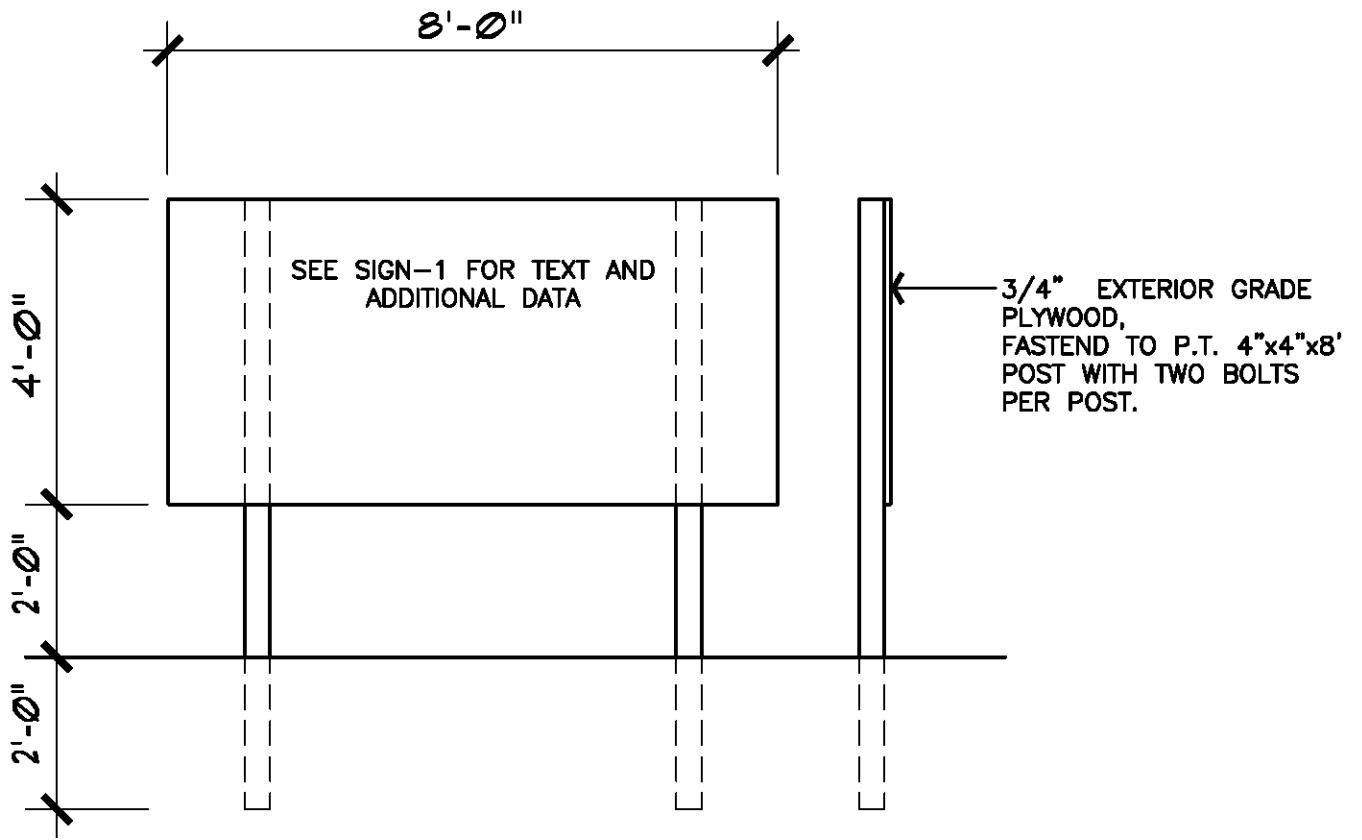
Blue: Sherwin Williams Naval SW6244
Green: Sherwin Williams Center Stage SW 6920
White: Sherwin Williams Pure White SW7005

Font

Franklin Gothic

SIGN EXAMPLE ONLY GRAPHIC TO BE DEVELOPED BY CONTRACTOR

not to scale



SPECIFICATIONS

WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS

SECTION 1 - EXCAVATION - EARTH AND ROCK

W-1.01 General

Opencut excavations shall be made to the widths and depths necessary for constructing all structures, pipelines and other conduits included in the Contract, according to the Plans, and includes the excavation of any material which, in the opinion of the Engineer, is desirable to be excavated for any purpose pertinent to the construction of the work. Banks more than 5 feet high, where a danger of slides or cave-ins exist, shall be shored or sloped to the angle of repose.

Where excavations are to be made below groundwater, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval, in detail, his proposed method for control of groundwater, including a description of the equipment he plans to use and the arrangement of such equipment. No such excavation shall be started until approval of the Engineer has been obtained. Dewatering work shall be included in the Contract Items for pipelines, box culverts, inlets, manholes and other structures, and pumping stations, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

W-1.02 Clearing

The site of all opencut excavations shall first be cleared of obstructions preparatory to excavation. This includes the removal and disposal of vegetation, trees, stumps, roots and bushes, except as specified under the subsection headed "Trench Excavation."

W-1.03 Authorized Additional Excavation

In case the materials encountered at the elevations shown are not suitable, or in case it is found desirable or necessary to go to an additional depth, or to an additional depth and width, the excavation shall be carried to such additional depth and width as the Engineer may direct in writing. The Contractor shall refill such excavated space with either Class D concrete, or select sand or crushed stone fill material, as ordered. Where necessary, fill materials shall be compacted to avoid future settlement. Additional earth excavations so ordered and concrete, or selected sand or crushed stone fill material ordered for filling such additional excavation and compaction of select sand or crushed stone fill material will be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as extra work as specified in Article 7 of the Agreement.

W-1.04 Unauthorized Excavation

Wherever the excavation is carried beyond or below the lines and grades shown or given by the Engineer, except as specified in the subsection headed "Authorized Additional Excavation," all such excavated space shall be refilled with such material and in such manner as may be directed in order to ensure the stability of the various structures. Spaces beneath all manholes, structures or pipelines excavated without authority shall be refilled by the Contractor at his own expense, with Class D concrete, or select sand or crushed stone fill material, and properly compacted, as ordered by the Engineer, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

W-1.05 Segregation and Disposal of Material

Topsoil suitable for final grading and landscaping and excavated material suitable for backfilling or embankments shall be stockpiled separately on the site in locations approved by the Engineer. Excavated and other material shall not be stored nearer than 4 feet from the edge of any excavation and shall be so stored and retained as to prevent its falling or sliding back into the excavation. Surplus excavated material and excavated material unsuitable for backfilling or embankments shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be transported, as approved by the Engineer, away from the site of the work to the Contractor's own place of disposal.

W-1.06 Shoring and Sheeting

All excavations shall be properly shored, sheeted, and braced or cut back at the proper slope to furnish safe working conditions, to prevent shifting of material, to prevent damage to structures or other work, and to avoid delay to the work, all in compliance with the U. S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for Construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54). The minimum shoring, sheeting and bracing for trench excavations shall meet the general trenching requirements of the safety and health regulations. Before starting excavation for jacking pits and structures, the Contractor shall submit complete design calculations and working drawings of proposed sheeting and bracing arrangements which have been prepared, signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida. Bracing shall be so arranged as not to place any strain on portions of completed work until the general construction has proceeded far enough, in the opinion of the Engineer, to provide ample strength. If the Engineer is of the opinion that at any point the sheeting or supports furnished are inadequate or unsuited for the purpose, he may order additional sheeting or supports to be installed. Whether or not such orders are issued, the sole responsibility for the design, methods of installation, and adequacy of the sheeting and supports shall be and shall remain that of the Contractor.

Tight sheeting shall be used in that portion of the excavation in City collector and arterial streets and in State and County highways below the intersection of a 1 on 1 slope line from the edge of the existing pavement to the nearest face of the excavation.

In general, sheeting for pipelines shall not be driven below the elevation of the top of the pipe. If it is necessary to drive the sheeting below that elevation in order to obtain a dry trench or satisfactory working conditions, the sheeting shall be cut off at the top of the pipe and left in place below the top of the pipe at no additional cost.

The sheeting and bracing shall be removed as the excavation is refilled in such a manner as to avoid the caving in of the bank or disturbance to adjacent areas or structures except as otherwise shown or directed. Voids left by the withdrawal of the sheeting shall be carefully filled by ramming or otherwise as directed.

Permission of the Engineer shall be obtained before the removal of any shoring, sheeting, or bracing. Such permission by the Engineer shall not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility for injury or to other property or persons from failure to leave such sheeting and bracing in place.

W-1.07 Sheeting Left in Place

The Engineer may order, in writing, any or all sheeting or bracing to be left in place for the purpose of preventing injury to the structures or to other property or to persons, whether such sheeting or bracing was shown on the Plans or placed at his direction or otherwise. If left in place, such sheeting shall be cut off at the elevation ordered, but, in general, such cutoffs shall be at least 18 inches below the final ground surface. Bracing remaining in place shall be driven up tight.

The right of the Engineer to order sheeting and bracing left in place shall not be construed as creating any obligation on his part to issue such orders.

Sheeting and bracing left in place, by written order of the Engineer, will be paid for under the appropriate Contract Item if included in the Proposal or otherwise by provisions of extra work as specified in Section 7 of the Agreement.

W-1.08 Removal of Water

At all times during the excavation period and until completion and acceptance of the work at final inspection, ample means and equipment shall be provided with which to remove promptly and dispose of properly all water entering any excavation or other parts of the work. The excavation shall be kept dry. No water shall be allowed to rise over or come in contact with masonry and concrete until the concrete and mortar have attained a set satisfactory to the Engineer and, in any event, not sooner than 12 hours after placing the masonry or concrete. Water pumped or drained from the work hereunder shall be disposed of in a safe and suitable manner without damage to adjacent property or streets or to other work under construction. Water shall not be discharged onto streets without adequate protection of the surface at the point of discharge. No water shall be discharged into sanitary sewers. No water containing settleable solids shall be discharged into storm sewers. Any and all damage caused by dewatering the work shall be promptly repaired by the Contractor.

W-1.09 Structure Excavation

Excavations shall be of sufficient size and only of sufficient size to permit the work to be economically and properly constructed in the manner and of the size specified. The bottom of the excavation in earth and rock shall have the shape and dimensions of the underside of the structure wherever the nature of the ground will permit.

W-1.10 Trench Excavation

Before starting trench excavation, all obstructions which are to be removed or relocated shall be cleared away. Trees, shrubs, poles, and other structures which are to be preserved shall be properly braced and protected. All trees and large shrubs shall be preserved with damage to the root structure held to a minimum, unless otherwise shown or specified. Small shrubs may be preserved or replaced with equivalent specimens.

The width of trenches shall be such as to provide adequate space for workmen to place, joint, and backfill the pipe properly, but shall be kept to a minimum. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, the clear width of the trench at the level of the top of the pipe shall not exceed the sum

of the outside diameter of the pipe barrel plus 24 inches.

In sheeted trenches, the clear width of the trench at the level of the top of the pipe shall be measured to the inside of the sheeting.

Should the Contractor exceed the maximum trench widths specified above, without written approval of the Engineer, he may be required to provide, at his own expense, concrete cradle or encasement for the pipe as directed by the Engineer, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

The Contractor shall excavate trenches to the respective depths, below the bottom of the pipe, for the various classes of pipe bedding shown on the Plans so that pipe bedding material can be placed in the bottom of the trench and shaped to provide a continuous, firm bearing for the pipe barrel and bells.

If unstable material is exposed at the level of the bottom of the trench excavation, it shall be excavated in accordance with the subsection headed "Authorized Additional Excavation." When in the judgement of the Engineer the unstable material extends to an excessive depth, he may advise the Contractor in writing to stabilize the trench bottom with a crushed stone, sand mat or gravel mat to ensure firm support for the pipe by other suitable methods. Payment for such trench stabilization will be made under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as extra work as specified in Section 7 of the Agreement.

The open excavated trench preceding the pipe laying operation and the unfilled trench with pipe in place shall be kept to a minimum length causing the least disturbance to traffic and use of adjacent property. Ladders shall be provided and so located as to provide means of exit from the trench without more than 25 feet of lateral travel.

W-1.11 Rock Excavation

The term "rock" as used herein shall include all materials which have compressive strengths in excess of 300 psi in their natural undisturbed state and which, in the opinion of the Engineer, require drilling and blasting, wedging, sledging, barring or breaking with power tools not otherwise required for normal excavating.

Rock shall be excavated, within the boundary lines and grades as shown on the Plans, specified, or given by the Engineer. Rock removed from the excavation shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by him away from the site of the work to his own place of disposal, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

All shattered rock and loose pieces shall be removed.

For trench excavation in which pipelines or other conduits are to be placed, the rock shall be excavated to a minimum depth of 6 inches below the bottom of the pipe and the excavated space refilled with pipe bedding material. Placing, compacting, and shaping pipe bedding material shall be included in the various classified unit price Contract Items for pipelines, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

For manhole excavation, the rock shall be excavated to a minimum depth of 8 inches below

the bottom of the manhole base for pipelines 24 inches in diameter and larger, and 6 inches below the bottom manhole base for pipelines less than 24 inches in diameter and the excavated space refilled with crushed stone. Placing, compacting, and shaping crushed stone for manhole bases shall be included in the appropriate Contract Items for manhole bases, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

For cast-in-place structures, the rock shall be excavated only to the bottom of the structure or foundation slab.

Excavated space in rock below structures, pipelines, and manholes which exceeds the depths specified above shall be refilled with Class D concrete, crushed stone, or other material as directed by the Engineer. Refilling of over-excavated rock in rock shall be included as part of the rock excavation, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Where applicable, the requirements of the subsections on "Trench Excavation" and "Structure Excavation" shall be followed.

Blasting may be performed only when approved by the Engineer and authorized by the Agency having jurisdiction over the subject location and in accordance with all laws, ordinances, and regulations of the Agency.

W-1.12 Excavation for Jacking and Augering

Excavation for jacking or augering shall meet the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Jacking and Augering."

* * *

SECTION 2 - BACKFILLING

W-2.01 General

All excavation shall be backfilled to the original surface of the ground or to such other grades as may be shown or directed. For areas to be covered by topsoil, backfill shall be left 4 inches below the finished grade or as shown on the Plans. The time elapsing before backfilling is begun shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. In all backfilling, all compressible and destructible rubbish and refuse which might cause later settlement and all lumber and braces shall be removed from the excavated space before backfilling is started, except that sheeting and bracing shall be left in place or removed as the work progresses.

Construction equipment used to backfill against and over cast-in-place concrete structures shall not be permitted to travel over these structures until the designated concrete strength has been obtained as verified by concrete test cylinders. In special cases where conditions warrant, as determined by the Engineer, the above restriction may be modified if the concrete has gained sufficient strength, as determined from test cylinders, to satisfy design requirements for the removal of forms and the application of load.

W-2.02 Unsuitable Backfill Material

Before backfilling around structures, all rubbish shall be removed from behind the walls.

When the excavated material contains garbage, cinders, glass, tin cans, wood, or other trash or objectionable organic material, as determined by the Engineer, it shall not be used for backfill but shall be disposed of by the Contractor away from the site of the work to his own place of disposal. The unsuitable materials shall be replaced with backfill material which shall be sand, clay, gravel, sandy loam, or other excavated material free of objectionable organic matter, as approved by the Engineer.

W-2.03 Select Fill Material - General

Select fill material shall be used for pipe bedding, manhole bedding, trench and structure backfill, and other purposes as shown on the Plans, specified, and ordered in writing by the Engineer.

Select fill material shall be sand, conforming to the requirements of the subsections headed "Select Fill Material - Sand" or crushed stone or limestone screenings, conforming to the requirements of the subsection headed "Select Fill Material - Crushed Stone."

W-2.04 Select Fill Material - Sand

Sand used for pipe bedding or as select fill material for trench or structure backfill shall consist of job excavated sand or imported sand which can be readily and thoroughly compacted. Sand

shall be reasonably well graded and shall fall within the following gradation limits:

Passing No. 4 sieve - 95 percent (minimum)
Passing No. 200 sieve - 10 percent (maximum)

Sand containing more than 10 percent of material passing the No. 200 sieve or sand which, in the opinion of the Engineer, would have a tendency to flow under pressure when wet will not be acceptable for use as pipe bedding or select fill material for trench or structure backfill

Sand shall not be used for bedding for manholes or other structures.

W-2.05 Select Fill Material - Crushed Stone

Crushed stone used for pipe bedding, manhole base bedding, or as select fill material for trench or structure backfill shall consist of clean, durable rock, angular in shape, which can be readily and thoroughly compacted. Crushed stone shall be reasonably well graded and shall be no greater than a No. 57 stone.

W-2.06 Pipe and Structure Bedding

All pipelines shall be bedded in well graded, compacted select fill material. Select fill material shall be sand, conforming to the subsection headed "Select Fill Material - Sand" and/or crushed stone, conforming to the subsection headed "Select Fill Material - Crushed Stone," as shown on the Plans, specified or ordered in writing by the Engineer. Pipe bedding shall be constructed in accordance with the details shown on the Plans.

When shown on the Plans or ordered in writing by the Engineer, pipelines (except PVC) shall be laid in Class D concrete cradle or encasement.

Precast concrete manhole bases shall be bedded on No. 57 stone, conforming to the subsection headed "Select Fill Material - Crushed Stone," as shown on the Plans.

Cast-in-place manhole bases and other foundations for structures shall be cast against undisturbed earth in clean and dry excavations.

Existing underground structures, tunnels, conduits and pipes crossing the excavation shall be bedded with compacted select fill material. Bedding material shall be placed under and around each existing underground structure, tunnel, conduit or pipe and shall extend underneath and on each side to a distance equal to the depth of the trench below the structure, tunnel, conduit or pipe.

W-2.07 Bedding Placement for Pipelines

Select fill material, used as pipe bedding, shall be placed by hand, in uniform layers not greater than 6 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place. Select fill material pipe bedding shall extend to one foot over the top of the pipe.

Each layer of select fill shall be thoroughly tamped and compacted in place by hand or with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools to a dry density not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO Des: T-180. No large stone fragments shall be placed in the

pipe bedding nor closer than two feet to any point on any pipe.

W-2.08 Bedding Placement for Precast Concrete Manholes

No. 57 stone used for bedding beneath precast manhole bases shall be placed in uniform layers not greater than 6 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools.

W-2.09 Structure Backfill

Backfill around manholes, risers, and structures shall be suitable job excavated material, selected fill material, or other material approved by the Engineer. Such backfill shall extend from the bottom of the excavation or top of structure bedding to the bottom of pavement base course, subgrade for lawn replacement, the top of the existing ground surface, or to such other grades as may be shown or given by the Engineer.

The backfill shall be placed in uniform layers not greater than 18 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools to a dry density of not less than 98 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO Des: T-180.

W-2.10 Trench Backfill

Trenches shall be backfilled from 1 foot over the top of the pipe to the bottom of pavement base course, subgrade for lawn replacement, to the top of the existing ground surface or to such other grades as may be shown or given by the Engineer. Trench backfill shall be select fill material, suitable job excavated material or other material, as approved by the Engineer.

Except under pavements and railroad tracks, trench backfill shall be placed in uniform layers not greater than 18 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place using heavy-duty tampers such as pneumatic jackhammers with tamping foot attachment or vibrating rollers if required. Each layer shall be compacted to a dry density of not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO Des: T-180.

Where railroad tracks or pavements and appurtenances for streets or highways are to be placed over trenches, the trench backfill shall be placed in uniform layers not greater than 12 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place with equipment as specified above. Each layer shall be compacted to a dry density of not less than 98 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO Des: T-180. On City of Tampa streets, each layer shall be compacted as specified above to the bottom of the subbase which is defined as 10 inches below the bottom of the base course. The subbase shall be compacted to 98 percent of modified proctor.

Trench backfilling work shall be done in a manner to prevent dropping of material directly on top of any conduit or pipe through any great vertical distance. In no case shall backfilling material from a bucket be allowed to fall directly on a structure or pipe and in all cases, the bucket shall be lowered so that the shock of falling earth will not cause damage.

Lumps shall be broken up and if there are any stones, pieces of crushed rock or lumps which cannot be readily broken up, they shall be distributed throughout the mass so that all interstices are

solidly filled with fine material.

W-2.11 Backfill for Short Tunnel

Where pipelines are placed in short tunnels, the annular space between the outside of the pipe wall and the tunnel wall shall be completely filled with select fill material or suitable excavated material. Pipelines in short tunnels shall be suitably supported, to permit placing backfill which shall be suitably tamped in place.

W-2.12 Finish Grading

Finish grading shall be performed to meet the existing contour elevations and grades shown on the Plans or given by the Engineer and shall be made to blend into adjacent natural ground surfaces. All finished surfaces shall be left smooth and free to drain.

Grading outside of pipelines or structure lines shall be performed in such a manner as to prevent accumulation of water within the area. Where necessary or where shown on the Drawings, finish grading shall be extended to ensure that water will be carried to drainage ditches, and the construction area left smooth and free from depressions holding water.

W-2.13 Responsibility for After Settlement

Any depression which may develop in backfilled areas from settlement within one year after the work is fully completed and accepted shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall, at his own expense, provide as needed additional backfill material, pavement base replacement, permanent pavement sidewalk curb and driveway repair or replacement, and lawn replacement and shall perform the necessary reconditioning and restoration work to bring such depressed areas to proper grade as approved by the Engineer.

W-2.14 Inspection and Testing of Backfilling

All backfill shall be subject to test by the Engineer with the assistance of the Contractor.

* * *

SECTION 4 - CONCRETE MATERIALS

W-4.01 General

The materials covered under this section are cement, sand, crushed stone, gravel, and water for use in concrete, grout, and mortar.

W-4.02 Cement

Cement shall be from a source approved by the Engineer before the cement is ordered. Domestic manufacturers of cement shall furnish to the Engineer notarized Certificates of Manufacture as evidence that the cement conforms to the requirements of the Specifications. These certificates shall include mill test reports on the cement. Suppliers of foreign cements shall furnish to the Engineer test data from a testing laboratory approved by the Engineer to show conformance with all applicable requirements of ASTM Des: C 150. Samples for testing shall be taken in accordance with ASTM Des: C 183. The cost of tests on foreign cement shall be considered as part of the cost of the work and shall be included under the appropriate Contract items. No separate payment for such testing will be made. Cement shall be either air-entraining portland cement or standard portland cement, except as otherwise specified. If standard portland cement is used, an air-entraining agent meeting the requirements of ASTM Des: C 260 shall be added to the concrete at the time of mixing in an amount sufficient to produce from 4 to 6 percent entrained air in the concrete for plastic mixes having a slump of 2 to 4 inches. Standard portland cement shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: C 150, Type I or Type II, and air-entraining cement shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: C 150, Type IA or Type IIA.

W-4.03 High-Early Strength Cement

In case high-early strength cement is used in any special part of the work, it shall be true portland cement with no chemicals or other substances added to expedite hardening and shall be of a brand approved by the Engineer. The cement shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: C 150 Type III or Type IIIa. High-early strength cement shall be used only with the approval of the Engineer.

W-4.04 Fine Aggregate

Fine aggregate shall be natural sand, washed clean, having hard, strong, sharp, durable, uncoated grains; and shall be free from injurious amounts of dust, lumps, soft or flaky particles, mica, shale, alkali, organic matter, loam, or other deleterious substances. Fine aggregate shall conform to the requirements of Section 902 of the Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

W-4.05 Coarse Aggregate

Coarse aggregate shall consist of gravel or broken stone composed of strong, hard, durable, uncoated pebbles or rock fragments, washed clean and free from injurious amounts of shale, coal, clay, lumps, soft fragments, dirt, glass, and organic and other deleterious substances. It shall conform to ASTM Des: C 33. The size shall be No. 57, as specified in Table II of ASTM Des: C 33.

W-4.06 Admixtures

The use of admixtures will be permitted but must be approved by the Engineer. Set retarders shall be Pozzolith 100-R as manufactured by Master Builders Company, Cleveland, Ohio, or Plastiment as made by Sika Chemical Corporation, Lyndhurst, NJ, or equal. Retarding admixtures shall be used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's directions and the manufacturer shall make available, at no cost upon 72 hours notification, the services of a qualified full time field representative to assure proper use of the admixture.

Set retarding admixtures shall be used only with the approval of the Engineer. The amount of set retarder added shall be sufficient to keep the concrete workable during the period of placement and finishing.

W-4.07 Water

Water used in mixing concrete shall be clean and shall not contain deleterious amounts of acids, alkalis, or organic materials. All water shall be furnished from sources approved by the Engineer.

W-4.08 Fly Ash

Fly ash shall be a local product with cementitious properties, conforming to the requirements of ASTM C 618, Class C or F, with the following exceptions:

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Loss on ignition | - 5% maximum |
| Sulfur trioxide | - 4% maximum |

Fly ash shall have a uniform light color, and shall be from a source approved by the Engineer.

Fly ash shall be stored at the concrete mixing plant separate from the cement, in accordance with the requirements specified for storage of cement. Cement and fly ash shall not be intermixed prior to being added to the concrete mix.

* * *

SECTION 6 - REINFORCING STEEL

W-6.01 Standards

Reinforcing steel bars for concrete reinforcement shall be deformed bars meeting the requirements of ASTM Des: A 615, Grade 60, unless shown or specified otherwise. They shall be free from defects, kinks, and from bends that cannot be readily and fully straightened in the field. Test certificates of the chemical and physical properties covering each shipment shall be submitted for approval.

Reinforcing mesh shall be of the electrically welded type, with wires arranged in rectangular patterns, of the sizes shown or specified and shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: A 185.

W-6.02 General

Reinforcing steel bars shall be supplied in lengths which will allow them to be conveniently placed in the work and provide sufficient lap at joints. Dowels of proper lengths, size, and shape shall be provided for tying walls, beams, floors, and the like together when shown, specified, or ordered.

Stirrups and ties shall have a minimum inside radius of bend of 2-1/2 bar diameters. All other bars No. 7 and smaller shall have a minimum inside radius of bend of 3 bar diameters, and No. 8 bars and larger shall have a minimum inside radius of bend of 4 bar diameters.

Splices in all reinforcements shall be lapped as specified hereinafter in "Table 1 - Grade 60 Reinforcing Bar Splice Lapping Lengths" unless shown or specified otherwise. All splices shall be staggered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

TABLE 1 - GRADE 60
REINFORCING BAR SPLICE LAPPING LENGTHS

| Bar Size | #3 | #4 | #5 | #6 | #7 | #8 | #9 | #10 | #11 |
|-----------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| Top Bars - ACI Class B | 13 | 17 | 22 | 28 | 38 | 50 | 64 | 81 | 100 |
| Top Bars - ACI Class C | 17 | 23 | 29 | 37 | 50 | 66 | 83 | 106 | 130 |
| Other Bars - ACI Class B | 12 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 27 | 36 | 46 | 58 | 71 |
| Other Bars - ACI Class C | 12 | 16 | 20 | 26 | 36 | 47 | 60 | 75 | 93 |

Notes:

1. Splice length given in inches.
2. Top bars are all horizontal reinforcement so placed that more than 12 inches of concrete is cast in the member below the bar. This includes horizontal wall reinforcement.
3. Where lapping bars of different sizes, use lap required for larger bar.
4. For all bars spaced closer than 6 inches, increase lap length 25 percent.

5. Unless otherwise specified, the length of lap for splices shall be as shown for ACI Class B where no more than 50 percent of the bars are lap spliced, and as shown for ACI Class C where more than 50 percent of the bars are lap spliced.

W-6.03 Detailing

The Contractor shall submit detailed placing drawings and bar listed to the Engineer for approval in accordance with the requirements for "Working Drawings" of the General Provisions, except as otherwise specified herein.

All provisions of the latest ACI "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures" shall be followed in the preparation of placing drawings and bar lists.

Wall and slab reinforcing shall not be billed in sections. Complete elevations of all walls and complete plans of all slabs must be shown, except that when more than one wall or slab are identical only one such elevation or plan will be required. These plans or elevations need not be true views of the walls or slabs shown. Every reinforcing bar in a slab or a wall shall be billed on either a plan or an elevation. Where necessary, sections shall be taken to clarify the arrangement of the steel reinforcement. All bars shall be identified on such sections, but in no case shall bars be billed on such sections.

For all reinforcing bars, unless the location of a bar is perfectly obvious, the location of such bar or bars shall be given by a dimension to some structural feature which must be readily distinguishable at the time bars are placed.

The set of placing drawings shall be complete in and by themselves to the extent that the bar setters will have no occasion to refer to the design drawings.

Before submittal to the Engineer, every placing drawing and bar list shall be completely checked including the quantity, size, type, length, bend dimensions, and type of support for all bars or mesh, and all other information on the drawing and list. The checking shall be done by a qualified person and all necessary corrections made.

If after placing drawings and bar lists have been submitted to the Engineer for approval, a partial or spot check by the Engineer reveals that the placing drawings obviously have not been checked by a qualified person, they will be returned to the Contractor for such a check and corrections, after which they shall be resubmitted for approval by the Engineer.

W-6.04 Delivery

Reinforcing steel shall be delivered to the work in bundles strongly tied, and each group of both bent and straight bars shall be identified with a metal tag giving the identifying number corresponding to the shop drawings and bar schedules. All bars shall be properly stored in an orderly manner, at least 12 inches off the ground and kept clean and protected from the weather, as directed by the Engineer, after delivery at the site of the work.

W-6.05 Protection

Reinforcing steel shall be delivered without rust other than that which may have accumulated during transportation to the work. It shall at all times be fully protected from moisture, grease, dirt, mortar, and concrete. Before being placed in position, it shall be thoroughly cleaned of all loose mill scale and rust and of any dirt, coatings, or other material that might reduce the bond. If there is a delay in depositing concrete, the steel shall be inspected and satisfactorily cleaned immediately before the concrete is placed.

W-6.06 Fabrication and Installation - Bars

Bars shall be cut to required length and accurately bent before placing. Bars shall be bent in the shop unless written approval of field bending is obtained from the Engineer. If field bending is permitted, it shall be done only when the air temperature where the bending operation is performed is above 30 degrees F.

The bars shall be placed in the exact positions shown with the required spacing and shall be securely fastened in position at intersections to prevent displacement during the placing of the concrete. The bars shall be fastened with annealed wire of not less than 18 gauge or other approved devices. Spacing chairs of a type approved by the Engineer shall be furnished and properly placed to support and hold reinforcing bars in position in all beams and slabs, including slabs placed directly on the subgrade. Chairs which rest on the forms for slabs, the underside of which will be exposed to view in the finished work, shall have those portions galvanized or plastic coated which come in contact with the forms.

Splices in all reinforcement shall be lapped as specified in "Table 1 - Grade 60 Reinforcing Bar Splice Lapping Lengths" in the subsection headed "General." Splices at points of maximum tensile stress shall be avoided wherever possible. Temperature bars shall have a minimum clear spacing of 2-1/2 diameters. All bar splices shall be staggered where possible.

All welded splices shall be full penetration, butt welds, made by certified welders in accordance with AWS D12.1. Thermite welding or Cadweld type couplers may be used where approved by the Engineer.

On any section of the work where horizontal bars run further than the length of the forms, the form or head against which the work ends shall be perforated at the proper places to allow the bars to project through a distance at least equal to the lap specified. The projecting ends, however, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, shall be of different lengths so that in no place will laps in adjoining bars in the same place occur opposite each other.

W-6.07 Installation - Mesh

Reinforcing mesh shall be placed in the positions shown, specified, or required to fit the work. Suitable spacing chairs or supports as specified for bars shall be furnished and placed to maintain the mesh in correct location. Where a flat surface of mesh is required, the mesh shall be rolled or otherwise straightened to make a perfectly flat surface before placing. The length of laps not indicated shall be approved by the Engineer.

W-6.08 Concrete Protection for Reinforcing Steel

Reinforcing steel shall be placed and held in position so that the concrete cover, as measured from the surface of the bar to the surface of the concrete, shall be not less than the following, except as otherwise shown, specified, or directed:

1. General

- a. Concrete deposited directly against soil - 3 inches.
- b. Concrete in contact with soil or exposed to weather or sewage:
 - (1) #6 bars or larger - 2 inches
 - (2) #5 bars or smaller - 1-1/2 inches

2. Slabs (See Item 6)

- a. Troweled surfaces - 1-1/2 inches
- b. Elsewhere - 1 inch

3. Beams - Girders - Columns (See Item 6)

- a. To main reinforcement - 2 inches
- b. To ties - 1-1/2 inches

4. Walls (See Item 6)

- a. 12 inches or more thick - 2 inches
- b. Less than 12 inches thick:
 - (1) #6 bars or larger - 2 inches
 - (2) #5 bars or smaller - 1-1/2 inches

5. Footings and Base Slabs

- a. Top face - 2-1/2 inches
- b. Sides and ends - 3 inches
- c. Bottom, Concrete deposited directly against ground - 3 inches

- Concrete deposited directly against lean concrete work mat - 2 inches

6. Add 1/2 inch for surfaces contacting or exposed to water or sewage.

7. Laps - as specified in "Table 1 - Grade 60 Reinforcing Bar Splice Lapping Lengths" in the subsection headed "General."

8. Spacing - clear distance between parallel bars - 2 inches minimum.

SECTION 7 - CONSTRUCTION AND EXPANSION JOINTS FOR CONCRETE

W-7.01 General

Construction and expansion joints shall be placed at all locations shown. No additions, deletions, or changes in location of construction and expansion joints shall be made without the written approval of the Engineer. Construction joints shall include a formed key and shall include a water stop where shown. Expansion joints shall include a joint filler between concrete faces, and shall include a water stop, and sealant with back-up rod where shown.

Water stops in the walls shall be carried into lower slabs and shall join the water stops in the slabs. All water stops shall be continuous. Water stops shall be set accurately to the position and line shown. Edges shall be held and securely fixed in position at intervals of not more than 24 inches so that they will not move during the placing of the concrete. No nails shall be driven through the water stops.

The Contractor shall submit samples and specifications of the materials he proposes to use.

All materials shall be installed or applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, unless otherwise specified herein.

W-7.02 Water Stops

Water stops shall be made of extruded polyvinyl chloride. No reclaimed plastic material shall be used in the manufacture of the water stops. Plastic water stops shall meet the requirements of the Corps of Engineer Specification CRD-C572, except as modified herein. The Shore A/10 durometer hardness shall be between 73 and 79, the tensile strength not less than 1,850 psi, and the specific gravity not more than 1.38.

Unless otherwise shown, water stops for construction joints shall be flat, at least 6 inches wide, and not less than 3/8 inch thick at the thinnest section. The water stop shall have ribbed longitudinal strips.

Unless otherwise shown, water stops for expansion joints shall be at least 9 inches wide and not less than 1/4 inch thick at the narrowest point and not less than 3/8 inch thick immediately adjacent to the center of the water stop. The water stop shall have ribbed longitudinal strips with a 3/4-inch inside diameter hollow bulb center. The water stop shall permit a joint movement of 1/4 inch under a tensile force of not more than 500 pounds per lineal inch.

Corners and intersections for all water stops shall be prefabricated so that only butt joints need be made in the field. Field fabrication of corners and intersections requires approval of the Engineer. Corners and intersections shall be mitered and assembled with approved equipment, as described for field joints.

Field joints shall be made by cutting the ends of the sections to be spliced so they will form a smooth even butt joint. The cut ends shall be heated with the splicing tool until the plastic melts. The two ends shall be pressed together until the plastic cools. Splicing shall cause as little damage to the continuity of the ribbed strips as possible.

W-7.03 Joint Filler for Expansion Joints

Joint filler shall be used for all expansion joints. Joint filler shall be closed cell polyethylene Sonoflex F Foam as manufactured by Sonneborn Building Products, or PVC joint filler No. 327, by A. C. Horn, or equal, of the thickness shown.

Joint filler shall be placed against the completed portion of the work before the concrete for the next section is placed. The filler shall be fastened to the hardened concrete with a compatible adhesive in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. The filler shall extend through the thickness of the wall or slab and shall be flush with the finished surface, except where a joint sealant is shown. In joints having a water stop, the filler shall be fitted accurately on each side of the water stop to prevent the intrusion of concrete.

W-7.04 Joint Sealant

Expansion joints shall be finished with a joint sealant where shown or specified.

Joint sealant materials may be either a single component urethane compound meeting the requirements of Fed. Spec. TT-S-00230C, or a two-component urethane compound meeting the requirements of Fed. Spec. TT-S-00227E, except as modified herein.

The urethane sealant shall be 100 percent polymer, nonextended, containing no solvent, lime, or coal tar. Color shall be as selected by the Engineer, but shall not be black. Sealant properties shall conform to the following table:

| <u>Property</u> | <u>Value</u> | <u>Test Method</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Maximum final cure (days) | 3 | |
| Tensile strength (psi) | 250-400 | ASTM D 412 |
| Minimum elongation (%) | 400 | ASTM D 412 |
| Modulus at 100% elongation (psi) | 40-60 | Fed. Spec. |
| Shore A hardness | 30-40 | Shore Durometer |
| Solid content (%) | 98-100 | |
| Peel strength (lb/in.) | 50-60 | Fed. Spec. |
| Minimum recovery (%) | 75-85 | Fed. Spec. |
| Initial tack-free cure (hrs.) | 24-48 | Fed. Spec. |

The two-component sealant shall be mixed using a slotted paddle and slow speed mixer for 5 to 8 minutes, continually working paddle from top to bottom until sealant color is uniform. The side of the container and paddle blade shall be scraped down several times during the mixing operation to ensure uniform mixing.

Joint surfaces shall be properly prepared by removing all foreign matter and concrete

laitance so that concrete surfaces are structurally sound, clean, dry, and free of all oil, grease, wax, waterproofing compounds, or form release materials prior to the application of primer and sealant. All concrete joint surfaces and all surfaces exposed to water shall be primed prior to sealing, with no exceptions. Priming of other surfaces shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the sealant. The primer shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the sealant, subject to the approval of the Engineer. Primer shall be applied by either brushing or spraying on the joint surfaces. Sealant shall be installed within 2 to 24 hours after the application of primer.

For horizontal joints, sealant may be installed by pouring directly from a suitable shaped can or by flowing from a bulk-loading gun. Vertical joints shall be filled from a gun, starting from the bottom, to avoid bridging and the formation of air voids. Overhead joints shall be filled from a gun, by laying a bead along each side of the joint and then filling the middle. Immediately after installation, sealant shall be tooled in order to establish firm contact with joint surfaces and to provide a smooth sealant surface. Method of tooling shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Joint depth shall be controlled with the use of joint fillers and backup materials. Fillers and backup materials in contact with sealant shall be nonimpregnated and free from asphalt, creosote, oil, or extractable plasticizers. Backup material shall be closed cell polyethylene foam rod, such as Sealtight Backer Rod, Sonofoam Backer Rod, or equal, with a diameter 1/4 inch larger than the joint width. Joint widths and sealant depths shall be as shown, except that sealant depth shall not exceed 1/2 inch.

W-7.05 Unbonded Horizontal Joints

Unbonded horizontal joints shall be used as shown or required where slabs or beams must be prevented from bonding to footings, walls, columns, or other rigid parts of the structure.

Bonding shall be prevented by use of structural grade neoprene pads meeting the requirements of Section 25, Division 2 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. The pads shall be placed over the bearing surface of the footing, wall, or other supporting part of the structure so as to isolate it from the new concrete being placed. The neoprene pads shall not be thinner than 1/4 inch.

* * *

SECTION 8 - METAL CASTINGS

W-8.01 General

Metal castings include all miscellaneous ferrous and nonferrous castings.

Wheel guards, valve boxes, manhole frames and covers, stop log grooves, brackets and supports for piping, gutter inlets, floor, roof and gallery drains, stormwater inlets, beehive grates and frames, cleanout covers, and special malleable iron castings and inserts are included in this classification.

W-8.02 Materials

Metal castings shall meet the requirements of the following standards, except as otherwise specified herein.

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Gray Iron | ASTM Des: A 48 |
| Malleable Iron | ASTM Des: A 47 |
| Carbon Steel | ASTM Des: A 27 |
| Alloy Steel | ASTM Des: A 148 |
| Aluminum | ASTM Des: B 26 |
| Aluminum Bronze | ASTM Des: B 148 |
| Silicon Bronze | Navy Spec. 46B28 |
| Manganese Bronze | ASTM Des: B 132 or B 147 |
| Ductile Iron | ASTM Des: A 536 |

W-8.03 Workmanship

Castings shall be made accurately to approved dimensions and shall be planed or ground where marked or where otherwise necessary to secure perfectly flat and true surfaces. Allowance shall be made in the patterns so that the specified thickness shall not be reduced. Manhole and cleanout frames and covers shall conform to the details shown on the Plans and shall be true and shall seat at all points. No plugging of defective castings will be permitted. All castings shall be erected to accurate grades and alignment, and when placed in concrete, they shall be carefully supported to prevent movement during concreting.

W-8.04 Weights

No castings weighing less than 95 percent of the theoretical weight, based on required dimensions, will be accepted. The Contractor shall provide facilities for weighing castings in the presence of the Engineer, or shall furnish invoices showing true weights, certified by the supplier.

* * *

SECTION 9 - STRUCTURAL AND MISCELLANEOUS STEEL

W-9.01 General

Structural and miscellaneous steel shall include all ferrous metals, whether wrought, rolled, fabricated, or assembled, except castings, pipelines, and ornamental iron.

Columns, girders, beams, lintels, trolley beams, frames for openings and removable slabs, ladders, baffle supports, weirs and weir angles, nuts and washers, sheet piling, and similar work are included in this classification.

W-9.02 Materials

Structural and miscellaneous steel shall meet the requirements of the following standards, except as otherwise shown or specified.

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Structural Steel Shapes | |
| Plates and Grating | ASTM A 36 |
| Stainless Steel Plates | ASTM A 167 Type 304, No. 1 Finish |
| Stainless Steel Angles, bolting materials and other shapes | ASTM A 276 Type 304, No. 1 Finish |
| Rivet Steel | ASTM A 502 |
| High Strength Bolts | ASTM A 325 |
| Steel Sheet Piling | ASTM A 328 |
| Silicon Bronze Bolting Materials | ASTM B 98, Alby A |

W-9.03 Workmanship

The design, workmanship, and erection shall conform to the requirements of the latest AISC Specifications for Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings unless otherwise shown, specified, or required. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for the correctness of all shop and field fabrication and fit. Members shall be straight, shall fit closely together, and finished work shall be free from burrs, twists, bends, and open joints. Holes, connecting angles, supports and braces for stair stringers, equipment, apparatus, and similar work shall be provided where required. Structural plates and members for equipment, piping, and similar supports shall be 1/4-inch minimum thickness, unless shown or specified otherwise.

Where shop assembly of field connections is shown, specified, or required, unmatched holes shall be reamed and the pieces matchmarked before disassembly. No drifting will be allowed. In case the eccentricity is too great for good work or the strength of the joint is liable to be weakened by reaming, the piece shall be rejected and a new and satisfactory one shall be provided by the Contractor at his own expense.

W-9.04 Connections in Field

Connections made in the field shall be welded or bolted as hereinafter specified unless riveted connections are approved by the Engineer.

W-9.05 Detailing

Completely detailed shop and erection drawings shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval. Working drawings will be approved for strength only. The numbering of columns, beams, and the like, as shown on detail and erection drawings, shall conform to the numbering shown on the Plans.

W-9.06 Welding

Welding shall be performed by certified welders holding current certificates in accordance with the requirements of the AISC, AWS, and ANSI standards. In assembling and during welding, the component parts of built-up members shall be supported and held by sufficient clamps and other adequate means to hold the parts in proper relation for welding. Welding at joints on weir plate appurtenances shall be watertight. Field welding on weir plates and appurtenances shall require prior written approval of the Engineer.

W-9.07 Bolted Connections

Bolted connections for structural framing shall be made with high strength bolts meeting the requirements of ASTM A 325.

All bolts shall be tightened by means of a torque wrench to the bolt tension recommended in Subsection 1.23.5 of the AISC Specifications.

W-9.08 Riveting

Rivets shall be driven by skilled workmen only and with pneumatic hammers. Rivet heads shall be full, tight, and concentric with the shank. No caulking or recupping will be permitted. Loose, burned, or defective rivets shall be cut out and replaced in a manner which will not injure the surrounding metal. Punching shall be done accurately, but small inaccuracies may be corrected by reaming. Riveted members shall be well pinned and firmly drawn together before riveting. Rivets shall be thoroughly and uniformly heated to not less than a bright red before driving. In removing loose, burned, or otherwise defective rivets, the oxyacetylene torch shall not be used.

W-9.09 Bolts and Nuts

Bolts and nuts other than those specified above for structural framing connections shall be of the best quality mild steel, except where bronze, aluminum, stainless steel, or other materials are shown or required. Bolts shall have hexagonal nuts. Threads shall be clean cut of the American Standard size. Anchor bolts shall be accurately set, and if placed after concrete is poured, all necessary drilling and grouting shall be at the expense of the Contractor. Bolt anchors, unless

shown or specified otherwise, shall be of the sizes indicated or approved and shall be Nations Lead Company "Cinch Anchor," Phillips "Stainless Steel Wedge Anchor," or equal.

All anchor bolts and nuts for equipment and items submerged or subject to periodic wetting shall be of stainless steel, unless other shown or specified.

W-9.10 Stud Anchors

Welded headed studs and stud anchors shall be provided in locations and of sizes and shapes shown as manufactured by Nelson Stud Welding or equal.

W-9.11 Sliding Plates

Sliding plates shall conform to ASTM B 147 (8B) and shall be "Lubrite Plates," manganese bronze No. 423, as manufactured by Merriman, Inc., or equal.

W-9.12 Steel Sheet Piling

Steel sheet piling shall have a minimum thickness of 3/8 inch in web and flange.

W-9.13 Painting

Structural steel shall be painted in accordance with the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting." Stainless steel parts shall not be painted, but shall be wiped and rubbed clean of all foreign matter and left in a condition satisfactory to the Engineer.

* * *

SECTION 10 - DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS

W-10.01 General

All ductile iron pipe shall meet the requirements of AWWA C151. The type and configuration of pipe bedding for buried pipe shall be as shown on the Plans. Coatings and linings for ductile iron pipe and fittings shall conform to the subsection headed "Coatings and Linings," contained herein. Pipe joints shall be bell and spigot, flanged, or mechanical joint as shown on the Plans.

Ductile iron pipe and ductile iron fittings buried in the ground for force mains or installed in pumping stations shall have a minimum thickness of Class 52 unless specified otherwise as shown on the Plans. Ductile push-on iron pipe and fittings for gravity systems, including house laterals, shall be Class 54 and shall have an interior lining as specified in the subsection "Lining for Ductile Iron Gravity Pipe."

W-10.02 Flanged Pipe

Flanged pipe shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C115. Flanges shall be ductile iron and shall have long hubs. There shall be no leakage through the pipe threads, and the flanges shall be designed to prevent corrosion of the threads from outside.

W-10.03 Fittings

All ductile iron fittings shall meet the requirements of AWWA C110, and have a pressure rating of 250 psi, or as specified, whichever is larger.

W-10.04 Flanged Joints

Flanged joints shall meet the requirements of ANSI Specification B16.1. Flanges, flange facing drilling, and protecting shall be as specified for flanged pipe. Bolts and nuts for flanged joints shall be Type 316 stainless steel unless otherwise stated on the Plans or directed by the Engineer.

Except where otherwise directed by the Engineer, gaskets for flanged joints shall be of the full-face type, meeting the requirements of ANSI B16.21. Gaskets shall be rubber with cloth insertion, as made by the Crane Company, Garlock Packing Company, U.S. Rubber Company, or equal.

W-10.05 Mechanical Joints

Mechanical joints shall meet the applicable requirements of AWWA C111.

W-10.06 Push-on Joints

Push-on joints shall be of the bell and spigot type which employs a single, elongated grooved gasket to effect the joint seal. Push-on joints shall meet the applicable requirements of AWWA C111.

W-10.07 Wall Castings, Connecting Pieces, and Special Fittings

Wall castings and connecting pieces, such as bell and bell, bell and spigot, bell and flange, flange and flange, flange and spigot, and flange and flare, shall meet the requirements of ANSI Specification A21.10. Unless otherwise shown or specified, fittings 14 inches and larger shall have a pressure rating of 250 psi.

Where special fittings are required, they shall be of an approved design and shall have the same diameters and thicknesses as standard fittings, unless otherwise required, but their laying lengths and other functional dimensions shall be determined by their positions in the pipelines and by the particular piping materials to which they connect.

Where watertightness is essential and at other locations where indicated, wall castings shall be provided with an integrally cast intermediate collar located at the center of the wall.

W-10.08 Sleeve-Type Couplings

Except where standard solid sleeves or split sleeves are shown or specified, sleeve-type couplings for ductile iron pipe shall be Style 38 couplings as made by Dresser Industries, Inc., or Type 411 as made by Smith-Blair, or equal. Gaskets shall be of molded rubber, Dresser Plain Grade 27, Smith-Blair 003, or equal. Middle rings shall be without a pipe stop and shall be at least 1/4 inch thick and 5 inches wide for 8-inch and smaller pipe, 3/8 inch thick and 7 inches wide for 10-inch through 30-inch pipe, and 1/2 inch thick and 10 inches wide for 36-inch and larger pipe with follower rings of appropriate thickness, unless otherwise shown or specified.

Sleeve-type couplings shall be shop coated with Dresser Red "D" Shop-Coat, Smith-Blair Standard Blue Shop Coat, or equal nontoxic material compatible with the finished coatings specified.

W-10.09 Coatings and Linings

Pipe which is to be buried shall have the standard outside coating specified in AWWA C151-8.1.

Unless otherwise shown on the Plans or specified, all ductile iron pipe and fittings shall have a cement-mortar lining meeting the requirements of AWWA C151-8.2.

The weight and class designation shall be painted conspicuously in white on the outside of each pipe, fitting, and special casting after the shop coat has hardened.

W-10.10 Harnessing

Ductile iron pipe and fittings with mechanical joints that require harnessing shall be provided with ductile iron retainer glands, Megalug, as manufactured by EBAA Iron, or equal. The glands shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Set screws shall be tightened to 75 foot-pounds torque. Where the glands are to be buried or not exposed to view, the assembly shall be given 2 heavy coats of asphalt varnish after installation. Ductile iron pipe and fittings with push-on joints that require harnessing shall be Clow F-128 "Super Lock Joint,"

American Cast Iron Pipe "Lok-Fast Joint," U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company "TR Flex," or equal.

W-10.11 Lining for Ductile Iron Gravity Pipe

All ductile iron pipe and fittings, unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be provided with a special interior lining. For sizes 8 inches in diameter and above, the lining material shall be virgin polyethylene complying with ASTM D 1248 (40 mils thick) heat bonded to the interior of the pipe for all pipe sizes. For 6-inch diameter, the lining material shall either be the aforementioned polyethylene system or a 40 mil thick coal tar epoxy system. All pipe joint bells shall be coated on the inside with the same lining material as used in the pipe barrel. All field cuts shall be field coated with 40 mils of high build epoxy compatible with the lining.

W-10.12 Polyethylene Encasement

Polyethylene encasement shall be installed on all ductile iron pipe and fittings within the sections indicated on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5.

Although not intended to be a completely air-and-water-tight enclosure, the polyethylene shall prevent contact between the pipe and the surrounding backfill.

Polyethylene encasement shall be installed in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's instructions, or in a manner acceptable to the Engineer. Polyethylene encasement shall extend 1 foot beyond the joint in both directions (a total of 2-foot overlap) and shall be adhered to said joint with 2-inch wide green marking tape. The slack width shall be taken up at the top of the pipe to make a snug, but not tight, fit along the barrel of the pipe, securing the fold at quarter points. Upon installation of the encasement, any cuts or damaged portions of the polyethylene encasement shall be securely mended with tape or with a short length of polyethylene sheet, or a tube cut open, wrapped around the pipe to cover the damaged area, and secured in place.

Backfill material shall be the same as specified for pipe without polyethylene wrapping; however, extra care should be taken that the backfill be free from cinders, refuse, boulders, rocks, stones, or other materials that could damage the encasement. Special care shall be taken to prevent damage to the polyethylene wrapping when placing backfill.

Because prolonged exposure to sunlight will deteriorate polyethylene film, such exposure prior to backfilling the wrapped pipe shall be kept to a minimum.

W-10.13 Ductile Iron Pipe Exterior Coating

All pipe and fittings shall have an exterior asphaltic coating conforming to the following requirements:

| | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Viscosity, KU at 25 degrees C | 56-60 |
| Flashpoint, degrees F (TCC) | 40 degrees F Min |
| Dry set to touch, minutes | 6 |
| Dry hard, minutes | 22 |

W-10.14 Force Main Identification

Ductile iron pipe sanitary force main shall be continuously spiral wrapped with 2-inch wide green stick-on vinyl tape prior to installation for permanent identification purposes. The tape shall have a minimum thickness of 6 mils with a minimum tensile strength of 22 pounds per inch and a minimum adhesive factor of 40 ounces per inch. The pipe shall be clean and dry when wrapped.

* * *

SECTION 11 - PVC PIPE GRAVITY

W-11.01 General

All pipe and fittings, 6"-27" nominal diameter, shall be solid wall Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe **MANUFACTURED** to standards as outlined in the following sections.

All references to ASTM Designations shall include Manufacturing (PVC Cell Classification) and Performance (Inspection, Sampling and Testing) Specifications, and the most recent shall govern. Pipe and fittings meeting **ONLY** the Performance Test Specification will not be acceptable. The minimum nominal diameter for mainline pipe is 8 inches and for laterals is 6 inches. The maximum laying length shall be 13.0 feet.

W-11.02 Standards (6"-15" Diameter)

Solid wall PVC pipe shall comply with ASTM D 3034 and all applicable ASTM documents as covered in Section No. 2 of ASTM D 3034. All pipe and fittings shall be made of PVC plastic having cell classifications as outlined in Section No. 5 "Materials" of ASTM D 3034 and as defined in ASTM D 1784. For depths of cut through 18 feet, a minimum wall thickness of SDR-35 is required. For depths of cut greater than 18 feet, a minimum wall thickness of SDR-26 is required. Fittings shall be either integrally cast (factory molded) or factory solvent welded and a separate section from the mainline pipe. SDR-26 fittings shall be used with SDR-26 pipe.

W-11.03 Standards (18"-27" Diameter)

Solid wall PVC pipe and fittings shall comply with ASTM F 679 and all applicable ASTM documents as covered in Section No. 2 of ASTM F 679. All pipe and fittings shall be made of PVC plastic having cell classifications as outlined in Section No. 4 "Materials" of ASTM F 679 and as defined in ASTM D1784. All pipe and fittings shall meet the wall thickness and cell classification requirements of either T-1 or T-2 of Table 1 "Pipe Dimensions and Minimum Pipe Stiffness" of ASTM F 679. Fittings shall be either integrally cast (factory molded) or factory solvent welded and a separate section from the mainline pipe.

W-11.04 Joints (6"-27" Diameter)

Joints for solid wall PVC pipe and fittings shall be gasket, bell and spigot, push-on type. Joints shall be a molded integral part of the pipe section. Joints or couplings furnished loose shall not be permitted. Solvent cemented joints shall not be permitted. Lubricant shall be as recommended by the pipe manufacturer. (Assembly of gasketed joints is outlined in the Section "Joining of PVC Pipe").

Joints for pipe and for fittings shall comply with ASTM D 3212 "Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals." Elastomeric gaskets shall meet the requirements of ASTM F 477. Joints for pipe and fittings shall comply with ASTM D 3034 for 6"-15" diameter, ASTM F 679 for 18"-27" diameter, and ASTM F 1336 for 6"-27" diameter.

W-11.05 Pre-installation Tests, Reports, Markings and Submittals

All 6"-15" pipe and fittings shall be marked per Section No. 12 "Marking" of ASTM D 3034. All 18"-27" pipe and fittings shall be marked per Section 11 "Marking" of ASTM F 679. All required information shall be marked on the pipe. If in code, the markings shall be decoded in writing by letter to the City in advance.

PRIOR TO SHIPMENT of the pipe and fittings to the project site, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certifications as described below duly certified by the manufacturer's testing facility or an independent certified testing laboratory demonstrating full compliance with the applicable ASTM specifications described above. Certification from the supplier is **not** acceptable.

An original plus four (4) copies of the following shall be submitted to the Engineer.

1. The name, address, and phone number of the pipe and fittings manufacturer and the location of the plant at which they will be manufactured.
2. A letter of certification stating that each lot of pipe used on this project has been manufactured, sampled, tested, and conforms to Section 8 "Test Methods" of ASTM D 3034 for 6"-15" diameter and Section 7 "Test Methods" of ASTM F 679 for 18"-27" diameter pipe. A letter of certification from the fittings manufacturer shall be provided stating that all fittings conform with ASTM D 3034 for 6"-15" diameter, ASTM F 679 for 18"-27" diameter, and ASTM F 1336 for 6"-27" diameter.

W-11.06 Bedding Requirements

Unless otherwise indicated on the Plans, solid wall PVC pipe shall be installed with Class "C" bedding as described in Section W-2 - Backfilling." If soil conforming to subsection W-2.04 "Select Fill Material-Sand" is not excavated at the project site, it shall be imported. Compaction requirements are described in subsection W-2.07 "Bedding Placement for Pipelines." In no case shall a concrete cradle be used. In the event the Plans call for or the Contractor opts to install crushed stone, it shall be NO GREATER THAN a #57 stone.

W-11.07 Post-installation Tests

SCOPE: Prior to final acceptance of the project all PVC pipelines shall be leakage tested, deflection tested, and T.V inspected, all at the expense of the Contractor. The leakage test shall be performed by the Contractor or a Wastewater Department approved test lab after the subbase has been compacted. The Contractor or a Wastewater Department approved test lab shall perform the deflection testing. The deflection test shall be performed a minimum of 7 days after the base has been compacted and sealed. The Contractor shall perform the T.V. inspection only **AFTER** the pipelines have passed both the leakage and deflection tests.

DEFLECTION TESTING: The PVC pipe/soil system has been designed so that the maximum installed deflection does not exceed 5% or 7-1/2% of the base inside diameter of the pipe as listed in the following table:

| INCHES | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| <u>SDR-35</u> | | | |
| <u>Nominal Size</u> | <u>Base Inside Diameter</u> | 5% Deflection after 7 days <u>Mandrel</u> | 7-1/2% Deflection after 30 days <u>Mandrel</u> |
| 8 | 7.665 | 7.28 | 7.09 |
| 10 | 9.563 | 9.08 | 8.85 |
| 12 | 11.361 | 10.79 | 10.51 |
| 15 | 13.898 | 13.20 | 12.86 |
| <u>TYPE T-1</u> | | | |
| 18 | 16.976 | 16.13 | 15.70 |
| 21 | 20.004 | 19.01 | 18.50 |
| 24 | 22.480 | 21.36 | 20.79 |
| 27 | 25.327 | 24.06 | 23.43 |

SDR-26

| <u>Nominal Size</u> | <u>Base Inside Diameter</u> | <u>5% Deflection after 7 days Mandrel</u> | <u>7-1/2% Deflection after 30 days Mandrel</u> |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 8 | 7.488 | 7.11 | 6.93 |
| 10 | 9.342 | 8.87 | 8.64 |
| 12 | 11.102 | 10.55 | 10.27 |
| 15 | 13.575 | 12.90 | 12.56 |

TYPE T-2

| | | | |
|----|--------|-------|-------|
| 18 | 17.054 | 16.20 | 15.77 |
| 21 | 20.098 | 19.09 | 18.59 |
| 24 | 22.586 | 21.46 | 20.89 |
| 27 | 25.446 | 24.17 | 23.54 |

The Contractor shall have the option of testing for 5% deflection after the base has been compacted and sealed for 7 days; or for 7-1/2% deflection after the base has been compacted and sealed for 30 days.

If the pipe fails the 7 day, 5% deflection test, the Contractor shall immediately conduct a 7-1/2% deflection test. If the pipe passes the 7-1/2% deflection test, the Contractor has the option of repairing that section at that time or waiting until a minimum of 30 days after the base has been compacted and sealed and then re-testing for a maximum of 7-1/2% deflection.

If the pipe fails the 7-1/2% deflection test after 7 days or at 30 days, the Contractor shall repair that section immediately.

If the Contractor performs the deflection testing rather than employing an approved test lab, the following shall apply:

The Contractor shall furnish the mandrel, labor, materials, and equipment necessary to perform the tests as approved by the Engineer. The mandrel shall be pulled through by HAND or a HAND operated reel in the presence of the Engineer. Prior to performing the deflection tests, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certification that the 9-arm mandrels are preset as stated above. Each mandrel shall be engraved with the following:

Serial Number
Nominal pipe diameter
Either "ASTM D 3034," year and either "SDR-35" or "SDR26"
or "ASTM F 679," year and either "Type T-1" or "Type T-2"
% deflection as stated above.

If the mandrel fails to pass any section of pipe, the Contractor shall excavate and make all repairs necessary to correct the excessive deflection. The Contractor shall then backfill, recompact, and reseal the permanent pavement base, and retest the line. If the mandrel fails to pass a second time, the section shall be replaced. Re-rounding is **NOT** permitted.

W-11.08 Leakage Testing

The Contractor or a reputable test lab shall perform either an infiltration, exfiltration or an air leakage test as authorized by the Engineer. If the groundwater level is two (2) feet or more above the crown of the pipe, an infiltration test must be performed. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the date and time of the test a minimum of 5 days prior to the test.

The infiltration/exfiltration tests shall be performed as described in Section W-18.

AIR TESTING - The minimum time duration permitted for pressure drops of 1.0 psi and 0.5 psi are shown in Tables I and II on the following page and are based on a maximum allowable exfiltration rate of 0.0015 cu. ft./min./sq. ft. of internal pipe surface. Derivations may be found in the Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association publication: "Recommended Practice for Low-Pressure Air Testing of Installed Sewer Pipe," UNI-B-6-85. (Available from Uni-Bell, 2655 Villa Creek Drive, Suite 155, Dallas, Texas 75234.

The test shall commence after the plugged line has reached a stabilized gauge pressure of $4.0 \pm 1/2$ psi. Air testing equipment shall be arranged so that it is located at the ground surface and shall have an approved air relief arrangement to prevent the sewer from being pressurized to greater than 9.0 psig.

If the pressure drops 1.0 psig (or 0.5 psig) before the appropriate time shown in Table I (Page W11-8) or Table II (Page W11-9) has elapsed, the line has failed. In such case, the Contractor shall structurally repair or replace all defective materials and/or workmanship to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Sealants are **NOT** permitted. The completed pipe installation shall then be retested.

The lengths of lateral sewers may be ignored for computing required test times. In the event a test section (mainline and laterals), having a combined total internal surface area less than 625 square feet, fails to pass the air test when laterals have been ignored; the test time may be reduced per Section 9.4 of UNI-B-6-85. If the reduced test time is short enough to allow the section to pass, the computations shall be included with the test results.

W-11.09 Joining of PVC Pipe

The assembly of gasketed joints shall be performed as recommended by the pipe manufacturer. In all cases, clean the gasket and bell, especially the groove area and the spigot area with a rag, brush, or paper towel to remove any dirt or foreign material before the assembly. Lubricant shall be applied as specified by the pipe manufacturer.

Align the spigot to the bell and insert the spigot into the bell until it contacts the gasket uniformly. Apply firm steady pressure either by hand or by bar and block assembly until the spigot easily slips through the gasket.

If undue resistance to insertion of the pipe end is encountered or the reference mark does not position properly, disassemble the joint and check the position of the gasket. If it is twisted or pushed out of its seat ("fish-mounted"), inspect components, repair or replace damaged items, clean the components, and repeat the assembly steps. Be sure both pipe lengths are in concentric alignment. If the gasket was not out of position, verify proper location of the reference mark.

To join field-cut pipe, first square cut the pipe end. Use a factory-finished beveled end as a guide for proper bevel angle and depth of bevel plus the distance to the insertion reference mark. Bevel the end using a pipe beveling tool or a wood rasp which will cut the correct taper. Round off any sharp edges on the leading edge of the bevel.

W-11.10 Joining PVC Pipe to Clay Pipe

The joining of PVC to clay pipe shall be accomplished with flexible compression couplings. Such couplings shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: C 425 and shall be Series No. 1002 flexible polyvinyl chloride couplings with stainless steel compression bands as manufactured by Fernco Joint Sealer Co., Ferndale, Michigan; Band-Seal couplings as manufactured by Mission Clay Products Corp., Whittier, California; or equal. Installation of flexible couplings shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

After the joint has been completed, any voids in the excavation beneath the coupling shall be thoroughly tamped full of granular fill material to provide a full bearing for the pipe and prevent excessive pressure on the bottom of the joint.

W-11.11 Joining PVC Pipe to Ductile Iron Pipe

The joining of PVC pipe to ductile iron pipe shall be accomplished with rigid PVC C900 x SDR-35 adapter couplings. Such couplings shall be molded of PVC material meeting ASTM D-1784 specifications. Joints shall meet ASTM D-3213 requirements with gaskets conforming to ASTM F-477. The adapter couplings shall be manufactured by Harco, Lynchburg, Virginia, or equal. Installation of rigid couplings shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

After the joint has been completed, any voids in the excavation beneath the coupling shall be thoroughly tamped full of granular fill material to provide a full bearing for the pipe and prevent excessive pressure on the bottom of the joint.

W-11.12 Connection to Manholes

The Contractor will be required to submit a shop drawing, detailing the method of connecting the proposed pipe to the manhole and making it watertight. For connecting PVC pipe, the Contractor shall use a flexible rubber boot, precast into the manhole. The boot shall have stainless steel bands to compress and seal to the proposed pipe or shall be a compression type, such as A-Lock.

Should the flexible rubber boot need to be relocated when connecting to an existing manhole, the Contractor shall perform the connection by one of two methods. The preferred method is to core the manhole and install a rubber boot. The rubber boot shall be manufactured by Kor-n-Seal, or equal. The boot shall be installed and the PVC pipe connection shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If the manhole cannot be cored or if the manhole is constructed of brick, the connection shall be made with a PVC manhole adapter which has an exterior impregnated silica surface layer. The adapter shall be manufactured by GPK Products, Inc., Fargo, North Dakota, or equal. The adapter shall be installed and grouted into the manhole wall in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions with non-shrink grout. The PVC pipe shall be inserted through the adapter.

W-11.13 Storage of PVC Pipe

Pipe shall be stored at the job site in unit packages provided by the manufacturer. Caution shall be exercised to avoid compression, damage, or deformation to bell ends of the pipe. When unit packages of PVC pipe are stacked, ensure that the weight of upper units does not cause deformation to pipe in lower units.

PVC pipe unit packages shall be supported by racks or dunnage to prevent damage to the bottom during storage. Supports shall be spaced to prevent pipe bending.

PVC pipe shall not be stored close to heat sources or hot objects such as heaters, boilers, steam line, engine exhaust, etc.

When unit packages of PVC pipe are stacked, ensure that the height of the stack does not result in instability which could cause stack collapse, pipe damage, bodily injury, and property damage.

The interior as well as all sealing surfaces or pipe, fittings, and other accessories shall be kept free from dirt and foreign matter.

Gaskets shall be protected from excessive exposure to heat, direct sunlight, ozone, oil and grease.

W-11.14 Handling of PVC Pipe - Standard Procedures

When using fork lifts or other handling equipment, prevent damage to PVC pipe.

When handling PVC pipe, avoid severe impact blows, abrasion damage and gouging or cutting by metal surfaces or rocks. Avoid stressing bell joints and damage of bevel ends.

Pipe shall be lowered, not dropped, from trucks and into trenches.

In preparation for pipe installation, placement (stringing) of pipe shall be as close to the trench as practical and

on the opposite side from excavated earth. Bell ends shall point in the direction of work progress.

The Engineer may reject any pipe that shows visible signs of damage resulting from poor storage and handling practices.

TABLE I

SPECIFICATION TIME REQUIRED FOR A 1.0 PSIG PRESSURE DROP
FOR SIZE AND LENGTH OF PIPE INDICATED FOR Q = 0.0015

| Pipe Diameter (in) | Minimum Time (min:sec) | Length for Minimum Time (ft) | Time for Longer Length (sec) | Specification Time for Length (L) Shown (min:sec) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | | 100 ft | 150 ft | 200 ft | 250 ft | 300 ft | 350 ft | 400 ft | 450 ft | | |
| 4 | 3:46 | 597 | .380 L | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 | 3:46 |
| 6 | 5:40 | 398 | .854 L | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:42 | 6:24 |
| 8 | 7:34 | 298 | 1.520 L | 7:34 | 7:34 | 7:34 | 7:34 | 7:34 | 7:36 | 8:52 | 10:08 | 11:24 | 17:48 |
| 10 | 9:26 | 239 | 2.374 L | 9:26 | 9:26 | 9:26 | 9:26 | 9:26 | 11:52 | 13:51 | 15:49 | 17:48 | 25:38 |
| 12 | 11:20 | 199 | 3.418 L | 11:20 | 11:20 | 11:24 | 14:15 | 17:05 | 19:56 | 22:47 | 25:38 | 35:36 | 40:04 |
| 15 | 14:10 | 159 | 5.342 L | 14:10 | 14:10 | 17:48 | 22:15 | 26:42 | 31:09 | 35:36 | 40:04 | 44:52 | 57:41 |
| 18 | 17:00 | 133 | 7.692 L | 17:00 | 19:13 | 25:38 | 32:03 | 38:27 | 44:52 | 51:16 | 57:41 | 69:48 | 78:31 |
| 21 | 19:50 | 114 | 10.470 L | 19:50 | 26:10 | 34:54 | 43:37 | 52:21 | 61:00 | 69:48 | 78:31 | 91:10 | 102:33 |
| 24 | 22:40 | 99 | 13.674 L | 22:47 | 34:11 | 45:34 | 56:58 | 68:22 | 79:46 | 91:10 | 102:33 | 115:22 | 129:48 |
| 27 | 25:30 | 88 | 17.306 L | 28:51 | 43:16 | 57:41 | 72:07 | 86:32 | 100:57 | 115:22 | 129:48 | 142:26 | 160:15 |
| 30 | 28:20 | 80 | 21.366 L | 35:37 | 53:25 | 71:13 | 89:02 | 106:50 | 124:38 | 142:26 | 160:15 | 172:21 | 193:53 |
| 33 | 31:10 | 72 | 25.852 L | 43:05 | 64:38 | 86:10 | 107:43 | 129:16 | 150:43 | 172:21 | 193:53 | 205:07 | 230:46 |
| 36 | 34:00 | 66 | 30.768 L | 51:17 | 76:55 | 102:34 | 128:12 | 153:50 | 179:29 | 205:07 | 230:46 | 253:15 | 290:04 |

TABLE II

SPECIFICATION TIME REQUIRED FOR A 0.5 PSIG PRESSURE DROP
FOR SIZE AND LENGTH OF PIPE INDICATED FOR Q = 0.0015

| Pipe Diameter (in) | Minimum Time (min:sec) | Length for Minimum Time (ft) | Time for Longer Length (sec) | Specification Time for Length (L) Shown (min:sec) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | | 100 ft | 150 ft | 200 ft | 250 ft | 300 ft | 350 ft | 400 ft | 450 ft | | |
| 4 | 1:53 | 597 | .190 L | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 | 1:53 |
| 6 | 2:50 | 398 | .427 L | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:50 | 2:51 | 3:12 |
| 8 | 3:47 | 298 | .760 L | 3:47 | 3:47 | 3:47 | 3:47 | 3:47 | 3:47 | 3:48 | 4:26 | 5:04 | 5:42 |
| 10 | 4:43 | 239 | 1.187 L | 4:43 | 4:43 | 4:43 | 4:57 | 5:56 | 6:55 | 7:54 | 8:54 | 9:58 | 11:24 |
| 12 | 5:40 | 199 | 1.709 L | 5:40 | 5:40 | 5:42 | 7:08 | 8:33 | 9:58 | 11:24 | 12:50 | 15:35 | 17:48 |
| 15 | 7:05 | 159 | 2.671 L | 7:05 | 7:05 | 8:54 | 11:08 | 13:21 | 15:35 | 17:48 | 20:02 | 22:26 | 25:38 |
| 18 | 8:30 | 133 | 3.846 L | 8:30 | 9:37 | 12:49 | 16:01 | 19:14 | 22:26 | 25:38 | 28:51 | 30:32 | 34:54 |
| 21 | 9:55 | 114 | 5.235 L | 9:55 | 13:05 | 17:27 | 21:49 | 26:11 | 30:32 | 34:54 | 39:16 | 43:35 | 46:54 |
| 24 | 11:20 | 99 | 6.837 L | 11:24 | 17:57 | 22:48 | 28:30 | 34:11 | 39:53 | 45:35 | 51:17 | 57:42 | 62:07 |
| 27 | 12:45 | 88 | 8.653 L | 14:25 | 21:38 | 28:51 | 36:04 | 43:16 | 50:30 | 57:42 | 64:54 | 71:13 | 76:57 |
| 30 | 14:10 | 80 | 10.683 L | 17:48 | 26:43 | 35:37 | 44:31 | 53:25 | 62:19 | 71:13 | 80:07 | 88:51 | 96:57 |
| 33 | 15:35 | 72 | 12.926 L | 21:33 | 32:19 | 43:56 | 53:52 | 64:38 | 75:24 | 86:10 | 96:57 | 107:43 | 115:23 |
| 36 | 17:00 | 66 | 15.483 L | 25:39 | 38:28 | 51:17 | 64:06 | 76:55 | 89:44 | 102:34 | 115:23 | 128:12 | 141:01 |

SECTION W-12F - FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYESTER MANHOLES

W-12F.01 General

Fiberglass reinforced polyester (FRP) manholes shall be one piece monolithic designed units. Manholes shall be manufactured from commercial grade polyester resins reinforced with glass fibers. FRP manholes shall be manufactured in strict accordance with ASTM D-3753 latest edition. Manholes shall be as manufactured by Fluid Containment, Inc., Conroe, Texas or as manufactured by L.F. Manufacturing, Inc., Giddings, Texas, or approved equal.

FRP manholes for sewers less than 24-inches in diameter shall have a minimum diameter of 4'-0". Manhole installation, pipe connections, and other requirements shall comply with the applicable sections of the specifications and the details shown on the plans.

W-12F.02 Materials

The resins shall be commercial grade unsaturated polyester resin. Resins for each manhole shall be from a single manufacturer; mixing of resins from different manufacturer's shall not be permitted. Quality assurance records must be maintained.

The reinforcing materials shall be commercial grade "E" type glass. The glass shall be in the form of a mat, continuous roving, chopped roving, or roving fabric. The reinforcing shall have a coupling agent that provides a suitable bond between the glass reinforcing and the resin.

If reinforcing material is used on the interior surface of the manholes, it shall be a commercial grade chemical resistant glass or an organic surfacing mat having a coupling agent that will provide a suitable bond with the resin.

Fillers and additives shall be inert to the environment and the manhole construction. Additives may be added as required by the manufacturing process to meet the requirements of the specifications. The reinforced-plastic material resulting from the use of additives and fillers must meet the requirements of this specification.

The laminate shall consist of multiple layers of glass and resin. The interior surface of the manhole shall be resin rich and shall have no exposed fibers.

W-12F.03 Manufacture

Manhole cylinders, manways, and connectors shall be produced from glass fiber-reinforced polyester resin with the construction determined by the particular process of the manufacturer and configuration. The process may include molding, compression molding, pultrusion, or other means.

The manhole shall be a one piece unit consisting of a bottom, barrel section, and a cone section with a fiberglass neck that extends into the frame and cover. The manhole shall provide an area so that the City standard cast iron frame and cover can be supported without damage to the manhole. The cone section, if produced separately, shall be joined to the barrel section at the factory with a resin-glass reinforced joint which results in a one piece unit. If the cone section is

joined with a butt joint, the seam shall be fiberglassed on the inside and outside of the manhole. If the cone section is joined using a bell and spigot design, the seam shall be fiberglassed on the outside of the manhole. Seams shall be made using the same glass-resin jointing procedure. Field joints shall only be permitted if they are performed by the manufacturer. The manhole bottom shall be integrally joined to the barrel section and shall be a minimum of 1/2-inch thick. For securing the manhole to a concrete bottom slab, the manhole bottom shall have an anchoring collar around the outside circumference of the manhole that extends a minimum of 3-inches beyond the face of the barrel.

W-12F.04 Standards and Requirements

The interior surface of the manhole shall be a resin rich layer 0.010" to 0.020" thick. The inner surface layer that will be exposed to the corrosive environment shall be followed with a minimum of 2-passes of chopped roving with a minimum length of 0.5" to a maximum length of 2.0". The chopped roving shall be applied uniformly to provide an equivalent weight of 3 oz./ft². Each pass of chopped roving shall be well-rolled prior to the application of additional passes. The combined thickness of the inner surface and the interior layer shall not be less than 0.10".

The interior surface shall be free of crazing, delamination, blisters larger than 0.5" in diameter or wrinkles 0.125" or greater in depth. Surface pits shall be permitted if they are less than 0.75" in diameter and less than 0.0625" deep. Voids that cannot be broken with finger pressure and that are entirely below the resin surface shall be permitted if they are less than 0.5" in diameter and less than 0.0625" thick.

The exterior surface shall be relatively smooth with no sharp projections. Hand worked finishes are acceptable if sufficient resin is present to eliminate fiber show. The exterior surface shall be free of blisters larger than 0.5" in diameter, delamination, or exposed fibers. The laminate shall have a factory installed UV protection.

Manhole repairs when required shall meet all requirements of this specification and the details shown on the plans.

The complete manhole shall have a minimum dynamic load rating of 16,000 lbf when tested in accordance with ASTM 3753, section 8.4 (note 1). When tested for this rating the complete manhole shall not leak, crack, or suffer other damage when load tested to 40,000 lbf. In addition, when loaded to 24,000 lb the manhole shall not deflect vertically downward more than 0.25" at the point where the load is applied.

The tolerance for the inside diameter of the manhole shall be +/- 1% of the required diameter.

Each manhole shall be subjected to an air or water pressure test to determine soundness. The manhole shall be subjected to 3-5 psi pressure test and the entire manhole inspected for leaks. Any leakage through the laminate is cause for failure of the test. Refer to ASTM 3753, section 8.6 for further details of the test.

Chemical resistance testing shall be in accordance with ASTM 3753, section 8.7. In accordance with the test, the flexural strength, flexural modulus, barcol hardness shall be plotted

versus time on log-log coordinates. The line defined by these points shall be extrapolated to 100,000 hours. The results of the test must show that the test sample has retained 50% of the sample's initial properties. The test sample used shall be actual pieces of the manhole or samples manufactured consistent with the manhole construction.

When tested in accordance with ASTM 3753, Section 8.5 (note 1), the manhole cylinder shall have the minimum pipe stiffness values shown in the table below:

| <u>Manhole Length (ft)</u> | <u>PSI</u> |
|----------------------------|------------|
| 3-6.5 | 0.75 |
| 7-12.5 | 1.26 |
| 13-20.5 | 2.01 |
| 21-25.5 | 3.02 |
| 26-35 | 5.24 |

The manholes shall have the following physical properties:

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Flexural Strength (Cone): | Hoop: 15,400 psi Axial: 17,200 psi |
| Flexural Strength (Cylinder): | Hoop: 22,500 psi Axial: 14,300 psi |
| Compressive Strength: | 18,900 psi |

W-12F.05 Inspection and Testing

All tests shall be performed as specified in the latest edition of ASTM 3753, section 8, test method D-790 (note 5) and test method D-695. The manhole manufacturer shall complete all required ASTM 3753 testing and maintain records of the testing.

The manhole manufacturer shall maintain controls on glass and resin content for all manufacturing processes and for each portion of manhole fabrication. Records of these control checks shall be maintained. Proper glass content may be verified by glass usage checks or by glass and resin application rate checks. These checks shall be done in accordance with the material composition test specified in ASTM 8.8.1.

The quality of all materials, the manufacturing process, and the finished units shall be subject to the inspection and approval of the Engineer. Inspections may be made at the place of manufacturer or at the site of delivery. Manhole sections that fail to meet the requirements of this specification or that have been damaged after delivery shall be rejected.

When requested in writing by the Engineer, each manhole delivered to the site shall be provided with a certification verifying that the manhole has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the provisions of this specification and meets all requirements. Each certification shall be signed by authorized agent of the supplier or manufacturer and must be submitted to the Engineer prior to shipment of the manhole. When requested in writing by the Engineer, a copy of

the manufacturer's test report and a copy of the test results must also be submitted with the manhole certification.

W-12F.06 Shipping and Handling

The FRP manhole must be handled to ensure that the manhole is not damaged or impacted. Manholes may be lifted either by two slings attached to a spreader bar or by inserting a 4"X4" timber into the top of the manhole with a cable or sling attached to the center. Use of chains or cables which may come into contact with the manhole surface shall not be allowed.

W-12F.07 Marking and Identification

Each manhole shall be labeled with the following information:

1. Manufacturer's name or trademark
2. Manufacturer's serial number
3. Length of manhole
4. Location of manufacturer's factory
5. ASTM designation

* * *

SECTION 15 - LAYING AND JOINTING PIPE
FOR FORCE MAINS AND SEWERS

W-15.01 General

The installation, delivery, transportation, unloading, and stringing of pipes, fittings, and accessories for force mains and sewers shall be done in accordance with AWWA C600 for ductile iron pipe and ASTM Des: C 12 for clay and concrete pipe and ASTM D 2321 and pipe manufacturer's recommendations for PVC pipe, as modified or supplemented by the specifications of this section and by the details shown on the Plans.

Proper and suitable tools and appliances for the safe and convenient cutting, handling, and laying of the pipe and fittings shall be used.

Suitable fittings shall be used where shown and at connections where grade or alignment changes require offsets greater than those recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

Pipes and fittings shall be thoroughly cleaned before they are laid and shall be kept clean until they are accepted in the completed work.

All lines shall be closed off with bulkheads when pipe laying is not in progress.

Before being laid, all pipe and specials shall be thoroughly examined for defects, and no piece shall be installed which is known to be defective. If any defective piece should be discovered after having being installed, it shall be removed and replaced with a sound one in a satisfactory manner by the Contractor at his own expense.

Pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned before it is laid and shall be kept clean until it is accepted in the completed work. Special care shall be exercised to avoid leaving bits of wood, dirt, and other foreign particles in the pipe. If any such particles are discovered before the final acceptance of the work, they shall be removed and the pipe cleaned at the Contractor's expense.

Pipe laying for sewers shall begin at the low end of a run and proceed upgrade. Generally, all such pipe shall be laid with bells or grooves pointing uphill. Each pipe shall be carefully placed and checked for line and grade.

Adjustments to bring pipe to line and grade shall be made by scraping away or filling in granular material under the body of the pipe, but in no case by wedging or blocking up the barrel. The faces of the spigot ends and the bells shall be brought into fair contact, and the pipe shall be firmly and completely shoved home. As the work progresses, the interior of the pipelines shall be cleaned of all dirt and superfluous materials of every description. All lines shall be kept absolutely clean during construction. Pipelines shall be laid accurately to line and grade.

Gaskets for pipe joints shall be stored in a cool place and protected from light, sunlight, heat, oil, or grease until installed. Any gaskets showing signs of checking, weathering, or other deterioration will be rejected.

Pipe shall be of the types, sizes, and classes shown on the Plans or as listed in the Contract Items.

Each piece of pipe shall be inspected and cleaned before it is lowered in the trench and any lumps or projections on the face of the spigot or tongue end or the shoulder shall be cut away. No cracked, broken, or defective pieces shall be used in the work.

Concrete pipe manufactured with a plastic sheet liner shall be laid so that the liner is on the crown of the pipe and placed symmetrically about the vertical centerline of the pipe.

Pipe laying will be permitted only in dry trenches having a stable bottom. Where groundwater is encountered, the Contractor shall make every effort to secure an absolutely dry trench bottom.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor has failed to obtain an absolutely dry trench bottom by improper or insufficient use of all known methods of trench dewatering, the Engineer may then order the Contractor to excavate below grade and place sufficient selected fill material, crushed stone, or Class D concrete over the trench bottom at the Contractor's own expense.

If all efforts fail to obtain this condition and the Engineer determines that the trench bottom is unsuitable for pipe foundation, he will order in writing the kind of stabilization to be constructed.

W-15.02 Transportation and Delivery

Every precaution shall be taken to prevent injury to the pipe during transportation and delivery to the site. Extreme care must be taken in loading and unloading the pipe and fittings. Such work must be done slowly with skids or suitable power equipment, and the pipe shall be under perfect control at all times. Under no condition shall the pipe be dropped, bumped, dragged, pushed, or moved in any way which will cause damage to the pipe or coating. When handling the pipe with a crane, a suitable pipe hook or sling around the pipe shall be used. Under no condition shall the sling be allowed to pass through the pipe unless adequate measures are taken to prevent damage to the pipe ends.

If in the process of transportation, handling, or laying, any pipe or special is damaged, such pipe or pipes shall be replaced or repaired by the Contractor at his own expense.

The Contractor shall furnish and install suitable blocking and stakes so as to prevent the pipe from rolling. The type of blocking and stakes, and the method of installation, shall be approved by the Engineer.

W-15.03 Pipe Laying - Trenches

Pipelines shall be laid in trench excavation on bedding material as specified under the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Backfilling," Class D concrete cradle or other foundations as shown on the Plans, specified, or ordered in writing by the Engineer. The pipe shall be properly secured against movement and pipe joints shall be made in the excavation as required.

The pipe bedding shall be carefully graded, compacted, and formed to fit the bottom quadrant of the pipe. Bell holes shall be cut out for each joint as required to permit the joint to be properly made and allow the barrel of the pipe to have full bearing throughout its length.

Where pipelines are laid in Class D concrete cradle or encasement, the installation shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Pipe Cradles and Encasements."

Pipelines laid on other type foundations shall be installed as specified for such other foundations or as directed in writing by the Engineer.

W-15.04 Lateral Detection Tape

Detectable underground marking tape shall be installed over all laterals from the edge of pavement to the property line. The tape shall be Lineguard encased aluminum foil, or equal. The 2-inch wide tape shall be APWA green and reverse printed bearing the identification of the sewer line below it and a warning such as "CAUTION."

The tape shall be buried 4-6 inches. After trench backfilling, the tape shall be placed in the backfill and allowed to settle into place with the backfill.

W-15.05 Mechanical Joints for Ductile Iron Pipe

In making up mechanical joints, the spigot shall be centered in the bell. The surface with which the rubber gasket comes in contact shall be cleaned thoroughly and the gasket shall be washed thoroughly with soapy water just prior to assembly of the joint. The gasket and gland shall be placed in position, the bolts inserted, and the nuts tightened fingertight. The nuts then shall be tightened by means of a torque wrench in such a manner that the gland shall be brought up evenly into the joint. The following range of bolt torques shall be applied:

| <u>Bolt Size</u> <u>Inches</u> | <u>Range of Torque</u> <u>Foot-Pounds</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 5/8 | 45 - 60 |
| 3/4 | 75 - 90 |
| 1 | 80 - 100 |
| 1-1/4 | 105 - 120 |

If effective sealing is not obtained at the maximum torque listed above, the joint shall be disassembled and reassembled after a thorough cleaning.

All bolts and nuts shall be field coated with a bituminous coating after assembly of the joint.

W-15.06 Push-on Joints for Ductile Iron Pipe

In making up push-on joints, the gasket seat in the socket shall be cleaned thoroughly and the rubber gasket shall be wiped clean with a cloth. The gasket shall be placed in the socket and a

thin film of lubricant shall then be applied to the inside surface of the gasket that will come in contact with the entering pipe. The plain end of the pipe to be entered shall be cleaned thoroughly and placed in alignment with the bell of the pipe to which it is to be joined. The joint shall be made up by exerting sufficient force on the entering pipe so that its plain end is moved past the gasket until it makes contact with the base of the socket.

W-15.07 Joining Clay Pipe

The joining of clay pipe with flexible plastic joints shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The joint surface on both the bell and spigot ends shall be wiped clean and coated with a lubricant furnished by the manufacturer to facilitate assembly. The spigot end shall be inserted in the bell and pressure applied sufficient to seat the pipe properly. After the joint has been completed, any voids in the excavation beneath the spigot shall be thoroughly tamped full of granular fill material to provide a full bearing for the pipe and prevent excessive pressure on the bottom of the joint.

W-15.08 Joining of PVC Pipe-Gravity

The assembly of gasketed joints shall be performed as recommended by the pipe manufacturer. In all cases clean the gasket and bell, especially the groove area and the spigot area, with a rag, brush or paper towel to remove any dirt or foreign material before the assembly. Lubricant shall be applied as specified by the pipe manufacturer.

Align the spigot to the bell and insert the spigot into the bell until it contacts the gasket uniformly. Apply firm steady pressure either by hand or by bar and block assembly until the spigot easily slips through the gasket.

If undue resistance to insertion of the pipe end is encountered or the reference mark does not position properly, disassemble the joint and check the position of the gasket. If it is twisted or pushed out of its seat ("rolled"), inspect components, repair or replace damaged items, clean the components, and repeat the assembly steps. Be sure both pipe lengths are in concentric alignment. If the gasket was not out of position, verify proper location of the reference mark.

To join field-cut pipe, first square cut the pipe end. Use a factory-finished beveled end as a guide for proper bevel angle and depth of bevel plus the distance to the insertion reference mark. Bevel the end using a pipe beveling tool or a wood rasp which will cut the correct taper. Round off any sharp edges on the leading edge of the bevel.

W-15.09 Joining Concrete Pipe

Before joining concrete pipe using flexible rubber gaskets, the joint surfaces of both the bell and spigot (tongue and groove) ends shall be wiped clean. Any lumps, projections, burrs, or chips which would interfere with the proper compression of the gasket shall be repaired. The spigot or tongue end with the gasket in place and with all surfaces lubricated as recommended by the manufacturer, shall be inserted into the bell or groove. Pressure shall be applied to seat the pipe properly in the bell or groove. Voids under the pipe shall be tamped full of granular material to provide full bearing for the pipe.

Curves for reinforced concrete pipe sewers shall be constructed with standard pipe where the opening of the joint on the outside of the curve is less than 1/2 inch. Where greater opening of the joint would be required, the curves shall be constructed using beveled or radius pipe with standard joints.

Curves for reinforced concrete pressure pipe or prestressed concrete pipe shall be constructed with standard pipe sections, where the opening of the joint on the outside of the curve is less than 1/2 inch, or with beveled pipe, precast elbows or combination of these methods.

W-15.10 Concrete Pipe Rubber Gasket Joints

Rubber gaskets shall be of the O-ring type or equivalent cross section approved by the Engineer. The composition and properties of the gaskets for gravity flow sewers shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: C 443.

Composition and properties for concrete pressure pipe gaskets shall meet the requirements of the specifications for the concrete pressure pipe with which the gasket will be used.

In making O-ring rubber gasketed joints, the gasket and the pipe socket shall be lubricated with an approved rubber gasket lubricant, and the gasket shall be stretched over the spigot and placed accurately in position. The tongue or spigot end shall be carefully centered in the socket of the preceding pipe so as to avoid displacement of the gasket, and the pipe shall be drawn home fully compressing the gasket. Adjustments to line and grade shall be made in such a manner that the compressed rubber gasket will not be disturbed. Before proceeding with backfilling, the joint shall be felt completely around to determine whether the gasket is in its proper position. If the gasket can be felt out of place, the pipe shall be withdrawn and the gasket examined for cuts or breaks. If the gasket has been damaged, it shall be replaced with a new one before the pipe is replaced.

Rubber gaskets shall be stored in a cool place and protected from light, sunlight, heat, oil, or grease until installed. Any gaskets showing signs of checking, weathering, or other deterioration will be rejected.

W-15.11 Temporary Bulkheads

At the ends of contract sections, where adjoining pipelines have not been completed, and in connections built into pipelines where adjoining pipelines or structures have not been completed and are not ready to be connected, temporary bulkheads, approved by the Engineer, shall be built. Such bulkheads encountered in connecting sewers or structures included in the Contract, or pipelines or structures previously built, shall be removed by the Contractor when the need for them has passed or when ordered by the Engineer.

W-15.12 Testing

The testing of pipelines shall be done in accordance with the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Leakage Tests."

W-15.13 Joining Clay or PVC Pipe to Ductile Iron Pipe

The joining of clay pipe to ductile iron pipe shall be accomplished with flexible compression couplings. Such couplings shall meet the requirements of ASTM DES: C 425 and shall be Series No. 1002 flexible polyvinyl chloride couplings with stainless steel compression bands as manufactured by Fernco Joint Sealer Co., Ferndale, Michigan; Band-Seal couplings as manufactured by Mission Clay Products Corp., Whittier, California; or approved equal. Installation of flexible couplings shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. After the joint has been completed, any voids in the excavation beneath the coupling shall be thoroughly tamped full of granular fill material to provide a full bearing for the pipe and prevent excessive pressure on the bottom of the joint.

The joining of PVC pipe to ductile iron pipe shall be accomplished with rigid PVC C900 x SDR-35 adapter couplings. Such couplings shall be molded of PVC material meeting ASTM D-1784 specifications. Joints shall meet ASTM D-3213 requirements with gaskets conforming to ASTM F-477. The adapter couplings shall be manufactured by Harco, Lynchburg, VA, or equal. Installation of rigid couplings shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. After the joint has been completed, any voids in the excavation beneath the coupling shall be thoroughly tamped full of granular fill material to provide a full bearing for the pipe and prevent excessive pressure on the bottom of the joint.

W-15.14 Connection to Manholes

The Contractor will be required to submit a shop drawing, detailing the method of connecting the proposed pipe to the manhole and making it watertight:

1. For connecting vitrified clay or ductile iron pipe, the Contractor shall use nonshrink grout to seal the opening between the pipe O.D. and manufactured opening in the manhole or flexible rubber boot, precast into the manhole. The boot shall have stainless steel bands to compress and seal to the proposed pipe or shall be a compression type, such as A-Lock.
2. For connecting PVC pipe, the Contractor shall use a flexible rubber boot, precast into the manhole. The boot shall have stainless steel bands to compress and seal to the proposed pipe or shall be a compression type, such as A-Lock. Should the flexible rubber boot need to be relocated or when connecting to an existing manhole, the Contractor shall perform the connection by one of two methods. The preferred method is to core the manhole and install a rubber boot. The rubber boot shall be manufactured by Kor-n-Seal, or equal. The boot shall be installed and the PVC/P connection shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If the manhole cannot be cored or if the manhole is constructed of brick, the connection shall be made with a PVC manhole adapter which has an exterior impregnated silica surface layer. The adapter shall be manufactured by GPK Products, Inc., Fargo, ND, or equal. The adapter shall be installed and grouted into the manhole wall in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions with nonshrink grout. The PVC/P shall be inserted through the adapter.

W-15.15 Joint Grouting

Joints for concrete pipelines using rubber gaskets and steel end rings shall be grouted on the

outside with cement mortar composed of one part Type IA portland cement to one part sand by volume. The materials shall be thoroughly mixed to produce a uniform mortar with all aggregate particles well coated.

The joint grouting shall not advance closer than two pipe lengths to the laying operations. In grouting the joint, a cloth diaper shall be used to encase the outside diameter of the bell of the pipe and adequately straddle the joint recess so as to keep out dirt and to serve as a form for grouting. The joint space shall be filled with cement mortar, just thin enough to run around the joint. The diaper is to be left in place permanently. Before the mortar has taken its initial set, the diaper shall be examined, and if not completely filled, additional mortar shall be forced into the joint.

* * *

SECTION 16 - RESTORATION OF STREET PAVEMENTS

W-16.01 General

The various street surfaces disturbed, damaged, or destroyed during the performance of the work under this Contract shall be restored and maintained as shown, specified, and directed. Included in this classification are permanent pavement surfaces of all types, pavement bases, curb, curb and gutter, alleys, driveways, and sidewalks.

The quality of workmanship and materials used in the restoration shall produce a street surface equal to or better than the condition before the work began.

Service boxes, manhole frames and covers, and similar structures not conforming to the new work shall be set to established grade at the Contractor's expense, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

All portland cement and asphaltic concrete pavements shall be removed in rectangular sections with sawed vertical cuts, or to existing joints, as directed by the Engineer. Concrete pavements shall be cut with a concrete saw. Asphaltic concrete pavements one-inch thick or greater shall be cut with a tool having a square neat edge. The edges of adjacent pavement shall be trimmed to straight lines which a roller can follow. Where reinforced concrete pavement is removed, one foot of existing reinforcement on each side of the excavation shall be left exposed and tied to the replaced reinforcing steel.

The equipment necessary for the proper performance of pavement replacement shall be on the site in satisfactory working condition and shall be subject to approval of the Engineer before the work is started.

All replaced concrete pavements shall have a minimum bearing on undisturbed earth outside the line of excavations of at least nine (9) inches.

W-16.02 Standards

The restoration of street pavement shall be performed in strict conformance with the standards relating to equipment, materials, and methods of construction of the authority having jurisdiction over the pavements, unless otherwise specified herein. Pavements to be restored are under the jurisdiction of the several agencies as follows:

1. State Highways are under the jurisdiction of the State of Florida Department of Transportation. Work on such pavements shall conform to the Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.
2. City Streets are under the jurisdiction of the City of Tampa Department of Public Works. Work on such pavements shall conform to the Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition, except that densities (including for subgrade) and other testing requirements shall follow current Department of Public Works specifications. The type and thickness of pavement, base and stabilization shall be as shown, specified, and directed by the Engineer.
3. County Roads are under the jurisdiction of the Hillsborough County Engineering Department. Work on such pavements shall conform to County specifications.

All specifications of the several agencies having jurisdiction over pavement restoration work shall be the current issue of such specifications as of the date of the "Notice to Bidders," except as specified otherwise herein.

W-16.03 Temporary Restoration

Upon completion of backfilling, the street or sidewalk surface damaged or destroyed shall be promptly placed in condition for safe temporary use. Temporary work shall be maintained in a suitable and safe condition for traffic until the permanent pavement is laid, or until final acceptance of the work.

Where the area over which existing pavement has been disturbed is to be repaved as part of an overall project by the agency having jurisdiction, any special temporary pavement replacement shall be as specified in the "Specific Provisions."

Pavement surfaces shall be temporarily restored by placing thereon, to proper line, grade and transverse profile, a layer or layers of compacted base material, as specified, conforming to all requirements regarding configuration, thickness, and density as detailed in the Plans, specified, and directed by the Engineer. When the compacted thickness of the base layer is greater than 6 inches, the base shall be constructed in multiple courses. Each course shall not exceed 6 inches in compacted thickness. Where the existing pavement has a permanent wearing surface, the temporary pavement shall be finished with a suitable grade of asphalt and sand to provide a temporary wearing course and to eliminate dust nuisance.

Curbs, where possible, shall be temporarily reset in place, as part of the work of temporary restoration of pavement.

Damaged or destroyed sidewalks shall be temporarily restored, immediately upon placing of the backfill, by placing a compacted layer of fine crushed limestone, choked with limestone screenings, which shall have a minimum thickness of three inches below the existing finished sidewalk grade.

The temporary pavement shall be maintained by the Contractor and all holes and depressions filled until the permanent pavement is placed.

Limerock or shell placed in areas where the existing pavement is shell, limerock, crushed stone, or other similar material and is classed as nonpermanent pavement, will not be measured for separate payment. Placement of limerock or shell as nonpermanent pavement replacement will be included for payment under the various classified Unit Price Contract Items for pipelines.

Temporary sand and asphalt wearing courses placed on base on which a permanent pavement surface will be constructed shall be incidental to the permanent pavement base work, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Limestone screenings for temporary sidewalk surface shall be incidental to sidewalk replacement, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Base material placed in areas to receive a permanent pavement surface will be measured for payment under the appropriate Contract Item for permanent pavement base.

W-16.04 Preparation of Temporary Pavement for Permanent Pavement Replacement

After due notice and within the time specified, the temporary pavement shall be prepared as the base to receive the new permanent pavement surface.

Prior to construction of the pavement base, the City will furnish the Contractor with the preconstruction survey notes for the streets disturbed by construction. The Contractor shall use these notes in bringing the base installed to grade allowing for the permanent pavement surface to be constructed.

The preparation of the base shall consist of bringing the area to be replaced to a grade conforming to the required grade and cross section, of uniform density, ready to receive the permanent pavement. This is to be accomplished by excavating or backfilling as needed, shaping, watering as required, or permitting to dry to proper

consistency, and rolling the entire area with an approved self-propelled roller weighing not less than eight tons. Shaping and rolling shall be continued until the base has been properly prepared and shows that no further compaction of any practical benefit would result from continued rolling. The base shall be tested as to cross section, crown, and elevation. After being properly prepared, it shall be so maintained until the permanent pavement is constructed. Any part of the base area not accessible to the roller shall be thoroughly compacted by hand or by mechanical compaction in a manner acceptable to the Engineer. Preparation shall include sawing, cutting and trimming edges of existing pavements to provide a neat, uniform edge to abut the new pavement.

After completion of the base, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with survey notes verifying the base has been constructed to grade. Upon approval, payment will be made for permanent pavement base.

W-16.05 Certification for Pavement Base

The Contractor shall furnish notarized certifications from all suppliers of base material stating that all material supplied for use as pavement base conforms to the requirements of the applicable sections of the Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

W-16.06 Permanent Pavement Base Densities

Permanent base material shall be installed and compacted to the required densities (98% modified proctor) in layers not exceeding six inches.

W-16.07 Permanent Pavement Surface Restoration

Permanent restoration of pavement shall be pavement of the type and thickness detailed in the Plans, Specific Provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

If the existing type of pavement is classified as nonpermanent pavement, the temporary restoration shall be reworked and completed and left in a condition at least equivalent to the existing nonpermanent pavement.

W-16.08 Replacement of Curb, Curb and Gutter, Sidewalk and Driveways

All permanent restoration of street curb or curb and gutter shall be of the same type and thickness as the curb or curb gutter which abuts. The grade of the restored curb and curb and gutter shall conform with the grade of the existing adjacent curb or curb and gutter.

Except as otherwise specified herein or detailed in the Plans, all permanent restoration of driveways and sidewalks shall conform to the manner of construction as originally placed and to the lines and grades as given by the Engineer. No patching of concrete driveway areas will be allowed between joints or dummy joints.

Where sidewalks are replaced, the replacement shall be the full width of the walk and minimum lengths shall be 60 inches. Restoration of adjacent lawn is incidental to sidewalk replacement, and no separate payment will be made therefor.

W-16.09 Replacement of Traffic Markings and Signalization Loops

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, equipment and materials to replace, test and maintain all traffic markings (temporary and permanent) and signalization loops removed or damaged by pipeline construction and appurtenance work as shown on the Plans, specified and directed by the Engineer.

The replacement of traffic markings (temporary and permanent), signalization loops and all appurtenant work shall be replaced by the Contractor in kind.

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to field verify before construction begins all markings and signalization loops to be replaced.

All traffic markings and signalization loops shall conform to the Workmanship and Materials standards set forth in the latest edition of the Florida Department of Transportation Standard and Supplemental Specifications.

Payment for the replacement of temporary and permanent traffic markings, signalization loops and all appurtenant work shall be included in the unit bid price for Permanent Pavement Surface Replacement, Asphaltic Concrete, and no separate payment shall be made therefor.

W-16.10 Hot Bituminous Mixtures (Section 330) Type S Asphaltic Concrete (Section 331)

This Subsection shall Replace and/or Modify Portions of F.D.O.T. Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (1991) Sections 330 and 331.

330-10.3 Density Control

330-10.3.1 Density Control Nuclear Method:

The in-place density of each course of asphalt mix construction, with the exceptions of patching courses, leveling and intermediate courses less than 1 inch thick or a specified spread rate less than 100 pounds per square yard, overbuild courses where the minimum thickness is less than 1 inch, and open-graded friction courses, shall be determined by the use of the Nuclear Density Backscatter Method as specified by FM 1-T238 (Method B). The required density of a completed course shall be at least 95% of the job mix design laboratory density submitted by the Contractor and approved by the construction engineer or 96% of the laboratory density which results from a sample of the same day's productions and determined by the City laboratory performing all acceptance testing.

330-10.3.2 Control Strips:

Control strips may be constructed by the Contractor for the purpose of determining the necessary pattern of compacting procedures to achieve the density requirements specified. However, control strips are not used for the validity of acceptance testing.

330-10.3.3 Lots:

For the purpose of acceptance and partial payments, each day's production will be divided into lots. The standard lot size shall be 500 linear feet and consist of one subplot with its appropriate test per every 100 linear feet of any pass made by the paving train, regardless of the width or thickness of the course being laid. Any partial lot will be redefined as a whole lot and the evaluation of it will be based on its subplot test determinations.

For the standard lot (500 linear feet), five density determinations - one for each subplot - will be made at random locations within the lot, but not to be taken within one foot of any unsupported edge.

For the Contractor to receive full payment for density, the average density of a lot will be a minimum of 95% of the submitted and approved job mix design laboratory density or 96% of the same day sampled laboratory density performed by the City laboratory performing acceptance testing. To calculate the average density of a lot, the lowest subplot test will be discarded and the remaining four sublots will be averaged. Once the average density of a lot has been determined, the Contractor will not be permitted to provide additional compaction to raise the average. The average density will be rounded off according to City standards.

330-10.3.4 Acceptance:

The completed pavement will be accepted with respect to density on a lot basis. Partial payment will be made for those lots that have an average density less than the specified 95% of the approved job mix design laboratory density or 96% of the same day sampled laboratory density based on the following table:

City of Tampa Revised Table 330-3
Payment Schedule for Density

| <u>Percent of Control Strip Density</u> | <u>Percent of Payment</u> |
|--|---------------------------|
| 95.0 (job mix design) ₁ or 96.0 (lab density sample) ₂ & above | 100 |
| 94.0 to < 95.0 ₁ or 96.0 ₂ | 95 |
| <u>Percent of Control Strip Density</u> | <u>Percent of Payment</u> |
| 93.0 to < 94.0 (Applies to both ₁ & ₂) | 90 |
| < 93.0 (Applies to both ₁ & ₂) | 75 |

330-10.3.5 Density Requirements for Small Projects:

For projects less than 500 linear feet in length including intersections, turnouts, patches, crossings, etc., the requirements for specified densities are the same as a standard lot. For the purpose of acceptance and partial payment determination, the project less than 500 linear feet will be considered as a lot in its entirety and payment will apply accordingly with Table 330-3. The Contractor will use standard rolling procedures in 330-10.

331-5 Acceptance of the Mixture

331-5.1 General:

The bituminous mixture will be accepted at the site with respects to a gradation and asphalt content on a lot to lot basis. The material will be tested for acceptance in accordance with the provisions of 6-8.2 and the following requirements. However, any load or loads of mixture which, in the opinion of the City representative, are found unacceptable for reasons of being excessively segregated, aggregates improperly coated, or of excessively high or low temperature shall be rejected for use in the work. The composition and physical test properties for all mixes must meet the specification ranges provided in Tables 331-1 and 331-2.

A standard size lot at the site shall consist of one day's placement or equivalent to a standard quantity of 1,000 tons. The number of samples required to evaluate the lot will be divided into one or two sublots as indicated below.

Testing for acceptance of the lot will be performed by the City material testing laboratory or by a licensed private testing laboratory of the City's choice. Quantities between 500 tons and 1,000 tons shall have 2 sublots; quantities between 50 tons and 500 tons shall have 1 subplot; quantities up to 50 tons will be accepted by the City representative on the basis of visual inspection.

331-5.2 Acceptance Procedures:

Sample selection for acceptance tests will be by random sampling of loaded trucks on site at the discretion of the City testing technician in accordance with FM-T168. The use of a random sample chart may be used but it is not required. Sampling shall not be taken in any of the following circumstances:

- 1) First load produced that day.
- 2) Last load produced that day.
- 3) Near end of quantity reached because of an underrun.

The Contractor and/or the plant quality control technician (Q.C.T.) will be notified of the time of sampling and may:

- 1) Observe the sampling.
- 2) Take a sample at the same time and run the tests.
- 3) Ask for a split sample and run the tests.
- 4) Observe the City testing technician run the tests.

The five acceptance determinations made from the sample are:

- 1) The % bitumen content per F.M.I. - T164.
- 2) The % passing the No. 4 sieve per F.M.I. - T030.
- 3) The % passing the No. 10 sieve per F.M.I. - T030.
- 4) The % passing the No. 40 sieve per F.M.I. - T030.
- 5) The % passing the No. 200 sieve per F.M.I. - T030.

For each acceptance sample taken, the technician will box and keep two split portions for referee tests. If the lot receives 100% payment, the referee sample will be discarded. If the lot sample shows a pay reduction, then one or both of the referee samples will be submitted for a second analysis to determine the validity of the acceptance test results. Referee samples will be tested by a licensed private laboratory of the City's choice. This second analysis will only be done at the request of the Contractor and will be paid for by the Contractor in the event that the original analysis results requiring a pay reduction is confirmed.

In the event that the second analysis does not confirm the pay reduction, the City will pay for the second analysis.

Acceptance of the mixture shall be on the basis of test results on consecutive random samples from each lot. One random sample shall be taken from each subplot. The bituminous mixture will be sampled at the site in accordance with FM 1-T168, except that samples may be collected from the paving machine at the receiving hopper. The percent bitumen content of the mixture will be determined in accordance with FM 1-T164 (as modified by DOT test procedures). The percents passing the No. 4, No. 10 and No. 200 sieves will be determined in accordance with FM 1-T030.

Calculations for the acceptance test results for bitumen content and gradation (percent pass No. 4, percent pass No. 10, percent pass No. 40 and percent pass No. 200) shall be shown to the nearest hundredth (0.01). Calculations for arithmetic averages shall be carried to the thousandths (0.001) and rounded to the nearest hundredth (0.01) in accordance with the Department's rules of rounding.

When the Contractor or producer chooses to use a storage bin for mix storage overnight or longer, the material processed in this manner will be sampled and tested for acceptance after the mix has been removed from the storage bin. The City representative may reject a mix at any time that is obviously defective due to asphalt content, insufficiency of mixing, inadequacy of coating, improper proportions of fine and coarse aggregates, temperature, contamination, etc. The Contractor and/or the L.Q.C.T. will be given the option of not placing the mix and sampling the following truck, or if it has been placed, sample it. The City reserves the right to test or have the mix tested by a licensed private testing laboratory of their choice. Payment will be made on the basis of the City's revised Table 331-6 "Acceptance Schedule of Payment."

City of Tampa Revised Table 331-6
Acceptance Schedule of Payment
(Asphalt Plant Mix Characteristics)

Deviation of the Arithmetic Average of the
Lot Acceptance Tests from Job Mix Formula

| <u>Characteristics</u> | <u>Factor</u> | <u>One Test</u> | <u>Two Tests</u> |
|--|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Asphalt Cement Content (Extraction) | 1.00 | 0.00 - 0.55 | 0.00 - 0.43 |
| | 0.95 | 0.56 - 0.65 | 0.44 - 0.50 |
| | 0.90 | 0.66 - 0.75 | 0.51 - 0.57 |
| | 0.80* | Over 0.75 | Over 0.57 |
| No. 4 Sieve** | 1.00 | 0.00 - 8.00 | 0.00 - 5.95 |
| | 0.95 | 8.01 - 9.00 | 5.96 - 6.66 |
| | 0.90 | 9.01 -10.00 | 6.67 - 7.36 |
| | 0.80 | Over 10.00 | Over 7.36 |
| No. 10 Sieve** | 1.00 | 0.00 - 6.50 | 0.00 - 5.04 |
| | 0.95 | 6.51 - 7.50 | 5.05 - 5.74 |
| | 0.90 | 7.51 - 8.50 | 5.75 - 6.45 |
| | 0.80* | Over 8.50 | Over 6.45 |
| No. 40 Sieve** | 1.00 | 0.00 - 5.50 | 0.00 - 4.62 |
| | 0.95 | 5.51 - 6.50 | 4.63 - 5.33 |
| | 0.90 | 6.51 - 7.50 | 5.34 - 6.04 |
| | 0.80* | Over 7.50 | Over 6.04 |
| No. 200 Sieve** | 1.00 | 0.00 - 2.00 | 0.00 - 1.71 |
| | 0.95 | 2.01 - 2.40 | 1.72 - 1.99 |
| | 0.90 | 2.41 - 2.80 | 2.00 - 2.04 |
| | 0.80* | Over 2.80 | Over 2.04 |

* If approved by the City, the Contractor may accept the indicated partial pay. The City may require removal and replacement at no cost. The Contractor has the option to remove and replace at no cost to the City at any time.

** When there are two or more reduced payments for these items in one lot of material, only the greatest reduction in payment will be applied. CAUTION: This rule applies only to these four gradation test results.

- Note: 1) The No. 40 sieve applies only to Types S-I, S-II, S-III, FC-1, and FC-4.
2) Deviations are absolute value with no plus or minus signs.

* * *

SECTION 17 - LAWN REPLACEMENT

W-17.01 General

The Contractor shall replace all lawn areas which have been removed or damaged due to construction. Lawn replacement includes fine grading the areas to be restored and furnishing and placing topsoil, fertilizer, sod, sprigs, seeding, and maintaining all areas. Grassing and mulching or sodding lawn areas will be required as directed. Grassing shall be accomplished by seeding.

Sod shall be Argentine Bahia, St. Augustine, or other approved native grass sod, and shall be well matted with grass roots. It shall be sufficiently thick to secure a dense stand of live grass, with a minimum thickness of 2 inches. The sod shall be live, fresh and uninjured, and shall contain sufficient moisture at the time of planting to induce growth. The type and quality of sod shall be approved by the Engineer before placing.

Grass seed shall be Argentine Bahia, 60 #/acre from March 1 to November 1; 50 #/acre with 20 #/acre of rye grass seed from November 1 to March 1. Argentine Bahia seed shall be a scarified seed having a minimum active germination of 40% and total of 85%.

Mulch material shall be free of weeds and shall be oat straw or rye, Pangola, peanut, Coastal Bermuda or Bahia grass hay.

W-17.02 Topsoil

Where areas are to be restored by sodding, topsoil shall be placed to a minimum compacted depth of 2 inches over the subgrade. Where areas are to be restored by grassing, topsoil shall be placed to a minimum compacted depth of 4 inches over the subgrade. All topsoil shall be suitable excavated topsoil which has been segregated or other topsoil material approved by the Engineer. Topsoil shall be free from stones, roots, sticks, or other foreign substances.

W-17.03 Water

The Contractor shall furnish at his own expense all water required for lawn replacement and maintenance of the work until final acceptance.

W-17.04 Construction Methods

Prior to sodding or grassing, the Contractor shall fine grade the subgrade to 4 inches below finished grade. Topsoil shall be spread over the subgrade to a uniform depth and density. Topsoil shall be uniformly compacted by a light hand roller weighing between 250 and 750 pounds to the specified depths for sodding or grassing.

After the surface has been properly prepared, the sod shall be placed and firmly embedded by light tamping. Additionally, dolomite (lime) shall be applied at a rate of 2 tons per acre if required for pH control.

Immediately after the sod has been planted, if the soil does not contain sufficient moisture to ensure growth, water shall be applied twice daily for the first week, once in the morning or late

evening and once at approximately 2:00 P.M. Water shall then be applied once a day over the next 2 weeks and alternating days for an additional 2 weeks. If rooting has not taken place by the end of the third week, 1 daily watering shall continue until sod is firmly rooted.

One month after the sod has been planted, a complete fertilizer with a 14-14-14 or 15-0-15 fertilizer with minor elements shall be applied at the rate of 16 pounds per 1,000 square foot. The ground shall not be wet when the fertilizer is applied but will be immediately watered after application of the fertilizer to remove it from the leaf area.

Prior to grassing, 14-4-14 or 15-0-15 fertilizer shall be applied to the soil at the rate of approximately 300 pounds per acre. Grass seed at the specified rate per acre shall then be raked into the soil and covered with mulching material. The area shall then be thoroughly rolled with approved equipment.

After the grass has been planted, if the soil does not contain sufficient moisture to ensure growth, water shall be applied as directed by the Engineer. After the grass has started growing, fertilizer shall be applied uniformly over the area weekly, at a rate of 0.5 pounds nitrogen and potash per 1,000 square feet, until turf cover the area. The fertilizer shall not be applied unless the surface of the ground or sod is sufficiently moist to quickly dissolve the fertilizer.

W-17.05 Caretaking

The Contractor shall keep all replaced lawn areas in good, healthy, insect free, moist condition by watering, replanting or resodding, weeding, fertilizing, and cutting as specified, and directed by the Engineer.

* * *

SECTION 18 - LEAKAGE TESTS

W-18.01 General

All pipelines will be tested and inspected for infiltration or leakage by the Engineer with the assistance of the Contractor prior to final acceptance of the work. All tests and inspections will be conducted in a manner to minimize as much as possible any interference with the Contractor's work or progress.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when the work is ready for testing and inspecting, and tests and inspections shall be made as soon thereafter as practicable under the direction of the Engineer. Personnel for reading meters, gauges, or other measuring devices will be furnished by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish all other labor, materials, services, and equipment, including power, fuel, meters and gauges, pumps, bulkheads, backflow preventers, water, and other items and apparatus necessary for making leakage tests, preparing pipelines for testing, assembling, placing, and removing testing equipment, and placing pipelines in service, all to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Only City water shall be used for testing unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The water shall be obtained and metered from sources approved by the Engineer. After testing, the water shall be disposed of by the Contractor into storm sewers or drainage courses approved by the Engineer.

W-18.02 Tests of Sewer - General

All sewers shall be tested for infiltration or leakage after completion of backfilling. All wyes, house connections, and stubs shall be suitably plugged or bulkheaded to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to testing. All sewers shall be cleaned and pumped out as necessary prior to testing.

Sewer shall be tested for infiltration, unless otherwise ordered by the Engineer. If the Engineer determines that groundwater conditions are not suitable for infiltration testing, sewers shall be tested for leakage. Sewers may be tested for leakage by measuring leakage out of the sewer or by air testing. The length of sewer to be tested shall be subject to prior approval of the Engineer.

The length of house connections, if any, will be included in the total length of sewer under test when computing infiltration or leakage.

All testing equipment and the arrangement of such equipment shall be subject to the prior approval of the Engineer. Sections of sewers under test shall be arranged to prevent the internal pressure on any joint from exceeding 10 psi.

Refer to Section 11 - PVC Pipe Gravity for specific requirements for infiltration and leakage testing for PVC gravity pipe.

W-18.03 Infiltration Test of Sewers

Infiltration tests shall be performed when the groundwater level is a minimum of 2 feet above the crown of the sewer at the highest point in the test section. No such tests shall be started until the infiltration conditions are established in the work to be tested. The Contractor shall provide suitable observation wells along the line of the work or other

approved means to determine the groundwater level.

Infiltration tests will be made by measuring the infiltrated flow of water over a measuring weir set up in the invert of the sewer a distance, as approved by the Engineer, from a temporary bulkhead or other limiting point of infiltration. Testing shall be for a minimum period of 4 hours. The quantity of infiltration for any section of the sewer shall not exceed 50 gallons/mile/day/inch of pipe diameter.

W-18.04 Leakage Test of Sewers

Leakage tests shall be performed by bulkheading the section of sewer under test at the manhole, at the lower end, and filling the sewer with clear water until the water level is up a minimum of 2 feet above the crown of the sewer or a minimum of 2 feet above the groundwater level, whichever is greater, in the manhole at the highest point in the section. Leakage will be the measured amount of water added to maintain the level in the higher end manhole. Tests shall be carried on a minimum of 4 hours with readings at 30-minute intervals. The quantity of leakage for any section of the sewer shall not exceed the limits specified for infiltration in the subsection headed "Infiltration Test of Sewers."

W-18.05 Air Leakage Test of Sewers

Air pressure leakage tests shall be limited to sewers 30 inches in diameter and smaller. The maximum allowable air leakage is based on prewetted pipe walls. The contractor may, therefore, fill the pipe with clear water and then empty the pipe prior to air testing. When pipe walls are prewetted, air leakage tests shall be completed within 24 hours after filling the sewer section to be tested.

Air pressure tests shall be made by placing the sewer under 3.0 psig air pressure and measuring the volume of air required to maintain this pressure. The rate of air leakage shall be determined when the system reaches an equilibrium state and air flow shall be read by means of an approved rotameter.

The maximum rate of air loss shall be 0.003 cfm per square foot of interior pipe surface, and the maximum air flow shall not exceed 2.0 cfm when the total pressure on the sewer is maintained at 3.0 psig. When the groundwater level is above the invert of the sewer, but below a level adequate for infiltration testing, the maximum air loss shall be reduced 6 percent for each foot of groundwater above the sewer invert.

Air testing equipment shall be arranged so that compressors, valving, gauges, and other test devices are located at the ground surface. Air testing equipment shall have an approved air relief arrangement to prevent the sewer from being pressurized to greater than 10.0 psig.

W-18.06 Leakage Tests of Force Mains

For Directional drilled pipe, see Section W-13 for additional testing requirements.

Force mains shall be tested as a whole or in sections valved or bulkheaded at the ends. The mains shall be tested under an average hydrostatic pressure of not less than 100 pounds per square inch, unless otherwise indicated in the Specific Provisions. The pressure shall be applied to the pipeline through a tap in the pipe by means of a hand

pump or other method and shall be maintained for a minimum of 2 hours. Air shall not be used for testing force mains.

The leakage for all force mains, as determined by the above test, shall not exceed the allowable leakage for iron water mains as given by the following formula in Section 4.2.2. of AWWA Specification C605-05:

$$L = \frac{SD\sqrt{P}}{148,000}$$

in which L is the allowable leakage, in gallons per hour, S is the length of force main tested in feet, D is the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and P is the average test pressure in psi gauge.

During the test, each valve shall be operated through several complete cycles of closing and opening. In addition, each valve, when in the closed position, shall have the test pressure applied to one end of the valve only. Each end of the valve shall be tested in this manner. There shall be no visible leakage through the valves, and the valves shall not show any evidence of structural distress.

All harnessed sections of the buried force main shall be completely backfilled before such sections are tested.

W-18.07 Repairing Leaks

When infiltration or leakage occurs in excess of the specified amount, defective manholes, pipe, pipe joints, or other appurtenances shall be located and repaired at the expense of the Contractor. If the defective portions cannot be located, the Contractor, at his own expense, shall remove and reconstruct as much of the original work as necessary to obtain a sewer or force main within the allowable infiltration or leakage limits upon such retesting as necessary and directed by the Engineer.

* * *

SECTION 20 - MAINTAINING EXISTING SANITARY SEWER IN OPERATION

W-20.01 General

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to preserve all existing sanitary sewer services without interruption while performing the work included in this project. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, and equipment required to bypass wastewater flow around the working area to an acceptable point of discharge. Also, if deemed necessary by the engineer, the contractor will be responsible to provide necessary noise suppression devices to minimize bypass pump noise.

The Contractor shall not be permitted to pump or otherwise direct the flow of sanitary sewage into storm sewers, streams, or other open channels or onto streets or alleys at any time during the course of the work.

W-20.02 Bypass Pumping

The Contractor shall submit the proposed plan to the Engineer for approval prior to proceeding with the work. All required agency approvals and permits shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The hydraulic design of the bypass pumping arrangement shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Pumping equipment shall be of a type suitable for pumping raw unscreened sewage over an indefinite period without clogging or requiring shutdown for routine maintenance. Bypass pumping shall be continuous during the entire length of time each portion of the work is being accomplished. The Contractor shall submit drawings and equipment specifications, detailing the proposed pumping equipment and the method of installation, to the Engineer for approval.

The Contractor shall possess at least one (1) backup pump, no smaller than the largest pump in use, on site for every 1 to 3 bypass pumps in operation. An additional backup pump shall be required on site for each increment of 3 pumps in operation as illustrated on the following table:

| <u>Operating Bypass Pumps</u> | <u>Required Backup Pumps On Site</u> |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 - 3 | 1 |
| 4 - 6 | 2 |
| 7 - 9 | 3 |

W-20.03 Connections

All house laterals and connections to lateral sewers shall be maintained in operation without leakage or backup during the work.

W-20.04 Street Closures

The Contractor shall be responsible for coordination of maintenance of traffic and all street closures with the City of Tampa, Department of Public Works; Hillsborough County, Superintendent of Maintenance; and the State of Florida, Department of Transportation.

* * *

SECTION 24 - PVC PIPE - FORCE MAIN

W-24.01 General

All pipe and fittings, 4"-12" nominal diameter, shall be solid wall polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe manufactured to standards as outlined in the following sections.

W-24.02 Pipe standards

For PVC force mains, 4" through 12", the pipe shall be AWWA C900, DR-18 (class 150). The outside diameter dimensions shall be identical to ductile iron pipe dimensions. The pipe shall have integral bell push on type joints conforming to ASTM D3139. The color shall be green and the nominal laying length per pipe section shall be 20 ft.

W-24.03 Pre-Installation Tests, Reports, Markings and Submittals

All pipe and fittings shall be marked per Section 2.6 "Marking Requirements" of AWWA C900.

PRIOR TO SHIPMENT of the pipe and fittings to the project site, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer test reports and certifications as described below, duly certified by the manufacturer's testing facility or an independent certified testing laboratory demonstrating full compliance with AWWA C900. Certification from the supplier is not acceptable.

An original, plus four (4) copies of the following, shall be submitted to the Engineer.

1. The name, address, and phone number of the pipe and fittings manufacturer and the location of the plant at which they will be manufactured.
2. **CERTIFICATION AND CERTIFIED TEST REPORTS** that each **LOT** of pipe and fittings has been manufactured, sampled, and tested per AWWA C900. The City shall be provided in writing with the means to cross-reference the markings with the certification and test reports (i.e. date of manufacturer, lot number and shift number etc.). If this information is marked on the pipe in a code, the markings shall be decoded in writing.

W-24.04 Bedding Requirements

Unless otherwise indicated on the Plans, the PVCP force main shall be installed with Class "C" bedding as shown on the plans. If suitable fill material is not excavated at the project site, it shall be imported. Compaction requirements are described in subsection W-24.12 "Bedding Placement for Pipelines". In no cases shall a concrete cradle be used. In the event the Contractor opts to install crushed stone, it shall be **NO GREATER THAN A #57 STONE**.

W-24.05 Fittings

Both PVC and ductile iron fittings are acceptable unless the plans specifically call for PVC fittings. PVC fittings shall be the gasketed push-on type. For standard angles, in sizes 4" through 8", fittings shall be molded in accordance with AWWA C907. For larger sizes and for non-standard angles, fittings shall be fabricated in a factory from AWWA C900/905 pipe.

W-24.06 Harnessing

Joint restraint devices for PVC pipe and fittings shall meet Uni-Bell specification UNI-B-13 and ASTM 1674.

Thrust blocks shall not be allowed.

W-24.07 Marking and Locating

The PVC force main shall have an insulated metallic locating wire (14 gauge copper) buried a maximum of 1" above the centerline of the pipe capable of detection by a cable locator. The wire shall be looped around each bell. Use duct tape if necessary to hold the wire directly on the top of the pipe. The locating wire shall terminate at the top of each valve box and air release valve and be capable of extending 12" above the top of the box in such a manner so as not to interfere with the valve operation.

W-24.08 Installation

Installation of PVCP force mains shall comply with the requirements of AWWA Standard C605 "Underground Installation Of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fittings For Water".

Pipe bending shall not be allowed.

Joint deflections up to a maximum of 1 degree will be permitted at integral bell and spigot joints. Joint deflections up to a maximum of 3 degrees will be permitted by utilizing twin-gasketed couplings instead of integral bell and spigot joints. Deflections larger than 3 degrees may be accomplished with factory molded or fabricated standard angle fittings; or, a standard deflection shall be accomplished with a factory fabricated fitting of the proper angle. Refer to Section W-24.05.

Air release valves shall use service saddles to attach the corporation stop connection to the PVC pipe. The service saddle body shall be sized exactly to the outside diameter of the pipe, with double straps anchored with a minimum of a four bolt pattern. The service saddle body shall be ductile iron, the sealing gasket shall be BUNA-N rubber and the straps shall be corrosion resistant alloy steel.

W-24.09 Testing

Testing of PVCP force mains shall comply with the requirements of AWWA Standard C605 "Underground Installation Of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe And Fittings For Water"

Section 7 (less references to disinfecting). The hydrostatic and leakage testing may be performed simultaneously. The average hydrostatic test pressure shall be 100 psi.

Air pressure testing of installed pressure pipe is expressly prohibited due to the catastrophic nature of failure should failure occur.

W-24.10 Storage of PVC Pipe

Pipe shall be stored at the job site in unit packages provided by the manufacturer. Caution shall be exercised to avoid compression, damage, or deformation to bell ends of the pipe. When unit packages of PVC pipe are stacked, the Contractor ensure that the weight of upper units does not cause deformation to pipe in lower units.

PVC pipe unit packages shall be supported by racks or dunnage to prevent damage to the bottom during storage. Supports shall be spaced to prevent pipe bending.

PVC pipe shall not be stored close to heat sources or hot objects such as heaters, boilers, steam line, engine exhaust, etc.

When unit packages of PVC pipe are stacked, ensure that the height of the stack does not result in instability which could cause stack collapse, pipe damage, bodily injury, and property damage.

The interior as well as all sealing surfaces of pipe, fittings, and other accessories shall be kept free from dirt and foreign matter.

Gaskets shall be protected from excessive exposure to heat, direct sunlight, ozone, oil and grease.

W-24.11 Handling of PVC Pipe - Standard Procedures

When using fork lifts or other handling equipment, prevent damage to PVC pipe.

When handling PVC pipe, avoid severe impact blows, abrasion damage and gouging or cutting by metal surfaces or rocks. Avoid stressing bell joints and damage of bevel ends.

Pipe shall be lowered, not dropped, from trucks and into trenches.

In preparation for pipe installation, placement (stringing) of pipe shall be as close to the trench as practical and on the opposite side from excavated earth. Bell ends shall point in the direction of work progress.

The Engineer may reject any pipe that shows visible signs of damage resulting from poor storage and handling practices.

W-24.12 Bedding Placement for Pipelines

Select fill material, used as pipe bedding, shall be placed by hand, in uniform layers not

greater than 6 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compacted in place. Select fill material pipe bedding shall extend to one foot over the top of the pipe.

Each layer of select fill shall be thoroughly tamped and compacted in place by hand or with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools to a dry density not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO Des: T-180. No stone larger than 4 inches in diameter shall be placed closer than two feet to any point on any pipe.

W-24.13 Trench Backfill

Trench backfilling work shall be done in a manner to prevent dropping of material directly on top of any conduit or pipe from a vertical distance greater than 5 feet. In no case shall backfilling material from a bucket be allowed to fall directly on a structure or pipe and in all cases, the bucket shall be lowered so that the shock of falling earth will not cause damage.

Lumps shall be broken up and if there are any stones, pieces of crushed rock or lumps which cannot be readily broken up, they shall be distributed throughout the mass so that all interstices are solidly filled with fine material.

W-24.14 Backfill for Short Tunnel

Where pipelines are placed in short tunnels, the annular space between the outside of the pipe wall and the tunnel wall shall be completely filled with select fill material or suitable excavated material. Pipelines in short tunnels shall be suitably supported, to permit placing backfill which shall be suitably tamped in place.

W-24.15 Inspection and Testing of Backfilling

All backfill shall be subject to test by the Engineer.

* * *

SECTION 26 - FILLING OF EXISTING SANITARY OR STORM SEWER SYSTEM

W-26.01 General

All void spaces in sewers, manholes, and structures designated to be filled shall be completely filled and closed. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a complete description of the equipment, methods, and materials proposed to be employed in demolishing and filling sewers and appurtenances. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for the protection of all utilities, structures and trees, and for the safety of his workmen and the public during the course of the work. All damage to existing utilities, structures, and trees caused by the Contractor's operations shall be promptly repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the equipment, methods, and materials proposed by the Contractor may result in damage to nearby structures and utilities or may not assure complete filling of all voids in the sewer and appurtenances to be filled, the Contractor shall alter the equipment, methods, and materials to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

W-26.02 Filling Existing Sewers

Where existing sewers and appurtenances are designated to be filled, the Contractor shall completely fill all sewers, manholes, and other structures with concrete. The concrete shall have a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 500 psi. Fly ash and admixtures, including water reducing agents, plasticizers, and air-entraining agents will be permitted in the mix design for the concrete. No sand will be permitted in the mix design. The concrete mix shall be designed to facilitate flow for long distances by pumping (only) with minimum separation of materials.

Before beginning the grouting operation, the Contractor shall pump clean water through each run of pipe to ensure that there are no obstructions and that the intake/discharge/vent tube system is functional. Prior to and during filling of existing sewers with concrete, the Contractor shall pump or drain water from the storm sewers being filled to other storm sewers, and shall pump or drain water and sewage from the sanitary sewers being filled to other sanitary sewers, as directed by the Engineer to prevent dilution of the fill concrete. Sediment in existing sewers may remain in place.

The Contractor shall fill the sewers with concrete by pumping (only) through vertical pipes passing through bulkheads, all installed by the Contractor and penetrating the pipe to be filled. All intake, discharge, and intermediate vent pipes shall be, at minimum, 4 inches in diameter and installed at regular intervals close enough to ensure complete filling. Filling shall be accomplished in stages as directed by the Engineer. While filling is in progress through one manhole or fill-pipe, the Engineer will observe the level of concrete in the adjacent manhole(s) or pipe(s). If, in the opinion of the Engineer, complete filling of all voids in the sewers and appurtenances is not assured, the Contractor shall install additional fill-pipes or alter his methods of filling, or both, as directed by the Engineer. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, complete filling is still not assured, the Contractor shall excavate and open the top of the pipe at regular intervals as directed by the Engineer to confirm that the entire run is completely filled.

Manhole frames and covers and all other castings and appurtenances shall be removed and conveyed by the Contractor to his own place of disposal unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The top 2 feet of the manholes shall be removed. Where the manholes are located in grassed areas, 2 feet of top soil shall be placed and the area sodded. Where the manholes are located in the street, the top 2 feet shall be filled with base material or asphalt. All fill-pipes shall be withdrawn and the holes completely filled with concrete. The surface at each manhole and fill-pipe location shall be restored to match the adjacent undisturbed surface to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Prior to commencing any filling operations, the Contractor shall submit his proposed plan for filling and the proposed concrete mix design for approval by the Engineer. The plan shall show the proposed locations of all fill pipes as well as the location of all existing manholes and structures along the sewer. The plan and mix design shall be revised by the Contractor as considered necessary by the Engineer.

W-26.03 Television Inspection

Prior to grouting of any line, the Contractor shall inspect the pipe by use of a radial view, closed circuit television cameras and shall make a DVD video of the pipe to be grouted so as to identify areas that may have voids in the soil outside of the pipe.

* * *

SECTION 27 - DEMOLITION

W-27.01 General

Demolition includes all work necessary for the removal and disposal of masonry, steel, reinforced concrete, plain concrete, wastewater equipment, piping, electrical facilities, and any other material or equipment shown or specified to be removed. Dust control shall be provided and provision made for safety.

Demolition shall be carried out in such a manner that adjacent structures, which are to remain, shall not be endangered. The work shall be scheduled so as not to interfere with the day to day operation of the existing facilities, all in accordance with the Sequence of Operations specified in the Specific Provisions. Doorways or passageways in existing facilities shall not be blocked.

Care shall be taken to assure that concrete shall be broken and removed in reasonably small masses. Where only parts of a structure are to be removed, the concrete shall be cut along limiting lines with a specially designed saw so that damage to the remaining structure is held to a minimum.

W-27.02 Requirements Prior to Demolition

The Contractor shall visit the site and inspect all existing structures. Special care shall be taken to observe and record any defects, which may exist in buildings or structures adjacent to but not directly affected by the demolition work. Prior to commencing the demolition, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a copy of this inspection.

Drawings of existing structures and equipment will be available for inspection by the Contractor at the office of the Engineer and Owner.

Warning signs, protection barriers and red warning lights shall be provided as necessary adjacent to the work as approved by the Engineer and shall be maintained during the demolition period.

Demolition work shall not be undertaken until all mechanical and electrical services affected by the work have been properly disconnected. Interconnecting piping or electrical services that are to remain in service either permanently or temporarily shall be capped, rerouted or reconnected in a manner that will not interfere with the operation of the remaining facilities.

Where the presence of hazardous chemicals, gases, flammable materials or other dangerous substances is apparent or suspected, testing and purging shall be performed and the hazard eliminated before demolition is started.

W-27.03 Requirements During Demolition

The use of explosives will not be permitted.

All mechanical and electrical equipment shall be carefully protected against dust and debris.

All debris shall be removed from the structures during demolition and not allowed to accumulate in piles.

Safe access to and egress from all working areas shall be provided at all times with adequate protection from falling material.

Adequate scaffolding, shoring, bracing and protective covering shall be provided during demolition to protect personnel and equipment against injury or damage. Floor openings not used for material drops shall be covered with material substantial enough to support any loads placed on it. The covers shall be properly secured to prevent accidental movement.

Adequate lighting shall be provided at all times during demolition.

Areas below demolition work shall be closed to workmen while removal is in progress.

No material shall be dropped to any point lying outside the exterior walls of the structure unless the area is effectively protected.

No workmen shall stand on any wall to remove material except when adequate staging or scaffold protection is provided at a distance not exceeding 12 feet below the top of such walls and other reasonable precautions are taken. Whenever a workman is required to work at a height of more than 12 feet above a floor, platform, scaffold or the ground, he shall be equipped with a safety belt with a life line attached.

W-27.04 Disposal of Materials

All debris, rubbish, scrap pieces, equipment, and materials resulting from the demolition shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site, except for the items designated by the Engineer to be salvaged.

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SECTION 30 - MISCELLANEOUS PIPE AND FITTINGS

W-30.01 General

Miscellaneous pipe and fittings include polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe, copper pipe, steel pipe, and plastic tubing.

W-30.02 Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe shall be Schedule 80 minimum meeting the requirements of ASTM Des: D 1785, 1254B. All joints and fittings shall be threaded except where flanged joints are shown or required for connection to other piping. Threaded PVC fittings shall be socket welding type, 150-pound class, conforming to ASTM Des: D 2467 and D 2657.

W-30.03 Copper Pipe

Copper pipe shall be Type K or L hard-drawn copper tubing and shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: B 88.

Fittings shall be of the streamlined, solder joint type, and shall meet the requirements of ANSI Specifications B16.22.

W-30.04 Steel Pipe

Steel pipe shall be galvanized, meet the requirements of ASTM Des: A 53 and shall not be less than Schedule 40. Dimensions of steel pipe shall conform to ANSI B36.10.

Fittings for steel pipe shall be galvanized and shall be made to standard dimensions or as shown. Fittings used in pipelines 24 inches in diameter or smaller shall be of the screwed pattern and shall be of malleable iron meeting the requirements of ASTM Des: A 197. The fittings shall conform to ANSI B 16.3. Where galvanized fittings are shown or specified, galvanizing shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: A 120. Steel flange fittings shall meet the requirements of ANSI B 16.5 for 150-pound standard, except that the flanges shall be plain faced.

All flanges for steel pipe, except blind flanges, shall be of the slip-on welding type with hubs meeting the requirements of AWWA C207 Class B, D, or E suitable for the size of pipe and test pressures specified, and conforming to the requirements of ASTM Des: A 181, Class 1. The flanges shall be attached to the barrel of the pipe with two continuous fillet welds. The flanges shall be attached to the barrel of the pipe with two continuous fillet welds. Blind flanges shall be plain faced and shall conform to ANSI B 16.5, Class 150. All flanges shall be covered and protected during delivery and storage.

Flanged joints shall be made with bolts or bolt studs with a nut on each end. Bolts, stud bolts, and nuts shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: A 307, Grade B and ANSI B 16.1 unless noted otherwise on the Plans.

Gaskets for flanged joints shall be of rubber with cloth insertion of the full face type meeting the requirements of ANSI B 16.21 and shall be those made by the Garlock Packing Company, Crane Company, U.S. Rubber Company, or equal. Gaskets shall be 1/16 inch thick.

Zinc for galvanizing, zinc coating, and plating shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: B 6 and shall be at least equal to the grade designated as "Prime Western."

Wrought metals and castings shall be sandblasted or ground smooth. When a smooth coat is required, castings shall be tumbled and all high spots ground flush. Castings shall be normalized to prevent cracking.

Base metal shall be thoroughly cleaned, using only approved solvents and wire brushes, after which it shall be pickled.

Products to be galvanized shall be safeguarded against embrittlement in accordance with ASTM Des: A 143 and against warpage and distortion in accordance with ASTM Des: A 384.

Galvanizing shall be done by the hot-dip process after fabrication, unless otherwise specified in conformance with the appropriate ASTM and American Hot Dip Galvanizers Association, Inc. specifications. The dipping shall not come in contact with or rest upon the dross during the operation.

Galvanizing and coating shall be done in a plant having sufficient facilities to produce the quality of coatings herein specified and ample capacity for the volume of work required. Galvanized material shall be shipped and handled in a manner which will avoid damage to the zinc coating.

Galvanizing shall meet the requirements of ASTM Des: A 120.

W-30.05 Plastic Tubing

Plastic tubing for the air supply line shall be clear vinyl instrument grade tubing with an inside diameter of 3/8 inch and a minimum wall thickness of 0.062 inch. The tubing shall be FAST & TIGHT, Formula PV-2 as manufactured by Parker Hannifin, Kent, Ohio, or equal.

W-30.06 Workmanship

Working drawings, delivery, erection, testing, insulation, and disinfection of miscellaneous pipe and fittings shall meet the applicable portions of similar requirements for ductile iron pipe specified under the respective sections of Workmanship and Materials.

* * *

SECTION 31 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

W-31.01 General

Hangers and supports shall include all hanging and supporting devices of metallic construction shown, specified, or required for pipelines, apparatus, and equipment other than electrical equipment. The Contractor's working drawings, as required by the General Provisions hereof, shall show the quantity, type, design, and location of all hangers and supports required.

W-31.02 Materials

Structural and miscellaneous steel, iron castings, cast-iron pipe, and steel pipe used for hangers and supports shall meet the requirements of the applicable Workmanship and Materials sections.

W-31.03 Design

Hangers and supports not detailed on the Drawings shall be adequate to maintain the pipelines, apparatus, and equipment in proper position and alignment under all operating conditions with due allowance for expansion and contraction, and shall have springs where necessary. Hangers and supports shall be of standard design where possible, and be best suited for the service required, as approved by the Engineer. Where required, they shall be screw adjustable after installation.

Supporting devices shall be designed in accordance with the best practice and shall not be unnecessarily heavy. Sufficient hangers and supports shall be installed to provide a working safety factor of not less than five for each hanger.

All supporting devices shall be designed as to minimize interference with access and movement. The injury hazard shall be considered and minimized in all protruding supporting devices.

On pipes which are covered with heating insulation, hangers and supports shall include proper pipe protection saddles.

Overhead hangers shall be supported by threaded rods properly fastened in place by suitable screws, clamps, inserts, or bolts, or by welding.

Brackets for the support of piping from walls and columns shall be made of welded steel and shall be designed for three maximum loads classified as follows:

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Light | 750 pounds |
| Medium | 1,500 pounds |
| Heavy | 3,000 pounds |

When medium or heavy brackets are bolted to walls, backplates of adequate size and thickness shall be furnished and installed to distribute the load against the wall. When the use of backplates is not practicable, the brackets shall be fastened to the wall in such a manner that the safe

bearing strength of the wall will not be exceeded.

Pipe rolls or chairs shall be of the cast-iron type. Pipe rolls shall be provided with threaded nuts or with sockets to take threaded rods.

Saddle stands shall be of the adjustable type. Each stand shall consist of a length of steel pipe fitted at the base with a standard threaded cast-iron flange and at the top with an adjustable saddle or roll. The base flanges shall be bolted to the floor foundation or concrete base.

Stanchions shall be of similar construction to the saddle stand, except that they shall be fitted at the top with cast-iron pipe saddle supports or with pipe stanchion saddles with yokes and nuts.

Where adjustable supporting devices are not required, pipelines 3 inches in diameter and smaller may be supported on cast-iron, malleable iron, or steel hook, hook plates, rings, or ring plates.

W-31.04 Anchors

Anchors shall be furnished and installed when specified, shown, or required for holding the pipelines and equipment in position or alignment. Anchors shall be designed for rigid fastening to the structures, either directly or through brackets. The design of all anchors shall be subject to approval by the Engineer.

Anchors for piping shall be of the cast-iron chair type with steel straps, except where anchors form an integral part of pipe fittings or where an anchor of special design is required.

W-31.05 Inserts

Inserts for concrete shall be galvanized and shall be installed in the concrete structures where required for fastening supporting devices. They shall be designed to permit the rods to be adjusted horizontally in one place and to lock the rod nut or head automatically. Inserts shall be recessed near the upper flange to receive reinforcing rods. Inserts shall be so designed that they may be held in position during concrete placing operations. Inserts shall be designed by the rod which they engage.

W-31.06 Painting

Hangers, supports, anchors, and similar devices shall be painted in accordance with the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

* * *

SECTION 32 - VALVES

W-32.01 General

This section includes all valves to be used on City maintained force mains, City owned pump stations and the Howard F. Curren Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant. Requirements of this section apply to all valves unless exceptions are shown or stated on the plans or specific provisions.

Plug valves for buried applications shall be provided with mechanical joints. Plug valves for above-ground applications shall be provided with flanged connections.

All force main valves shall be plug valves meeting the requirements of the sub-section "Eccentric Plug Valves."

Valves 2 inches in diameter and smaller shall be all brass or bronze, except the handwheel, and shall have screwed ends. Valves 2-1/2 inches in diameter and larger shall be iron body, bronze mounted with flanged ends, except that in the smaller sizes, valves may be all bronze at the Contractor's option.

All gate, globe, and angle valves shall have rising stems, unless otherwise specified, and shall open when the nut or handwheel is turned counterclockwise. Each handwheel shall be marked with an arrow and the word "Open." Each nut shall be marked with an arrow and shall not be greater than 24 inches in depth below finished grade.

All references to "stainless steel" or "SS" shall mean 316 stainless steel.

All valves of the same type shall be from a single manufacturer. Parts of valves of the same type and size shall be interchangeable.

All valves shall be carefully erected in their respective positions, free from all distortion and strain, and shall be packed and left in satisfactory operating condition.

W-32.02 Submittals

The Contractor shall prepare and submit for approval a complete detail drawing of all valves in accordance with the requirements of the General Provisions. At minimum the submittal shall show all proposed material types to be used as well as proposed interior and exterior coating manufacturer, coating type and proposed minimum dry film thickness.

W-32.03 Flanges

Flanges shall be cast solid and faced accurately at right angles to the axis of the casting. Flanges shall be faced and drilled and shop coated with a rust preventive compound before shipment.

Dimensions and drillings of flanges shall meet the requirements of ANSI B16.1 for working pressures of 125 pounds per square inch. Special drillings shall be provided where required.

W-32.04 Gate Valves

Except as otherwise specified, gate valves shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. WW-V-54, Class A, 125 pounds.

Gate valves shall have standard stuffing box seals. Bonnet bolts, studs, and nuts shall be cadmium plated. Wedging devices shall be bronze to iron or bronze to bronze as specified. Glands shall be bronze bushed; gland bolts and nuts shall be bronze.

Gate valves 2-1/2-inch diameter and larger shall be of the double disc type. Gate valves 2-inch diameter and smaller may be of the double disc or solid wedge type.

Valves with operating nuts or wheels 7 feet or more above the floor shall be provided with chains and chain wheels.

W-32.05 Globe and Angle Valves

Except as otherwise specified herein, globe and angle valves shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. WW-V-51, Class A, 125 pounds.

W-32.06 Hose Valves

Hose valves shall be globe or angle valves with rising stems, and rubber composition discs for cold water pressures up to 200 psi, nonshock.

Hose valves shall be all bronze or brass, except the handwheel which shall be of malleable iron. Hose threads shall conform to ANSI B2.4.

W-32.07 Check Valves

Check valves, unless otherwise specified, shall be APCO Series 100 of the horizontal, swing type designed to allow full diameter passage and to operate with a minimum loss of pressure. A Letter of Standardization has been executed for this valve. The letter states that no other valve shall be considered an "or equal" in accordance with the City's standardization program. The "or equal" clause applies to all other equipment, unless specifically excluded by a Single Source Certificate or Letter of Standardization.

Check valves shall have body and body cover of heavily constructed cast iron meeting requirements of ASTM A48, Class 30. Check valve body shall have integrally cast-on end flanges. The flapper shall be rubber and have an "O" ring seating edge and be internally reinforced with steel. The flapper shall be easily replaced while the valve remains in place.

The exterior of the check valve shall be factory coated with an approved interior and exterior corrosion resistance coating. The exterior of the check valve shall receive a field coat as indicated for "Steel Pipe and Fittings" in the Workmanship & Materials Section titled "Painting".

W-32.08 Pump-Check Eccentric Plug Valve

Pump-check valves, unless otherwise specified, shall meet the requirements of the sub-section for "Eccentric Plug Valves".

The valve shall be equipped with a G-Series rotary cylinder pneumatic actuator that is properly sized for the existing compressed air system within the pump station.

Plug valves shall be Dezurik PEF Eccentric Plug Valve. A Letter of Standardization has been executed for this valve. The letter states that no other valve shall be considered an "or equal" in accordance with the City's standardization program. The "or equal" clause applies to all other equipment, unless specifically excluded by a Single Source Certificate or Letter of Standardization.

W-32.09 Eccentric Plug Valves

Plug valves shall be of the eccentric valve design and shall meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C517 and shall be designed for 175 PSI 3'-12" and 150 PSI 14"-36". Manufacturer's Name shall be cast in body and Valve shall be serialized for future parts identification. Port area shall be 100% of standard pipe area. The Plug shall be Rectangular with associated Rectangular Port and shall provide dead tight shutoff when seated in the closed position. Body material shall be Cast Iron ASTM A126 Class B, Seats shall be 1/8" thick 95% Nickel and 1/2" wide for proper plug seating. Plug shall be Ductile Iron ASTM A536 and Chloroprene Faced. Bearings shall be sintered, oil impregnated permanently lubricated type 316 stainless steel, include upper and lower grit excluders to prevent grit and foreign solids from entering the bearings. Shaft seals shall be multiple V-ring type and shall be externally adjustable via an air gap and re-packable under pressure without removing the actuator or bonnet from the valve. Valves shall have interior and exterior epoxy.

Plug valves shall be nut operated (1/4 turn) 4" to 8" and gear operated 10" and larger. Both nut and gear operated valves shall have a 2-inch square nut for operation. On pump stations where the valve is 7 feet or more above the floor level, a chain and wheel shall be provided for operation.

Plug valves shall be Dezurik PEF Eccentric Plug Valve. A Letter of Standardization has been executed for this valve. The letter states that no other valve shall be considered an "or equal" in accordance with the City's standardization program. The "or equal" clause applies to all other equipment, unless specifically excluded by a Single Source Certificate or Letter of Standardization.

W-32.10 Knife Gate Valves

Valves shall be bonnetless wafer knife gate type with cast single-piece body construction. Lugged ends shall have threaded holes in accordance with ANSI B16.1 125/150 pound standards. Working pressure rating shall be 150 psi in sizes 2"-24". Valve body and gate shall be stainless steel type 316 or as specified. Stem shall be type 304 stainless steel. Valve shall have a round port equal to 100% of the connecting pipe. Valves shall be chloroprene resilient seated or as specified.

The body design shall have no pockets or grooves in the flow port where media can settle and adversely affect closure. The gate shall be polished to provide low thrust requirements and long

packing life. The leading edge of the gate shall be beveled to assist in closure. The stem shall be outside of the body and will not contact the flowing media. Valves shall have multi-layer square packing with adjustable packing gland bolting.

All valve bodies shall be tested with water at 150% of rated pressure with no visible leakage. Assembled valves shall be tested for seat leakage with water at 40 psi applied to the back of the gate (pressure in the normal flow direction) and allowable leakage shall be as per MSS SP-81 specifications.

Valves shall be provided with a manually operated direct-mounted handwheel as specified or shown on the construction drawings. Floor stands and extensions shall be provided if specified. Valve superstructures shall be designed to allow easy field interchangeability between manual and pneumatic actuators. New superstructures shall not be required for conversion between manual and pneumatic operators.

Metal surfaces other than stainless steel shall receive a field coat as indicated for "Steel Pipe and Fittings" in the Workmanship & Materials Section titled "Painting".

Valves shall be model GKU by DeZURIK, Inc, or approved equal.

W-32.11 Multiport Valves

Three-way and four-way valves, unless otherwise specified, shall meet the requirements of the sub-section for eccentric plug valves.

W-32.12 Solenoid Valves

Solenoid valves, unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be normally closed packless type with full area ports. The body and bonnet shall be forged brass and the solenoid core shall be stainless steel. The diaphragm shall be of synthetic rubber assuring long service life. The coils shall be designed for 115-volt, 60-hertz operation and shall be embedded in molded plastic in NEMA Type I general purpose enclosure.

W-32.13 Ball Valves for CPVC Piping

Manually operated ball valves for CPVC piping shall be CPVC ball valves having renewable Teflon ball seats and EPDM seals. Ball valves shall block in both seating directions, leaving full pressure on the opposite end of the valve. The CPVC ball valves shall be rated at not less than 150 psi working pressure at 75 degrees F, self-lubricating, and shall have socket end connectors. The ball valves shall be of true union design to allow for inspection or removal. CPVC ball valves shall be as manufactured by Hayward Industrial Products, Inc., or equal.

W-32.14 Ball Check Valves for CPVC Piping

Ball check valves for CPVC piping shall be constructed of solid CPVC and shall have a CPVC ball. The check valve shall have EPDM O-rings and shall be capable of operating either horizontally or vertically. The check valve shall have a full flow design that provides a free open area that is equivalent to the connecting pipe size. The check valves shall have socket end connectors and

shall be of the true union design to allow for inspection and removal of the valve. Ball valves for CPVC piping shall be as manufactured by Hayward Industrial Products, or equal.

W-32.15 Testing

All valves shall be given hydrostatic shop pressure tests at twice the working pressure specified. The valves shall be tested, first by applying the hydrostatic pressure with the valve open and then with the valve closed. The valves shall be tight and secure under the test pressure.

Valves shall be tested in place by the Contractor, as far as practicable, and any defects in valves or connections shall be corrected to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

W-32.16 Painting and Coating

Plug valves shall receive a factory interior and exterior coating of Tnemec Series 141 (4 mils thick).

All other valves shall receive a factory interior and exterior coating of an approved system.

Metal surfaces other than stainless steel shall receive a field coat as indicated for "Machinery and Equipment" in the Workmanship & Materials Section titled "Painting".

Chain wheels shall be coated by galvanizing or electroplating with zinc or cadmium. The chain shall be coated by electroplating with zinc or cadmium. Zinc electroplating shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. QQ-Z-325, Type II, Class 2; and cadmium electroplating shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. QQ-P-416, Type II, Class 2.

* * *

SECTION 33 - LEAKAGE TESTS - PUMPING STATIONS

W-33.01 General

All pipelines and structures required to be watertight shall be tested for leakage by the Contractor under the direction of the Engineer. Air and gas lines shall be tested with compressed air and all other pipelines shall be tested with water under the pressures specified herein.

All tests shall be conducted in a manner to minimize as much as possible any interference with the Contractor's work or progress.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when the work is ready for testing, and tests shall be made as soon thereafter as possible. Personnel for reading meters, gauges, or other measuring devices, will be furnished by the Engineer, but all other labor, equipment, air, water, and materials, including meters, gauges, smoke producers, blower, fuel, bulkheads, and accessory equipment, shall be furnished by the Contractor.

W-33.02 Pressure Tests

Pressure tests of pipelines shall be made by maintaining the fluid in the pipe at the specified pressure for a period of 30 minutes. The pipelines shall show no leakage.

Test pressures for the various pipelines shall be as follows:

| <u>Type of Pipeline</u> | <u>Test Pressure psi</u> |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sewage (Pump Suctions) | 5 |
| Sewage (Pressure) - Pump Discharge | 100 |
| Water | 125 |
| Sump pump discharge | 25 |
| Compressed air | 200 |
| Drains | 5 |

W-33.03 Tests of Structures

Leakage tests of wet wells and similar purpose structures shall be made before backfilling by filling the structure with water to the overflow height and observing the water surface level for the following 24 hours. Inspection for leakage will be made of the exterior surface of the structure, especially in the area around the construction joints.

Leakage will be accepted as within the allowable limits for structures from which there are no visible leaks and in which the water surface drops not more than 1/2 inch during the 24 hour test.

If visible leaks appear, the structure shall be repaired by removing and replacing the leakage portions of the structure, waterproofing the inside, or by other methods approved by the Engineer.

Water for the initial filling of the structure will be supplied by the City. Water for subsequent fillings, if required, shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

SECTION 36 - PAINTING

W-36.01 General

Painting includes furnishing all labor, materials, and services to paint all structures and equipment specified and required to complete the work, including, but not limited to, the following: preparation of surfaces; field painting of existing and proposed structures, piping, conduit, ductwork and equipment as specified, and the marking of existing piping and electrical conduit. The work shall include furnishing samples of paints and color charts.

Paint and other materials shall be of the type and quality of the manufacturer on which the coating schedule is based. All coats of paint for any particular surface and thinners used shall be from the same manufacturer. The treatment of the surface to be painted and the application of paint shall be in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer and as approved by the Engineer. The colors of paints shall be as approved by the Engineer. Specimens, approximately 8 by 10 inches in size, shall be prepared and submitted to the Engineer. The minimum number of specimen custom mixed colors submitted shall be 6 not including color coding colors. Only paint of approved manufacturers shall be delivered and stored at the site.

All painting shall be in accordance with the schedules included in this specification. A supplementary schedule of paint products shall be submitted, with mil thickness, to cover all paint applied. The schedule shall be in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer of the paint. The total mil thickness of all coatings shall be not less than the schedule included in this section.

W-36.02 Delivery and Storage

Paints, stains, varnish, or ingredients of paints to be mixed on the job shall be prepared, packed and labeled, and guaranteed by an approved manufacturer. All material shall be delivered to the site in original, unbroken containers.

The manner of and place for storing the painting materials at the site shall be as approved by the Engineer. The storage space shall be kept clean at all times. Every precaution shall be taken to eliminate fire hazards.

W-36.03 Surface Preparation

Prior to painting, all surfaces shall be prepared and cleaned in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations and as directed by the Engineer. Surfaces shall be dry before any paint is applied. Special surface preparation work shall be as directed by the manufacturer of the paint specified to be applied to the surface.

Metal Surfaces:

This includes all exterior and interior steel surfaces and all nonferrous metals. This applies to structural and miscellaneous steel, motors, designated housings and protective guards, piping, valves, stairs, and in general, all surfaces to be painted as designated in these specifications.

All surfaces shall be cleaned in accordance with Steel Structures Painting Council standards SSPC - SP1 Solvent Cleaning for removal of grease and oil. This standard allows for pressure washing, detergent cleaning, etc. Additional rust, loose paint, loose mill scale, etc., shall be removed in accordance with SSPC - SP2 Hand Tool Cleaning or SSPC - SP3 Power Tool Cleaning. All welds, beads, blisters or protuberances, other than identification markings shall be ground smooth. Pits and dents shall be filled with a suitable product as approved by the Engineer, and other imperfections shall be removed. Painted edges shall be sanded smooth with adjacent bare metal surfaces.

Where aluminum surfaces come in contact with incompatible metals, lime, mortar, concrete or other masonry materials, these areas shall be given two coats of asphalt varnish conforming to Fed. Spec. TT-V-51F.

Concrete and Wood Surfaces:

Surface preparation of all exterior concrete and wood surfaces shall be pressure washed to remove cobwebs, dirt, dust, and other surface contaminations. Mildew shall be treated with a 22% chlorine solution or otherwise by mixing equal parts solution bleach and water to the affected area. Loose paint and other defects shall be removed by hand; brushing, sanding, chipping or other hand tools or by power; brushes, impact tools, grinders, sanders or other power tools or by any combination thereof. Painted edges shall be sanded smooth to match adjacent bare surfaces.

All interior concrete and wood surfaces including ceilings, walls, and floors shall be cleaned similar to SSPC - SP1 Solvent Cleaning standards. Loose paint and other defects shall be removed by hand; brushing, sanding, scraping, chipping or other hand tools or by power; brushes, impact tools, grinders, sanders or other power tools or by any combination thereof. Painted edges shall be sanded smooth to match adjacent bare surfaces.

Priming shall be performed with Porter International Pigmented Bonding Coat 898, or equal. Concrete, concrete masonry, and wood shall be thoroughly dry prior to painting.

W-36.04 Coatings

All paints and similar materials shall be mixed in galvanized iron pans or pails or other approved containers of adequate capacity. All paint shall be stirred thoroughly before being taken from the containers, shall be kept stirred while using, and all ready-mixed paint shall be applied exactly as received from the manufacturer without addition of any kind of drier or thinner, except as specified or as permitted or directed by the Engineer. Successive coats of paint shall be tinted to make various coats easily distinguishable. Undercoats of paint shall be tinted to the approximate shade of the final coat of paint. The paint shall be a minimum temperature of 60 degrees F before application.

Only skilled painters shall be used on the work, and specialists shall be employed where required. Paint shall be applied by brush, roller, or sprayer in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Finished surfaces shall not show brush marks or other irregularities. Top and bottom edges of doors shall be painted. Undercoats on hollow metal work shall be thoroughly and uniformly sanded with No. 00 sandpaper or equal abrasive to remove all surface defects and provide a smooth, even surface.

Painting shall be a continuous and orderly operation to facilitate adequate inspection. All paint application methods shall be in accordance with the instructions of the paint manufacturer and as approved by the Engineer. Access panels, pipes, pipe covering, ducts, and other building appurtenances built into or adjoining walls to be painted shall be painted the same color as adjacent walls, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Hardware and accessories, fixtures, and similar items placed prior to painting shall be removed or protected during painting and replaced on completion of painting. All wall surfaces to be concealed by equipment shall be painted before installation of the equipment.

Areas under and adjacent to painted work shall be fully protected at all times and dripped or splattered paint shall be promptly removed. Painting shall not be done when the temperature is below 60 degrees F, or in dust-laden air, or until moisture on the surface has completely disappeared. If necessary, sufficient heating and ventilation shall be provided to keep the atmosphere and all surfaces to be painted dry and warm until each coat of paint has hardened. Any painting found defective shall be removed and repainted or touched up as directed by the Engineer.

Coatings must be allowed to cure before being recoated or placed into service. Drying time requirements recommended by the manufacturer should be followed exactly.

The final colors shall be as selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's color charts.

Coverage shall be complete. When color on undercoats shows through the final coat of paint, the work shall be covered by additional coats until the paint is of uniform color and appearance and coverage is complete, at no additional cost.

Rooms or areas being painted shall be supplied with sufficient temporary ventilation during painting operations to keep the atmosphere safe from harmful or dangerous fumes and harmful dust levels for personnel.

All application tools and equipment shall be in good working order and suitable for proper applications. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that no paint mist or spatter falls or blows to other objects, vehicles, equipment, buildings, etc.

Coating Schedule:

All painting shall be in accordance with the following schedule, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The number of coats shall not be less than the number shown on the schedule.

| COATING SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | Coats | | |
| Class of Work - Metal Surfaces | Pretreatment | Primer | 1ST | 2ND | 3RD |
| Copper Piping | | | K | K | |
| Electrical Conduit | A or N | C | K | K | |
| Steel Pipe, Valves, and Fittings | N | N | K | K | |
| Ductile Iron Pipe, Valves, and Fittings (Not Buried) | | E | K | K | |
| Miscellaneous Steel and Ironwork | N | N | K | K | |
| Machinery, Interior, and Nonsubmerged | | C | K | K | |

The designations in the following list are given solely for the purpose of indicating the type and quality of materials desired. Approved equivalent material of other manufacturers may be substituted. All coats of paint for any particular surface shall be from the same manufacturer.

| ALPHABETICAL DESIGNATIONS OF PRODUCTS | | |
|--|--|---|
| Symbol | Product Name and Number | Minimum Dry Film Thickness Mils per Coat |
| A | Porter International Alumiprep 33 | N/A |
| C | Porter International Alkyd Fast Dry Primer 297 | 2.0 |
| E | Porter International Rust-Screen 215 | 1.5 |
| F | Not Applicable | N/A |
| G | Porter International Pigmented Bonding Coat 898 with Thinner | N/A |
| H | Porter International Acrylic Exterior Paint 520 | 2.0 |
| I | Porter International I.A-24 Gloss Finish 241D | 1.5 |
| K | Porter International Intergard 475 | 5.0 |
| N | ZRC Cold Galvanizing Compound | 1.5 |

This paint schedule may vary to suit the current product recommendations of the manufacturer's technical representative. All products shall be suitable for industrial application at an urban stormwater pumping facility.

W-36.05 Safety

The Contractor shall be responsible for exercising all necessary precautions to ensure that no accidents or damage to personnel, equipment, or buildings shall occur. The Contractor shall further determine any special operations which could influence the safe workmanship of his personnel with respect to electrical, mechanical, or chemical fumes or fire hazard situations.

When painting in confined areas or otherwise in areas where explosive fumes or gases need to be ventilated, the Contractor shall use suction type fans designated specifically for the safe removal of explosive fumes or gases, and all equipment involved shall meet all OSHA (Occupational Safety Hazard Act) requirements and MSHA (Mine Safety and Health Administration) approved. The Contractor shall be responsible in all respects for the safe conduct of his personnel when using any of the rigging or equipment involved in the accomplishment of the work specified herein.

W-36.06 Cleaning

The Contractor shall touch up and restore any damaged finish. Paint or other finishes spilled, splashed, or splattered shall be removed from all surfaces. Care shall be taken not to mar any surface finish or item being cleaned.

* * *

SECTION 38 - SEWAGE PUMPING EQUIPMENT

W-38.01 General

Sewage pumping equipment shall include the installing of totally submersible, electrically operated sewage pumps complete with all accessories and appurtenances necessary for a complete installation in the pumping station.

Each pump shall be an ITT Flygt, Pump, and shall comply with the drawings and specifications for this project. A single source certificate of conditions and circumstances was executed for this pump. The certificate states that no other pump shall be considered an "or equal" for this project in accordance with the City's standardization program. The "or equal" clause applies to all other equipment in this project, unless specifically excluded by a single source certificate.

Each pump shall have a substantial guide bracket to permit vertical sliding along not less than two unthreaded stainless steel guide rails from an automatic pump discharge connection at the bottom of the wet pit to the wet pit access cover for inspection, maintenance, and removal of the pump without requiring personnel to enter the wet pit. The pump shall be easily removable from the guide rails and shall require no bolts, nuts, or other fasteners to be disconnected. The guide brackets shall be of stainless steel and shall be an integral part of the pumps. The guide rails shall be Type 304, Schedule 40 stainless steel pipe and shall be connected to the automatic pump discharge connection at the bottom and supported at the top by substantial stainless steel brackets bolted to the concrete sides of the wet pit access opening. The automatic pump discharge connection shall be cast-iron, flanged by plain-end, 90 degree vertical bend with an integral cast-iron support. The support shall be bolted to the floor with not less than four, 3/4-inch diameter stainless steel anchor bolts cast into the concrete. The pump volute discharge shall have a machined flange, which when the pump is lowered into pumping position will automatically and firmly mate with the plain-end of the discharge connection without the need of adjustment, fasteners, clamps, or similar devices. No motion other than vertical shall be required to seat the mating flange of the pump volute to the discharge connection. Sealing of the discharge interface shall be accomplished by only metal contact and the use of a diaphragm, O-ring, or other device will not be permitted. The pump, with its appurtenances, shall be capable of continuous submergence under water without loss of watertight integrity to a depth of 65 feet. No portion of the pump shall bear directly on the floor of the wet pit. Each pump shall be fitted with a stainless steel, welded link chain of adequate length to permit the raising and lowering of the pump for inspection and removal.

W-38.02 Pump Characteristics

SEE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

W-38.03 Construction

The stator casing, oil casing, sliding bracket, volute, and impeller of each pump shall be of hard, closegrained gray cast iron. All surfaces coming into contact with sewage shall be protected

by a coat of Nylon-II, heat fused to the metal. All external bolts and nuts shall be of stainless steel.

The impeller of each pump shall be of non-clog design capable of passing a 3-inch spherical solid, fibrous material, and heavy sludge and shall be constructed with long throughlet without acute turns. The impeller shall be statically and dynamically balanced. Static and dynamic balancing operations shall not deform or weaken the impeller. The impeller shall be firmly secured to the shaft by a stainless steel key and lock nut in such a way that it cannot unscrew or become loosened due to torque resulting from rotation in either direction.

A renewable Buna-N rubber wearing ring shall be installed at the inlet of each pump to provide protection against wear to the impeller.

Each pump shaft shall be of stainless steel conforming to ASTM Des: A 582, Type 416. The shaft shall be accurately machined and polished and of sufficient diameter to carry the maximum load imposed, to assure rigid support of the impeller and to prevent excessive vibration at all operating speeds. The shaft shall be provided with two guide bearings of the ball type of ample size to carry the loads imposed under continuous service without overheating.

Each pump shall be provided with a tandem double mechanical seal running in an oil reservoir having separate, constantly hydro-dynamically lubricated lapped seal faces. The lower seal unit between the pump and oil chamber shall contain one stationary and one positively driven rotating tungsten-carbide ring. The upper seal unit between the oil sump and motor housing shall contain one stationary tungsten-carbide ring and one positively driven rotating carbon ring. Each interface shall be held in contact by its own spring system supplemented by external liquid pressures. The seals shall require neither maintenance nor adjustment, but shall be easily inspected and replaceable. Shaft seals without positively driven rotating members or conventional double mechanical seals with a common single or double spring acting between the upper and lower units, requiring a pressure differential to offset external pressure and effect sealing shall not be considered acceptable nor equal to the dual independent seal system specified. The shaft sealing system shall be capable of operating submerged to depths of or pressures equivalent to 65 feet. No seal damage shall result from operating the pumping unit out of its liquid environment. The seal system shall not rely upon the pumped media for lubrication.

The pump motors shall be housed in an air-filled watertight casing and shall have Class F moisture resistant insulation. The temperature at any point in the windings shall not exceed 155 degrees C at any load which could be imposed by the pump at any point on its curve. The motors shall be 460-volt, 3-phase, 60-hertz, squirrel-cage induction motors. Each motor shall have a minimum full load efficiency of 85 percent and a minimum full load power factor of 80 percent. Each motor shall be U.L., Inc. or Factory Mutual Engineering Corporation listed for installation and operation in a Class I, Division 2, Group C and D hazardous locations. Each motor shall have a facility for winding high temperature alarm. Each motor shall be provided with a leakage sensor to provide an alarm indication prior to liquid reaching the stator coils. The pumps shall not load the motor beyond its nominal (nameplate) rating at any point on the pump curve. Each pump motor shall be furnished with a minimum service factor of 1.15 or the horsepower rating of the motor shall be a minimum of 15 percent greater than the maximum BHP required over the full range of the pump curve. Electrically and mechanically each pumping unit (pump and motor) shall be capable of a minimum of ten (10) starts per hour.

The motor cable entry water seal shall be such that precludes specific target requirements to ensure watertight and submersible seal. Epoxies, silicones, or other secondary sealing systems shall not be required or used. The cable entry junction box and motor shall be separated by a stator lead sealing gland or terminal board which shall isolate the motor interior from foreign materials gaining access through the pump top. The pump motor cable shall be suitable for submersible pump applications, and this shall be indicated by a code or legend permanently embossed on the cable. Cable sizing shall conform to NEC specifications for pump motors and shall be adequate size to allow motor voltage conversion without replacing the cable.

All mating surfaces of major parts shall be machined and fitted with nitrile O-rings where watertight sealing is required. Machining and fitting shall be such that sealing is accomplished by automatic compression in two planes and O-ring contact made on four surfaces, without the requirement of specific torque limits to affect this. Rectangular cross sectioned gaskets requiring specific torque limits to achieve compression shall not be considered adequate or equal. Tolerances of all parts shall be such that allows replacement of any part without additional machining required to ensure sealing as described above. No secondary sealing compounds, greases, or other devices shall be used.

Each unit shall be provided with an adequately designed cooling system. Thermal radiators integral to the stator housing, cast in one unit, are acceptable. Where water jackets alone or in conjunction with radiators are used, separate circulation shall be provided. Cooling media channels and ports shall be non-clogging by virtue of their dimensions.

W-38.04 Field Tests

After installation of the pumping units, control equipment, and all appurtenances, each pumping unit will be subjected to a field running test of not less than 24 hours duration under actual operating conditions. The field test shall be made by the Contractor in the presence of and as directed by the Engineer. The field test shall demonstrate that under all conditions of operation, each unit:

1. Had not been damaged by transportation or installation.
2. Has been properly installed.
3. Has no mechanical defects.
4. Is in proper alignment.
5. Has been properly connected.
6. Is free of overheating of any parts.
7. Is free of all objectionable vibration.
8. Is free of overloading of any parts.

The tests shall also demonstrate that the control systems perform as specified and meet all operating criteria.

Any defects in the equipment or operating controls or failure to meet the requirements of the Specifications shall be promptly corrected by the Contractor.

W-38.05 Service

Authorized service facilities must be available in Florida. The pump supplier will stock at the facility one set of recommended spare parts as described below for the pumps specified in this Contract.

- Inspection Plug Washers
- Impeller Bolt
- Impeller Key
- Upper Bearing
- Lower Bearing
- Upper Mechanical Seal
- Lower Mechanical Seal
- Wear Rings
- Motor Cable
- Cable Entry Washer/Grommet
- Complete Set of O-rings

W 38-.06 Mix-Flush Valves

The Contractor shall supply pumps with mix-flush valves installed on the volutes. The volute shall have an integral mounting pad on which to mount the mix-flush valve. The mounting of the valve shall not void the pump manufacturer's warranty. The valve shall be mounted by the valve manufacturer or agent to assure proper installation and operation.

The mix-flush (or flush) valves shall be hydraulically activated and shall not contain any electromechanical components. The mix-flush system shall be intrinsically safe and suitable for pumps used in hazardous locations Class 1, Division 1, Groups C and D. The flush valve shall be fully automatic and shall operate each time the sewage pump cycles into running mode. The length of time for the flushing action shall be adjustable to a period of between 20 and 50 seconds. A means of adjustment shall be provided on the outside of the valve to obtain the desired flushing period.

The mix-flush valve shall be a standard production item of the pump manufacturer and warranted by the pump manufacturer for a period of 15 months from date of substantial completion. The warranty station shall be within 100 miles of the installation and replacement units shall be kept in stock at all times.

Each new pump shall be provided with a volute plug along with the mix-flush valves.

W-38.07 Spare Parts

One complete set of mechanical seals shall be furnished for each different model of pump furnished in this Contract (unless otherwise specified on the Plans).

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SECTION 45 – ELECTRICAL

W-45.01 Scope of Electrical Work

The work in this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and transportation, and performing all operations required to support the installation and commissioning of the electrical portion of the proposed Ballast Point Pump Station Rehabilitation including, but not limited to, the following:

1. The service voltage to this facility shall be modified from 120/240 VAC, 3-phase, 4-wire, open-delta system to a 277/480 VAC, 3-phase, 4-wire, wye system.
2. Remove the existing meter socket, lightning arrestor, control panel, concrete pedestal, and all associated conduit and conductors, as shown on plans.
3. Carefully remove the existing DCR SCADA RTU Cabinet mounted on the existing SCADA antenna. Deliver this RTU package to the City for maintenance inventory.
4. Any salvageable materials, as determined by the engineer, shall be delivered, by the Contractor, to the Howard F. Curren AWTP. The Contractor shall properly dispose of all other removed equipment.
5. Provide and install a new electrical meter socket, lightning arrestor and grounding, as shown on plans.
6. Prepare the site for the installation of the proposed control equipment.
7. Provide and install a new duplex pump control panel. The Pump Control Panel shall contain control components, indicator lights, and SCADA RTU, as shown on plans (Reduced Voltage Solid State Starters) and detailed in specifications.
8. Provide and install NEMA 4X wet well isolation junction box for pump motor connections.
9. Provide and install a new duplex motor control panel. The Motor Control Panel shall contain circuit breakers and motor starters, as shown on plans and detailed in specifications.
10. Provide and install NEMA 4X wet well isolation box for instrumentation and control connections.
11. Provide and install a NEMA 4X, service entrance rated, fused double throw switch, as shown on plans.

12. Provide and install a NEMA 4X, Emergency Power Connector as shown on the plans.
13. The existing SCADA antenna and associated mast shall be carefully removed and provided to the city for maintenance inventory.
14. Provide and install a new antenna and mast.
15. Provide and install area light, as shown on plans.
16. Provide and install proposed Rain Gauge.
17. Calibrate and adjust setpoints for all sensing devices, alarm devices, and timers. Calibration and setpoints shall be provided in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
18. Provide for proper grounding as shown, specified, and required.
19. Provide and install all necessary conduits and conductors, as shown, specified and required.
20. All electrical work shall be performed in accordance with the 2017 Edition of the National Electric Code and Chapter 5 of the City of Tampa Code.
21. Refer to civil/mechanical sheets for bypass pumping requirements. if electrically driven bypass pumps are utilized, the contractor shall coordinate all temporary electrical service requirements with Tampa Electric Company (TECO). Any costs associated with temporary electric power are to be included in the lump sum price and no separate payment will be made.
22. As part of the shop drawing process, the Contractor shall submit a plan to insure SCADA communications are maintained during construction. Coordinate all requirements with the City of Tampa.

W-45.02 General Requirements

1. Codes

any conflicts between the specifications and drawings or with the regulations of local codes, public utility company, or the national electrical code or the national electrical safety code shall be promptly brought to the attention of the engineer for clarification. All materials and work shall be in accordance with said standards.

2. Contract documents

The drawings are generally diagrammatic not necessarily showing in detail all of the minor items and it shall not be interpreted to mean that any minor item required may be omitted. The contractor shall make use of all the data in all of the contract Documents and shall verify all information at the site which may influence his proposal. The Contractor shall obtain all necessary shop drawings and shall consult manufacturer's representatives during installation start-up as needed.

3. Tests

The Contractor shall provide all necessary instruments and special apparatus to conduct any test that may be required to ensure that the system is free of all improper grounds and short circuits. These tests shall be conducted in the presence of the Engineer prior to final acceptance.

4. Guarantee

The Contractor shall submit a written guarantee to the City that all electrical work and material provided under this Contract is free from defects for a period of one year after final acceptance of the job. There will be no additional charge to the City to repair or replace any such work, which is found to be defective within the guarantee period.

5. Materials and Equipment

All materials and equipment shall be new and shall bear the manufacturer's name, date of manufacture, trade name, and the UL label. Equipment and materials shall be delivered to the site and stored in original containers, suitably sheltered from the elements, but readily accessible for inspection.

6. Operation and Maintenance Manuals

See Specific Provisions section of the Specifications.

7. Test Documentation

Test all equipment and document tests.

W-45.03 Execution of Work

All work shall be executed in a neat and workmanlike manner by experienced and capable electricians so as to present a neat installation upon completion.

Electrical work shall be coordinated so as not to interfere with or delay other construction operations.

The ends of all conduits shall be carefully reamed free from burrs after threading and before installation. All cuts shall be made square. All joints shall be made up tight. Care shall be taken to see that all control and power conduits are grounded as required by the NEC and Chapter 5 of the City of Tampa Code, Building and Construction Regulations.

* * *

SECTION 46 - CONTROLS

W-46.01 General

Control components shall comply with the latest ANSI, IEEE, and NEMA standards where applicable.

Maximum control voltage shall be 120 VAC, 60 Hz.

Control devices shall be of industrial grade, heavy-duty design, utilizing modular construction to increase flexibility.

W-46.02 Control Enclosures and Panels

The control enclosures shall be rated NEMA 3, gasketed, and be constructed of minimum 14 gauge, 304 stainless steel. The door shall have a handle with padlock provisions and three-point latch mechanism. The door shall be provided with a positive stop mechanism to prevent it from closing while controls are being serviced. Stiffeners shall be provided on the enclosure and door as necessary to provide rigidity. The closing surfaces shall have rolled lips. The outside of enclosure shall be finished with a durable RAL 9003 white powder coat to reduce solar heat gain. All hardware shall be heavy-duty, stainless steel. A print pocket shall be provided on the inside of the door. The enclosure dimensions shall be as shown or required.

The panel shall be 12 gauge steel and sized to be accommodated by the enclosure. The periphery of the panel shall be formed to provide a 0.75 inch stiffener frame. The panel shall be primed, painted with white enamel and baked, after forming.

The enclosure and panel shall be as manufactured by Quality Metals, Hoffman Engineering, or equal.

Motor Control Panel

The motor control panel shall be as defined in Sections W-46.01 General, W-46.02 Control Enclosures and Panels and shall contain, but not limited to the components listed in the sections W-46.03 thru W-46.10:

W-46.03 Motor Starter

A. Reduced Voltage Solid State Starter

See Section W-49 Reduced Voltage Solid State Starter

W-46.04 Circuit Breakers

Circuit breakers shall be of the molded case, air-break type designed for 600 volt, 60 Hz service or as shown on the Drawings. They shall have both thermal and magnetic elements on all three poles. These elements will actuate a common tripping bar to open all poles when an overload or short circuit occurs.

The circuit breakers shall have an AIC rating greater than the available fault current at the panel.

The equipment shall be as manufactured by Square D, General Electric, or equal.

W-46.05 Surge Protective (SPD-1)

The SPD shall be able to suppress lightning induced voltage surges three times greater than the industry standards. The rated line voltage for SPD shall be 277/480 VAC 3-phase, 4-wire. The maximum single impulse current shall be 100kA per phase.

1. The SPD shall have a 10-YEAR warranty. Under that warranty, the SPD shall be replaced if it is destroyed by lightning or other impulses.
2. The SPD shall have an LED failure indicator on all three phases.
3. The clamp voltages for the SPD shall be the following:

Line to neutral – 1200 volts
Line to ground – 1200 volts
Neutral to ground – 1200 volts
Line to line – 2000 volts

The Surge Protection Device shall be Advanced Protection Technologies model TE04XDS104X, or equal.

W-46.06 Seal Leak Detector

The seal leak detector shall be compatible with the submersible pump supplied and be Underwriters Laboratories (U.L) listed for use in sewage pumping applications. The Contractor shall coordinate with pump manufacturer to determine specific hardware required for stator temperature and seal-leak detection. The detector shall have the following features:

- 1.) The unit shall employ low voltage, low current, conductivity probe type liquid level detection.
- 2.) 120 VAC, 60 Hz, operating voltage.
- 3.) The alarm output shall be an SPDT 10 amp, 250 VAC relay contact with a minimum 2000 VAC isolation to probe.
- 4.) Probe supply characteristics - sensitivity, 4.7K to 100K OHM, adjustable; voltage, 24 VAC, 60 Hz; current, 2mA maximum.
- 5.) Eight pin octal-type plug (provide matching screw terminal sockets).
- 6.) The unit shall be housed in a high-impact plastic dust cover.

The seal leak detector shall be MINI-CAS for Flygt pumps and Crouzet model PNRU110A or equal for other manufactures.

W-46.07 Panel Mount Fuse Holder and Fuse

Panel mount fuse holders shall be rated for a minimum of 15 amps, 250 VAC. They shall accommodate 0.25 by 1.25-inch glass fuses and have a bayonet type knob. Terminations shall be by 0.25-inch Quick-Connect. Fuse holders shall be Bussman HKP, or equal.

Fuses shall be 0.25 by 1.25-inch slow blow, dual element, glass body with ratings as shown or required. Fuses shall be Bussman MDL series, or equal.

W-46.08 Power Phase Monitors

Phase Monitors shall be provided and installed as shown on the Drawings and specified herein. The unit shall have the following features:

- 1.) Adjustable in voltage
- 2.) input— 480 volt, 3-phase, 60Hz, 4-wire, utility service
- 3.) adjustable voltage range control
- 4.) SPDT relay operation and LED indication shall be triggered by phase loss, low voltage, power failure, or improper phase sequence.
- 5.) LED indication shall be on when voltage is normal— off with fault
- 6.) relay shall operate if fault lasts more than 2.0 seconds.
- 7.) relay shall release after voltage is normal for 5.0 seconds
- 8.) relay contact rating— 10 Amps
- 9.) mounting— 8-pin plug-in— provide socket for DIN rail

Phase Monitor PM2, PM3, and PM4 shall be model SUA-440-ASA as manufactured by ATC Diversified Electronics, or equal.

W-46.09 Phase Monitor Fuse Holders and Fuses

The Fuse Holders shall be three-pole, 600V rated units suitable for use with Class CC, rejection type fuses. They shall be UL listed for branch circuit protection, and have a fuse withstand rating of 200 kA. The handle shall isolate the fuse from the circuit when installing or removing fuses— no special tools shall be required to insert or remove fuses. The fuse holder shall be provided with a blown fuse indicator to allow for easy troubleshooting. The fuse holder shall mount on a standard DIN rail.

The Fuse Holder shall be model 1492-FB3C30-L as manufactured by Allen Bradley, or equal. The fuses shall be Bussmann Limitron fast acting model KTK-R or equal, with the ampacity shown on the Drawings.

W-46.10 AC Current Sensor

The AC Current Sensor shall be a split core transducer used to convert a monitored AC current to a proportional 4-20mA output. The sensor shall comprise a current transformer, power circuit, precision rectifier, high-gain servo amplifier, and span and zero adjustments in one UL listed package. The sensor shall have three user selectable ranges. The two-wire loop powered 4-20mA output shall be available on two 6-32 screw terminals. The sensor shall meet the following performance parameters:

- 1.) operating temperature— -55 to +65°C.

- 2.) accuracy— +/- 0.5% of full scale
- 3.) repeatability— +/- 0.1% of full scale
- 4.) frequency— flat from 20-100 Hz
- 5.) response time— 100 msec (10 to 90%)
- 6.) ripple— less than 10 millivolts
- 7.) voltage supply— 21 to 40VDC

The AC Current Sensor shall be model SC200-2 as manufactured by Enercorp Instrument Ltd, or equal.

Pump Control Panel

The pump control panel shall be as defined in Sections W-46.01 General, W-46.02 Control Enclosures and Panels and shall contain, but not limited to the components listed in the sections W-46.11 thru W-46.25:

W-46.11 Switches and Push Buttons

Switches and push buttons shall be heavy-duty, oil-tight, watertight, NEMA Type 4X, corrosion resistant units intended for industrial applications. The operator shall mount in a 1.20-inch diameter opening and be provided with the proper legend plate.

Switches and push buttons shall be as manufactured by Square D, General Electric, Allen Bradley, or equal.

W-46.12 Pilot Lights

Pilot lights shall be heavy-duty, oil-tight, NEMA Type 4X, corrosion resistant, push to test, light emitting diode (LED) type, rated for 120VAC, and intended for industrial applications. The operator shall mount in a 1.20-inch diameter opening and be provided with the proper legend plate and lens color.

Pilot lights shall be as manufactured by Square D, General Electric, Allen Bradley, or equal.

W-46.13 Control Relays

- a. Multicontact- Unless otherwise noted, relays shall have a minimum of two (2) form C contacts rated at 10 amps, 120 VAC. They shall be of the type, which utilizes the circular plug system with hold down springs. Each relay shall be provided with an indicator lamp to show its status. The covers shall be dustproof, and manufactured of a clear polycarbonate material. The relays shall be Model KRPA as manufactured by Potter & Brumfield, Struthers Dunn, Square D, or equal.
- b. Timing relays shall have DPDT, 10 amp, 120 VAC contacts. Timers shall be solid-state and adjustable as required. They shall utilize a plug in base mounting system. Timing relays shall be Model 328 as manufactured by ATC, Potter & Brumfield or equal.
- c. NEMA Type Relays shall have two (2) normally open, 10-amp, 600 VAC,

convertible instantaneous contacts. They shall have plug-in contact cartridges for easy contact conversion and replacement. Contact conversion shall be capable without removing terminal screws or wires. Coil voltage shall be as shown on the drawings or as required. NEMA Type Relays shall be Model X as manufactured Square D or equal.

W-46.14 Instrumentation Signal Multicontact Relays

Relays for switching instrumentation level signals shall have the following features: 120VAC coil; 4PDT Ag-Pd alloy bifurcated crossbar contacts; socket mount; sealed plastic cover; and hold-down spring.

The contact ratings shall exceed the requirements for the application, and shall be no less than 1 Amp at 120VAC. The expected life shall be a minimum of 200,000 operations at rated load.

The socket shall be of the surface or rail-mount design with screw terminals to facilitate circuit connections.

The relay shall be Idec model RY42, with model SY4S-05 socket, or equal.

W-46.15 Elapsed Time Meters

Elapsed time meters shall be furnished and installed where shown. Time meters shall register up to 9999.9 hours, be non-resetable, have square cases suitable for panel mounting, and have coils for 120 volt, 60 Hz operation. The units shall be as manufactured by Eagle Signal, Crammer, or equal.

W-46.16 Sewage Pump Controller / SCADA / Radio (PCSR)

The Sewage Pump Controller / SCADA / Radio subassembly comprises a programmable logic controller (PLC) based system engineered to provide duplex pump control, supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA), and radio telemetry in one assembled package. The components shall be mounted on an aluminum sub-panel and be fully wired, tested, and ready for field connections via conveniently located interface terminals. The subassembly shall operate on a 120 Volt, 60 Hz, single-phase power supply and shall have integral transient voltage protection.

The PCSR shall be a Motorola ACE3600 package as distributed by Star Controls, Automated Controls, Curry Controls, Rocha Controls or Cayzo Consulting Inc. The Contractor shall coordinate his efforts with Star Controls, Revere Control Systems, Automated Controls, Curry Controls, Rocha Controls or Cayzo Consulting Inc. to ensure system compatibility, performance, and security. The Contractor shall provide and install a complete control system package as programmed Star Controls, Revere Control Systems, Automated Controls, Curry Controls, Rocha Controls or Cayzo Consulting Inc. The existing Pump Station DCR controls shall revert to the City as a spare.

The following is a partial list of PCSR features:

1. Motorola ACE3600 remote terminal unit (RTU) with surge / lighting protection for power line and antenna shall be provided.
2. One Mixed I/O modules shall be provided.

3. A MOTOTRBO XPR5350 radio UHF R1 (430-470) MHz, shall be provided.
4. Provide one mixed signal auxiliary input/output interface board # ACE-V245-AUX-I/O with DC to DC plug in power supply# ACE-AUX-DCPS.
5. The pump controller shall operate independently of the SCADA / telemetry system in the event of communications loss.
6. DC power circuits derived from the RTU and feeding external loads shall be individually fused as required. Fuses shall have indicator LEDs to indicate fuse has blown.
7. A back-up pump controller shall be provided to facilitate emergency overflow protection in the event of RTU failure.
8. Interposing control relays shall be provided as required.
9. Terminal blocks shall be arranged, and separated as follows: main power distribution block; 120VAC power; 24VDC power; RTU DC power bus.
10. All wires shall be permanently identified using a computer generated labeling system. All terminal numbers and identifying nomenclature shall correspond to and be shown on the electrical diagrams and schematics.
11. All external wiring shall terminate on terminal blocks.
12. The RTU shall provide both digital and analog inputs for use in monitoring and control. Simultaneous monitoring of analog and digital level sensing devices shall be supported where the analog level sensing device shall be primary. The RTU shall contain routines for detecting sensor failures and utilize the alternate level sensing device(s).
13. Battery back-up power shall be provided for the RTU so that monitoring is maintained during Utility power failures. The battery shall have the capacity of operating the RTU for a minimum of four hours. The power supply shall keep the batteries at float charge. The RTU shall contain a low battery cutout circuit, and the batteries shall not be damaged by deep discharges.
14. Local manual pump control is provided by Hand-Off-Auto (HOA) switches located in the pump control panel. In the absence of RTU power or in the case of RTU failure, the pump motor starters shall remain operational in the HAND position. In no case shall the RTU have the capability to operate or override the pumps in the HAND or OFF positions.
15. The capability to remotely override or disable individual pumps shall be provided (local switches must be in the AUTO position).
16. The RTU shall have the capability to test the back-up pump controller by creating a high level condition and verifying that the back-up controller functions properly. In the event of a controller failure, the RTU will send an alarm to the Central HMI.
17. Capability shall be provided to configure from two to four pumps.
18. Individual pump run status shall be reported to the Central HMI.
19. The following pump failures shall be reported to the Central HMI: fail to start; fail to stop; premature stop; drive fault; and stator over temperature.
20. RTU configuration parameters shall be adjustable locally and remotely from the Central HMI.
21. A fail-safe input shall be provided indicating cabinet intrusion.
22. The RTU shall have the latest RTU SCADA application license compatible with the existing Central HMI configuration.
23. The following spare shall be provided:

1. One (1) Motorola ACE 3600 RTU
2. One (1) AC Power Supply
3. Two (2) Mixed I/O
4. Two (2) SCADA Interface Boards

W-46.17 Wet Well Level Monitoring System

The wet well level monitoring system shall be of the ultrasonic type. It shall consist of a transducer element and a transmitter/electronics package.

The transducer shall use a PZT ceramic element with a nominal operating frequency of 50kHz. The transducer shall have a range of 1 to 32.8 ft. The transducer shall convert a 24-volt input from the electronics package to a 3,000-volt peak-to-peak echo pulse. The transducer shall be Factory Mutual (FM) approved for use in a Class I, Div.1, group A, B, C, & D location. The transducer shall be rated intrinsically safe for zone 0. The transducer cable length shall be as required to provide a splice-free mechanization.

The transmitter/electronics package shall operate from 115Vac, 60Hz or 10 to 28Vdc power source. The unit will automatically switch to the dc source when Utility power is lost. The transmitter shall be compatible with a full line of transducers. The unit shall be simple to program via a hand-held programmer or laptop computer. Basic set-up and advanced echo analysis and diagnostics software shall be provided. A 4-20 mA output and two alarm relays shall be provided. A flashing LED shall indicate healthy status. An integral keypad and LCD display shall be provided. The accuracy shall be 0.25% of measured range and the resolution 0.1% of measured range. The unit shall be tropicalized and be housed in a NEMA 4X enclosure.

The wet well monitoring system shall be as manufactured by Pulsar, Inc., or equal (Transducer— dB10; Transmitter— Ultra-4).

W-46.18 Single-Phase (SPD-3)

The SPD shall be able to suppress lightning induced voltage surges three times greater than the industry standards. The rated line voltage for SPD shall be 120 VAC single-phase, 3-wire (line, neutral, and ground). The maximum single impulse current shall be 2.5 kA.

- 1.) The clamp voltages for the SPD shall be the following:
 - Line to neutral – 620 volts
 - Line to ground – 850 volts
 - Neutral to ground- 850 volts

The Surge Protection Device shall be Phoenix Contact PT 2-PE/S-120AC/FM model 2905228, or equal.

W-46.19 Panel Mount Terminal Blocks

Control terminal blocks shall be single pole units constructed of a polyamide plastic base with wire clamp terminals attached. The terminals shall be rated for 30 amps, 600 volts. The terminals shall accommodate #24 to #10 AWG conductors. The block shall mount on an aluminum DIN rail.

The terminal blocks shall be style UK5N, as manufactured by Phoenix Contact, or equal.

W-46.20 Control Panel Intrusion Sensors

The control panel intrusion sensors shall be of the inductive proximity type, with an 18mm diameter cylindrical, short barrel body. The supply voltage rating shall be 12-24 VDC. The interface circuitry shall be standard 3-wire, PNP, shielded, and rated for a maximum load of 200mA, 600Hz. The output shall be normally open (N.O.) with short circuit protection. The unit shall have a temperature range of -13 to 158 degrees F. The detecting distance shall be 5mm, with a LED indicator.

The proximity sensor shall be Omron, model E2F-X5F1 (Grainger # 1EA77) with Square D mounting hardware model XSZB118 (Grainger 5B233), or equal.

W-46.21 Control Transformers

The control transformer shall be an individual output type for primary and secondary voltages as shown. The secondary shall be grounded and circuit breaker protected. The control transformer shall have sufficient capacity to provide the energy demands for all connected control components including relays, solenoids, and other indicated items.

The electrical performance shall exceed the requirements of ANSI/NEMA ST-1. The transformers shall be as manufactured by Square D, General Electric, Westinghouse, or equal.

W-46.22 Back-Up Pump Controller and Float Switch

The Back-Up Pump Controller shall be designed to run one or two pumps for a fixed time interval, set by the user, when the primary wet well level controls fail. The unit shall monitor a backup level alarm in the wet well and start up to two pumps when the high alarm float switch closes. When the high-level float switch closes, the back-up unit closes a relay that starts Pump #1 and starts an internal Timer #1. When Timer #1 reaches its set time, and the level-alarm float switch is still closed, Pump #2 is started. Pump #1 and Pump #2 will run until the level-alarm float switch opens. When the level-alarm float switch opens, Timer #2 is started and both pumps continue to run until Timer #2 reaches its set time.

The Back-Up Pump Controller shall be Wilkerson model DR1920, or equal.

The float shall be SPDT mercury switch with polypropylene casing, built in weight, and 30'cord length, as manufactured by Anchor Scientific Roto-Float, Type S, or equal.

W-46.23 Level Monitor Backup

The Level Monitor Backup shall consist of output connections to the Auxiliary inputs of the PCSR ACE Power Supply.

W-46.24 Process Meter

The Process Meter shall indicate the wet well level (in feet) as received from the station's proposed level detection system.

The process meter shall include 4-20 mA input and a 4-20 mA output with the following:

- 1.) 4-Digit 1.20" (30.5 mm) display
- 2.) Max/Min display
- 3.) Type 4X, NEMA 4X, IP65 front
- 4.) Universal power supply 85-265 VAC
- 5.) 24 VDC @ 200 mA transmitter power supply
- 6.) Shallow depth case 3.6" behind panel
- 7.) Sunlight readable display

W-46.25 Area Light Switch

General: Provide toggle switch of specification grade rated 20-amperes, 120-277 volts ac conforming to Fed. Spec. WS 896 and UL Standard 20. Switch shall be provided with back and side wired binding screw type terminals, one-piece spring contact arm and terminal plate with silver alloy contacts, one-piece steel mounting strap with an assured grounding clip. Provide ivory toggle.

The Area Light Switch shall be single-pole switch, Hubbel model HBL1221, or equal.

Miscellaneous

An emergency receptacle, lightning arrester, meter socket, and line-side phase monitor shall be installed and as defined in sections W-46.26 Emergency Receptacle, W-46.27 Lightning Arrester, W-46.28 Meter Socket, W-46.29 Line-Side Phase Monitor, W-46.30 Junction Boxes, and W-46.31 SCADA Antenna.

W-46.26 Emergency Receptacle

The emergency receptacle shall be of the heavy-duty, circuit breaking type with a weatherproof aluminum housing. The current rating shall be as shown with an operating voltage of 600 VAC. The receptacle assembly shall include a wiring box and angle adapter. The receptacle shall be equipped with a 4-pole exposed contact interior (reversed contacts). The receptacle shall be provided with a spring-loaded cap to cover the contacts when the receptacle is not in use.

The emergency receptacle shall be Crouse-Hinds Arktite w/ AJA6 angle adapter, model AREAL-20416-S22, or equal.

W-46.27 Lightning Arrester

The lightning arrester shall be suitable for use in a four wire grounded service and have a rating of 650 VAC phase to ground maximum. The unit shall have a 2300 - 3800 volt impulse sparkover and an 800 - 1600 volt rms 60 Hz sparkover. Provisions for mounting shall be as shown or required and shall be supplied by the same manufacturer as the arrester. The lightning arrester

shall be as manufactured by Square D, General Electric, or equal.

W-46.28 Meter Socket

The meter socket shall be of aluminum construction with a large closing plate and quadplex ground. The meter socket shall contain a 3-phase, 4 wire and a lever bypass.

The meter socket shall be Milbank, model UAP3566-X-HSP.

W-46.29 Line-Side Phase Monitor

A Phase Monitor, PM1, shall be provided and installed on the line-side of the utility main as shown on the Drawings and specified herein. See section W-46.08 Power Phase Monitors for features.

W-46.30 Junction Boxes

A pump motor junction box and instrumentation junction box shall be provided and installed as shown on the drawings and specified herein. Junction boxes shall be NEMA 4X, stainless steel with hinged doors and a stainless-steel louver plate kit.

The junction box shall be Hammond Manufacturing, or equal.

W-46.31 SCADA Antenna

The SCADA antenna shall be UHF and 360 fully welded gold. The antenna frequency shall be 450-470 MHz, 3 elements, 7.1 dBd gain, 17 dB front-back ratio with 20-3/16" boom length and 7/8" boom diameter.

The SCADA Antenna shall be Laird Technologies, model Y4503, or equal.

* * *

SECTION 47 - ELECTRIC MOTORS

W-47.01 General:

Electric motors shall be of the high energy efficient and high-power factor type in full compliance with the "Federal Energy Policy Act of 1992." Motors shall be mounted on the equipment being driven. Motor characteristics shall be as specified under the Workmanship and Materials sections for equipment.

W-47.02 Design:

Motors shall conform to the latest ANSI Standards for rotating electrical machinery and in matters not covered therein, the latest NEMA Standards for motors and generators shall apply.

W-47.03 Ratings:

Motors shall have suitable output torque and speed characteristics to operate the driven equipment under design load conditions without exceeding their nameplate ratings. They shall have a 1.15 service factor. Definite purpose motors shall be used on specialized equipment requiring them.

Motors supplied for use with Variable Frequency Drives (VFD) and Reduced Voltage Solid State Starters (RVSS) shall be rated for inverter duty.

Ratings shall be based on NEMA Class B, 80 degrees C, temperature rise at rated conditions above an ambient of 40°C and shall have Class F moisture resistant insulation. This temperature rise shall be for continuous operation unless otherwise specified or approved.

W-47.04 Operating Types:

Motors of 1/2 HP or larger shall be of the squirrel-cage induction type, designed for 3-phase, 60-Hertz, 460-volt operation, unless shown or specified otherwise. Smaller motors shall be of the capacitor induction type designed for single-phase, 115-volt, 60-Hertz operation unless otherwise noted or approved.

All motors, except where the driven equipment presents unusual requirements, shall have torque and locked rotor characteristics as outlined in the NEMA Standards for Design B.

All gear motors and speed reducers shall be designed for correct mounting position and rated in accordance with the application practice outlined in the Standards of the American Gear Manufacturers Association, for Class II service.

W-47.05 Bearings:

All motor bearings shall be of the antifriction type except where otherwise shown or specified. All antifriction bearings shall have a minimum rating life of 100,000 hours, based on a reliability of 90 percent in accordance with ANSI B3.15. All motor bearings shall be oil or grease lubricated with convenient provisions for inspecting and servicing.

W-47.06 Mechanical Protection:

Motors shall be cast iron (including fan cover), rated severe duty, totally enclosed, and corrosion resistant, (mill and chemical duty type), unless a higher classification is required by the intended service. Vertical motors shall have solid shafts with high ring bases having ample space for coupling adjustments.

All motors shall be fan cooled except for smaller sizes (approximately 2 HP and less). All totally enclosed motors shall be tapped at a low point and fitted with an Appleton ECD 1/4-inch drain fitting.

W-47.07 Installation:

Motors shall be of the right- or left-hand assembly, as required, so that the conduit box and nameplate will be readily accessible.

W-47.08 Performance Data:

Motor make, type and rating, speed-torque curves, along with the outline dimensions and the guaranteed full load and locked rotor amperes at full voltage, shall be presented with the equipment details for review and approval.

Motors shall have the following minimum full load efficiency and uncorrected power factor ratings (efficiencies and power factor of motors at other speeds shall be as specified with driver equipment):

Motor Efficiency and Power Factor - Minimum Percent

| Horsepower | <u>At 1800 RPM</u> | | <u>At 1200 RPM</u> | |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | <u>Efficiency</u> | <u>Power Factor</u> | <u>Efficiency</u> | <u>Power Factor</u> |
| 1 | 82.5 | 74.3 | 80.0 | 69.7 |
| 1-1/2 | 84.0 | 76.5 | 85.5 | 62.0 |
| 2 | 84.0 | 70.3 | 86.5 | 70.1 |
| 3 | 87.5 | 79.9 | 87.5 | 73.7 |
| 5 | 87.5 | 83.8 | 87.5 | 75.8 |
| 7-1/2 | 89.5 | 82.4 | 89.5 | 78.2 |
| 10 | 89.5 | 85.0 | 89.5 | 76.4 |
| 15 | 91.0 | 85.0 | 90.2 | 81.1 |
| 20 | 91.0 | 84.6 | 90.2 | 81.9 |
| 25 | 92.4 | 84.5 | 91.7 | 82.0 |
| 30 | 92.4 | 84.2 | 91.7 | 82.5 |
| 40 | 93.0 | 84.2 | 93.0 | 83.3 |
| 50 | 93.0 | 85.0 | 93.0 | 84.9 |
| 60 | 93.6 | 86.8 | 93.6 | 85.7 |
| 75 | 94.1 | 86.6 | 93.6 | 86.0 |
| 100 | 94.5 | 88.3 | 94.1 | 86.4 |
| 125 | 94.5 | 89.3 | 94.1 | 85.8 |

150 95.0 88.5 95.0 87.5

The machine noise of the motors shall not exceed the following sound power levels when measured in accordance with IEEE Standard 85:

| <u>Overall Sound Power Level, Decibels, A-Weighted</u> | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| <u>Horsepower</u> | <u>At 1800 RPM</u> | <u>At 1200 RPM</u> |
| 1 - 2 | 70 | 67 |
| 3 - 5 | 74 | 71 |
| 7-1/2 - 10 | 77 | 74 |
| 15 - 20 | 81 | 78 |
| 25 - 30 | 85 | 80 |
| 40 - 50 | 89 | 84 |
| 60 - 75 | 90 | 88 |
| 100 - 150 | 90 | 93 |

W-47.09 Test Reports:

Unless the equipment specifications stipulate shop tests reports on the actual motors used the test data shall be on a representative motor of the same horsepower and speed. They shall show the motor full load and locked rotor amperes and full load efficiency and power factor rating, and be recorded on standard test forms as outlined in the NEMA Standards.

W-47.10 Painting:

Painting shall meet the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting." All steel parts shall be chemically treated to insure clean surfaces, then given a rust-resistant undercoat. Screws, nuts, bolts and similar items shall be of nonferrous metal or have an approved rust-resistant finish.

* * *

SECTION 49- REDUCED VOLTAGE SOLID STATE STARTER

W-49.01 General

This section includes the requirements for the Reduced Voltage Solid-state Starter (RVSS) equipment.

The RVSS shall be designed for use with a standard three-phase, three-wire, squirrel cage, induction motor.

The unit shall be microprocessor based and programmed to slowly increase the voltage to the motor over an adjustable acceleration time, providing a shock free, smooth acceleration, while drawing the minimum current necessary to start the motor.

The RVSS shall be equipped with an internal by-pass contactor that will close at the end of acceleration time, thus reducing heating and saving power.

W-49.02 Acceptable Manufacturers

The Reduced Voltage Solid-state starter shall be a Solcon Industries Ltd. Model Number RVS-DX-58-480-115-8-U-S with Conformal Coated control boards.

W-49.03 General Provisions

The RVSS shall be designed to meet the following specifications:

1. GENERAL
 - a. Supply Voltage (Vn): V +10%-15%
 - b. Frequency: 45 – 65 Hz
 - c. Control Supply: 115 V +10% -15%
 - d. Load: 34 HP, 3-phase, three-wire, induction motors.
 - e. Standard display along with a remote keypad
2. START-STOP PARAMETERS
 - a. Starter FLC: 58 Amps
 - b. Motor FLA: 40 Amps
 - c. Start/Stop Profile: Field Programmable
 - d. Kick Start: A pulse of 80% Vn, adjustable range 0.1-1 Sec.
 - e. Initial Voltage: 10-50% VN
 - f. Initial Current: 100-400% of Motor FLA
 - g. Current Limit: 100-400% of Motor FLA
 - h. Acceleration Time: 1-30 Sec
 - i. Deceleration Time: 1-30 Sec
3. MOTOR PROTECTION
 - a. Too Many Starts: Maximum number of starts, range: OFF or 1-10, during a time period of 1-60 min.

- b. Starts inhibit: Period of 1-60 min, during which starting is prevented, after too Many Starts Fault.
 - c. Long Start Time: Maximum allowable starting time 1-30 sec.
 - d. Over Current (Instant): Two operation functions: during starting trips the starter at 850% and during running at 100-850% In, both within one Cycle (after internal delay).
 - e. Overload Class: Overload Class shall be selectable between NEMA Class 10, NEMA Class 20, or NEMA Class 30. The cool down time after an overload shall be non-adjustable, fixed time setpoint.
 - f. Under Current: Trips when current drops below 20-90% In, time delay 1-40 sec.
 - g. Under Voltage: Trips when main voltage drops below 50-90%, time delay 1-10 Sec. w/ optional automatic reset.
 - h. Over Voltage: Trips when main voltage increase above 110-125%, time delay 1-10 sec.
 - i. Phase Loss, U/O Freq: Trips when one or two phases are missing and frequency is below 45Hz. or above 65Hz w/ optional automatic reset.
 - j. Phase Sequence: Trips when phase sequence is wrong
 - k. Shorted SCR: Prevents starting / trips if motor is not connected or incorrectly connected to the starter, or in case one or more SCRs have been shorted
 - l. Heat Sink Over temp: Trips when heat-sink temperature rises above 85°C.
 - m. External fault: Trips when an External Contact closes for 2 sec.
4. CONTROL
- a. Displays: LCD (2-lines of 16 characters) and 4 LEDs.
 - b. Keypad: 6 keys for easy setting
 - c. Fault Contact: 2 Contacts, 8A, 250VAC, 2000VA
 - d. Aux. Contact: 2 Contacts, 8A, 250VAC, 2000VA
5. TEMPERATURE/HUMIDITY
- a. Operating Temp.: -10° to 40°C
 - b. Storage Temp.: -20° to 70°C
 - c. Humidity: 95% at 50°C or 98% at 45°C.
6. STANDARDS
- a. Dielectric Test: 2500VAC
 - b. EMC Emissions: EN 55011 CISPR 11 Class A
 - c. EMC Immunity: EN 55082-2 ESD 8KV air, IEC 801-2 Electric RF field 10 V/m, 20-1000MHz, IEC 801-3 Fast transients 2KV, IEC 801-4
 - d. Safety EN 600947-1 Related to safety requirements. Designed and assembled to conform with UL508C

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SECTION 52 - MANHOLE AND STRUCTURE REHABILITATION

W-52.01 General

It is the intent of this specification to provide for the rehabilitation of the existing brick and concrete manholes, junction chambers and structures shown on the drawings, specified and directed by the Engineer. The rehabilitation shall consist of a spray applied 100% solids epoxy system, or urethane resin system, as specified herein. All aspects of the rehabilitation shall be done in strict accordance to the manufacturer's instructions.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to comply with OSHA standards and all regulations pertaining to work in confined space entry.

W-52.02 Submittals

Prior to the commencement of any rehabilitation work, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Engineer for approval:

- 1) A rehabilitation plan detailing the methods, materials and procedures proposed for the rehabilitation of all manholes and junction chambers.
- 2) Mortar and hydraulic cement mix designs detailing the compressive strengths, cement/water ratios, slump, etc.
- 3) Written certification by the protective coating manufacturer stating that the proposed repair material is compatible and acceptable as a substrate for the protective coating to be applied.
- 4) Detailed method of complete containment of debris
- 5) Description of all the equipment to be used for the rehabilitation.
- 6) Safety plan describing all safety equipment to be utilized in compliance with OSHA standards pertaining to work in confined space entry.

W-52.03 Surface Preparation

Surface preparation shall be in strict accordance with the approved coating manufacturer's instructions. All surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned with a high pressure water spray (minimum 5000 psi). The use of acid for cleaning purposes will not be allowed. All deteriorated concrete and loose or protruding brick and mortar shall be removed from the wall and benches in order to obtain a smooth and even substrate suitable for the proposed coating system. Surfaces shall be cleaned and abraded to produce a sound and uncontaminated surface with adequate profile and porosity to provide a strong bond between the proposed material and the substrate. All corroded materials shall be disposed of at an off-site location in accordance with all Federal, State, and local regulations. All infiltration shall be stopped with hydraulic cement or other approved means before installation of the coating system. Any voids in the manhole walls shall be sealed with hydraulic cement.

Repair materials shall be applied in strict accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions and shall be finished as recommended by the protective coating manufacturer. At minimum, the repair material shall be troweled or brushed to provide a smooth surface with an average profile equivalent to coarse sandpaper to optimally receive the protective coating.

The Contractor shall install bulkheads or plugs in order to prevent extraneous material from entering the sewer lines.

W – 52.05 Epoxy Coating System

The sprayed applied epoxy coating system shall be as manufactured by Raven Lining Systems, Broken Arrow, Oklahoma, or equal. The product shall be a 100% solids, solvent-free ultra high-build epoxy. The finished epoxy shall be resistant to sulfuric acid attack associated with domestic sewage. The epoxy shall be manually sprayed onto the structures or manholes to provide a uniform smooth and even surface.

The minimum finished thickness shall be as specified on the plans. The coating system shall be capable of being applied over wet surfaces without degrading the final product.

The existing manhole and junction chambers shall be prepared for the application of the epoxy system by cleaning and stoppage of infiltration as specified above. Prior to applying the epoxy liner, the entire manhole surface and benches shall be patched and grouted to the extent needed to provide a smooth and even surface to which the liner will adhere.

The cured epoxy system shall conform to the minimum physical standards, as listed below:

| CURED EPOXY | STANDARD | LONG-TERM DATA |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|
| TENSILE STRENGTH | ASTM D-638 | 7,500 psi |
| FLEXURAL MODULUS | ASTM D-790 | 600,000 psi |
| FLEXURAL STRESS | ASTM D-790 | 13,000 psi |
| COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH | ASTM D-695 | 18,000 psi |

The Contractor shall provide certified independent, third party test results verifying the minimum physical properties listed above. The tests shall be in conformance with the ASTM specifications listed.

The finished liner shall be cured in strict accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.

Composite systems containing layers of different materials or cured-in-place resin systems that are inflated in the manholes will not be considered as equal.

W- 52.06 Epoxy Paste (Fast Curing and Moisture Tolerant Coating)

The epoxy paste shall be a two-component moisture tolerant, high adhesive 100% solid strength epoxy paste. The epoxy paste shall be a Concrete Polymer Paste (CPP) as manufactured by EpoxyTec or approved equal. The coating shall be capable of curing underwater and shall be trowel applied up to 1.5-inches thick without sag.

Concrete surfaces shall be prepared for the application of the epoxy paste by cleaning and stoppage of infiltration as specified above. Prior to applying the epoxy paste, concrete surfaces shall be repaired to the extent needed to provide a smooth and even surface to which the liner will adhere.

The epoxy paste shall conform to the minimum physical standards, as listed below:

| CURED RESIN | STANDARD | LONG-TERM DATA |
|------------------|------------|----------------|
| TENSILE STRENGTH | ASTM D-638 | 8,900 psi |
| FLEXURAL STRESS | ASTM D-790 | 8,020 psi |
| FLEXURAL MODULUS | ASTM D-790 | 720,000 psi |

The tensile bond to wet concrete shall be a minimum 525 psi. The Contractor shall provide certified independent, third party test results verifying the minimum physical properties listed above. The tests shall be in conformance with the ASTM specifications listed.

The finished liner shall be cured in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

W-52.07 Urethane Resin System

The sprayed applied urethane resin system shall be SprayWall as manufactured by Sprayroq, Inc, Birmingham, Alabama or equal. The finished urethane shall be resistant to sulfuric acid attack associated with domestic sewage. The urethane shall be manually sprayed onto the structures or manholes to provide a uniform smooth surface. The minimum finished thickness shall be as specified on the plans. The coating system shall be capable of being applied over wet surfaces without degrading the final product.

The existing manhole and junction chambers shall be prepared for the application of the urethane system by cleaning and stoppage of infiltration as specified above. Prior to applying the urethane liner, the entire manhole surface and benches shall be patched and grouted to the extent needed to provide a smooth and even surface to which the liner will adhere.

The cured urethane system shall conform to the minimum physical standards, as listed below:

| CURED URETHANE | STANDARD | LONG-TERM DATA |
|------------------|------------|----------------|
| TENSILE STRENGTH | ASTM D-638 | 5,000 psi |
| FLEXURAL STRESS | ASTM D-790 | 10,000 psi |
| FLEXURAL MODULUS | ASTM D-790 | 550,000 psi |

The Contractor shall provide certified independent, third party test results verifying the minimum physical properties listed above. The tests shall be in conformance with the ASTM specifications listed.

The finished liner shall be cured in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Composite systems containing layers of different materials or cured-in-place resin systems that are inflated in the manholes will not be considered as equal.

W-52.08 Contractor Qualifications

The manufacturer and installer of the rehabilitation system shall be specialized in the design and installation of the rehabilitation system for at least 5 years. The installer shall be approved and certified in writing by the manufacturer and shall be completely trained in leak repair, surface preparation, and installation of the rehabilitation system. References shall be provided upon request to demonstrate that the installer has successfully used the rehabilitation system in Florida on a minimum of 5 projects, one of which must be at least 5 years old.

W-52.09 Thickness Verification and Inspection

The Contractor shall provide a method of verifying the actual coating thickness installed to ensure it meets or exceeds the minimum values specified. The proposed liner thickness verification method shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

The Contractor may utilize a wet film thickness gage meeting ASTM D4414 to ensure monolithic coating and uniform thickness during application. A minimum of three readings per 200 square foot area shall be recorded. Documentation on thickness readings shall be conveyed to the Inspector on a daily basis when the coating application occurs.

All phases of the manhole rehabilitations such as surface preparation, bench reconstruction, liner installation, annulus sealing, grouting, curing, testing, etc., will be inspected by the Department's Field Engineering personnel for conformance to the specifications, construction drawings, and liner manufacturer's instructions. The Contractor shall, therefore, coordinate his schedule for the installation of the structural coating system with the field office, and with due regard for site and weather conditions prevailing at the time.

The final manholes shall be completely free of defects.

The Contractor shall inspect all rehabilitated manholes utilizing closed circuit television 24 hours after coating system is complete. The intent of the inspection is to find any deficiencies to the finished liner. Contractor shall repair deficiencies within 1 week of notification. All television inspection videos to be provided to the City shall be in DVD format. One copy of the DVD shall become the property of the City.

W-52.10 Rehabilitated Manhole Re-Inspection

The Contractor shall be required to assist in re-inspection of all manholes 10 months after rehabilitation has been completed. The re-inspection shall be completed with but not limited to Maintenance of traffic, surface cleaning, video with a CCTV pole camera, hand tools, as necessary for inspection as required by the Engineer to ensure no system failures have occurred as listed in the Workmanship and Materials Section W-52.11 Warranty. All surfaces to be re-inspected shall be cleaned with a high-pressure water spray (minimum 5000 psi) prior to video with the CCTV pole

camera. The Contractor shall repair deficiencies within 1 week of notification. Re-Inspection shall be completed at no additional cost to the City.

W-52.11 Spark Testing

The coating system shall be spark tested prior to acceptance. The holiday testing shall be in strict accordance with NACE SPO188. After the coating has set hard to touch, it shall be inspected with high-voltage holiday detection equipment. An induced holiday shall be made onto the coated concrete surface and will serve to determine the minimum/maximum voltage to be used to test the coating for holidays at that particular area. The spark tester shall be initially set at 100 volts per 1 mil (25 microns) of minimum specified (not average) film thickness applied but may be increased if it is insufficient to detect the induced holiday. All detected holidays shall be marked and repaired per the manufacturer's recommendations. All costs associated with the testing shall be born by the Contractor. Testing equipment shall be in good working condition and evidence of certified calibration within the last year shall be provided before the detection test equipment shall be used.

W-52.12 Warranty

The Manhole Rehabilitation Contractor shall furnish the City of Tampa with an unconditional 5-year warranty for materials and workmanship. This warranty shall be a guarantee against failure for the warranty period. Failure shall be defined to occur if the rehabilitation system fails to:

1. Prevent the internal damage or corrosion of the structure.
2. Prevent groundwater infiltration.
3. Adhere to existing structure wall.

If any failures occur within the specified warranty period after final acceptance, the Contractor shall repair or restore the structure to its previously accepted state including all materials, labor, and at no additional cost to the City. Repair shall be completed within 30 days of written notification of the failure.

* * *

SECTION 67 - STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

W-67.01 General

Steel pipe and fittings include all wrought and fabricated steel pipe, stainless steel pipe, and fittings therefor. Steel pipe shall be used only where specifically shown or specified.

Completely detailed working drawings shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval in conformance with the requirements of the General Provisions. Such drawings shall show piping layouts and contain schedules of all pipe, fittings, valves, expansion joints, hangers and supports, and other appurtenances. When any of the steel pipeline work is of special design, such work shall be shown in large detail and be completely described and dimensioned.

W-67.02 Pipe Standards

Dimensions of steel pipe shall conform to ANSI B36.10, unless otherwise specified, shown, or required. Pipe 12 inches and smaller shall be not less than Schedule 40. Pipe 14 to 18 inches inclusive shall be not less than Schedule 30. Pipe 20 through 36 inches shall have a wall thickness of not less than 3/8 inch. Pipe larger than 36 inches shall have a wall thickness of not less than 1/2 inch.

Steel pipe 24 inches in diameter and smaller shall meet the requirements of ASTM A 53.

Steel pipe larger than 24 inches in diameter shall meet the requirements of AWWA C200, unless otherwise specified, shown, or required. Pipe conforming to AWWA C200 fabricated from plates shall meet the requirements of ASTM A 283 Grade B with not more than two longitudinal seams and with girth seams not less than 7 feet apart. Pipe conforming to AWWA C200 mill pipe shall be made with Grade B steel and spiral welded with inside and outside (double) fusion butt welds. All pipe shall be hydrostatically shop tested in accordance with AWWA C200 to the test pressure determined by the formula in Subsection 3.5 of AWWA C200. The Contractor shall provide an affidavit of compliance for all pipe and fittings furnished under AWWA C200. Stainless steel pipelines shall not be painted.

Steel pipe, including fabricated pipe, shall be furnished in the longest lengths commercially available unless otherwise shown, specified, or required. Pipe shall have the manufacturer's name, initials, or trademark rolled into the surface and the year of manufacture shall be suitably marked on the pipe.

W-67.03 Welding

Welding of pipe joints where shown, specified, permitted, or required shall meet the requirements of ANSI B31.1, Code for Pressure Piping, unless otherwise specified. Pipe and fittings with a wall thickness of 3/16 inch and greater shall have ends beveled for welding. All welding on steel pipelines shall be performed by certified welders having current certificates conforming to requirements of the ANSI Code. Such certification shall be submitted to the Engineer before proceeding with any pipe welding.

Steel pipelines, with interior lining, shall be shop welded. No field welding on such pipelines will be permitted unless authorized in writing by the Engineer. Steel pipelines shall be

shop welded and fabricated complete which includes fittings, lugs, anchors, supports, flanges, and like items, ready for field assembly before linings, as specified, are applied. Pipeline lining, where specified, shall include pipe, fittings, and specials.

W-67.04 Sleeve-Type Couplings

Except where standard solid sleeves or split sleeves are shown or specified, sleeve-type coupling for steel pipe shall be Style 38 couplings as made by Dresser Industries, Inc., or Type 411 as made by Smith-Blair, or equal. Gaskets shall be of molded rubber, Dresser Plain Grade 27, Smith-Blair 003, or equal. Middle rings shall be without a pipe stop and shall be at least 1/4 inch thick and 5 inches wide for 8-inch and smaller pipe, 3/8 inch thick and 7 inches wide for 10-inch through 30-inch pipe, and 1/2 inch thick and 10 inches wide for 36-inch and larger pipe with follower rings of appropriate thickness, unless otherwise shown or specified.

Sleeve-type couplings shall be shop coated with Dresser Red "D" Shop-Coat, Smith-Blair Standard Blue Shop Coat, or equal, nontoxic material compatible with the finished coatings specified.

The ends of pipe and fittings which are to have sleeve-type couplings shall be left free of shop coat or field coat for a distance of 12 inches, until after installation, when the pipe and couplings exposed to view shall be field painted as specified or directed.

W-67.05 Harnessing

The steel pipe joint harness shall consist of two or more steel tie rods set diametrically opposite, generally on the horizontal diameter of the pipe, extending across the joint from fabricated bent steel plate lugs welded to the pipe at either side of the joint. Steel plates used in the fabrication of bent plate lugs shall conform to ASTM A 242. Lugs and welds shall be designed to develop the full strength of the tie rods.

Harness tie rods and nuts shall be of mild steel meeting the requirements of ASTM A 307 Grade B. Nuts shall be hexagonal and have a standard chamfer on the back face.

W-67.06 Expansion and Flexible Couplings

Ample provision shall be made for flexibility in all pipelines to compensate for expansion. Expansion devices shall be adequate to allow the lines to expand and contract freely without injury to any part of the piping system. The devices may be in the form of expansion joints, expansion couplings, swivel or swing joints or pipe bends, and include such anchors as may be shown, specified, or required to make the devices effective. If expansion devices are not required, all runs of pipe subject to change in length shall be fabricated shorter than their theoretical length to the extent that there may be freedom to expand without increasing the stresses imposed when cold.

Expansion joints shall be provided with adequate tie rods to limit the axial movement at the specified test pressures, except where otherwise noted or specified.

W-67.07 Handling

During loading, transportation, and unloading, extraordinary care shall be taken to prevent injury to the pipes and coating. Loading and unloading shall be done slowly with each pipe under

perfect control at all times. Under no circumstances shall a pipe be dropped. Suitable skids or blocks shall be placed under each pipe in the shop and the pipe shall be securely wedged during transportation to ensure the least possible injury to pipe, lining, and coating.

Pipe shall be handled with equipment such as stout canvas slings and wide padded skids, designed to prevent damage to the coating. The use of bare cables, chains, hooks, metal bars, or narrow skids in contact with the coating will not be permitted. All pipe handling and hauling equipment shall meet the approval of the Engineer before use. The ends of coated pipe shall be protected with roofing paper to prevent damage to the coating during transit. Abrasions and injuries shall be promptly and efficiently repaired.

Pieces shall be examined for defects and no piece shall be installed which is known to be defective. If any defective piece should be discovered after having been installed, it shall be removed and replaced with a sound one in a satisfactory manner by the Contractor at his own expense.

W-67.08 Erection

Steel pipelines shall be furnished, fabricated, erected, and otherwise installed to the lines, elevations, locations, and dimensions shown, specified, and required for a complete installation. In all existing structures and new structures as applicable, the Contractor shall verify all dimensions shown on the Plans and shall take such field dimensions that may be necessary to properly fabricate, locate, erect, connect to existing work, and otherwise install all steel pipelines, pipe supports, pipe anchors, and structural frames required for steel pipelines. Where temporary supports are used, they shall be sufficiently rigid to prevent shifting or distortion of the pipe. Expansion devices shall be properly adjusted so that pipelines will be tight during expansion and contraction.

For sleeve type couplings, diametrically opposite bolts shall be equally tightened on the connection so that the gaskets will be brought up evenly all around the pipe. Final tightening shall be done with torque wrenches set for the torque recommended by the coupling manufacturer.

W-67.09 Hangers and Supports

All steel pipelines shall be permanently erected and supporting devices shall be furnished and installed as specified on the construction plans.

W-67.10 Linings and Coatings - General

In general, all linings and coatings, except coatings applied as field painting, shall be shop applied.

Linings and coatings, where such are specified, shall be applied to all pipe and fittings.

All bolts, nuts, couplings, and the like shall be well coated after the joint has been made.

Painting shall conform to the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

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SECTION 68 - MISCELLANEOUS PIPE AND FITTINGS

W-68.01 General

Miscellaneous pipe and fittings include all aluminum, copper, brass, plastic, cast iron soil pipe and fittings. Such pipelines shall be provided where shown or specified.

Completely detailed working drawings shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer in conformance with the requirements of the General Provisions. Such drawings shall show the piping layouts and contain schedules of all pipe, fittings, valves, expansion joints, flexible couplings, hangers and supports, and other appurtenances. When any of the work is of special design, such work shall be shown in large detail and shall be completely described and dimensioned.

Miscellaneous pipelines which are shown in diagram on the Plans shall be arranged clear of other pipelines and equipment and be fitted and installed in a neat and workmanlike manner in accordance with approved shop drawings. An adequate number of unions shall be provided in main pipe and branch pipe runs to facilitate dismantling or removal of pipeline sections without disturbing adjacent branch or connecting lines.

Where connections between pipelines or equipment of corrosion-causing dissimilar metals are required, the junction of the two dissimilar metals shall be made through a dielectric insulating coupling, union, or other approved dielectric insulating device. Dielectric insulating fittings shall be those manufactured by Walter Vallett Company, Detroit, MI; EPCO, Inc., Cleveland, OH; or equal.

Couplings will be permitted only to join standard lengths of pipe and as required to complete a straight run of pipe. Joining by couplings, of random lengths of pipe and cuttings from standard lengths to form a required run, will not be permitted.

Reduced fittings shall be used for all changes in pipe size. Bushings will not be permitted.

W-68.02 Aluminum Pipe and Fittings

Aluminum pipe shall be ANSI B36.10, Schedule 40, Alloy AA No. 6061-T6 conforming to ASTM B 241. Fittings shall be aluminum forged welding fittings or cast threaded fittings conforming to ASTM B 26 or B 108. Joints shall be flanged or made with aluminum mechanical couplings for use with grooved, flared, or plain end pipe. When grooved couplings are used, the grooves shall be rolled into the pipe in conformance with the coupling manufacturer's specifications. Cut grooves will not be permitted. Fittings and couplings shall be carefully assembled with an approved lubricating compound to prevent seizing of the connection and overstressing of the pipe. For pipelines subject to internal pressure, the lubricating compound shall provide lubrication and sealing.

Supports for aluminum pipelines shall be aluminum, hot-dipped galvanized steel or other approved type painted with a minimum of two coats of high quality aluminum paint before erection.

Where aluminum pipelines are specified to be hot bituminous coated and wrapped, the work shall conform with the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Steel Pipe

and Fittings," except that the reinforcing wrap used in conjunction with the coating shall be of borosilicate-type glass fiber.

Plastic tape wrapping may be used for aluminum pipelines in lieu of hot bituminous coating and wrapping. Plastic tape shall be 14 mils minimum thickness Polyken 900 or 980 as manufactured by the Kendal Company; Trantext E-20 as manufactured by Johns-Manville; or equal. The tape shall be applied over the manufacturer's primer and in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Plastic tape wrapping on pipelines shall be tested using high voltage type detection equipment to signal a holiday across a gap twice as great as the tape thickness.

Where aluminum pipelines are encased in concrete, all pipe and fittings in contact with concrete shall be given 4 coats of asphalt varnish meeting the requirements of Fed. Spec. TT-V-51.

Aluminum pipelines to be painted shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

Connections to equipment shall be made with screwed connections or flexible pipe as shown on the Plans. Flexible piping shall be of the same nominal size as that of the connected pipe with a strength adequate for the pipeline pressures specified. Pipe ends shall be securely anchored where connected to flexible piping. Flexible piping shall be helically corrugated metal hose with screwed connections and shall be Series 300, bronze braided, as made by Flexonics, Inc., Bartlett, IL. or equal.

W-68.03 Brass Pipe and Fittings

Brass pipe shall be red brass pipe meeting the requirements of ASTM B 43. Pipe sizes, wall thickness, and dimensions shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 251 Table I for regular pipe. Brass pipe fittings shall be screwed and malleable iron pattern meeting the requirements of ANSI B 16.15. They shall be finished rough, unless otherwise specified. Unions shall be of all brass or bronze with ground joints and shall be left semi-finished. Fittings shall be rated for steam working pressures up to 125 psi. Joints shall be screwed type with threads clean cut, tapered and smooth meeting the requirements of ANSI B2.1.

W-68.04 Plastic Pipe and Fittings

Plastic pipe and fittings shall be Schedule 80 PVC pipe meeting the requirements of ASTM D 1785 Type 1, Grade 1, normal impact.

Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) shall meet the requirements of ASTM F 441. Plastic fittings shall be solvent welding socket type meeting the requirements of ASTM D 2467 for PVC and F 439 for CPVC unless shown or specified otherwise. Solvent cement for PVC and CPVC plastic pipe and fittings shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 2564. Adequate provision shall be made for pipe expansion.

W-68.05 Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings

Cast-iron soil pipe and fittings shall be extra heavy and shall meet the requirements of Commercial Standard CS 188 published by the United States Department of Commerce. Pipe and fittings which will not be exposed in the finished work shall have a bituminous lining and coating

meeting the requirements of ANSI A21.6. Pipe and fittings exposed in the finished work shall be painted on the outside as specified for cast-iron pipelines in the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

Joints shall be lead and oakum or rubber gasket compression type. Leaded joints shall be thoroughly caulked with packed oakum and molten lead. Twelve ounces of soft pig or bar lead shall be used in each joint for each 1-inch diameter pipe. The lead shall be poured in at one time. The face of lead joints shall be finished with the face of the hub and left without putty, paint, or cement. Rubber gasket joints shall have gaskets extending for the full depth of the bell and overlapping the face of the bell. All joints shall be leakproof and gastight. Joints made before setting pipe shall be remade after being placed in position.

W-68.06 Copper Pipe and Fittings

Copper pipe 3 inches in diameter and smaller shall be Type K hard drawn copper tubing and shall meet the requirements of ASTM B 88. Fittings for copper tubing shall be case-brass solder fittings. Joints shall be threaded or soldered.

Copper pipe larger than 3 inches in diameter shall be regular seamless copper pipe meeting the requirements of ASTM B 42. Fittings for copper pipe shall be solder type of the same material as the pipe. Joints shall be threaded or brazed.

W-68.07 Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe and Fittings

Fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) pipe and fittings shall be constructed by filament winding and custom contact molded techniques. The polyester resin used shall be corrosion resistant in the presence of sewage and sewage gases, shall be non-pigmented, and shall be ICI Americas ATLAC 400, Ashland Chemical ARAPOL 7240, or equal. FRP pipe shall be constructed in general in conformance with Voluntary Product Standard PS 15-69.

FRP pipe shall be free from all defects including indentations, delaminations, bubbles, pinholes, scratches, cracks, foreign inclusions, and resin-starved areas. The pipe shall be round and straight and the bore of the pipe shall be smooth and uniform.

The FRP pipe shall be a filament wound laminate with an inner corrosion barrier, a structural layer, and an out corrosion barrier. The inner layer shall be composed of "C" glass surface veil, 10 mils thick, and two layers of 1-1/2 ounce mat. This layer shall be hand rolled and allowed to harden.

The structural layer shall consist of alternate layers of filament wound roving, Type "E" glass, with a layer of 1-1/2 ounce mat embedded in the rovings at the mid-point of construction.

The outer layer shall consist of 1-1/2 ounce mat hand rolled. U.V. inhibitor shall be incorporated in the final coat of resin. The outer surface shall be relatively smooth with no exposed glass fibers.

Flanges shall be custom contact molded on pipe stubs with a liner of "C" glass and additional layers of 1-1/2 ounce mat. Flanges shall be designed for an internal pressure of 25 psi. The flange outside diameter, bolt circles, number of bolt holes, and bolt-hole diameters shall be in accordance with ANSI Class 150. All bolts shall be Type 304 stainless steel.

Cut edges shall be coated with the specified resin.

Mold release agents shall be removed prior to shipment.

FRP pipe and fittings shall be shipped horizontal on padded cradles. All tie-down straps shall have provisions for thermal expansion and shall be padded where in contact with the pipe or fittings. Flange faces shall be protected in shipment by covering with plywood or hardboard securely fastened.

W-68.08 Expansion and Flexible Couplings

Provisions for pipeline expansion shall be in accordance with the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Steel Pipe and Fittings."

W-68.09 Sleeves and Wall Castings

At all points where pipes must pass through walls or floors of structures where wall castings are not provided, the Contractor shall install suitable sleeves unless shown or specified otherwise. Sleeves inside buildings and between floors shall be of steel with a minimum thickness of Schedule 40 and the space between the pipe and the sleeve shall be caulked with lead and oakum. Sleeves through walls of structures shall be cast-iron solid sleeves meeting the requirements of AWWA C100 with caulked bell and spigot or mechanical joint ends, except as otherwise specified.

Sleeves through walls where piping materials, as scheduled and detailed on the Plans, are not suited for use with cast-iron solid sleeves as previously specified, shall be of steel with a minimum thickness of Schedule 40. Seals shall be modular mechanical type consisting of interlocking synthetic rubber links shaped to continuously fill the annular space between the pipe and the sleeve. The modular mechanical seals shall be Link Seal as manufactured by Thunderline Corp., Wayne, MI, or equal.

Piping and vents through roofs shall be provided with caulked sleeves and a 6-pound sheet lead flashing consisting of a 24- by 24-inch flat base with a tubular vertical sleeve surrounding the pipe. The tubular sleeve shall turn in at the top of the pipe or be attached to the pipe with a flashing ring, depending on the termination arrangement of the pipe or vent.

W-68.10 Cleanouts

Cleanouts shall be provided where shown or specified, and shall meet the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings," unless otherwise specified.

W-68.11 Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines

Miscellaneous pipe shall be transported, delivered, and installed in accordance with the

requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Laying and Jointing Buried Pipeline."

W-68.12 Erecting and Jointing Interior Piping

All miscellaneous pipelines shall be permanently erected and supporting devices shall be furnished and installed as specified in the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Erecting and Jointing Interior Piping."

W-68.13 Insulation

Miscellaneous pipelines shall be insulated where shown or specified and shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Insulation."

W-68.14 Drip Pans

The Contractor shall furnish and install 16-ounce copper polished reinforced drip pans under all metallic pipelines installed over electrical equipment. The drip pans shall be properly drained, tapped, and connected with 1/2-inch red brass pipe into the drainage system.

W-68.15 Soil and Waste Piping

All piping for soil or waste, and vent 3 inches in diameter and smaller shall be of copper as specified hereinbefore unless otherwise shown or required. All piping for soil, waste, vent or drain lines 4 inches in diameter and larger, shall be ductile-iron soil pipe as specified hereinbefore unless otherwise shown or required. Screwed cleanouts shall be provided at the ends of all drainage lines, at changes of direction, and at other points to make the entire drainage system accessible for rodding. Cleanouts shall be the same size as piping but not larger than 4-inch diameter and shall be closed gastight with cast-brass cleanout plugs. Cleanouts not accessible below the floor shall be extended to the floor level and provided with deck plate plugs.

Horizontal soil or waste drainage piping 2-1/2 inches in diameter and smaller shall be installed with a minimum uniform pitch of 1/4 inch per running foot. Horizontal soil or waste drainage piping 3 inches in diameter and larger shall be installed with a minimum uniform pitch of 1/8 inch per running foot. Offsets in piping shall be made at angles of 45 degrees or less. Horizontal vent piping shall be graded to prevent an accumulation of water.

Each vent pipe passing through a roof shall be provided with a 6-pound sheet lead flashing consisting of a 24- by 24-inch flat base with a tubular vertical sleeve surrounding the pipe. The tubular sleeve shall turn in at the top of the pipe or be attached to the pipe with a flashing ring, depending on the termination arrangement of the pipe or vent.

W-68.16 Hot and Cold City Water Piping

Water piping shall be installed to permit easy drainage of all parts of the system. Low points of water piping shall be provided with a 1/2-inch globe valve, nipple, and 3/4-inch hose coupling.

Swing joints or expansion loops shall be installed where necessary to allow for pipe expansion. Branches from hot water mains shall be provided with at least four fittings, including the tee in the main. Threaded fittings shall be used at swing joints.

All piping shall be sectionally controlled by shutoff valves to permit shutting off groups of fixtures without interrupting service to other parts of the system. All connections to equipment, fixtures, and apparatus shall be provided with shutoff valves. All valves shall be installed with stems on the horizontal or above the horizontal. Valves shall not be installed with stems below the horizontal plane.

Air chambers at least 12 inches long and the same pipe size as the water branch shall be provided at each plumbing fixture. All nipples shall be made of extra heavy pipe. Close nipples will not be permitted.

W-68.17 Drains

Piping for floor drains shall be ductile-iron soil pipe as specified hereinbefore. Floor drainage piping shall be pitched as shown or required to give complete drainage. Screwed cleanouts shall be provided at the ends of all drainage lines, at changes in direction, and at other points necessary to make the entire drainage system accessible for rodding. Cleanouts shall be the same size as piping but not larger than 4 inches, unless otherwise shown or specified. Equipment drains shall be 2 inches minimum or larger if required for approved equipment. Equipment drains are only generally located on the Plans. Final locations of equipment drains shall be as required to serve approved equipment.

In the following schedule of drainage appurtenances, catalog numbers refer to items manufactured by Josam or Neenah Foundry. Equal items by Wade, Zurn, or East Jordan Iron Works will be acceptable:

Roof Drains: Josam 4110, 4-inch minimum
Floor Drains: Josam 3510, 4-inch unless otherwise shown
Cleanouts: Josam 8310
Equipment Drains: Josam 3510 with Model FF Funnel
Gallery Drains: Neenah Model R-4941

W-68.18 Painting, Linings, Coatings

Painting shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

Linings and coatings, unless specified otherwise, shall be applied to all parts of the pipelines, including fittings, flanges, wall pipes, or castings.

Where buried piping connects to aboveground pipe, the coating or other protection for the buried pipe shall extend 6 inches above finish or other grade given by the Engineer.

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SECTION 73—RESTRAINING DEVICES

W-73.01 General

Restraint devices for mechanical joint fittings and appurtenances conforming to either ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 or ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53, shall conform to the following:

Restraint devices for nominal pipe sizes 3 inch through 36 inch shall consist of multiple gripping wedges incorporated into a follower gland meeting the applicable requirements of ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10.

The devices shall have a working pressure rating equal to that of the pipe on which it is used but a minimum 100 psi. Ratings are for water pressure and must include a minimum safety factor of 2:1 in all sizes.

W-73.02 Material

Gland body, wedges and wedge actuating components shall be cast from grade 65-45-12 ductile iron material in accordance with ASTM A536.

Ductile iron gripping wedges shall be heat treated within a range of 370 to 470 BHN.

Three (3) test bars shall be incrementally poured per production shift as per Underwriter's Laboratory (U.L.) specifications and ASTM A536. Testing for tensile, yield and elongation shall be done in accordance with ASTM E8.

Chemical and nodularity tests shall be performed as recommended by the Ductile Iron Society, on a per ladle basis.

W-73.03 Gaskets

Mechanical joint gasket shall be of a design that causes the gasket to deflect approximately 30% during assembly of the mechanical joint. The gasket material shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11, section 11-6.4, of the latest revision.

W-73.04 Traceability

An identification number consisting of year, day, plant and shift (YYDDD) (plant designation) (Shift number), shall be cast into each gland body.

All physical and chemical test results shall be recorded such that they can be accessed via the identification number on the casting. These Material Traceability Records (MTR's) are to be made available, in hard copy, to the purchaser that requests such documentation and submits his gland body identification number.

Production pieces that are too small to accommodate individual numbering, such as fasteners and wedges, shall be controlled in segregate inventory until such time as all quality control tests are passed. These component parts may then be released to a general inventory for final assembly and packaging.

W-73.05 Installation

Mechanical joint restraint shall require conventional tools and installation procedures per AWWA C600, while retaining full mechanical joint deflection during assembly.

Proper actuation of the gripping wedges shall be ensured with torque limiting twist off nuts.

W-73.06 Approvals

Mechanical Joint Restraints shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories in the 4 inch through 12-inch sizes.

Mechanical Joint Restraints shall be Factory Mutual Approved in the 4 inch through 12-inch sizes.

Mechanical Joint Restraints, 4 inch through 24 inch, shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F1674 of the latest revision.

Mechanical joint restraint shall be Series 2000PV for PVC pipe and Series 1000 for DIP pipe produced by EBAA Iron Inc. or approved equal.

W-73.07 Coating System

Coating for restraint devices shall consist of the following:

All wedge assemblies and related parts shall be processed through a phosphate wash, rinse and drying operation prior to coating application. The coating shall consist of a minimum of two coats of liquid Xylan® fluoropolymer coating with heat cure to follow each coat.

All casting bodies shall be surface pretreated with a phosphate wash, rinse and sealer before drying. The coating shall be electrostatically applied, and heat cured. The coating shall be a polyester based powder to provide corrosion, impact and UV resistance.

The coating system shall be MEGA-BOND by EBAA Iron, Inc. or approved equal. Requests for approved equal must submit coating material and process details for review.

SECTION 76 - CONDUIT, WIRE, AND GROUNDING

W-76.01 General

Conduit, wire, and grounding includes furnishing and installing all conduits, underground ducts, bus ducts, wires, cables, and grounding systems as shown, specified, and required for a complete installation. The work includes the furnishing and installation of wires and cables in flexible and rigid conduits, underground ducts, all as required, shown, and specified.

Descriptive literature and technical information relative to conduits, wires, and grounding shall be submitted by the Contractor in conformance with the requirements of the General Provisions.

The Contractor shall, with reference to approved drawings of equipment being installed, prepare detailed plans showing the layout and size of all conduits, ducts, bus ducts, cables and wires, connections between the point of service connection and all utilizing equipment. These plans shall be in sufficient detail to serve as working drawings for the installing electricians. The drawings shall be to scale not less than the Plans and be prepared as the work develops with approval by the Engineer before major steps of work are undertaken.

During construction, careful notes shall be kept of all deviations or changes in the layout or connection diagrams. Upon completion of the work, all working drawings shall be corrected and then marked "Record Drawings". Four sets of final prints, along with an equal number of bound instruction manuals and parts lists shall be given to the Engineer at the end of the job.

Excavation, backfill, form work, concrete, and reinforcing shall be in accordance with the applicable Workmanship and Materials sections.

W-76.02 Underground Ducts

In general, underground ducts for feeders and control wiring shall be plastic conduit. The plastic conduit shall be PVC, Schedule 80, and U.L. Inc. listed for direct burial, as manufactured by Carlon, Triangle, Allied Tube, or equal. The conduit shall be buried a minimum of 18 inches below grade. Manufactured fitted plastic duct spacers shall be used for installation spacing.

Ducts installed under streets, roads, alleys, driveways, and parking lots; and conduits leading from the wet well to junction boxes; shall be rigid aluminum conduit covered with no less than 40 mils of PVC, as manufactured by Plasti-Bond, Perma-Cote, KorKap, or equal. The PVC material shall conform to the applicable ASTM standards and UL 6A. The conduit shall be buried a minimum of 24 inches below grade unless otherwise noted or allowed by the NEC.

Each duct shall be carefully cleaned before and after installation. All inside surfaces shall be free from imperfections likely to injure the cable. After installation of complete duct runs in sizes 2 inches and larger, ducts shall be snaked with an approved tube cleaner equipped with an

approved cylindrical mandrel of a diameter not less than 85 percent of the nominal diameter of the duct. Ducts through which the mandrel will not pass shall not be incorporated in the work. After snaking, the ends of dead-ended ducts shall be protected with standard conduit caps to prevent the entrance of water or other foreign matter.

Where ducts enter buildings or at stub-ups to equipment, transitions to aluminum conduits shall be made as noted and detailed. Where it is not otherwise shown, all ducts entering buildings and structures shall have transitions to aluminum conduit at least 5 feet from the outermost edge of the pile cap or footing supporting the outermost vertical wall of the building or structure.

Transitions from above-grade rigid aluminum conduit to nonmetallic conduit shall be accomplished with a threaded adapter. Rigid aluminum conduit installed above grade and extending below grade shall include the first 90° elbow. All rigid aluminum conduits extending below grade shall be coated with two coats of an asphaltum-type paint along its entire length below grade and extending 6" above grade or above the top of the finished slab. The asphaltum-type paint shall conform to Fed. Spec. TT-V-51 and equivalent to Koppers Bitumastic Super Service Black.

W-76.03 Liquidtight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit (Size 2 Inch or Less)

All flexible conduits size 2 inch or less in non-classified areas shall be nonmetallic, liquidtight, and have a circular cross section. The conduit shall be resistant to oil, water, heat, sunlight, corrosion, most acids, ozone, alkali, strains, abrasions, and crushing. The conduit shall be rated for continuous use at 140°F and be U.L. Inc. listed. Compatible liquidtight nonmetallic fittings shall be used for conduit installation. The flexible conduit and fittings shall be as manufactured by Carlon, Kellems, K-Flex, or equal.

W-76.03(a) Liquidtight Flexible Metallic Conduit (Greater Than 2 Inch)

All flexible conduits greater than 2 inch in non-classified areas shall be metallic, liquidtight, and have a circular cross section. The conduit shall be of a light-weight aluminum core, coupled with a PVC jacket. The conduit shall be resistant to sunlight, acid, and oil. The conduit shall be rated for a working temperature between -20°C to 80°C and U.L. Inc. listed. Compatible liquidtight metallic fittings shall be used for conduit installation. The flexible conduit and fittings shall be as manufactured by Thomas & Betts or equal.

W-76.04 Metallic Conduit and Boxes

All conduit shall comply with the requirements of the U.L. Inc. Standards. Conduit shall be delivered to the job site in standard bundles having each length suitably marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark and bearing the label of the U.L. Inc. inspection service. The minimum size conduit service shall be 3/4 inch.

All exposed conduit within buildings and exposed on outdoor structures shall be rigid heavy wall, 6063 alloy, T-1 temper, aluminum conduit. Aluminum conduit shall conform to Fed. Spec. WW-C-540 and ANSI C80.5.

All conduit encased in building structures, exposed in the screen room/wet well area, or otherwise noted, shall be rigid aluminum covered with not less than 40 mils of PVC outside, and 2 mils of urethane inside, as manufactured by Plasti-Bond, Perma-Cote, KorKap, or equal. The physical properties of the PVC and urethane materials shall conform to the applicable ASTM standards and UL 6A.

Cast copper-free aluminum shall be used for outlet boxes and fittings in aluminum conduit systems. Outlet and junction boxes shall be of proper dimensions for each application. Cast metal boxes shall have watertight gaskets and covers secured with stainless steel screws. Outlet boxes shall be Crouse-Hinds type FS, FD, or equal.

PVC coated boxes and fittings shall be used in PVC coated conduit systems.

Conduit fittings, such as elbows, tees, couplings, caps, bushings, nipples, and locknuts shall be constructed of the same material as the conduit and be threaded to provide watertight connections. Conduit bodies shall be copper-free cast aluminum with gasketed aluminum covers secured with stainless steel screws and be type Form 7 or Mark 9 as manufactured by Crouse-Hinds, or equal.

Where it is necessary to use electrical unions, Universal, Erikson, or equal conduit couplings shall be used.

W-76.05 Conduit Installation

All conduits shall be installed as required. The conduit system shall be installed complete with all accessories, fittings, and boxes, in an approved and workmanlike manner to provide proper raceways for electrical conductors.

The Contractor shall note that conduit runs shown are for the purpose of outlining the general method of routing the conduits to avoid interferences.

All other conduit shall be run exposed, except where shown otherwise.

Sizes not shown shall be one size larger than indicated in Tables 1 and 4, Chapter 9, of the NEC. Exposed conduit shall be run parallel to or at right angles from walls or beams and plumb on columns and on walls. Conduit shall not be run through beams except where approved by the Engineer or specifically detailed. Where possible, conduit shall be pitched slightly to drain to the outlet boxes or otherwise installed to avoid trapping of condensate. Where necessary to ensure drainage, Appleton Type ECD, Crouse-Hinds, or equal, 1/4-inch drain fitting shall be installed in the trapped conduit at low points.

Factory made bends or elbows shall be used wherever possible. Field bends shall be carefully made to prevent conduit damage or reduction in the internal area. The bending radius shall be not less than six times the nominal diameters of the conduit with carefully matched bends on parallel runs to present a neat appearance. The number of crossovers shall be kept to a minimum.

All conduit shall be reamed to remove burrs before installation. Aluminum conduit shall be cut with a saw to prevent reduction in internal area. To seal out air and moisture, lower electrical resistances, and prevent seizing and galling; aluminum conduit threads shall be given a coat of Aluma-Shield surface compound, as manufactured by Thomas & Betts, prior to assembly. All connections and joints in all conduit runs shall be watertight and ensure a low resistance ground path in the conduit system. All conduit runs shall be swabbed to remove foreign matter before wires are pulled in. Conduit terminations in boxes, panels, switchboards, motor control centers, and other sheet metal enclosures shall be bonded together for grounding and be fitted with insulating bushings, O.Z./Gedney Type A, Thomas and Betts, or equal. Where grounding bushings are required by code or shown, O.Z./Gedney Type SBLG, Thomas and Betts, or equal shall be furnished.

Conduit shall be neatly grouped where several lines follow a parallel course, and shall be well supported, using stainless steel clips or hangers of the ring or trapeze type. Clips, hangers, and support rods shall be held by self-drilling anchors, power-driven fasteners, or stainless steel channel insets in the concrete ceilings or walls. Perforated strap hangers will not be accepted.

Conduit runs that enter the building from outdoors, or that pass through refrigerated or air conditioned areas, are subject to moisture accumulation due to condensation. A pull box shall be provided in the conduit run near the point of temperature change to prevent trapping of moisture within the conduit system. A 1/4-inch weep hole shall be drilled in the bottom of the pull box. After the wires and cables are installed, the end of the conduit continuing into the warmer area shall be packed with a nonsetting sealing compound.

All PVC coated aluminum conduit shall be installed using specialized tools and equipment as recommended by manufacturer. The Contractor shall ensure those installing PVC coated aluminum conduit are certified by the manufacturer prior to beginning installation. Installation of PVC coated aluminum conduit shall not begin until a copy of an unexpired Certified Installer Card for each installer is submitted and approved by Engineer.

W-76.06 Conduit Connections to Equipment

The conduit system shall terminate at the terminal box or at the conduit connection point of electric motors, devices, and equipment. Terminations of conduits at such locations shall permit direct wire connections to the motors, devices, or equipment.

Conduit connections shall be made with rigid conduit if the equipment is fixed and not subject to adjustment, mechanical movement, or vibration. Myers water-tight /dust-tight hubs shall be used for outdoor, below grade, or wash down areas. Rigid conduit connections shall have union fittings to permit removal of equipment without cutting or breaking the conduit.

Conduit connections shall be made with approved flexible nonmetallic conduit if the equipment is subject to adjustment, mechanical movement, or vibration. Flexible conduit connections shall be watertight.

W-76.07 Expansion Fittings

Expansion fittings shall be installed at all expansion joints and where required by codes. Conduit expansion fittings shall be Crouse-Hinds Type XD, O.Z./Gedney Type DX, or equal.

W-76.08 Terminal, Junction, and Pull Boxes

Junction and pull boxes shall be installed as shown and as required.

Surface-mounted junction and pull boxes, unless specified otherwise herein, shall be of cast aluminum complete with mounting lugs, threaded entry bosses and flange or rabbeted gasketed covers.

Surface-mounted junction and pull boxes which would exceed 50 pounds weight if cast or which are shown as fabricated sheet metal boxes shall be made of 1/8-inch sheet aluminum, or equivalent stainless steel, with sides return channel flanged around the cover opening or with approved welded angle or channel supporting frames. Sheet aluminum boxes shall be provided with mounting lugs or channels and with conduit termination hubs. All seams in sheet aluminum boxes shall be continuously welded and ground smooth. All surface boxes larger than 6 inches square shall be mounted a minimum of 3/4 inch clear of the mounting surface by means of offset lugs or support channels.

Fabricated junction and pull boxes which are partially or fully encased in concrete shall be made of 10-gauge sheet stainless steel and fabricated in a similar manner to the sheet aluminum pull boxes specified herein, complete with mounting lugs or channels and conduit termination hubs. Cast aluminum boxes shall be provided in smaller sizes where required for full or partial encasement in concrete.

All junction and pull boxes shall be provided with covers or doors as shown or required. Covers and doors shall be fabricated of materials equal in weight, gauge, structure, and metallic composition as the basic box. All covers shall be gasketed and held in place with stainless steel captive knurled head screw slot bolts. All pull and junction boxes shall be provided with hinged doors. Doors shall have continuous hinges, and 3-point catches with external handles and hasps for padlocks. All doors shall be gasketed.

All boxes shall be provided with partitions as shown and as required.

Fabricated boxes shall be rated NEMA 12 for indoor, above grade areas; rated NEMA 4X for outdoor areas; and manufactured by Hoffman, Hope, or equal.

W-76.09 Hazardous Areas

All conduit and equipment installed in or routed through hazardous areas, as well as other electrical appurtenances installed therein, shall be installed to conform in every respect to Chapter 5 of the NEC for Class I, Division 1, Group D hazardous locations. All material installed in

hazardous areas shall be listed as complying with the requirements of the U.L. Inc. for use in Class I, Group D atmospheres. Terminal Boxes and Enclosures mounted in Hazardous Areas shall be NEMA 7, cast aluminum.

Sealing shall be provided for all conduits within and leaving hazardous areas as required.

W-76.10 Grounding System

A complete grounding system shall be in accordance with applicable ANSI, IEEE, and NEC Standards and local codes.

All noncurrent-carrying metal parts of the electrical wiring system shall be grounded. The grounding system shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Motor control center controllers, ground bus, and enclosures.
2. All motor frames.
3. All conduit systems.
4. All mechanical equipment and structures.
5. Distribution and lighting panelboards.
6. Control, relay, and instrumentation panels.
7. Lighting fixtures and receptacles.
8. Fans, blowers, pumps, and similar equipment.
9. Hoist beams, cranes, and similar items.

A grounding connection from the transformer to the City water pipe shall be provided. The wire and conduit shall be attached to the City water pipe with a U.L. Inc. listed cast bronze U-bolt connector with silicon bronze bolts and nuts.

Motor frames shall be grounded by means of stranded, 600-volt insulated copper cables installed within the motor feeder conduit system. The cable shall be lug bolted to the motor terminal box and the ground bus of the motor control center serving the motor.

An equipment grounding conductor shall be installed in all electrical raceways, and shall be sized in accordance with Article 250.95 of the National Electrical Code (NEC).

Exposed or buried ground conductors shall be bare copper wires or bars of the proper sizes.

All exposed ground cables or bars shall be firmly and neatly supported in place at proper intervals. Where subjected to mechanical abuse, protective enclosures shall be provided.

Grounding conductors run in conduits with circuit conductors shall be stranded cable with 600-volt green XHHW, TW, THW, or RHW Code insulation.

Stainless steel ground rods shall be 5/8-inch diameter with the length as required, and made up of a 10-foot section with 5-foot sections added as required. Rods shall be driven to permanently

moist soil.

Connections to ground rods, transformer case ground bus bars, case grounds, bare ground grid conductors, and the like, shall be made by an exothermic welding process or by clamps specifically designed for this application.

Ground conductor connections to ground bus bars in motor control centers, and the like, shall be cable lug bolted terminations equal to line conductor terminations specified hereinafter.

Welds embedded in the ground or concrete shall be cleaned and painted with an asphaltum base paint.

Tests shall be conducted by the Contractor and witnessed by the Engineer to determine the ground impedance for the entire system. The test shall be accomplished by using a ground loop impedance tester. The result shall not exceed 2 ohms at any point of test. If necessary, additional ground rods shall be installed at locations approved by the Engineer.

Care shall be exercised to ensure good electrical connections between the conduits and metallic enclosures of switchgear, control centers, and the like. Grounding jumpers shall be installed where necessary to accomplish this purpose.

W-76.11 Wires and Cables - General

Wires and cables required for all systems shall be complete, connecting all equipment and control components. Conductors shall be of ample size, with suitable insulation as specified hereinafter.

W-76.12 600-Volt Wire and Cable - Conductors

All ground conductors and power, control, and lighting conductors shall be soft-drawn or annealed stranded copper wire meeting the requirements of ASTM B 3 or B 33. For lighting fixture and convenience outlet wiring only, conductors No. 10 AWG and smaller may be solid conductor. Conductors shall be sized to limit the maximum conductor temperature to less than 75°C, except where specifically stated otherwise. Table 310.16 of the NEC shall be the guide in determining 600-volt conductor sizes. The minimum size of conductor for power and lighting wiring shall be No. 12 AWG.

W-76.13 600-Volt Power and Control Cable - Insulation

Low voltage circuits shall be wired with 600-volt insulated conductors, sized as shown, or as required by the actual load to be served, whichever is larger.

Single Conductor: Insulation for single 600-volt copper conductors shall be cross-linked polyethylene compound, U.L. Inc. listed, NEC Type XHHW-2, with surface print cable identification; as manufactured by Okonite, American, Southwire or equal.

Multiconductor Cables: Individual conductors shall be insulated with 15 mils of polyethylene or PVC and 4-mil nylon jacket. The bundle of conductors shall be wrapped with tape binder and an outer jacket of not less than 45 mils of PVC. Use ICEA Method 1 for color coding wires.

W-76.14 Instrumentation / Data Cables - Insulation

4-20 mA Analog: Shielded two-conductor No. 16 AWG cables for instrumentation shall be properly stranded 600-volt insulated copper wire twisted cables as shown. Conductor insulation shall be polyethylene. Shields shall be overlapped metalized tape providing 100% coverage with tinned copper drain wire. Cable outer jacketing shall be of polyvinyl chloride. Cables shall be Belden #8719, or equal.

Three Conductor: Stranded No. 16 wire, 600 volt polyethylene insulation, twisted conductors, tinned copper drain wire, overlapped metalized tape overall shield providing 100 percent shield coverage and outer jacket of PVC. Belden Cat. No. 8618.

Category 5: Provide cable having third party verification to TIA/EIA 568-A Category 5 requirements and constructed of four pair of stranded No. 24 AWG solid copper wire, polyethylene or polypropylene insulation, stranded No. 24 AWG tinned copper drain wire, overlapped metalized tape overall shield providing 100 percent shield coverage and outer jacket of gray PVC. Belden Cat. No. 1624R.

Twinaxial (Data Highway): Provide stranded No. 20 AWG tinned copper wire (9.5 ohms/mile), 78 ohm nominal impedance, 300 volt polyethylene insulation, tinned copper drain wire, overlapped metalized tape overall shield providing 100 percent shield coverage and 55 percent tinned copper braid shield (4.1 ohms/mile) and outer jacket of blue PVC. Belden Cat. No. 9463.

1-1/2 Pair (RS-485): Provide three stranded No. 22 AWG tinned copper wires with 300 volt FHDPE insulation, a tinned copper drain wire, overlapped metalized tape overall shield providing 100 percent shield coverage, 90 percent tinned copper braid shield and a PVC outer jacket. Insulated wires shall be configured as one twisted pair and one reference conductor— 120 Ohms characteristic impedance. Belden Cat. No. 3106A.

W-76.15 600-Volt Wire and Cable - Installation

The 600-volt wires and cables pulled into ducts and conduit shall be installed without the use of lubricants, except where such use is necessary and approved by the cable manufacturers and the Engineer. Wires and cables shall be carefully handled to avoid twists and kinks in the conductors or damage to the insulation. All trapped conduit and duct lines shall be swabbed to remove any accumulated moisture or debris before wires or cables are pulled in.

Cable reels shall be stored on concrete or other hard surface, or shall be lagged with 2 x 4 wood laggings providing 100% coverage.

No splicing will be permitted, except in junction boxes.

Lug bolting at devices, bus bars or motors shall be made up with a flat washer, a Belleville washer, and a locknut. The length of the bolt shall not extend more than a couple of threads past the end of the locknut. Lugs shall have holes that match the size of the bolt. The minimum size for feeder lugs shall match the bolt size of lugs on motor wiring. If motor lugs don't match, lugs shall be changed to match size of bolt, using a proper crimping tool.

Lines of nylon or polypropylene, propelled by carbon dioxide or compressed air, shall be used to snake or pull wire and cable into conduits. Flat steel tapes or steel cables shall not be used.

W-76.16 600-Volt Wire and Cable - Splices and Terminations

Splices between copper conductors, size no. 10 AWG and smaller, shall be made up with compression type butt connections. Splices between copper conductors, size no. 8 AWG and larger, shall be made up with U.L. Inc. listed compression type tube connectors.

Lug bolting at devices, bus bars or motors shall be made up with a flat washer, a Belleville washer, and a locknut. The length of the bolt shall not extend more than a couple of threads past the end of the locknut. Lugs shall have holes that match the size of the bolt. The minimum size for feeder lugs shall match the bolt size of lugs on motor wiring. If motor lugs don't match, lugs shall be changed to match size of bolt, using a proper crimping tool.

Splices and pigtail connections for lighting and receptacle wiring inside the buildings, no. 10 AWG and smaller, shall be made with a pre-insulated, spring connectors, or equal.

Stranded copper wire size no. 8 AWG and smaller for terminal block connections, shall be made with a ferrule to wire termination. The ferrule shall be insulated and extend from the stripped insulation, then compressed with a properly sized crimping tool. The ferrule shall be manufactured by Phoenix Contact, or equal.

Splices and lug terminations in 600-volt insulated cables shall be carefully taped and covered, using materials recommended by the cable manufacturer, to provide watertight insulation equal to that of the conductors.

Lug terminations at motor connections shall be insulated using three layers of tape. The first layer shall have a wrap of varnished cambric tape (Scotch 2520 or equal). As an alternative to varnished cambric tape, self-fusing silicon rubber tape (Scotch 70 or equal) or vinyl electrical tape (Scotch 33, 88 or equal) may be used. If vinyl electrical tape is used, the wrap shall be installed upside down. The second layer shall have a wrap of rubber splicing tape (Scotch 23, 130C, or equal). The third layer shall have a wrap of vinyl electrical tape (Scotch 33, 88, or equal).

Splices shall not be made within manholes unless specifically approved by the Engineer.

W-76.17 600-Volt Wire and Cable - Tests

The 600-volt insulated cables shall be factory tested prior to shipment in accordance with IPCEA standards for the insulation specified.

The following 600-volt wires and cable shall be tested after installation but before final connections are made up:

1. All feeders from motor control centers to motors 30 horsepower and larger.
2. All feeders from variable speed drive units.
3. All feeders from motor control centers to lighting panels and dry-type transformers.

For the above listed cables, a test voltage of 1,500 volts AC shall be applied for a period of 1 minute between all conductors in the same conduit, and between each conductor and ground.

All tests shall be made at the Contractor's expense, and certification of the tests shall be submitted to the Engineer. If any failures occur during the tests, the Contractor shall replace the cable.

W-76.18 Identification of Circuits

All wires and cables shall be banded with an identifying number and color code at each end termination and at each splice point in junction boxes. The identifying number of each wire shall be determined at the point of circuit origin, and shall continue unchanged to the point of circuit termination. In each conduit system, the wire identifying numbers shall include the conduit designation with a numeral suffix. The numeral suffix shall start with No. 1 and continue as required.

Where conduits enter motor control centers, switchgear terminal cabinets, and the like, the identification tag shall be fastened to the wire bundle near the conduit termination. The tag shall be held by an adjustable, self-locking nylon "Ty-Rap" as manufactured by Thomas and Betts Co., or equal. The identifying tag shall be of aluminum, brass, rigid fiber, and shall be engraved, stamped, or painted with the scheduled conduit number.

The wire identifying numbers and color code shall be applied as PVC slip-on sleeves, properly fitted to the wire diameter. The sleeves shall be as manufactured by Brady Co., Thomas and Betts Co., or equal.

Color Coding:

| 240/120 VOLTS | PHASE | 480Y/277 VOLTS |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Black | A | Brown |
| Orange (High-Leg) | B | Orange |
| Blue | C | Yellow |
| White | Neutral | Gray or White |
| Green | Ground | Green |

W-76.19 Wire and Cable Connections to Equipment

Electrical connections shall be made to all equipment in strict accordance with the manufacturer's approved wiring diagrams, the Plans, or as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of his work, and shall repair any damage and replace any damaged equipment resulting from erroneous connections.

W-76.20 Painting

Conduit and boxes shall be painted in accordance with the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

Where aluminum surfaces such as boxes, conduit, or structural supports come in contact with incompatible metals, lime, mortar, concrete, or other masonry materials, the contact areas shall be given one field coat of Koppers Metal Passivator No. 40 and one coat of Koppers Bitumastic Super Service Black or two coats of asphalt varnish conforming to Fed. Spec. TT-V-51.

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SECTION 83 - ERECTING AND JOINTING INTERIOR PIPING

W-83.01 General

Erecting and jointing interior piping includes furnishing of supports and hangers and installation of all interior and exposed exterior piping. Piping materials, coating, and linings shall be located and installed where shown on the Plans or as specified. The work shall include providing working drawings required by the General Provisions, showing the type, quantity, design, calculations, arrangement, and location of all hangers and supports.

W-83.02 Materials

Structural and miscellaneous steel, metal castings, ductile-iron pipe, and steel pipe used for hangers and supports shall meet the requirements of the applicable Workmanship and Materials sections.

W-83.03 Design

Hangers and supports not detailed on the Plans shall be adequate to maintain the pipelines, apparatus, and equipment in proper position and alignment under all operating conditions with due allowance for expansion and contraction, and having springs where necessary. Hangers and supports shall be of standard design where possible, and be best suited for the service required, as approved. They shall be screw adjustable after installation. Perforated straps will not be accepted.

All supporting devices shall be designed in accordance with the best practice and shall not be unnecessarily heavy. The injury hazard shall be considered and minimized in all protruding supporting devices.

Hangers and supports shall be supported by threaded rods properly fastened in place by suitable screws, clamps, insets, bolts, or by welding.

Brackets for the support of piping from walls and columns shall be made of welded steel and designed for three maximum loads classified as follows:

| | |
|--------|--------------|
| Light | 750 pounds |
| Medium | 1,500 pounds |
| Heavy | 3,000 pounds |

When medium or heavy brackets are bolted to walls, backplates of adequate size and thickness shall be furnished and installed to distribute the load against the wall. When the use of backplates is not practicable, the brackets shall be fastened to the wall in a manner that the safe bearing strength of the wall will not be exceeded.

Pipe rolls or chairs shall be of cast iron. Pipe rolls shall be provided with threaded nuts or with sockets to take threaded rods.

Saddle stands shall be of the adjustable type. Each stand shall consist of a length of steel pipe fitted at the base with a standard threaded ductile-iron flange and at the top with an adjustable saddle or roll. The base flanges shall be bolted to the floor, foundation, or concrete base.

Stanchions shall be of similar construction to the saddle stand, except that they shall be fitted at the top with an adjustable saddle or roll, ductile-iron pipe saddle supports, or with pipe stanchion saddles with yokes and nuts. The base flanges shall be bolted to the floor, foundation, or concrete base.

Where adjustable supporting devices are not required, pipelines 3 inches in diameter and smaller may be supported on ductile-iron, malleable iron, or steel hooks, hook plates, rings, or ring plates.

W-83.04 Anchors

Anchors shall be furnished and installed when specified, shown, or required for holding the pipelines, tanks, apparatus, and equipment in position or alignment. Anchors shall be designed for rigid fastening to the structures, either directly or through brackets. The design of all anchors shall be subject to approval.

Anchors for piping shall be of the ductile-iron chair type with steel straps, except where anchors form an integral part of pipe fittings or where an anchor of special design is required.

Anchors detailed on the Plans shall be provided as shown and specified.

W-83.05 Inserts

Inserts for concrete shall be galvanized and installed in the concrete structures where required for fastening supporting devices. They shall be designed to permit the rods to be adjusted horizontally in one plane and to lock the rod nut or head automatically. Inserts shall be recessed near the upper flange to receive reinforcing rods and be designed so that they may be held in position during concreting operations. Inserts shall be designed to carry safely the maximum load that can be imposed by the rod which they engage.

W-83.06 Galvanizing and Painting

When galvanizing is specified, it shall be done in accordance with the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Galvanizing."

Hangers, supports, anchors, and similar devices shall be painted in accordance with the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting."

W-83.07 Transportation and Delivery

Every precaution shall be taken to prevent damage to the pipe during transportation and delivery to the site. Extreme care shall be taken in loading and unloading the pipe and fittings. Such work shall be done slowly with skids or suitable power equipment, and the pipe shall be under perfect control at all times. Under no condition shall the pipe be dropped, bumped, dragged,

pushed, or moved in any way which will cause damage to the pipe or coating. When handling the pipe with a crane, a suitable pipe hook or sling around the pipe shall be used. Under no condition shall the sling be allowed to pass through the pipe unless adequate measures are taken to prevent damage to the pipe ends.

If any pipe or special is damaged in the process of transportation, handling, or laying, such pipe or pipes shall be replaced or repaired by the Contractor at his own expense.

The Contractor shall furnish and install suitable blocking and stakes to prevent the pipe from rolling.

W-83.08 Flanged Joints

Flanged joints shall be made with bolts or bolt studs with a nut on each end. Bolts, stud bolts, and nuts shall meet the requirements of ASTM A 307 Grade B, and ANSI B16.1.

W-83.09 Screwed Joints

Threads for screwed joints shall be thoroughly cleaned after reaming. All threads shall be coated with a suitable pipe dope, mastic metallic compound as manufactured by James K. Harbinson & Co., graphite and engine oil, or equal, before jointing. Joints shall be screwed on until a tight metal-to-metal joint is produced without evidence of heat in the threaded portion. Once a joint has been screwed up, it shall not be backed off unless the threads are recleaned and new compound applied before rejoining.

For pipe fitted with screwed flanges, the flanges shall be fitted to the pipe in the shop unless otherwise permitted. The pipe flanges shall be accurately threaded to the American Briggs gauge, after which the flanges shall be screwed on by heavy machinery until the end of the pipe projects beyond the face of the flange and a tight metal-to-metal joint is produced without evidence of heat in the threaded portion. The projecting end of the pipe shall then be cut off flush with the face of the flange. A light refacing cut shall be taken across the end of the pipe and the face of the flange at right angles to the centerline of the pipe and the pipe shall then be reamed.

W-83.10 Mechanical joints

In making up mechanical joints, the spigot shall be centered in the bell. The surfaces with which the rubber gasket come in contact shall be thoroughly brushed with a wire brush just prior to assembly of the joint. Lubricant shall be brushed over the gasket just prior to installation. The gasket and gland shall be placed in position, bolts inserted, and nuts tightened fingertight. The nuts shall be tightened by means of a torque wrench in a manner that the gland shall be brought up toward the pipe evenly. The following range of bolt torques shall be applied:

| <u>Size Inches</u> | <u>Range of Torque (ft. lbs.)</u> |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5/8 | 45-60 |
| 3/4 | 75-90 |
| 1 | 85-100 |

If effective sealing is not obtained at the maximum torque listed above, the joint shall be disassembled and reassembled after thorough cleaning.

All bolts shall be primed by dipping with a bituminous coating, except the threads, which shall be coated immediately prior to installation of the nuts.

W-83.11 Sleeve Type Couplings

For sleeve type couplings, diametrically opposite bolts shall be equally tightened on the connection so that the gaskets will be brought up evenly all around the pipe. Final tightening shall be done with torque wrenches set for the torque recommended by the coupling manufacturer.

W-83.12 Welding

Field welding of pipe joints where shown, specified, permitted, or required shall meet the requirements of ANSI B31.1 - Power Piping, Chapter VI (Section 136.4.2 Visual Examination)(Section 137.4 Hydrostatic Tests) or (Section 137.5 Pneumatic Tests). Pipe and fittings with wall thickness of 3/17-inch and larger shall have ends beveled for welding. Parts to be welded shall be securely held in place and in proper alignment during welding. The abutting pipe ends shall be separated before welding to permit complete fusion to the inside wall of the pipe without overlapping. Welding shall be continuous around the joint and completed without interruption. Welds shall be of the single vee butt type, of sound weld metal thoroughly fused into the ends of the pipe and into the bottom of the vee. Welds shall be free from cold shuts, pinholes, oxide inclusions, or other defects. All welding of steel pipe done off site shall conform to the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Steel Pipe and Fittings."

W-83.13 Testing

All pipelines shall be watertight and shall be tested for leakage by the Contractor under the direction of the Engineer. Air and gas lines shall be tested with compressed air and all other pipelines shall be tested with water under the pressures specified herein.

All tests shall be conducted in a manner to minimize as much as possible any interference with the Contractor's work or progress.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when the work is ready for testing, and tests shall be made as soon thereafter as possible. Personnel for reading meters, gauges, or other measuring devices, will be furnished by the Engineer, but all other labor, equipment, air, water, and materials, including meters, gauges, smoke producers, blower, fuel, bulkheads, and accessory equipment, shall be furnished by the Contractor.

Pressure tests of pipelines shall be made by maintaining water in the pipe at a minimum of 125 psi for a period of 30 minutes. The pipelines shall show no leakage.

* * *

SECTION 84 - VALVE AND GATE OPERATORS

W-84.01 General

All valves and sluice and slide gates shall be manually operated unless otherwise shown or specified. Operators include manual operators with levers, tee wrenches, handwheels, chain wheels and chains, cranks and floor stands; electric motor operators with manually operated handwheels; pneumatic cylinder operators and sluice and slide gate electric motor operators designed for continuous duty service to provide modulating or throttling control.

Valve and sluice and slide gate operators shall be provided complete with all appurtenances necessary for the equipment to perform its intended function. Such appurtenances include, but are not limited to, anchor bolts and other mounting hardware, limit switches, pressure switches, gauges, control switches and control valves, electrical supply connections, air supply piping, control valves and regulating controls, solenoid valves, extension stems, local and remote indicators, torque switches, operating nuts, purge water service with all associated piping valves and controls, push-button controls, indicating lights, floor boxes, direct burial valve boxes, and other such items.

All electrical equipment and appurtenances associated with valve and gate operators installed in hazardous areas shall meet the requirements for Class I, Division I, Group D hazardous areas and shall be approved by the U.L., Inc. for use in such areas.

All valves and sluice gates shall be manually operated, unless otherwise shown, specified, or directed.

All direct burial valves shall be provided with adjustable type cast-iron valve boxes and extension stems to grade. All direct burial valves and valves in manholes shall have operating nuts and extended operating shafts to grade or as shown. Two tee wrenches shall be provided for each size and type of operating nut.

Manual operators for valves 3 inches and larger shall be handwheels, unless otherwise shown or specified.

Plug valves 8 inches and smaller shall be wrench operated with operating nuts. One wrench of suitable length shall be furnished for each three of such size operating nuts. Plug valves with operating nuts that are extended shaft type and operated from floor boxes shall be provided with two tee wrenches for each size and type of operating nut. Plug valves 10 inches and larger shall be gear operated with handwheels.

Any plug or butterfly valve located 7 feet or more above the operating floor shall have chains and chain wheel or chain lever operators to permit operation from the operating floor. The Contractor shall provide suitable hooks fastened to walls or other parts of the structure on which the chains may be hung when not in use.

Butterfly valve operations shall meet the requirements of AWWA C504, except as otherwise shown or specified. Manual butterfly valve operators shall be of the worm gear or traveling nut type and all gearing shall be totally enclosed. Butterfly valves 8 inches and smaller on

process air lines may be lever operated.

Worm gear type operators shall include a worm gear and matching drive worm. Bearings shall be provided for each rotating member.

Traveling nut type operators shall include a threaded steel screw and a bronze nut. A slotted lever or link lever system shall be provided to transfer the applied torque to the disc shaft. All rotating shafts, screws, and links shall have separate bearings. Thrust bearings shall be provided.

W-84.02 Manual Valve Operators

Manual valve operators shall be of the lever type, handwheel, chain lever, chain wheel with worm gear or wrench type and shall be designed so that a pull of not more than 40 pounds on the manual operator will produce an output torque equivalent to the maximum valve shaft torque required to operate the valve under maximum line pressures and velocities. Lever and wrench handles and gear operators shall be of the locking type to prevent the valve disc from creeping or fluttering when in any intermediate position between open and closed. Gear operators shall be permanently lubricated, totally enclosed, with adjustable stops for the open and closed positions to prevent overtravel in either direction and shall have a valve disc position indicator.

Manual valve operators shall be provided for direct burial butterfly valves.

W-84.03 Floor Stands

Floor stands for 12-inch and smaller valves and sluice gates and 24-inch and smaller slide gates shall be wheel operated without gears. Floor stands for 12-inch to 20-inch valves and gates shall be single crank, single speed operated. Floor stands for 24-inch and larger valves and gates shall be single crank, two speed operated.

Materials used in floor stands shall meet the requirements of the specifications for materials used in valves and sluice gates. Frames shall be of cast iron of heavy and substantial design with smooth exterior and neat appearance. Adequate provision shall be made for lubrication and all operating parts shall be protected.

Each floor stand shall be equipped with a nameplate stating the gate or valve controlled by the stand shall also be stamped with an arrow and the word "Open" to indicate the direction of rotation.

Floor stands for rising stem valves or gates shall be fitted with ball or roller bearings designed to take the thrust and equipped with a hood to protect the stem and an indicator to show the position of the valve or gate, as specified under the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Sluice Gates." Floor stands for nonrising stem valves or gates shall be provided with an indicator to show the position of the valve or gate.

Operating nuts shall be of bronze meeting the requirements of ASTM B62, finished all over, suitably splined to connect with the handwheel or gear and with threads which will engage smoothly with those of the lifting shaft.

Crank-operated floor stands shall be operated by a crank that will open the valve or gate when the crank is turned counterclockwise. The center of the crank shall be approximately 38 inches above the floor. Gears shall be bevel or worm, of hardened steel or manganese bronze, with machine cut teeth and shall be enclosed in a cast-iron body. The crank shall have a brass, sleeve-type handgrip rotating freely on the handle. The gear ratio shall be such that the stand will operate the valve or sluice gate with a maximum force of 40 pounds on the crank at the single or low speed.

Handwheel-operated stands shall have handwheels that open the valve or sluice gate when the wheel is turned counterclockwise. The center of the handwheel shall be approximately 36 inches above the floor. The handwheel shall be of sufficient diameter so that the stand will operate the valve or sluice gate with a maximum pull on the handwheel of 40 pounds.

Floor stands shall be solidly and accurately set to center over the gate or valve and shall be bolted to the floor with through-bolts wherever possible.

Approximately 3/4 inch of Embeco cement grout or equal shall be placed beneath the floor stand to assure uniform support.

W-84.04 Bench Stands

Bench stands shall meet the requirements for floor stands, except that instead of a conventional pedestal for floor mounting, a special housing adapted to bench stand use shall be provided. Manually operated floor stands located more than 7 feet above the floor shall be provided with chains and chain wheels, meeting similar requirements specified herein and in the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Valves."

W-84.05 Electric Motor Operators

Valve and sluice gate motor operators shall be the close-coupled electric motor-driven screw type. Valve motor operators shall operate the valves from full closed to full open in 120 seconds when the valve is subjected to rated pressure and flow. Sluice gate motor operators shall be capable of operating the gates at a rate of 12 inches per minute in either direction when the gate is subjected to maximum head. Motor operators shall be totally enclosed NEMA 4 or NEMA 7 where explosion-proof construction is shown or specified. Operator enclosures shall be provided with 120-volt compartment heaters. The motor operator shall comprise a motor, power gearing, a handwheel operator, an integral controller, limit and torque switches and push buttons for open-stop-close operation. Valve operators shall have an external indicator to show the position of the valve. Gate operators shall include floor stands and yokes for self-contained gates. Additional limit switches, indicating lights, position transmitters and remote position indicators, remote operating controls and other accessories and controls shall be provided as shown, specified, or required.

Each operator shall be arranged for 480-volt, 3-phase, 60-hertz electrical supply. All controls shall be 120-volt, single-phase, 60-hertz and shall be provided with an integral 480/120-volt control transformer with fused secondary.

Motors shall be of the high starting torque, ball bearing, squirrel-cage type designed for intermittent operation on 480-volt, 3-phase, 60-hertz electrical current, except as otherwise shown, specified, or required. The stator windings shall have Class B or better insulation. Joints at the end

rings shall be silver soldered, unless the bars of the squirrel-cage winding are cast integrally with the end rings. The operator shall have geared limit switches to stop the movement in each direction and adjustable torque switches to stop the opening or closing movements in case of an obstruction. At the end of two complete operating cycles with no intervening time delay, the motor winding or controller elements shall not exceed a temperature rise of 75 degrees C above an ambient or 40 degrees C when measured by thermometer, or 85 degrees C when measured by resistance.

The motor shall be capable of operating the gate or valve against the maximum differential line pressure when voltage at the terminals is within 15 percent of nominal voltage.

Drive units shall be arranged to permit the motor to attain full speed before the load is energized. Overload relays shall be provided in each phase of the motor. Full calculations for each size of motor operator indicating forces, full load and locked rotor current and horsepower shall be furnished to the Engineer for approval.

A handwheel or crank shall be provided for manual operation. The operator must be responsive to manual operation at all times, except when being electrically operated. The handwheel shall not rotate during electric operation. The motor shall not rotate during handwheel operation nor shall a fused motor prevent manual operation. When in manual operating position, the operator shall automatically return to electric operation when the motor is energized and remain in the motor position until manual operation is desired. The movement from motor to manual operation shall be accomplished by a positive declutching mechanism which will disengage the motor mechanically but not electrically. Failure of motor gearing shall not render hand operation impossible. Handwheels shall be removable and adaptor keys provided to permit operation by a portable operator. Electrical operation of the motor shall be as shown or specified.

The controller shall be a NEMA rated reversing controller, complete with mechanical interlocks and overload relays, and be an integral part of the operator. Contacts shall be provided for indicating lights as shown, specified, or required. One light on shall indicate that the gate is fully open; the other light on shall indicate that it is fully closed; and both lights on shall indicate that it is in an intermediate position. The internal wiring in the valve operator shall be arranged so that the opening and closing coils cannot be energized simultaneously at any time, regardless of external wiring connections.

Power gearing shall consist of generated gears of heat-treated steel and worm gearing. The worm shall be of hardened alloy steel with the threads ground and polished after heat treating. The worm gear shall be of chilled nickel bronze. Antifriction bearings shall be used throughout and the operator shall be grease or oil bath lubricated. Lubricants shall be suitable for ambient temperatures from 40 to 150 degrees F.

Limit switches and torque switches shall be the adjustable type with auxiliary contacts, operative in either direction of travel. Limit switches shall be "in step" with torque switches at all times whether in motor or manual operation. The operator shall have geared limit switches to stop movement in each direction and torque switches shall be provided for protection against mechanical overload and to stop movement in either direction if an obstruction is encountered. The number, function, and arrangement of limit switches shall be as shown, specified, or required.

When used for gates or valves specified for continuous duty service (but not modulating or

throttling continuous duty service), motor operators and all required accessories shall be designed for such service. Such motor operators shall conform to all applicable requirements specified herein and, in addition, the operator shall be designed to move gates at a speed of 6 inches per minute in either direction. An easily replaceable stem nut shall be provided which can be installed in the top of the unit without removing the operator from the stand. The stem nut shall be of nylon suitable for continuous duty service without stem lubrication.

Motor operators shall be as manufactured by E-I-M Company; Limitorque Corp.; Rotork, Inc.; or equal.

W-84.06 Electric Gate Motor Operators - Modulating Service

Sluice gate electric motor operators shall be designed for continuous duty modulating service where shown, specified, or required. The operator shall be arranged to move the gate at a speed of 6 inches per minute in either direction.

Motors shall be specifically designed and rated for continuous duty operation and arranged for 240-volt, single-phase, 60-hertz electrical power supply. Power gearing shall be of sufficient capacity to provide adequate service life for continuous duty modulating service.

Operators shall have an easily replaceable stem nut which can be installed in the top of the unit without removing the operator from its floor stand. The stem nut shall be of nylon suitable for modulating service without stem lubrication.

The control module shall be an electronic solid state type with proportional power variation to control the speed of the d-c motor. The control module shall be integrally mounted within the operator switch compartment and shall consist of an error detection circuit powered by a closely regulated d-c power supply and a thyristor section to power the motor. The control module shall be capable of accepting a 4-20 ma d-c signal. The error detection section of the module shall compare the in-out signal to the feedback signal and if a difference greater than one percent is detected, it shall cause the motor to move the gate to the appropriate position at a speed proportional to the amount of error. For very small signals, an integrating circuit shall automatically increase the trigger time to the thyristors to decrease the error. There shall be no bumping or hunting in the operation. A span adjustment shall be provided which shall be 100 percent of command signal span. There shall be no interaction between any adjustments on the control module such as span, dead band, gain, and zero.

A 2-position selector switch marked AUTO and MANUAL plus two push buttons marked OPEN and CLOSE shall be integrally mounted on the operator. A key locking arrangement shall be provided and arranged so that the operator cannot be shifted out of the AUTO position without insertion of a key device. The OPEN and CLOSE push buttons on the operator shall be inoperable when the unit is in the AUTO position. When in the AUTO position, the operator shall respond to a signal as shown, specified, and required. When in MANUAL position, the operator shall be operable by either push buttons or handwheel.

The operator shall be designed such that an increase in signal will open the gate and upon loss of signal the gate will remain in position.

Other accessories and controls such as remote operating push buttons, indicators, position transmitters, and like items shall be provided as shown, specified, or required.

Motor operators for continuous duty modulating service shall be the "Modutronic" model as manufactured by Limitorque Corporation, or equal.

W-84.07 Valve Limit Switches

Valves shall be provided with suitable mechanical cam gear type limit switches for remote operation, indication and other control as shown, specified, and required. Each limit switch shall be compatible with its associated operation and suitable for the service intended. Limit switches shall be furnished with valves by the valve manufacturer.

Mechanical limit switches shall be 2-pole, 3-pole, or 4-pole gang-mounted in required multiples and with necessary mechanical linkage. Switch contact ratings shall be 120-volt a-c, 20 amperes at 75 to 100 percent power factor, and 124-volt d-c, 5 amperes minimum. Mechanical limit switches shall be Series SL2, 3, or 4HC for normal use, as manufactured by National Acme, Cleveland, Ohio, or equal. Explosion-proof type shall be Series SL2, 3, or 4XC, or equal. All enclosures shall be watertight and oiltight for normal service and of cast aluminum for explosion-proof type. Operating levers shall be National Acme Series D-1260, or equal. Switches shall be complete with all racks, gears, cam, linkages, mountings, and accessories as required.

W-84.08 Pneumatic Cylinder-Operated Pump Check Plug Valves

Each pneumatic cylinder-operated pump check plug valve shall include a 4-way, solenoid-operated pilot valve, a limit switch, a manual override system on the solenoid, a manual selector switch, a double-acting pneumatic cylinder, speed control valves, piping, pressure switch, and rapid closing system with 2-way solenoid valve. Accessories and connection to the plant air system shall be as shown, specified, and required.

The operation of the automatic pump check valves shall be as follows:

1. Pump motor starts. The control pressure switch, located between the pump and check valve, closes due to pumping pressure and energizes the 4-way solenoid pilot valve.
2. Air enters the cylinder actuator and the valve begins to open at a preset speed.
3. The valve continues to open as the pump output increases.
4. Valve and pump reach 100 percent capacity simultaneously.

Close Cycle

1. When a pump stop signal is initiated for any particular control sequence shown, the 4-way solenoid pilot valve is de-energized causing the check valve to begin the closing cycle at a preset speed.
2. Pump motor continues to run.

3. As the valve moves towards the closed position, the limit switch contacts open at a preset point, de-energizing the motor starter coil. The motor starter contacts open at a preset point, de-energizing the motor starter coil. The motor starter contacts open and the pump motor stops.
4. The valve continues to close as the pump slows down, the valve closing completely just as forward flow from the pump stops.
5. The system is ready for another open cycle.

Manual Functions

1. A manual override button shall be furnished on the 4-way solenoid pilot valve to allow manual, local operation of the check valve.
2. For manual operation, a manual-automatic selector valve shall be provided. In the manual position, the actuator piping is isolated from the supply pressure and the pressure between the opposing cylinder supply lines is relieved permitting manual operation of the valve by a wrench on the manual nut.

Rapid Closing Operation

1. A 2-way quick close solenoid pilot valve shall be provided on the cylinder operator which shall be continuously energized. Upon power failure to the pump motor, this valve shall be de-energized, causing the check valve to close immediately.

Each pneumatic cylinder shall have a fiberglass barrel with plastic coated cast-iron piston, and shall be guided throughout the length of its travel by teflon wearing rings, and shall have Buna-N seal rings. The piston rod shall be of nickel plated steel with O-ring rod packing. The cylinders shall be designed and built for valve operation at the pressure of the pipeline in which the valve is located when operated by a compressed air supply of 80 psig. The cylinders shall be fitted with a speed control valve consisting of a combination needle and check valve on each pipe connection to provide timing control in each direction of movement.

A control pressure switch shall be located on each pump discharge line between the pump and the pneumatic cylinder-operated pump check plug valve. The pressure switches shall be watertight, NEMA 4 and factory filled and sealed with an operating range from 5 to 100 psig and provided with a diaphragm seal with cleanout ring and purge water connection. Each pressure switch and MSAG diaphragm seal shall be stainless steel as manufactured by Merco Corporation, Chicago, IL, or equal.

Control pressure switches shall be field adjustable and shall be set so that the valve begins to open when the upstream pressure is approximately equal to the downstream pressure.

Pneumatic cylinder operators for plug check valves shall be those manufactured by De Zurik Corporation, Sartell, Minnesota, or equal.

W-84.09 Pneumatic Cylinder Valve Operators

Each pneumatic cylinder-operated valve arranged for manual open-close operation shall have an operator consisting of a 4-way solenoid-operated pilot valve with manual override, limit switches, speed control needle and check valves, piping, double-acting pneumatic cylinder, and required operating controls and accessories, all as required for a complete operation.

Pneumatic cylinders shall conform to those specified for pneumatic cylinder-operated pump check plug valves.

Operation of the valves shall be as shown, specified, and required.

W-84.10 Valve Boxes

Direct burial butterfly valves shall be provided with cast-iron soil pipe valve boxes and covers as shown. Other direct burial valves shall be provided with adjustable type cast-iron valve boxes with covers.

Valve boxes shall be of proper dimensions to fit over valve bonnets and extend to such elevation, at or slightly above finished ground surface, as shown or directed. Valve boxes shall be set vertical and concentric with valve stems. Any valve box which has moved from its original position so as to prevent application of the valve wrench shall be satisfactorily reset by the Contractor at his own expense.

W-84.11 Manufacturer's Supervision

The services of qualified representatives of manufacturers of gates and pneumatic cylinder-operated pump plug check valve systems shall be provided. The representatives shall inspect the installation of the equipment, make any necessary adjustments, place the equipment in initial trouble-free operation, and instruct operating personnel in its operation and maintenance.

W-84.12 Spare Parts

A spare nylon stem nut shall be furnished for each continuous duty service gate.

W-84.13 Painting

Exterior iron and steel surfaces of all gate and valve operators and appurtenances shall meet the requirements of the Workmanship and Materials section headed "Painting." Chain wheels and levers shall be coated by galvanizing or electroplating with zinc or cadmium. Chain shall be coated by electroplating with zinc or cadmium. Zinc electroplating shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. QQ-Z-325 Type II Class 2, and cadmium electroplating shall meet the requirements of Fed. Spec. QQ-P-416 Type II Class 2.

* * *

SECTION 113 - DISPOSAL OF DEBRIS

W-113.01 General

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, and equipment required to transport and dispose of debris removed from all pipelines and structures. Debris shall be defined as all material existing in the pipeline for which removal is required to provide a clean pipeline.

W-113.02 Scope of Work

The Contractor will be permitted to transport and temporarily store debris at the Howard F. Curren AWT Plant at 2700 Maritime Boulevard between the hours of 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., as directed by the Engineer. Within 30 days after the completion of the work, the Contractor will be responsible for hauling the stored debris from the Treatment Plant to an approved disposal site. Final payment will not be issued until the debris is entirely removed from the temporary storage area. The Contractor shall also be responsible for providing all equipment required for dumping and collecting debris at the temporary storage area. No Treatment Plant personnel or equipment will be provided for this purpose. In addition, the Contractor will have the following responsibilities:

- a. Be solely responsible to handle, transport, test, permit, and dispose of debris in accordance with all applicable regulatory requirements.
- b. For transportation between project site and disposal site.
- c. To apply for, pay fees, and obtain all required environmental or transportation permits prior to handling debris. Permitting agencies include, but are not limited to, EPA, DER, DOT, Hillsborough County, City of Tampa, and Expressway Authority.
- d. To perform all necessary tests as required by permit and all applicable regulatory requirements.
- e. To select a disposal site and acquire approval from the disposal site owner for disposal of debris. The Contractor is responsible to pay all applicable disposal fees.

* * *

SECTION 550 - FENCING, TYPE B, VINYL COATED

W-550.01 General

The work specified in this section consists of furnishing and erecting metal fencing, Type B at the locations shown in the plans, as specified, and directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor may elect to use a combination of zinc-coated steel fence members, aluminum coated fence members, and aluminum alloy fence members. All fabric shall be coated with black, Type IV vinyl. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, only one line post optional material and only one pull assembly optional material will be permitted between corner and end post assemblies.

W-550.02 Installation

The fence installation shall be in accordance with these specifications and with the details shown in the plans. The fence will be constructed in close proximity to the right-of-way line except as may be detailed otherwise in the plans. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining satisfactory permits or permission from property owners for any encroachments required to perform the work, and for proper scheduling of the fence installation with the removal of existing fences where it is necessary to provide continuous security to adjacent areas already fenced. In order to meet these requirements, where necessary or maintaining security of livestock on any property during construction of the new fence, the Contractor shall install and subsequently remove temporary fencing.

Posts shall be spaced as shown in the plans, within a tolerance of 12 inches, except where definite spotting of corner posts is required in any line of fence; however, the over-spacings and the under-spacings shall approximately compensate. Additional line posts shall be set at abrupt changes in grade.

W-550.03 Clearing

Where the clearing and grubbing for the project does not include the area occupied by the fence, clearing shall be done to a width of at least two feet on each side of the fence line, except that the Engineer may direct that valuable trees be left in place. Such clearing shall not extend beyond the right-of-way line.

W-550.04 Construction Over Irregular Terrain and Other Obstructions

The bottom of the fence shall, in general, follow the contour of the ground. Over irregular ground, however, a minimum clearance of one inch and a maximum of six inches will be permitted for a length not to exceed eight feet.

Where necessary to secure proper vertical alignment and to meet the clearance requirements specified above, depressions shall be substantially filled (except where filling would obstruct property drainage) and knolls and ridges cut down; all in such manner as to provide a substantial and permanent foundation for the fence.

At locations where it is impractical to adjust the ground level, the Engineer may require that posts of additional length be set and that the opening at the bottom be closed by additional fabric, stretched taut between poles. For all such posts requiring a concrete base, the concrete shall be extended downward to the bottom of the extra-length post.

If rock occurs within the required depth of the post hole or pavement which is to remain in place exists at the location of a post, a hole of a diameter slightly larger than the greatest dimension of the post or footing shall be drilled and the post or footing grouted in.

W-550.05 Placement of Fabric

Fabric shall not be placed until the posts have been permanently positioned and concrete foundations have attained adequate strength. The fabric shall be placed by securing one end and applying sufficient tension to remove all slack before making permanent attachments at intermediate points. The fabric shall be fastened to all end, corner, and pull posts by substantial and approved means. Fastening shall be done by use of tools designed for the purpose, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. The tension for stretching shall be applied by mechanical fence stretchers or with single-wire stretchers designed for the purpose. All splices in the fabric shall be securely and neatly made.

W-550.06 Electrical Grounding

Whenever a power line passes over the fence, a ground shall be installed directly below the point of crossing. The ground rod shall consist of an aluminum or galvanized rod, with connection of similar metal if required, or of other appropriate material, eight feet in length and at least 5/8 inch in diameter. The rod shall be driven vertically until the top of the rod is approximately six inches below the ground surface. A No. 6 conductor shall be used to connect the rod and all fence elements. The conductor shall be connected to each fence element and the ground rod by means of electrical-type clamps which will prevent corrosion.

W-550.07 Metal Fencing Materials

The fabric, posts, fastenings, fittings, and other accessories for chain-link fence shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 181 with the following changes: (1) The weight of coating of coated wire fabric shall be 1.8 ounces of zinc per square foot (Class B). (2) The galvanizing of steel materials shall be done after fabrication. (3) Black, Type IV Vinyl Coated Fabric shall be used.

Overall dimensions of the fabric, posts, and other elements of the fence and other dimensions of the various elements, shall be in accordance with the Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

The fencing shall have a "top rail" in lieu of a tension wire.

W-550.08 Steel Posts and Braces

All steel corner, end, pull posts, top rails, and braces for Type B fence shall be tubular and shall meet the requirements of Table X2 of ASTM A 53, for Standard Weight Pipe (Schedule 40), except for test pressure requirements. The posts rail and braces shall be zinc-coated at the rate of 1.8 ounces per square foot, inside and out, to meet the requirements of ASSHTO M 111. Steel line posts shall be tubular, "C," or H-Beam at the option of the Contractor. Steel "C" or H-Beam posts shall be zinc-coated at the rate of 1.8 ounces per square foot.

Post caps, designed to provide a drive fit over the top of the tubular post to exclude moisture, shall be provided.

Line posts which are to be set in a concrete base shall meet the material specifications as specified herein.

Line posts which are to be driven shall be steel only and be one of the following types: (1) Meet the specifications for steel corner, end, or pull posts as specified in herein. (2) Be made of ASTM A 569 steel and have a 12-inch nominal diameter with a minimum 50,000 psi tensile strength. (3) A galvanized steel H-Beam – 1φ inches by 1ε inches. (4) A galvanized steel "C" section - 1φ inches by 1ε inches.

Other accessories shall be stretcher bars and truss rods.

W-550.09 Aluminum Posts and Braces

Aluminum corner, end, pull posts, top rails, and braces shall be tubular, Schedule 40, of the dimensions required by the F.D.O.T. Roadway and Traffic Design Standards, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Aluminum line posts shall be tubular or H-Beam at the option of the Contractor.

Post caps, designed to provide a drive fit over the top of the tubular post to exclude moisture, shall be provided.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certified copies of the manufacturer's chemical and physical tests of the aluminum.

W-550.10 Optional Materials

Resistance welded coated steel tubing may be used for posts. The tubing shall be cold rolled from ASTM A 569 or A 607 strip, hot dipped galvanized to 1.0 ounce per square foot (0.8 ounce per square foot at any point), with a chromate conversion coating and a thermoplastic acrylic or polyester top-coat of 0.3 mil minimum dry thickness. The internal surfaces shall be coated with zinc rich coating (80 percent minimum zinc dust) to a dry thickness of 0.3 mil minimum. The steel tubing may also be hot dipped galvanized to meet the requirements of ASTM A 120 with a zinc weight of 1.8 ounces per square foot minimum both inside and outside the pipe.

Corner and pull posts shall be two-inch nominal diameter (2.375 inches OD + 0.130-inch minimum wall thickness, 3.11 pounds per lineal foot minimum weight).

Line posts shall be 12-inch nominal diameter (1.900 inches O.D. + 1/64, - 1/32), 0.120-inch minimum wall thickness, 2.28 pounds per lineal foot minimum weight.

Top rail and brace shall be 13-inch nominal diameter (1.660 inches O.D. + 1/64, - 1/32), 0.111-inch minimum wall thickness, 1.83 pounds per lineal foot minimum weight.

Aluminum coated steel tubing may be used for posts. The coating weight shall be a minimum of 0.4 ounce per square foot and the tubing shall be coated both inside and outside. The steel shall have a minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi. Dimensions shall be as specified for resistance welded coated steel tubing.

* * *

SECTION W-800 SERIES - HIGH DENSITY
POLYETHYLENE PIPE (HDPE)

W-800.01 General

The purpose of this specification is to cover the requirements for the manufacturing, materials, testing, couplings, fittings and delivery of High Density Polyethylene Pipe (HDPE) to the City of Tampa.

W-800.02 Standards

The HDPE pipe shall be manufactured from a PE 4710 resin. The resin material shall meet the specifications of ASTM D 3350 with a minimum cell classification of 445574CC. Pipe shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F 714. The pipe shall have ductile iron size (DIPS) outside diameter unless noted otherwise. The pipe shall contain no recycled compounds except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from resin of the same specification from the same raw material. The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, voids, or other injurious defects.

W-800.03 Fittings

A. BUTT FUSION FITTINGS: Molded butt fusion fittings shall be in accordance with ASTM D 3261 and shall be manufactured by injection molding, a combination of extrusion and machining, or fabricated from HDPE pipe conforming to this specification. All fittings shall be pressure rated to provide a working pressure rating no less than that of the pipe. The fitting shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, voids, or other injurious defects.

B. ELECTROFUSION FITTINGS: Electrofusion Fittings shall be PE 4710 HDPE, minimum cell classification of 445574C meeting ASTM D 3350 and be the same base resin as the pipe. Electrofusion Fittings shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F 1055.

C. FLANGED AND MECHANICAL JOINT ADAPTERS: Flanged and Mechanical Joint Adapters shall be PE 4710 HDPE, Cell Classification of 445574C meeting ASTM D 3350 and be the same base resin as the pipe. All adapters shall be pressure rated to provide a working pressure rating no less than that of the pipe.

D. MECHANICAL RESTRAINT: Mechanical restraint for HDPE may be provided by mechanical means separate from the mechanical joint gasket sealing gland. The restrainer shall provide wide, supportive contact around the full circumference of the pipe and be equal to the listed widths. Means of restraint shall be machined serrations on the inside surface of the restrainer equal to or greater than the listed serrations per inch and width. Loading of the restrainer shall be by a ductile iron follower that provides even circumferential loading over the entire restrainer. Design shall be such that restraint shall be increased with increases in line pressure. Serrated restrainer shall be ductile iron ASTM A 536 with a ductile iron follower; bolts

and nuts shall be corrosive resistant, high strength alloy steel. The restrainer shall have a pressure rating of, or equal to that of the pipe on which it is used or 150 PSI whichever is lesser. Restrainers shall be EBAA Iron Megalug or approved equal.

| Nominal Size | Restraint Width | Serrations per inch |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 4", 6" | 1-1/2" | 8 |
| 8" 10 & 12" | 1-3/4" | 8 |

Pipe stiffeners shall be used in conjunction with restrainers. The pipe stiffeners shall be designed to support the interior wall of the HDPE. The stiffeners shall support the pipe's end and control the "necking down" reaction to the pressure applied during normal installation. The pipe stiffeners shall be formed of 304 or 316 stainless steel to the HDPE manufacturers published average inside diameter of the specific size and DR of the HDPE. Stiffeners shall be by JCM Industries or approved equal.

W-800.04 Joining

A. BUTT FUSION: Sections of polyethylene pipe should be joined into continuous lengths on the jobsite above ground. The joining method shall be the butt fusion method and shall be performed in strict accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The butt fusion equipment used in the joining procedures should be capable of meeting all conditions recommended by the pipe manufacturer, including, but not limited to, temperature requirements of 400-450 degrees Fahrenheit, alignment, and an interfacial fusion pressure of 75 PSI. The butt fusion joining will produce a joint weld strength equal to or greater than the tensile strength of the pipe itself.

B. SIDEWALL FUSION: Sidewall fusions for connections to outlet piping shall be performed in accordance with HDPE pipe and fitting manufacturer's specifications. The heating irons used for sidewall fusion shall have an inside diameter equal to the outside diameter of the HDPE pipe being fused. The size of the heating iron shall be 1/4 inch larger than the size of the outlet branch being fused.

C. MECHANICAL: Bolted joining may be used where the butt fusion method cannot be used. Flange joining will be accomplished by using a HDPE flange adapter with a 316 stainless steel back-up ring. Mechanical joint joining will be accomplished using either a molded mechanical joint adapter or the combination of a Megalug Restrainer and Pipe Stiffener as manufactured by EBAA Iron, Inc. or approved equal. Either mechanical joint joining method will have a ductile iron mechanical joint gland.

D. OTHER: Socket fusion, hot gas fusion, threading, solvents, and epoxies may not be used to join HDPE pipe.

W-800.05 Pipe Packaging, Handling & Storage:

The manufacturer shall package the pipe in a manner designed to deliver the pipe to the project neatly, intact and without physical damage. The transportation carriers shall use appropriate methods and intermittent checks to insure the pipe is properly supported, stacked

and restrained during transportation such that the pipe is not nicked, gouged, or physically damaged.

Pipe shall be stored on clean, level ground to prevent undue scratching or gouging. If the pipe must be stacked for storage, such stacking shall be done in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The pipe shall be handled in such a manner that it is not pulled over sharp objects or cut by chokers or lifting equipment.

Sections of pipe having been discovered with cuts or gouges in excess of 10% of the pipe wall thickness shall be cut out and removed. The undamaged portions of the pipe shall be rejoined using the heat fusion joining method.

Fused segments of the pipe shall be handled so as to avoid damage to the pipe. Chains or cable type chokers must be avoided when lifting fused sections of pipe. Nylon slings are preferred. Spreader bars are recommended when lifting long fused sections.

* * *

SECTION 900 – Back-Up Diesel Pump System

W-900.01 Project Scope

Contractor shall supply all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required to install and place into operation the back-up diesel pump system as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

W-900.02 General

Contractor shall furnish and install pump model CD225M, size 8" x 8" as manufactured by GODWIN PUMPS, Bridgeport, New Jersey or approved equal.

Units described shall be new, unused, and of the current year's production. The style of pump being bid must be in production for a minimum of 5 years. Unit shall be of the latest design and in current production completely serviced, ready for work and shall include all standard and optional equipment as specified herein.

The pump system manufacturer must have fully stocked parts and service facility within 45 miles of the project site. The City of Tampa shall have the right to inspect the office and shall be the sold judge of its adequacy to fulfill this requirement.

W-900.03 Design Requirements

The permanent skid mounted trash pump specified in this section will be used to pump raw sewage. Pump shall be fitted with a fully automatic priming system capable of repeated priming from a completely dry pump casing. The pump and accessories shall be supplied by the pump manufacturer.

The pump offered shall be the manufacturer's standard production model. It shall have been in continuous use by municipal and industrial owners for a minimum of five years. A list of five user contacts including contact names and telephone numbers shall be provided upon request.

W-900.04 Pump Data

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| OPERATING SPEED (MAXIMUM) | 2200 RPM |
| MAXIMUM SOLIDS HANDLING SIZE | 3.125 INCHES |
| IMPELLER DIAMETER | 290 MM |
| SUCTION SIZE | 8 INCHES |
| DISCHARGE SIZE | 8 INCHES |
| MAXIMUM SUCTION LIFT | 28 FEET |
| MAXIMUM DUTY POINT | 2100 GPM AT 120'TD (INCLUDING A 15' SUCTION LIFT) |
| SECOND DUTY POINT | 1800 GPM AT 70'TD (INCLUDING A 25' SUCTION LIFT) |

W-900.05 Equipment

CASING, SUCTION COVER, SEPARATION TANK: Pump castings shall be cast iron. Pump design shall incorporate a direct suction flow path that is in axial alignment with the impeller eye. There shall be no turns, chambers or valves between the suction flange and the impellereye.

IMPELLERS: The pump impeller shall be an open, 3-bladed, non-clog type with pump out vanes on the back shroud and fabricated from hardened cast chromium steel construction (minimum Brinell Hardness 340 HB).

WEARPLATES: Shall be fully adjustable and replaceable, fabricated of cast iron. Wearplate clearances shall have no relationship to the ability of the pump to achieve a prime.

BEARINGS AND SHAFTS: Pump shall be fitted with a bearing bracket to contain the shaft and bearings. Bearings shall be tapered roller bearings of adequate size to withstand imposed loads for sustained pumping at maximum duty points. Minimum ISO L₁₀ bearing life to be 100,000 hours. Impeller shafts shall be fabricated of 1.5% chromium alloy.

SEALS: Seals shall be high pressure, mechanical self-adjusting type with silicon carbide faces capable of withstanding suction pressures to 88 psi. The mechanical seal shall be cooled and lubricated in an oil bath reservoir, requiring no maintenance or adjustment. Pump shall be capable of running dry, with no damage, for periods up to 24 hours. All metal parts shall be of stainless steel. Elastomers shall be Viton.

PUMP SUCTION AND DISCHARGE FLANGES: Shall be cast iron ANSI (B16.1) Class 150, flat faced.

PUMP GASKETS: Shall be compressed fiber and/or Teflon.

PUMP O RINGS: Shall be Viton

PRIMING SYSTEM: Automatic priming system incorporates a twin-cylinder compressor and air ejector assembly, no vacuum pump. The compressor shall be installed on the engine auxiliary drive and shall be gear driven, lubricated and cooled from the engine. The priming system shall require no fail-safe protection float gear or any adjusting at high or low suction lifts. Pumps with self-priming chambers modified with vacuum priming systems shall not be accepted as equal. The pump must be capable of running totally dry for periods up to 24 hours, then re-priming and returning to normal pumping volumes. Pump and priming system is capable of priming the pump from a completely dry pump casing. The pump shall be capable of static suction lifts to 28 vertical feet, at sea level. It shall also be capable of operation using extended suction lines. Equipment acceptance shall be contingent upon the pump's ability to run continuously at full speed in a completely dry condition for periods up to 24 hours.

CHECK VALVE: Pump shall be supplied with an integral swing type check valve mounted on the discharge of the pump allowing unrestricted flow from the impeller. The check valve shall prevent in-line return of flow when the pump is shut off. Non-return valve elastomers shall be Nitrile rubber and shall be field replaceable.

DRIVE UNIT: The drive unit shall be a diesel water-cooled engine. The engine shall drive the pump by use of direct connected intermediate drive plate. Starter shall be 12 volt electric. Safety shut down switches for low oil pressure and high temperature shall be integral to the engine control panel. Battery shall have 180-amp hour rating. The engine control panel shall include a tachometer and an hour meter. Drive unit shall be a John Deere 4045T or equal, rated at 99 hp (continuous) at 2200 RPM. A certified continuous duty engine curve shall be supplied to the owner/engineer.

ENGINE CONTROL PANEL: Engine speed shall be adjustable to operate the pump between maximum and minimum design operation speeds in manual mode. See Automatic mode section.

FUEL SOURCE: Fuel tank capacity shall be sufficient to provide at least twenty-four hours of operating time at full load. The engine shall be capable of operating satisfactorily on a commercial grade of distilled No. 2 fuel oil.

EXHAUST: Exhaust system shall include a critical grade muffler of suitable size. Exhaust system shall have muffler

and exhaust tubing sized to match maximum engine exhaust flow without exceeding engine manufacturer's maximum allowable back pressure values.

SOUND ATTENUATED ENCLOSURE: The engine and pump shall be completely enclosed with 14 gauge sheet metal panels backed with 1" and 2" layers of polydamp acoustical sound deadening material. The acoustical enclosure shall reduce pump and engine noise to sixty-eight dBA or less at a distance of 30 feet. The panels shall be removable for easy access to the engine / pump for maintenance and repair. The engine control panel shall have a locking door for visual inspection. For maintenance and service needs, the pump discharge side of the trailer shall have a hinged door for quick access to the engine oil fill, fuel fill port, oil dipstick and filters. The enclosure shall be designed per the current Florida Building Code and ASCE/SEI wind design codes. The pump manufacturer shall submit enclosure fabrication drawings and certified wind load calculations signed and sealed by a professional engineer in the State of Florida stating that the enclosure is rated to withstand the design criteria.

W-900.06 UL Listed Skid Base

The pump base tank shall be a UL-142 approved double wall design constructed in accordance with Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, NFPA 30; The Standard for Installation and use of Stationary Combustible Engine and Gas Turbines, NFPA 37; and The Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems, NFPA 110.

The tank design shall be a Closed Top Dike Pump Base Tank. It shall be of double wall construction having a primary tank to contain the diesel fuel, held within another tank or dike, which is intended to collect and contain any accidental leakage from the primary fuel tank. The completed base tank assembly is to incorporate pump mounting locations and must be able to support four times the rated load.

The primary tank shall be designed to withstand normal and emergency internal pressures and external loads. It shall be capable of withstanding internal air pressures of 3 to 5 psig without showing signs of excessive or permanent distortion and 25 psig hydrostatic pressure without evidence of rupture or leakage.

The primary and secondary tanks or dike shall have venting provisions to prevent the development of vacuum or pressure capable of distorting them as a result of the atmospheric temperature changes or while emptying or filling. The vent shall also permit the relief of internal pressures caused by exposure to fires. The vent size shall be determined by using the calculated wetted surface area in square feet (the top is excluded) in conjunction with venting capacity table 10.1 of UL-142. The tank's vent shall also be equipped with a coupling device and shall be located to facilitate connection to a vent piping system. The dike's vent may be an opening for venting directly to the atmosphere and protection from the entrance of natural elements or debris shall be provided.

The primary tank is to be constructed of 7 gauge ASTM A569 or A-36 hot rolled steel. Internal baffles or reinforcement plates shall be located on a maximum of 24 inch centers in tanks up to 60 inch width and on a maximum of 19.5 inch centers in tanks over 60 inch width. At least one baffle shall separate the fuel suction pipe from the fuel return line.

The outer tank is to be constructed in a manner to be able to support four times the wet load of the pump and housing. All of the load is to be carried by the outer tank so no load or vibration stress is placed on the primary tank. If the pump base tank is wider than the pump set to be supported, structural rails are to be incorporated to span the width of the base tank so that the load is transferred to the side rails of the tank. Vertical reinforcements shall be welded to the outer sides of the secondary tank or dike at a maximum of 45 inch centers on tanks up to 30 inches high and on 24 inch centers on tanks greater than 30 inches high. At least one vertical reinforcement shall be positioned adjacent to each mounting hole location.

Both primary and secondary tanks shall be fitted with the proper welded pipe fittings to accommodate the requirements for the fill port and normal and emergency venting.

The completed assembly is to be cleaned with a heated pressure wash followed by a chromium free post treatment to ensure proper paint adhesion. The tank assembly is to be painted with an epoxy ester primer and high quality polyurethane enamel with total paint thickness of 3.5 mils. The painted tank assembly is to be baked at 180 degrees for 30 minutes to provide a hard durable finish. The color of the enclosure shall be Tan. Contractor shall submit color palette for approval.

Manufacturing and testing of this system shall be performed within the scope of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. "Standard for Safety UL 142." A UL label shall be permanently attached to the tank system showing the following information:

- The registered UL mark and the name: Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- A control number and the word "listed"
- The product's name as identified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
- The serial number assigned by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- Other manufacturer's information may also be included.

FACTORY PAINTING: Pump, engine, base, and trailer shall be shop primed and finish painted at the place of manufacturer. Materials and thickness for priming shall be in accordance with manufacturer's standards.

W-900.07 Automatic Starting Control System

The engine shall be equipped with a factory installed Prime Guard microprocessor-based controller as supplied by Godwin Pumps of America, Inc or approved equal and designed to start/stop the engine at a signal supplied by high and low level floats or a 4-20 mA transducer.

W-900.08 Engine / Pump Control Specifications

The engine shall be started, stopped, and controlled by a Prime Guard high performance state of the art digital controller as supplied by Godwin Pumps of America or approved equal. The controller shall be weather proof enclosed, and contain an external weatherproof 12-position keypad accessible without the need to remove or open any protective cover or enclosure. It shall be designed to start/stop the engine at a signal supplied by high and low level floats or a 4-20 mA transducer. The Prime Guard Pump Control shall provide the following functions without modification, factory recalibration or change of chips or boards by simply accessing the keypad.

The keypad shall be a capacitive touch sensing system. No mechanical switches will be acceptable. The keypad shall operate in extreme temperatures, through ice, snow, mud, grease, etc. and maintain complete weather tight sealing of the Prime Guard Panel.

In automatic mode, the unit shall conserve energy and go to "sleep".

The panel shall function interchangeably from; float switches, pressure switch, or transducer as well as manual start/stop by selection at the keypad. No other equipment or hardware changes are required.

The Prime Guard panel shall function interchangeably from; float switches, pressure switch, or transducer as well as manual start/stop by selection at the keypad. No other equipment or hardware changes are required.

The Prime Guard Panel shall be capable of varying the engine speed to maintain a constant level in a process without a change to the panel other than via the keypad.

The start function can be programmed to provide 3 separate functions each day for 7 days (i.e. a start, warm up, exercise cycle on two separate days at different times and for a varying length of time all via the keypad).

Manual-Automatic Button

In Manual Mode, Manual "Start" button starts engine and runs until "Stop" button is depressed or an emergency shutdown occurs.

In Automatic Mode start/stop sequencing is initiated by either one-normally open and one-normally closed narrow angler float switches, pressure switch, transducer or a signal from a digital input.

The controller shall integrate the engine safety shut-off for low-oil temperature, high-temperature, and provide over-speed protection.

The controller shall include standard field adjustable parameters for engine cycle crank timer, shutdown time delay, warm-up time delay, and cool-down time delay.

The Prime Guard Panel shall have only one circuit board with 8 built in relays. Each relay can be named to provide any function all via the key pad without changing relays, chips, printed circuits or any hardware or software.

Standard components shall consist of (24) digital inputs, (7) analog inputs, (1) magnetic pick-up input, (8) 20-amp form "C" relays, (1) RS232 port, (1) RS485 port, (1) RS232/RS485 port, (1) J1939 port, and (1) 64X128 pixel full graphic LCD display with backlight.

The industrially hardened Prime Guard Panel shall withstand Vibration of 3 g, 3 axis, frequency swept 10-1000 Hz, in an operating temperature Range of 4° to 176°F (-20° to 80°C) and an operating humidity range of 0-95% Non-Condensing.

W-900.09 Required Options

FULLY AUTOMATIC TRICKLE CHARGER: The unit shall include a fully automatic trickle charger powered by 6-amps, 115 VAC.

ENGINE BLOCK / COOLANT HEATER: The drive unit shall be supplied with an integral thermostatically controlled engine block heater (15-amp, 115 VAC required).

LIGHT: The unit shall include a single switch operated 12 VDC light within the enclosure and utility work lights.

FLOATS: The unit shall be supplied with one (1) float assembly including two (2) N/O floats which shall integrate with the engine control panel via a single multi-pin plug.

ISOLATION PAD: The unit shall be supplied with one (1) neoprene isolation pad.

BATTERY TRICKLE CHARGER

RIGHT HAND DISCHARGE

JOHN DEERE ENGINE OR EQUAL

W-900.10 Manufactures Services

The manufacturer shall furnish the services of a competent factory representative to do the following:

Inspect the system prior to delivery, supervise the startup and testing of the system, and certify the system has been properly furnished and is ready for operation.

Have (2) day all day classes for (10) people each day for instruction on the maintenance and routine servicing of the backup diesel pump.

W-900.11 Warranty

The manufacturer shall furnish the following to the owner:

A copy of the engine manufacturer's parts and labor warranty.

A one year Parts and Labor Warranty issued by the manufacturer on the Portable Trash Pump System. This warranty must cover all pump parts, including the mechanical seal. Warranty to begin on date of Substantial Completion.

* * *

SECTION 03300 – CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Scope

- A. This section specifies cast in place concrete, including formwork, reinforcing, mix design, placement procedures, and finishes.
- B. The extent of the concrete work is specified in the drawings. Cast in place concrete work includes, but is not limited to, foundations and footings, slabs on grade, slabs on metal deck and structural slabs, beams, and columns.

1.2 Quality Assurance

- A. Codes and Standards: Comply with the provisions of the latest editions of the following codes, specifications, and standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified:
 - 1. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
 - a. ACI 301 “Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings”
 - b. ACI 318, ACI 318R “Building Code requirements for Reinforced Concrete and Commentary”
 - c. ACI 117 “Standard Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials”
 - d. ACI 211.1 “Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Normal, Heavyweight and Mass Concrete”
 - e. ACI 304 “Recommended Practice for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting and Placing Concrete”
 - f. ACI 305R “Hot Weather Concreting”
 - g. ACI 306R “Cold Weather Concreting”
 - h. ACI 308 “Standard Practice for Curing Concrete”
 - i. ACI 309 “Standard Practice for Consolidation of Concrete”
 - j. ACI 315R “Manual of Engineering and Placing Drawings for Reinforced Concrete Structures”
 - k. ACI 347 “Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork”
 - l. ACI 302 “Guide for Floor and Slab Construction”
 - 2. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) – latest editions of the following standards:
 - a. ANSI/ASTM D1751 Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Non-extruding and Resilient Bituminous Types)
 - b. ASTM C31 Method of Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field.
 - c. ASTM C33 Concrete Aggregates
 - d. ASTM C94 Ready-Mixed Concrete
 - e. ASTM C143 Test Method for Slump of Portland Cement Concrete
 - f. ASTM C150 Portland Cement
 - g. ASTM C171 Specification for Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete
 - h. ASTM C173 Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method

- i. ASTM C230 Specifications for the Flow Table for Use in Tests of Hydraulic Cement
- j. ASTM C231 Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
- k. ASTM C260 Air Entraining Admixtures for Concrete
- l. ASTM C330 Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete
- m. ASTM C494 Chemical Admixtures for Concrete
- n. ASTM C618 Fly Ash and Raw or Calcinated Natural Pozzolan for Use as a Mineral Admixture in Portland Cement Concrete
- o. ASTM C939 Test Method for Flow of Grout for Preplaced-Aggregate Concrete
- p. ASTM C469 Static Modulus of Elasticity and Poisson's Ratio of Concrete in Compression
- q. ASTM E1155 Standard Test Method for Determining Floor Flatness and Levelness Using the F-number System

3. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute, "Manual of Standard Practice."

1.3 Submittals

- A. Product Data for Proprietary Materials and Items: Reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, water stops, joint systems, curing compounds, dry-shake finish materials, etc.
- B. Product Data for Concrete
 - 1. Mix design for each class of concrete
 - a. Fully document proposed materials and mix designs.
 - b. Submit mix design for review.
 - c. Submit mix design and documentation 28 days, minimum, prior to use in the field.
 - 2. Manufacturer's recommendations for use of admixtures and curing compound.
 - 3. Provide maximum expected amount of chloride ions in the mix.
- C. Shop Drawings; Reinforcement: Submit shop drawings for fabrication, bending, and placement of concrete reinforcement. Provide one set and additional prints as required for distribution. Comply with ACI 315 "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures" showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, diagrams of bent bars, and arrangements of concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcement required for openings through concrete structures.
- D. Shop Drawings – Formwork: Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of formwork. The formwork shop drawings shall bear the signature and seal of the licensed engineer in responsible charge of their production.
- E. Samples: Submit samples of materials as specified and as otherwise requested by Architect, including names, sources, and descriptions.
- F. Laboratory Test Reports: Submit laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design tests as specified.

1.4 Pre-installation Conference

- A. Mix Design Conference: At least 30 days prior to submittal of concrete design mixes, the Contractor shall hold a meeting or telephone conference to review the detailed requirements for preparing the concrete mix designs. Participants shall include representatives from the Contractor, Contractor's Testing Laboratory, Concrete Supplier, and Engineer.
- B. Pre-Concrete Conference
1. At least 7 days prior to beginning concrete work, the Contractor shall conduct a meeting to review the proposed mix designs and to discuss required methods and procedures to produce concrete construction of the required quality. Also review requirements for submittals, status of coordinating work and availability of materials. Establish work progress schedule and procedures for materials inspection, testing and certifications. The contractor shall send a pre-concrete conference agenda to all attendees 7 days prior to the scheduled date of the conference.
 2. The Contractor shall require responsible representatives of every party who is concerned with the concrete work to attend the conference, including but not limited to the following:

Contractor's Superintendent
Laboratory responsible for the concrete design mix
Laboratory responsible for field quality control
Concrete Subcontractor
Ready-Mix Concrete Producer
Owner's and Architect's/Engineer's Representative
 3. Minutes of the meeting shall be recorded, typed, and printed by the Contractor and distributed by him to all parties concerned within 5 days of the meeting. One copy of the minutes shall be transmitted to the following for information purposes:

Owner's Representative
Architect
Engineer-of-Record
 4. The Engineer shall be present at the conference. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 7 days prior to the scheduled date of the conference.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 Form Materials

- A. Forms for Exposed Finish Concrete: Unless otherwise indicated, construct form work for exposed concrete surfaces with plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood faced or other acceptable panel-type materials, to provide

continuous, straight, smooth, exposed surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints and to conform to joint system shown on drawings. Provide form material with sufficient thickness to withstand pressure of newly-placed concrete without bow or deflection.

- B. Use plywood complying with U.S. Product Standard PS-1 "B-B (Concrete Form) Plywood", Class I, Exterior Grade or better, mill-oiled, and edge-sealed, with each piece bearing legible inspection trademark.
- C. Forms for Unexposed Finish Concrete: Form concrete surfaces which will be unexposed in finished structure with plywood, lumber, metal, or other acceptable material. Provide lumber dressed on at least 2 edges and one side for tight fit.
- D. Form Coatings: Provide commercial formulation form-coating compounds that will not bond with, stain nor adversely affect concrete surfaces, and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

2.2 Reinforcing Materials

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Weld Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A185 welded steel wire reinforcement.
- C. Supports for Reinforcement: Provide supports for reinforcement including bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric in place. Use wire bar type supports complying with CRSI specifications, unless otherwise acceptable.
- D. For foundation work, including slab on grade, use supports with sand plates or horizontal runners, or concrete bricks where base materials will not support chair legs.
- E. For exposed-to-view concrete surfaces, where legs of supports are in contact with forms, provide supports with legs which are plastic protected (CRSI, Class 1) or stainless steel protected (CRSI Class 2).
- F. Moisture Barrier: Provide moisture barrier cover over prepared base material where indicated. Use only materials which are resistant to decay when tested in accordance with ASTM E154, as follows:
 - 1. A multi-layer sheet membrane waterproofing system consisting of a self-healing, expandable layer of granular bentonite laminated at the rate of up to one pound per square foot to an impermeable, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) "Paraseal LG" by Tremco, Inc.
 - 2. Water resistant barrier paper consisting of heavy craft papers laminated together with glass fiber reinforcement and overcoated with black polyethylene on each side. "Moistop" by Fortifiber or approved equal.

2.3 Concrete Materials

- A. Concrete design mixes, ASTM C94, 28-Day Compressive Strength:
- | | | |
|----|----------------------|----------|
| 1. | Foundations: | 4000 psi |
| 2. | Slabs on grade: | 4000 psi |
| 3. | Filled Cells in CMU: | 3000 psi |
| 4. | Column & beams: | 4000 psi |
- B. Water-to-Cementitious Ratio: 0.40 maximum. Water content of admixtures shall be included in the water-to-cementitious ratio.
- C. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type I, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer. Use one brand of cement throughout project, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer.
- D. Fly Ash: ASTM C618 Class C or Class F is acceptable, but not to exceed 20 percent by weight of total cement content.
- E. Normal Weight Aggregates: ASTM C33, and as herein specified. Provide aggregates from a single source for exposed concrete.
1. For exterior exposed surfaces, do not use fine or coarse aggregates containing spalling-causing deleterious substances.
- F. Water: Clean, potable, and free from deleterious amounts of acids, alkalies or organic materials.
- G. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C260. Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other required admixtures.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

AEA-92 and AIR MIX 200 by Euclid Chemical Company
 MB-VR or MB-AE 90 by BASF Construction Chemicals
 Sika AEA-14 by Sika Corp.
 Darex AEA by W.R. Grace & Co.

- H. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C494, Type A, and contain not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Eucon WR-75 by Euclid Chemical Co.
 Pozzolith 322 N by BASF Construction Chemicals
 Plastiment NS by Sika Corp.

- I. High-Range Water-Reducing Admixture (Super Plasticizer): ASTM C494, Type F or Type G and contain not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Eucon 37 by Euclid Chemical Co.
Glenium 3030 NS by BASF Construction Chemicals
Sikament 300 by Sika Corp.
ADVA 100 by W.R. Grace & Co.

- J. Water-Reducing, Non-Chloride Accelerator Admixture: ASTM C494, Type E, and containing not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Accelguard 80 by Euclid Chemical Co.
Pozzolith 122 HE by BASF Construction Chemicals
Lubricon NCA by W.R. Grace & Co.

- K. Water-Reducing, Retarding Admixture: ASTM C494, Type D, and contain not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Eucon Retarder 75 by Euclid Chemical Co.
Pozzolith 300R by BASF Construction Chemicals

- L. Certification: Provide admixture manufacturer's written certification that chloride ion content complies with specified requirements.

1. Calcium chloride or admixtures containing more than 0.1% chloride ions are not permitted.

- M. Corrosion Inhibitor Admixture: ASTM C494, calcium nitrite (30% plus or minus 2%) based liquid corrosion inhibitor admixture for the protection of reinforcing steel and accessories against chloride induced corrosion.

1. Contractor shall adjust the quantity of concrete mix water to account for the water contained in the corrosion inhibitor admixture. The mix water adjustment shall be as per the manufacturer's published documentation.
2. The corrosion inhibitor admixture shall be compatible with all other ingredients and admixtures utilized in the concrete mix.
3. The corrosion inhibitor admixture shall be placed into the concrete mix as per the manufacturer's published documentation. Application rate shall be 4 gallons per cubic yard.
4. Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be

incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:
DCI by W.R. Grace & Co. or approved equal.

- N. Synthetic Fiber Reinforcement: ASTM C1116, 100% polypropylene fibers in microfilament form for control of plastic shrinkage cracking and improved durability.
1. The fiber reinforcement shall be compatible with all other ingredients and admixtures utilized in the concrete mix.
 2. Fiber reinforcement shall be alkali resistant, non-absorptive, and non-corrosive.
 3. The fiber reinforcement shall be placed into the concrete mix per the manufacturer's published documentation. Application rate shall be 1 lb. per cubic yard.
 4. Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable instructions to bidders and submittal requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:
Grace MicroFiber by W.R. Grace & Co. or approved equal.

2.4 Related Materials

- A. Expansion Joint Material: Preformed sections of bituminous impregnated fiberboard.

- B. Expansion Joint Filler: ASTM D1751

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

W.R. Meadows, Inc.

- C. Non-Shrink, Non-Metallic Grout: CRD-C 621, factory pre-mixed grout.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Euco-NS Grout by Euclid Chemical Co.

Construction Grout or Masterflow 555 by BASF Building Systems

Crystex by L & M Construction Chemicals

Multi-Purpose Construction Grout by Symons

- D. Absorptive Cover: Burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz. per sq. yd., complying with AASHTO M 182, Class 2.

Moisture-Retaining Cover: One of the following, complying with ASTM C171.

1. Waterproof paper.
2. Polyethylene film.
3. Polyethylene-coated burlap.

- E. Liquid Membrane Forming Curing Compound: Liquid type membrane-forming curing compound complying with ASTM C309, Type I, Class A unless other type acceptable to Architect. Moisture loss not more than 0.055 gr./sq. cm. when applied at 200 sq ft./gal.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Ecocure, Rez-Seal, Aqua-Cure, Diamond-Clear –VOX by Euclid Chem. Co.
Cure & Seal 1315 by Symons
Kure-N-Seal 30 by BASF Building Systems
Dress & Seal 30 by L & M Construction Chemicals

- F. Bonding Compound: Polyvinyl acetate or acrylic base, re-wettable type.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

EucoWeld by Euclid Chemical Co.
Everweld by L & M Construction Chemicals

- G. Epoxy Adhesive: ASTM C881, two component material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Provide material "Type", "Grade", and "Class" to suit project requirements.

Approved Products: Subject to compliance with applicable Instructions to Bidders and Submittal Requirements, products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

HIT RE 500 by Hilti
Power-Fast+ by Powers Fasteners
AC100 Plus by Powers Fasteners
ET by Simpson Strong-Tie
SET by Simpson Strong-Tie
Ultrabond 1100 by Adhesives Technology
Ultrabond 2100 by Adhesives Technology

- H. Reglets: Galvanizes sheet steel reglets, minimum 26 gage.

- I. Water stops: Rubber or PVC water stops.

- K. Vapor Barrier to be placed under all slab on grade in enclosed space must have all of the following qualities:

1. Permeance of less than 0.01 Perms [grains/(ft² *hr * in.Hg)] per ASTM F1249 or ASTM E96
2. ASTM E1745 Class A

Vapor Barrier products:

1. Stego Wrap Vapor Barrier (15-mil) by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
2. Zero Perm Vapor Barrier by Alumiseal
3. Or equal product that meets all performance criteria.

Vapor Barrier accessories:

1. Seam Tape: Permeance less than 0.3 perms per ASTM F1249 or ASTM E96
2. Vapor Proofing Mastic: Permeance less than 0.3 perms per ASTM F 1249 or ASTM E96
3. Pipe Boots: Construct pipe boots from vapor barrier material, pressure sensitive tape and/or mastic per manufacturer's instructions.

2.5 Proportioning and Design of Mixes

- A. Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial batch or field experience methods as specified in ACI 301. If trial batch method used, use an independent testing facility acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs. The testing facility shall not be the same as used for field quality control testing unless otherwise acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer.
- B. Submit written reports to Architect of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of work. Do not begin concrete production until mixes have been reviewed by Architect and/or Engineer.
- C. Design mixes to provide concrete with the 28-day compressive strength, unit weight and aggregate sizes as indicated in the specifications or on the drawings.
- D. Adjustment to Concrete Mixes: Mix design adjustments may be requested by Contractor when characteristics of materials, job conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant; at no additional cost to Owner and as accepted by Architect and/or Engineer. Laboratory test data for revised mix design and strength results must be submitted to and accepted by Architect before using in work.
- E. Admixtures:
 1. Use water-reducing admixture or high range water-reducing admixture (super plasticizer) in concrete as required for placement and workability.
 2. Use non-chloride accelerating admixture in concrete slabs placed at ambient temperatures below 50 degrees F (10 degrees C).
 3. Use air-entraining admixture in all concrete, unless otherwise indicated. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having total air content within following limits:

| <u>Max. Agg. Size</u> | <u>Total Air Content</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 1/2 inch | 2.5 % |
| 1 | 3.0 |

| | |
|------------|------------|
| 3/4 | 3.5 |
| 1/2 | 4.0 |
| 3/8 | 4.5 |

4. Use admixtures for water-reducing and set-control in strict compliance with manufacturer's directions.

F. Minimum Cement Content: Provide cement content as required for strength, but not less than these guidelines:

| <u>Max. Agg. Size</u> | <u>Cement, lb/cy</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1-1/2 | 470 |
| 1 | 520 |
| 3/4 | 540 |
| 1/2 | 590 |
| 3/8 | 610 |

G. Slump Limits: Proportion and design mixes to result in concrete slump at point of placement between 3 and 5 inches.

H. Slab on Grade:

1. Maximum slump at point of delivery, 5 inches
2. Maximum aggregate size, 1 inch.
3. Entrained air content, 4.5%.
4. Contractor's option to use superplasticizer to increase workability (8 inch maximum slump, 0.45 maximum water cement ratio).

2.6 Concrete Mixing

A. Job-Site Mixing: Shall be used only with prior written consent of the Architect and for small amounts.

Mix materials for concrete in appropriate drum type batch machine mixer. For mixers of one cu. yd., or smaller capacity, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released. For mixers of capacity larger than one cu. yd., increase minimum 1 ½ minutes of mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional cu. yd., or fraction thereof.

Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in work, indicating project identification name and number, date, mix type, mix time, quantity, and amount of water introduced.

B. Ready-Mix Concrete: Comply with requirements of ASTM C 94, and as herein specified.

During hot weather, or under conditions contributing to rapid setting of concrete, a shorter mixing time than specified in ASTM C 94 may be required.

When air temperature is between 85 degrees F (30 degrees C) and 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes.

When air temperature is above 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.0 EXECUTION

3.1 Forms

- A. Design, erect, support, brace and maintain formwork to support vertical and lateral loads that might be applied until such loads can be supported by concrete structure. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation and position.
- B. Design formwork to be readily removable without impact, shock or damage to cast-in-place concrete surfaces and adjacent materials.
- C. Construct forms to sizes, shapes, lines and dimensions shown, and to obtain accurate alignment, location, grades, level and plumb work in finished structures. Provide for openings, offsets, sinkages, keyways, recesses, moldings, rustications, reglets, chamfers, blocking, screeds, bulkheads, anchorages and inserts, and other features required in work. Use selected materials to obtain required finishes. Solidly butt joints and provide back-up at joints to prevent leakage of cement paste.
- D. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush plates or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces where slope is too steep to place concrete with bottom forms only. Kerf wood inserts for forming keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, to prevent swelling and for easy removal.
- E. Provide temporary openings where interior area of formwork is inaccessible for cleanout, for inspection before concrete placement, and for placement of concrete. Securely brace temporary openings and set time to forms to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings on forms at inconspicuous locations.
- F. Exposed edges of beams and columns shall be chamfered 3/4 inch, unless otherwise noted, using wood, metal, PVC or rubber chamfer strips fabricated to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.
- G. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable-length, removable or snapoff metal form ties, designed to prevent form deflection, and to prevent spalling concrete surfaces upon removal.

1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide ties so portion remaining within concrete after removal is 1" inside concrete and will not leave holes larger than 1" diameter in concrete surface.
- H. Provisions for Other Trades: Provide openings in concrete formwork to accommodate work of other trades. Determine size and location of openings, recesses and chases from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.
- I. Cleaning and Tightening: Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt or other debris just before concrete is placed. Retighten forms and bracing after concrete placement to eliminate mortar leaks and mortar proper alignment.

3.2 Placing Reinforcement

- A. Comply with Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute's recommended practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars", for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports, and as herein specified.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other materials which reduce or destroy bond with concrete.
- C. Accurately position, support and secure reinforcement against displacement by formwork, construction, or concrete placement operations. Locate and support reinforcing by metal chairs, runners, bolsters, spacers and hangers, as required.
- D. Place reinforcement to obtain at least minimum coverages for concrete protection. Arrange, space and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement operations. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
 1. Minimum Cover:
 - a. Footings, 3 inches to bottom and unformed sides, 2 inches to formed sides.
 - b. Other, 2 inches to main reinforcing, 1-1/2 inches to ties and stirrups.
- E. Install welded wire fabric in as long lengths as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least two full meshes and lace splices with wire. Offset end laps in adjacent widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Welded wire fabric for slab on grade shall be WWF 6x6-W1.4xW1.4, unless otherwise noted. Place welded wire fabric 1-1/2 inches in from the top of slab on grade unless noted otherwise. Interrupt typical slab reinforcement at all construction and expansion joints. See specific details for any dowels required for shear transfer. Cut alternate wires along the line of saw cut control joints prior to placing concrete.

- F. Provide minimum lap splice per ACI 318-95 for all reinforcing bars, unless noted otherwise. Stagger splices in adjacent bars at least 24 inches, except in beams and columns.
- G. In wall footings, grade beams and bond beams, provide bent bars at corners and intersections of the same number and size as the straight bars.

3.3 Joints

- A. Construction Joints: Locate and install construction joints as indicated or, if not indicated, locate so as not to impair strength and appearance of the structure, as approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- B. Provide key-ways in construction joints in walls and continuous footings, and where shown on the drawings.
- C. Place construction joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Construct isolation joints in slabs-on-ground at points of contact between slabs on ground and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams and elsewhere as indicated. Provide 1/2 inch preformed expansion joint material where slab abuts vertical surfaces.
- E. Contraction (Control) Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Construct contraction joints in slabs-on-grade to form panels of patterns as shown.
 - 1. Contraction joints shall be formed by saw cuts as soon as possible after slab finishing as may be safely done without dislodging aggregate or raveling.
 - 2. It is recommended that the slabs be cast in long strips, and saw cut transversely, in order to minimize shrinkage cracking.

3.4 Installation of Embedded Items

- A. General: Set and build into work anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to, or supported by, cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, diagrams, instructions, and directions provided by suppliers of items to be attached thereto.
- B. Edge Forms and Screed Strips for Slabs: Set edge forms or bulkheads and intermediate screed strips for slabs to obtain required elevations and contours in finished slab surface. Provide and secure units sufficiently strong to support types of screed strips by use of strike-off templates or accepted compacting type screeds.

3.5 Preparation of Form Surfaces

- A. Clean re-used forms of concrete matrix residue, repair and patch as required to return forms to acceptable surface condition.

- B. Coat contact surfaces of forms with a form-coating compound before reinforcement is placed.
- C. Thin form-coating compounds only with thinning agent of type, and in amount, and under conditions of form-coating compound manufacturer's directions. Do not allow excess form-coating material to accumulate in forms or to come into contact with in-place concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed. Apply in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Coat steel forms with a non-staining, rust-preventative form oil or otherwise protect against rusting. Rust-stained steel formwork is not acceptable.

3.6 Concrete Placement

- A. Pre-placement Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcing steel, and items to be embedded or cast-in. Notify other crafts to permit installation of their work; cooperate with other trades in setting such work. Moisten wood forms immediately before placing concrete, where form coatings are not used.
- B. Water shall not be added to the concrete mix at the job site without prior approval by the engineer.
- C. Coordinate the installation of joint materials and moisture barriers with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.
- D. General: Comply with ACI 304 "Recommended Practice for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete", and as herein specified.
- E. Deposit concrete continuously or in layers of such thickness that no concrete will be placed on concrete which has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as herein specified. Deposit concrete as nearly as practicable to its final location to avoid segregation.
- F. Placing Concrete in Forms: Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers not deeper than 24" and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints. Where placement consists of several layers, place each layer while preceding layer is still plastic to avoid cold joints.
- G. Consolidate placed concrete by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand-spading, rodding or tamping. Use equipment and procedures for consolidation of concrete in accordance with ACI recommended practices.
- H. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations not farther than visible effectiveness of machine. Place vibrators to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6" into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to set. At each insertion limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing segregation of mix.

I. Placing Concrete Slabs: Deposit and consolidate concrete slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until the placing of a panel or section is completed.

J. Consolidate concrete during placing operations so that concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.

Bring slab surfaces to correct level with straightedge and strikeoff. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface, free of humps or hollows. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.

Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement operations.

K. Cold Weather Placing: Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength which could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures, in compliance with ACI 306 and as herein specified.

1. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 degrees F (4 degrees C), uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 degrees F (10 degrees C), and not more than 80 degrees F (27 degrees C) at point of placement.

2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.

3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt and other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators, unless otherwise accepted in mix designs.

L. Hot Weather Placing: When hot weather conditions exist that would seriously impair quality and strength of concrete, place concrete in compliance with ACI 305 and as herein specified.

1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature at time of placement below 90 degrees F (32 degrees C). Mixing water may be chilled, or chopped ice may be used to control temperature provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Use of liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.

2. Cover reinforcing steel with water-soaked burlap if it becomes too hot, so that steel temperature will not exceed the ambient air temperature immediately before embedment in concrete.

3. Fog spray forms, reinforcing steel and subgrade just before concrete is placed.

4. Use water-reducing retarding admixture (Type D) when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placing conditions.

- M. The placement of partially hardened concrete, contaminated concrete, re-tempered concrete, and concrete remixed after its initial set shall be prohibited.
- N. The placement of concrete shall be done at a rate such that poured concrete remains plastic and flows readily into spaces between reinforcement.

3.7 Finish of Formed Surfaces

- A. Refer to architectural drawings as applicable to determine extent of exposed concrete and the finish desired.
- B. Rough Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces not exposed-to-view in the finish work or by other construction, unless otherwise indicated. This is the concrete surface having texture imparted by form facing material used, with tie holes, defective areas repaired and patched and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4" in height rubbed down or chipped off.
- C. Smooth Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces exposed-to-view, or that are to be covered with a coating material applied directly to concrete, or a covering material applied directly to concrete, such as waterproofing, damp-proofing, painting, or other similar system. This is an as-cast concrete surface obtained with selected form facing material, arranged orderly and symmetrically with a minimum number of seams. Repair and patch defective areas with fins or other projections completely removed and smoothed.
- D. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets and similar unformed surfaces occurring adjacent to formed surfaces, strike-off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

3.8 Monolithic Slab Finishes

- A. Floor slabs shall be constructed to have a Minimum Flatness of $F_f = 35$, and a Minimum Levelness of $F_l = 25$, except for ramps and intentionally sloped slabs, which shall be constructed to have a Minimum Flatness of $F_f = 20$.
- B. Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to monolithic slab surfaces that are to receive concrete floor topping or mortar setting beds for tile, portland cement terrazzo, and other bonded applied cementitious finish flooring material, and as otherwise indicated.
- C. After placing slabs, plane surface so that depressions between high spots do not exceed 1/2" under a 10' straightedge. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required. After leveling, roughen surface before final set, with stiff brushes, brooms or rakes.
- D. Float Finish: Apply float finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive trowel finish and other finishes as hereinafter specified, and slab surfaces which are to be covered with membrane or elastic waterproofing, membrane or elastic roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo, and as otherwise indicated.

After screeding, consolidating, and leveling concrete slabs, do not work surface until ready for floating. Begin floating when surface water has disappeared or when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power-driven floats, or both. Consolidate surface with power-driven floats, or by hand-floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Check and level surface plane so that depressions between high spots do not exceed 5/16" under a 10' straightedge. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Uniformly slope surfaces to drains. Immediately after leveling, refloat surface to a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

- E. Trowel Finish: Apply trowel finish to monolithic slab surfaces to be exposed-to-view, and slab surfaces to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile, paint or other thin film finish coating system.

After floating, begin first trowel finish operation using a power-driven trowel. Begin final troweling when surface produces a ringing sound as trowel is moved over surface. Consolidate concrete surface by final hand-troweling operation, free of trowel marks, uniform in texture and appearance, and with a level surface plane so that depressions between high spots do not exceed 1/8" under a 10' straightedge. Grind smooth surface defects which would telegraph through applied floor covering system.

- F. Trowel and Fine Broom Finish: Where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed with thin-set mortar, apply trowel finish as specified, the immediately follow with slightly scarifying surface by fine brooming.
- G. Non-Slip Broom Finish: Apply non-slip broom finish to all ramps, exterior concrete platforms and steps, and elsewhere as indicated.

Immediately after trowel finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

3.9 Concrete Curing and Protection

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.
- B. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Weather permitting; keep continuously moist for not less than 7 days at a temperature of 50 degrees F minimum.
- C. Begin final curing procedures immediately following initial curing and before concrete has dried. Continue final curing for at least 7 days in accordance with ACI 301 procedures. Avoid rapid drying at end of final curing period.
- D. Curing Methods: Perform curing of concrete by liquid membrane curing compound, by moist curing, by moisture-retaining cover curing, and by combinations thereof, as herein specified. The Contractor may choose the method of curing compatible with project requirements and site conditions.

- E. Provide moist curing by one of the following methods:
1. Keep concrete surface continuously wet by covering with water.
 2. Continuous water-fog spray.
 3. Cover concrete surface with specified absorptive cover, thoroughly saturating cover with water and keeping continuously wet. Place absorptive cover to provide coverage of concrete surfaces and edges, with 4" lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
- F. Provide moisture-cover curing as follows:
1. Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width with sides and ends lapped at least 3" and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
- G. Provide liquid membrane curing compound to interior slabs with resilient flooring, carpet over cushion, or left exposed; and to exterior slabs, walks, and curbs, as follows:
- Apply specified curing compound to concrete slabs as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within 2 hours). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power-spray or roller in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within 3 hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period. Do not use membrane curing compounds on surfaces which are to be covered with coating material applied directly to concrete, liquid floor hardener, waterproofing, damp-proofing, membrane roofing, flooring, (such as ceramic or quarry tile, glue-down carpet), painting, and other coatings and finish materials, unless otherwise notified in writing by Architect that coating material is compatible with membrane curing compound.
- H. Curing Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including undersides of beams, supported slabs and other similar surfaces by moist curing with forms in place for full curing period or until forms are removed. If forms are removed, continue curing by methods specified above, as applicable.
- I. Curing Unformed Surfaces: Cure unformed surfaces, such as slabs, floor topping, and other flat surfaces by application of appropriate curing method.
1. Final cure concrete surfaces to receive liquid floor hardener or finish flooring by use of moisture-retaining cover, unless otherwise directed.
- J. Sealer and Dust-proofer: Apply a second coat of specified curing compound only to surfaces given a first coat.

3.10 Removal of Forms

- A. Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the work, may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 degrees F (10 degrees C) for 24 hours after placing concrete, provided concrete is sufficiently hard to not be damaged by form removal operations, and provided curing and protection operations are maintained.
- B. Form facing material may be removed 4 days after placement, only if shores and other vertical supports have been arranged to permit removal of form facing material without loosening or disturbing shores and supports.
- C. 80% of the design concrete strength shall be attained prior to form removal.

3.11 Re-Use of Forms

- A. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be re-used in work. Split, frayed, delaminated or otherwise damaged form facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form coating compound as specified for new formwork.
- B. When forms are extended for successive concrete placement, thoroughly clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten forms to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use "patched" forms for exposed concrete surfaces, except as acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer.

3.12 Miscellaneous Concrete Items

- A. Filling-In: Fill-in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades, unless otherwise shown or directed, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place and cure concrete as herein specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling shown or required to complete work.
- B. Slabs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections and terminations slightly rounded.
- C. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations, as shown on drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment to template at correct elevations, complying with certified diagrams or templates of manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.
 - 1. Grout base plates and foundations as indicated, using specified non-shrink grout.
- D. Reinforced Masonry: Provide concrete grout for reinforced masonry lintels and bond beams where indicated on drawings and as scheduled. Maintain accurate location of reinforcing steel during concrete placement.

3.13 Concrete Surface Repairs

- A. Patching Defective Areas: Repair and patch defective areas with cement mortar immediately after removal of forms, when acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer.
1. Cut out honeycomb, rock pockets, voids over 1/4" in any dimension, and holes left by tie rods and bolts, down to solid concrete but, in no case to a depth of less than 1". Make edges of cuts perpendicular to the concrete surface. Thoroughly clean, dampen with water and brush-coat the area to be patched with specified bonding agent. Place patching mortar after bonding compound has dried.
 2. For exposed-to-view surfaces, blend white Portland cement and standard Portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match color surrounding. Provide test areas at inconspicuous location to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike-off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
- B. Repair of Formed Surfaces: Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to satisfaction of Architect. Surface defects, as such, include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycomb, rock pockets; fins and other projections on surface; and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Flush out form tie holes, fill with dry pack mortar, or precast cement cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
1. Repair concealed formed surfaces, where possible, that contain defects that affect the durability of concrete. If defects cannot be repaired, remove, and replace concrete.
- C. Repair of Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as monolithic slabs, for smoothness and verify surface plane to tolerances specified for each surface and finish. Correct low and high areas as herein specified. Test unformed surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope, in addition to smoothness using a template having required slope.
1. Repair finished unformed surfaces that contain defects which affect durability of concrete. Surface defects, as such, include crazing, cracks in excess of 0.01" wide or which penetrate to reinforcement or completely through non-reinforced sections regardless of width, spalling, pop-outs, honeycomb, rock pockets and other objectionable conditions.
 2. Correct high areas in unformed surfaces by grinding, after concrete has cured at least 14 days.
 3. Correct low areas in unformed surfaces during, or immediately after completion of surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with fresh concrete. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete. Proprietary patching compounds may be used when acceptable to Architect and/or Engineer.

- D. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes not exceeding 1" diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas to sound concrete with clean, square cuts and expose reinforcing steel with at least 3/4" clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply concrete bonding compound. Mix patching concrete of same materials to provide concrete of same type or class as original concrete. Place, compact and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
- E. Repair isolated random cracks and single holes not over 1" in diameter by dry-pack method. Groove top of cracks and cut-out holes to sound concrete and clean of dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding compound. Mix dry-pack, consisting of one part Portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 mesh sieve, using only enough water as required for handling and placing. Place dry pack after bonding compound has dried. Compact dry-pack mixture in place and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for not less than 72 hours.
- F. Perform structural repairs with prior approval of Architect/Engineer for method and procedure, using specified epoxy adhesive and mortar.
- G. Repair methods not specified above may be used, subject to acceptance of Architect/Engineer.

3.14 Quality Control Testing During Construction

- A. The Contractor will employ a testing laboratory to perform tests and to submit test reports.
- B. Sampling and testing for quality control during placement of concrete will include the following:
 - 1. Sampling Fresh Concrete: ASTM C 172, except modified for slump to comply with ASTM C 94.
 - 2. Slump: ASTM C 143; one test at point of discharge for each strength test; additional tests when concrete consistency seems to have changed.
 - 3. Air Content: ASTM C 173, volumetric method for lightweight or normal weight concrete; ASTM C 231 pressure method for normal weight concrete; one for each day's pour of each type of air-entrained concrete.
 - 4. Concrete Temperature: Test hourly when air temperature is 40 degrees F (4 degrees C) and below, and every thirty minutes when 80 degrees F (27 degrees C) and above; and each time a set of compression test specimens made.
- C. Compression Test Specimen: ASTM C 31; one sample set of 4 standard cylinders (6 inches by 12 inches) for each compressive strength test, unless

otherwise directed. The contractor may require additional cylinders. Mold and store cylinders for laboratory cured test specimens except when field-cure test specimens are required.

- D. Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; one sample set for strength tests of each class of concrete placed each day shall be taken not less than once a day, nor less than once for each 50 cubic yards, or fraction thereof, of concrete nor less than once for each 5,000 square feet of surface area for slabs and walls; one specimen tested at 7 days, two specimens tested at 28 days, and one specimen retained in reserve for later testing if required.
1. When frequency of testing will provide less than 5 strength tests for a given class of concrete, conduct testing from at least 5 randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than 5 are used.
 2. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85% of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, evaluate current operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing the in-place concrete.
 3. Strength level of concrete will be considered satisfactory if averages of sets of three consecutive strength test results equal or exceed specified compressive strength, and no individual strength test result falls below specified compressive by more than 500 psi.
- E. Test results will be reported in writing to Architect, Engineer and Owner within 24 hours that tests are made. Reports of compressive strength tests shall contain the project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing service, concrete type and class, location of concrete batch in structure, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mix proportions, and materials; compressive breaking strength and type of break for 7 and 28-day tests.
- F. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted but shall not be used as the sole basis for acceptance or rejection.
- G. Additional Tests: The testing service will make additional tests of in-place concrete when test results indicate specified concrete strengths and other characteristics have not been attained in the structure, as directed by Architect/Engineer. Testing service may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42, or by other methods as directed. Contractor shall pay for such tests conducted, and any other additional testing as may be required, when unacceptable concrete is verified.

END OF SECTION 03300

SECTION 16075

ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for providing materials for the identification of electrical equipment, components, conduits, cables and wiring, and furnishing and installing safety signs.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ANSI C2 - National Electrical Safety Code (NESC)
 - 2. ANSI Z535.1 - Safety Color Code
 - 3. ANSI Z535.2 - Environmental and Facility Safety Signs
 - 4. ANSI Z535.3 - Criteria for Safety Symbols
 - 5. OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Act

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Furnish all submittals, including the following, as specified in the Specific/General Provisions.
- B. Product Data and Information: Furnish manufacturer's catalog data for safety signs, nameplates, labels and markers.
 - 1. Furnish manufacturer's instructions indicating application conditions and limitations of use; and storage, handling, protection, examination and installation of product.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. General: Deliver, store and handle all products and materials as specified in the Specific/General Provisions.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturers: Acceptable manufacturers are listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted for review.
1. W. H. Brady Company
 2. Seton
 3. Thomas & Betts

2.2 MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

- A. General: Provide identification materials listed and classified by UL or tested by an acceptable Electrical Testing Company certifying the equivalence of the materials to UL listing requirements and OSHA approved.
- B. Laminated Plastic Nameplates: Provide engraved three layer laminated plastic nameplates with black letters on white background and fastened with corrosion-resistant screws. Do not use mounting cement for fastening nameplates.
1. Provide nameplates with 1-inch high lettering for, Pump Control Cabinet, Motor Control Cabinet, fused double throw disconnect, mini power-zone, and similarly grouped equipment and disconnect switches.
 2. Provide nameplates with 1/2-inch high lettering for individual components.
 3. Provide approved laminated directories of circuits with typewritten designations of each branch circuit in the mini power-zone.
 4. Provide smaller lettering for a neat, legible nameplate where the amount of lettering causes excessively large nameplates.
- C. Wire Markers: Identify wire bundles and each individual wire.
1. Wire bundles: Provide a brass or rigid fiber identifying tag attached with nylon self locking "Ty-Raps".
 2. Wire identification markers: Provide a printed white, heat-shrink, seamless tubing type with black bold lettering for wires size No. 10 AWG and smaller. Provide a printed self-laminating white, vinyl type with black bold lettering for wires No. 8 AWG and larger.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation: Degrease and clean surfaces to receive nameplates, labels and marking paint.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install nameplates on the front of equipment, parallel to the equipment lines and secured with corrosion resistant screws.
 - 1. Install laminated nameplates identifying:
 - a. Each electrical equipment enclosure
 - b. Individual equipment and devices
- B. Wire Markers: Identify wire bundles and each individual wire with identification tags as follows:
 - 1. Wire Bundles: Install an identifying tag engraved with the conduit number where conduits enter motor control centers, switchgear, switchboards, control panels, terminal boxes and the like.
 - 2. Wire identification markers: Provide wire identification markers on each wire at all termination points.
 - a. On power and lighting circuits: The branch circuit or feeder number as indicated on drawings
 - b. On control circuits terminated in Motor Control Cabinet, Pump Control Cabinet and alike: The field device and terminal number of the opposite end connection.
 - c. On control circuits at each field device: The panel or compartment number and terminal number of the opposite end connection.
 - 3. Oversize wire markers so that after heat shrinking the wire marker can be rotated on the wire. Rotate wire markers so that wire identification number is visible.

END OF SECTION

16075-3

BALLAST POINT PUMPING
STATION REPLACEMENT

6/13/22

SECTION 16170

DISCONNECTS AND PROTECTIVE DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Provide a disconnecting means meeting the requirements of the NEC for the renovations occurring at the City of Tampa's Ballast Point Pump Station. The disconnecting means shall be a fused, double-throw disconnect switch.

1.02 REFERENCES

- B. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. NEC - National Electrical Code
 - 2. NEMA 250 - Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1,000V Maximum)
 - 3. ANSI C37.50 - Low Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
 - 4. UL 486A - Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use With Copper Conductors

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes: Provide disconnect switches meeting the requirements of NFPA, the National Electrical Code and local codes.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Provide all disconnect switches designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with latest ANSI, IEEE and NEMA Standards, and UL listed.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. General: Deliver, store and handle all products and materials as specified in the Specific Provisions.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturers: Acceptable manufacturers are as listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted for review.
 - 1. Ballast Point Pump Station: 600V, 3-pole, 200 ampere, fused, Double-Throw Disconnect Switch, DT364FWK with neutral kit, ground kit and R fuse adapter kit.
 - a. Eaton

2.02 SERVICE ENTRANCE DISCONNECT

- A. Service Entrance Disconnect: Disconnect shall be fused type with the ability to connect the load bus to two (2) independent sources (non-concurrently). The disconnect shall be of adequate rating for the actual duty required. The handle of the disconnect shall be able to be padlocked in either the 'LINE 1', 'LINE 2' or 'OFF' position.
- B. Provide each double-throw disconnect switch with labels which indicate when the switch is in the Utility or Generator Docking Station position.
- C. Double-throw disconnect switches shall be rated 100KAIC.
- D. Service Entrance: Provide disconnects with ground bus and solid neutral. Disconnects shall be U.L. listed as service entrance equipment.
- E. Disconnect Switch Housings: Provide disconnect switch in NEMA 4X stainless steel, surface mount enclosure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install disconnects as recommended by the manufacturer, required by Code, and as shown on the drawings.
- B. Disconnects shall be installed straight and plumb.
- C. Coordination: Coordinate with other work including cabling and wiring work.

- D. Torque Requirements: Tighten electrical connectors and terminal including screws and bolts, in accordance with equipment manufacturers', published torque tightening recommendations. Where manufacturers' torquing requirement are not available, tighten connectors and terminals in accordance with UL Standard 486A.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16421

MINI POWER-ZONE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 INCLUDED

- A. Mini Power-Zone

1.2 REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES

- A. Install complete grounding system in accordance with the National Electrical Code.

1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The following specifications and standards, except as hereinafter modified, are incorporated herein by reference and form a part of this specification to the extent indicated by the references thereto. Except where a specific date is given, the issue in effect (including amendments, addenda, revisions, supplements, and errata) on the date of Invitation for Bids shall be applicable. In text such specifications and standards are referred to by basic designation only.
 - 1. National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) Publications:
 - 2. Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc., (UL) Publications:

1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Mini Power-Zone shop drawings shall contain layout of equipment, nameplate, schedule, electrical characteristics of components, overall weight and dimensions, conduit space in top, voltage rating, ampacity of all bus bracing, and information that indicates that function requirements of the specification have been met.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MINI POWER-ZONE

- A. Transformer/Panelboard
 - 1. The Distribution Panelboard shall be dead-front type, metal enclosed. Panelboard shall be installed in a NEMA 3R stainless steel, powder coated enclosure for operation at 120/240V, single-phase. A minimum of 10

single-pole spaces shall be provided. All circuit breakers shall be bolt-on type.

2. Unit shall be provided with a 20 Ampere main breaker installed on the primary side of the transformer. A 40 Ampere secondary breaker shall be provided for the 120/240V, single-phase distribution panelboard.
3. The transformer section shall convert 480V, single-phase power into 120/240V, single-phase power. The transformer shall be a minimum of 7.5 KVA single-phase.

2.2 APPROVED MANUFACTURERS

- A. Mini Power-Zone
 1. Schneider Electric
 2. Eaton
 3. General Electric (GE)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF MINI POWER-ZONE

- A. Install the Mini Power-Zone per manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Inspect, adjust and check the installation for physical alignment, cable terminations and ventilation.
- B. Tests: Perform the following field tests:
 1. Close and open each circuit breaker to test operation.

END OF SECTION